WEB TECHNOLOGIES

EXPERIMENT - 5

NAME: SAIRANJAN SUBUDHI

SAP ID: 500101861

ROLL NO: R2142220816

1. Write a JavaScript program that displays the largest integer among two integers.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
   <meta charset="UTF-8">
   <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
   <title>Display Largest Integer</title>
   <style>
       body {
           font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
           background-color: #f4f4f4;
           margin: 0;
            padding: 0;
           box-sizing: border-box;
       h1 {
           text-align: center;
           color: #333;
       #integerForm {
           max-width: 400px;
           margin: 0 auto;
```

```
background-color: #fff;
            padding: 20px;
            border-radius: 8px;
            box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
        label {
            font-weight: bold;
            color: #333;
        input[type="number"] {
            width: 100%;
            padding: 8px;
            margin-top: 6px;
            margin-bottom: 10px;
            border: 1px solid #ccc;
            border-radius: 4px;
            box-sizing: border-box;
        button {
            width: 100%;
            background-color: #4CAF50;
            color: white;
            padding: 10px 20px;
            border: none;
            border-radius: 4px;
            cursor: pointer;
            font-size: 16px;
        button:hover {
            background-color: #45a049;
        #result {
            margin-top: 20px;
            padding: 10px;
            background-color: #fff;
            border: 1px solid #ccc;
            border-radius: 4px;
            box-shadow: 0 0 5px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
    </style>
<body>
   <h1>Max Number</h1>
```

```
<form id="integerForm">
        <label for="num1">Enter first integer:</label>
        <input type="number" id="num1" name="num1" required><br><br>
        <label for="num2">Enter second integer:</label>
        <input type="number" id="num2" name="num2" required><br><br>
        <button onclick="findlargest(event)">Find Largest Integer/button>
    </form>
    <div id="result"></div>
    <script>
        function displayLargestInteger(num1, num2) {
            if (num1 > num2) {
                return num1;
            } else {
                return num2;
        function findlargest(e){
            e.preventDefault();
            var num1 = parseInt(document.getElementById("num1").value);
            var num2 = parseInt(document.getElementById("num2").value);
            var result = displayLargestInteger(num1, num2);
            document.getElementById("result").innerHTML = "The largest integer
is: " + result; // Displaying the result
        }
    </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Max Number Enter first integer: Enter second integer: The largest integer is: 20

2. Write a JavaScript function that accepts a string as a parameter and converts the first letter of each word into upper case.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Capitalize</title>
<style>
    body {
        font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
        background-color: #f0f0f0;
        margin: 0;
        padding: 0;
   h2 {
        text-align: center;
        color: #333;
    input[type="text"] {
        width: 80%;
        padding: 10px;
        margin: 10px auto;
        display: block;
        border: 1px solid #ccc;
        border-radius: 5px;
        box-sizing: border-box;
    button {
        padding: 10px 20px;
        margin: 10px auto;
        display: block;
        background-color: #4CAF50;
        color: white;
        border: none;
        border-radius: 5px;
        cursor: pointer;
    button:hover {
```

```
background-color: #45a049;
    #output {
        width: 80%;
        margin: 20px auto;
        padding: 10px;
        background-color: #fff;
        border: 1px solid #ccc;
        border-radius: 5px;
</style>
<script>
function capitalizeFirstLetterOfEachWord(str) {
    return str.replace(/\b\w/g, function(char) {
/* \b\w matches the first character of each word in the string. The \b
ensures that it matches at the beginning of a word, and \w matches any word
character.
/g ensures that this pattern is applied globally, so it finds all occurrences
of the pattern */
        return char.toUpperCase();
    });
function capitalizeAndDisplay() {
    let inputText = document.getElementById("inputText").value;
    let capitalizedText = capitalizeFirstLetterOfEachWord(inputText);
    document.getElementById("output").innerText = capitalizedText;
</script>
</head>
<body>
<h2>Capitalize first letter of each word</h2>
<input type="text" id="inputText" placeholder="Enter a sentence">
<button onclick="capitalizeAndDisplay()">Capitalize</button>
<div id="output"></div>
</body> </html>
```

	Capitalize first letter of each word
Hi everyone my name is sai	
	Capitalize
Hi Everyone My Name Is Sai	

3. Write a Java Script to create a simple calculator.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
<meta charset="UTF-8">
<meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
<title>Simple Calculator</title>
<style>
   body {
       font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
       background-color: #f0f0f0;
       margin: 0;
       padding: 0;
   h2 {
        text-align: center;
       color: #333;
    .calculator {
       width: 300px;
       margin: 20px auto;
       padding: 10px;
       background-color: #fff;
       border-radius: 8px;
       box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
    #display {
       width: 100%;
       margin-bottom: 10px;
       padding: 3.5px;
       font-size: 20px;
       text-align: right;
```

