

197. Rising Temperature

Table: Weather

Column Name	Type
id	int
recordDate	date
temperature	int

id is the primary key for this table.

This table contains information about the temperature on a certain day.

Write an SQL query to find all dates' Id with higher temperatures compared to its previous dates (yesterday).

Return the result table in **any order**.

The query result format is in the following example.

Example 1:

Input:

Weather table:

id	recordDate	temperature
1	2015-01-01	10
2	2015-01-02	25
3	2015-01-03	20
4	2015-01-04	30

Output:

id
2
4

Solution:-

Write your MySQL query statement below

```
select w1.id
from Weather w1, Weather w2
where w1.Temperature > w2.Temperature
and datediff(w1.recordDate, w2.recordDate) = 1
```