

# Database Management Systems

18CSC303J

Faculty : Dr.G.Senthil Kumar

Venkata Naga Sai Ram Nomula

RA1911033010021

CSE\_SWE L2

## Exp 4 - Advanced SELECT Commands

### Aim:

To implement advanced Select commands.

```
SQL*Plus: Release 11.2.0.4.0 Production on Mon Feb 21 08:29:56 2022
Copyright (c) 1982, 2013, Oracle. All rights reserved.

Enter user-name: RA1911033010021/RA1911033010021@drsenthilkumar-l2.c6hfisyr3ugy.us-east-1.rds.amazonaws.com:1521/12

Connected to:
Oracle Database 19c Enterprise Edition Release 19.0.0.0.0 - Production

SQL> spool on
SQL> spool week4adv.lst
SQL> create table inventory(store varchar2(15), sales number(6), tax_date date);
Table created.
```

### Commands:

EXISTS – Used in combination with a subquery.

SELECT from WHERE EXISTS (SELECT from condition);

CASE – Used to find a value by passing over conditions whenever any condition satisfies the statement.

SELECT , CASE [expression] WHEN condition1 then value1 from ;

FETCH – Used to fetch the next row in the table.

SELECT from FETCH FIRST 3 ROWS ONLY

INTERSECT – Used to show distinct elements in two records in the table.

SELECT from WHERE condition INTERSECT SELECT from WHERE condition;

MINUS – Used to show a unique element from the 1st table.

SELECT from WHERE condition MINUS SELECT from WHERE condition;

UNION – Used to combine two or more records in the table.

SELECT from WHERE condition UNION SELECT from WHERE condition;

```
SQL> insert into inventory values('sairam', 11,to_date('2002-4-14','yyyy-mm-dd'));
1 row created.

SQL> insert into inventory values('dush', 29,to_date('2020-1-29','yyyy-mm-dd'));
1 row created.

SQL> select * from inventory;

STORE          SALES TAX_DATE
-----
sairam          11 14-APR-02
dush            29 29-JAN-20

SQL> insert into inventory values('roe', 170,to_date('2019-8-24','yyyy-mm-dd'));
1 row created.

SQL> insert into inventory values('ab', 222,to_date('2014-2-02','yyyy-mm-dd'));
1 row created.

SQL> create table geo(reg_name varchar2(10), store varchar2(15));
Table created.

SQL> insert into geo values('east','sairam');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into geo values('west','dush');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into geo values('north','roe');
1 row created.

SQL> insert into geo values('south','ab');
1 row created.
```

```
SQL> select * from geo;
```

REG_NAME	STORE
east	sairam
west	dush
north	roe
south	ab

```
SQL> select * from inventory fetch first 3 rows only;
```

STORE	SALES	TAX_DATE
sairam	11	14-APR-02
dush	29	29-JAN-20
roe	170	24-AUG-19

```
SQL> select * from inventory fetch first 50 percent rows only;
```

STORE	SALES	TAX_DATE
sairam	11	14-APR-02
dush	29	29-JAN-20

```
SQL> insert into geo values('east','lavan');
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> select * from geo;
```

REG_NAME	STORE
east	sairam
west	dush
north	roe
south	ab
east	lavan

```
SQL> select * from inventory where exists (select * from geo where geo.store = inventory.store);
```

STORE	SALES	TAX_DATE
sairam	11	14-APR-02
dush	29	29-JAN-20
roe	170	24-AUG-19
ab	222	02-FEB-14

```
SQL> select store from inventory where exists(select * from geo where geo.store = inventory.store and inventory.sales > 100);
```

STORE
roe
ab

```
SQL> select store from inventory where exists(select * from geo where geo.store = inventory.store and inventory.sales < 200);
```

STORE
sairam
dush
roe

```
SQL> select store from inventory where exists(select * from geo where geo.store = inventory.store and inventory.sales = 11);
```

STORE
sairam

```
SQL> select store, case store when 'sairam' then sales*2 when 'dush' then sales*3 else sales end "new-sales" ,tax_date from inventory;
```

STORE	new-sales	TAX_DATE
sairam	22	14-APR-02
dush	87	29-JAN-20
roe	170	24-AUG-19
ab	222	02-FEB-14

```
SQL> select store, case store when 'sairam' then sales*6 when 'dush' then sales*3 else sales end "new-sales" ,tax_date from inventory;
```

STORE	new-sales	TAX_DATE
sairam	66	14-APR-02
dush	87	29-JAN-20
roe	170	24-AUG-19
ab	222	02-FEB-14

```
SQL> create sequence store_id minvalue 1 start with 1 increment by 1 cache 15;
```

Sequence created.

```
SQL> alter table inventory add storeid number(4);
```

Table altered.

```
SQL> select * from inventory;
```

STORE	SALES	TAX_DATE	STOREID
sairam	11	14-APR-02	
dush	29	29-JAN-20	
roe	170	24-AUG-19	
ab	222	02-FEB-14	

```
SQL> insert into inventory (store,sales,tax_date,storeid) values ('lavan', 1000, to_date('2002-01-14', 'yyyy-mm-dd'), store_id.nextval);
```

1 row created.

```
SQL> select * from inventory;
```

STORE	SALES	TAX_DATE	STOREID
sairam	11	14-APR-02	
dush	29	29-JAN-20	
roe	170	24-AUG-19	
ab	222	02-FEB-14	
lavan	1000	14-JAN-02	1

```
SQL> drop table inventory;
```

Table dropped.

```
SQL> drop table geo;
```

Table dropped.

**RESULT:** Thus, the Select advance commands have been executed successfully.