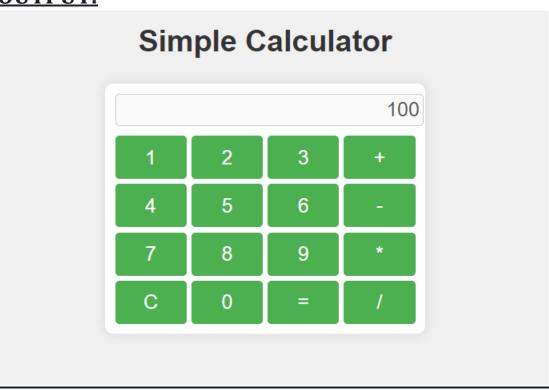
```
border: 1px solid #ccc;
       border-radius: 4px;
       margin-right: 30px;
    .btn-container {
       display: grid;
       grid-template-columns: repeat(4, 1fr);
       grid-gap: 5px;
    input[type="button"] {
       padding: 10px;
        font-size: 20px;
       background-color: #4CAF50;
       color: white;
       border: none;
       border-radius: 4px;
        cursor: pointer;
   input[type="button"]:hover {
       background-color: #45a049;
</style>
<body>
<h2>Simple Calculator</h2>
<div class="calculator">
   <input type="text" id="display" disabled>
    <div class="btn-container">
        <input type="button" value="1" onclick="appendToDisplay('1')">
        <input type="button" value="2" onclick="appendToDisplay('2')">
        <input type="button" value="3" onclick="appendToDisplay('3')">
        <input type="button" value="+" onclick="appendToDisplay('+')">
        <input type="button" value="4" onclick="appendToDisplay('4')">
        <input type="button" value="5" onclick="appendToDisplay('5')">
        <input type="button" value="6" onclick="appendToDisplay('6')">
        <input type="button" value="-" onclick="appendToDisplay('-')">
        <input type="button" value="7" onclick="appendToDisplay('7')">
        <input type="button" value="8" onclick="appendToDisplay('8')">
        <input type="button" value="9" onclick="appendToDisplay('9')">
        <input type="button" value="*" onclick="appendToDisplay('*')">
        <input type="button" value="C" onclick="clearDisplay()">
        <input type="button" value="0" onclick="appendToDisplay('0')">
        <input type="button" value="=" onclick="calculate()">
        <input type="button" value="/" onclick="appendToDisplay('/')">
    </div>
</div>
```

```
<script>
function appendToDisplay(value) {
    document.getElementById('display').value += value;
}

function clearDisplay() {
    document.getElementById('display').value = '';
}

function calculate() {
    let expression = document.getElementById('display').value;
    let result = eval(expression); /*built in JS func */
    document.getElementById('display').value = result;
}

</body>
```



4. Write a JavaScript function that accepts a string as a parameter and finds the longest word within the string.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Longest Word Finder</title>
 <style>
   body {
      font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
     background-color: #f0f0f0;
     margin: 0;
     padding: 0;
   #container {
     width: 80%;
     margin: 50px auto;
     text-align: center;
    input[type="text"] {
     width: 100%;
     padding: 10px;
     margin-bottom: 10px;
     box-sizing: border-box;
   button {
     padding: 10px 20px;
     font-size: 16px;
     background-color: #4CAF50;
     color: white;
     border: none;
     border-radius: 5px;
     cursor: pointer;
   button:hover {
     background-color: #45a049;
   #result {
     margin-top: 20px;
 </style>
<body>
<div id="container">
 <h2>Longest Word Finder</h2>
 <input type="text" id="inputString" placeholder="Enter your sentence here">
```

