

## Assignment: Probability

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**Problem:** If A and B are events such that  $P(A|B) = P(B|A)$ , then

1.  $A \subset B$  but  $A \neq B$
2.  $A = B$
3.  $A \cap B = \phi$
4.  $P(A) = P(B)$

**Solution:** Given,  $P(A|B) = P(B|A)$

$$\begin{aligned} \implies \frac{P(A, B)}{P(B)} &= \frac{P(B, A)}{P(A)} \\ \implies \frac{P(A, B)}{P(B)} &= \frac{P(A, B)}{P(A)} \text{ (Since } P(A, B) = P(B, A) \text{)} \\ \implies \frac{1}{P(B)} &= \frac{1}{P(A)} \\ \therefore P(A) &= P(B) \end{aligned}$$