

# Lab 8 – Minimax Algorithm with Alpha-Beta Pruning

## Overview

This lab implements the Minimax Algorithm with Alpha-Beta Pruning. This is used in decision-making, especially in games like chess and tic-tac-toe.

## Working

1. Minimax simulates all possible moves.
2. Maximizer tries to maximize value.
3. Minimizer tries to minimize value.
4. Alpha-Beta pruning eliminates branches that cannot influence the final decision.
5. Recursion continues until reaching leaf nodes.

## Code Explanation

- minimax() accepts parameters depth, index, turn, values, maxDepth, alpha, beta.
- If  $\text{depth} == \text{maxDepth}$  → return leaf value.
- Maximizer updates alpha; Minimizer updates beta.
- Pruning occurs when  $\alpha \geq \beta$ .
- Final return gives optimal decision value.

## Importance

Alpha-Beta pruning drastically reduces the number of states explored, improving performance.

## Conclusion

The minimax algorithm with alpha-beta pruning efficiently determines the optimal game decision.