```
<button type="button" onclick="findLongestWord()">Find Longest Word</button>
  </div>
<script>
 function findLongestWord() {
   const inputString = document.getElementById("inputString").value.trim();
   if (!inputString) {
     alert("Please enter a sentence.");
   const words = inputString.split(/\s+/); /*\s+ matches one or more
whitespace characters */
   let longestWord = "";
   let longestWordLength = 0;
   for (const word of words) {
     if (word.length > longestWordLength) {
       longestWord = word;
       longestWordLength = word.length;
   const resultElement = document.getElementById("result");
   resultElement.textContent = `The longest word is: "${longestWord}"`;
</script>
(/body>
/html>
```



5. Write a JavaScript program to find odd and even numbers from 1 to 100.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Odd and Even Numbers</title>
 <style>
   body {
     font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
     margin: 0;
     padding: 0;
     background-color: #f4f4f4;
   h1 {
     text-align: center;
   button {
     display: block;
     margin: 20px auto;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     font-size: 16px;
     border: none;
     background-color: #007bff;
     color: #fff;
     cursor: pointer;
   button:hover {
     background-color: #0056b3;
   #results {
     max-width: 600px;
     margin: 0 auto;
     padding: 20px;
     background-color: #fff;
     border-radius: 5px;
     box-shadow: 0 0 10px rgba(0, 0, 0, 0.1);
   h3 {
     margin-top: 0;
```

```
p {
     margin: 0;
 </style>
</head>
<body>
 <h1>Finding Odd and Even Numbers</h1>
 <button onclick="checkNumbers()">Check Numbers
 <div id="results"></div>
 <script>
   function checkNumbers() {
     const results = document.getElementById("results");
     results.innerHTML = ""; // Clear previous results
     let evenNumbers = "";
     let oddNumbers = "";
     for (let i = 1; i <= 100; i++) {
       if (i % 2 === 0) {
         evenNumbers += i + " ";
       } else {
         oddNumbers += i + " ";
       }
     results.innerHTML = `<h3>Even Numbers:</h3> ${evenNumbers} <br></pr>
<h3>Odd Numbers:</h3> ${oddNumbers}`;
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Finding Odd and Even Numbers

Check Numbers

Even Numbers:

2 4 6 8 10 12 14 16 18 20 22 24 26 28 30 32 34 36 38 40 42 44 46 48 50 52 54 56 58 60 62 64 66 68 70 72 74 76 78 80 82 84 86 88 90 92 94 96 98 100

Odd Numbers:

1 3 5 7 9 11 13 15 17 19 21 23 25 27 29 31 33 35 37 39 41 43 45 47 49 51 53 55 57 59 61 63 65 67 69 71 73 75 77 79 81 83 85 87 89 91 93 95 97 99

6. Write a JavaScript program to generate a random string.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Random String Generator</title>
 <style>
   body {
     font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
     margin: 0;
     padding: 0;
     background-color: #f4f4f4;
     text-align: center;
   input[type="number"] {
     display: block;
     margin: 20px auto;
     padding: 10px;
     font-size: 16px;
     width: 200px;
     border: 1px solid #ccc;
     border-radius: 5px;
     box-sizing: border-box;
   button {
     display: block;
     margin: 10px auto;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     font-size: 16px;
     border: none;
     background-color: #007bff;
     color: #fff;
     cursor: pointer;
     border-radius: 5px;
   button:hover {
```

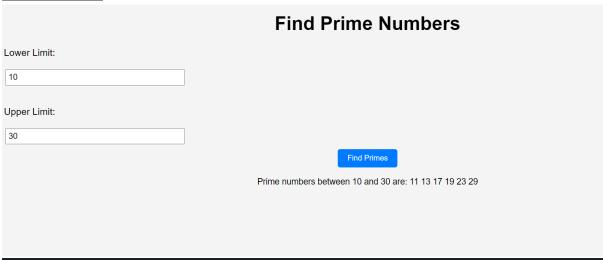
```
background-color: #0056b3;
   p#result {
     text-align: center;
     margin-top: 20px;
     font-size: 18px;
  </style>
<body>
 <h1>Generate a Random String</h1>
 <input type="number" id="stringLength" placeholder="Enter String Length">
  <button onclick="generateString()">Generate</button>
  <script>
   function generateString() {
      const stringLength = document.getElementById("stringLength").value;
      const result = document.getElementById("result");
      if (stringLength === "" || isNaN(stringLength) || stringLength <= 0) {</pre>
       result.textContent = "Please enter a valid positive number for string
length.";
       return;
      const characters =
"ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZabcdefghijklmnopqrstuvwxyz0123456789";
      let randomString = "";
      for (let i = 0; i < stringLength; i++) {</pre>
        const randomIndex = Math.floor(Math.random() * characters.length);
       randomString += characters.charAt(randomIndex);
      result.textContent = "Your random string is: " + randomString;
 </script>
</body>
</html>
```

Generate a Random String 10 Generate Your random string is: fXDcFaUXCA

7. Write a JavaScript Program to Print All Prime Numbers in an Interval.

```
<!DOCTYPE html>
<html lang="en">
 <meta charset="UTF-8">
 <meta name="viewport" content="width=device-width, initial-scale=1.0">
 <title>Prime Number Finder</title>
 <style>
   body {
     font-family: Arial, sans-serif;
     margin: 0;
     padding: 0;
     background-color: #f4f4f4;
     margin-left: 4px;
   h1 {
     text-align: center;
   label {
     display: block;
     margin-top: 10px;
   input[type="number"] {
     display: block;
     margin-bottom: 10px;
     padding: 5px;
     width: calc(25% - 5px);
     box-sizing: border-box;
     margin-left:3px ;
   button {
     display: block;
     margin: 10px auto;
     padding: 10px 20px;
     font-size: 16px;
     border: none;
     background-color: #007bff;
     color: #fff;
     cursor: pointer;
```

```
border-radius: 5px;
    button:hover {
      background-color: #0056b3;
    p#result {
     text-align: center;
     margin-top: 20px;
     font-size: 18px;
  </style>
</head>
<body>
  <h1>Find Prime Numbers</h1>
  <label for="lowerLimit">Lower Limit:</label> <br>
  <input type="number" id="lowerLimit" placeholder="Enter lower limit"> <br>
  <label for="upperLimit">Upper Limit:</label> <br>
  <input type="number" id="upperLimit" placeholder="Enter upper limit">
  <button onclick="findPrimes()">Find Primes</button>
  <script>
    function isPrime(num) {
     if (num <= 1) {
       return false;
      for (let i = 2; i <= Math.sqrt(num); i++) {</pre>
       if (num % i === 0) {
          return false;
     return true;
    function findPrimes() {
      const lowerLimit =
parseInt(document.getElementById("lowerLimit").value);
      const upperLimit =
parseInt(document.getElementById("upperLimit").value);
      const result = document.getElementById("result");
      result.textContent = "Prime numbers between " + lowerLimit + " and " +
upperLimit + " are:";
      for (let i = lowerLimit; i <= upperLimit; i++) {</pre>
        if (isPrime(i)) {
         result.textContent += " " + i;
```



8. Write a JavaScript program to populate a drop-down box from 1 to 1000.

```
select {
     display: block;
     margin: 20px auto;
     padding: 10px;
     font-size: 16px;
     width: 200px;
     border: 1px solid #ccc;
     border-radius: 5px;
     box-sizing: border-box;
 </style>
<body>
 <h1>Select a Number</h1>
 <select id="numberDropdown"></select>
 <script>
   const dropdown = document.getElementById("numberDropdown");
   function populateDropdown() {
     for (let i = 1; i <= 1000; i++) {
       const option = document.createElement("option");
       option.value = i;
       option.text = i;
       dropdown.appendChild(option);
   populateDropdown();
 </script>
</body>
```

