

IT-314 Lab8

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Q1. Previous Date Program Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Day, Month, Year) | Expected Outcome |
|---|--------------------------|
| Input: 15, 6, 2010 (Valid) | Previous date: 14/6/2010 |
| Input: 1, 3, 2011 (Valid) | Previous date: 28/2/2011 |
| Input: 32, 5, 2012 (Invalid day) | Invalid date |
| Input: 31, 13, 2014 (Invalid month) | Invalid date |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Day, Month, Year) | Expected Outcome |
|---|---------------------------|
| Input: 1, 1, 2010 (Boundary case) | Previous date: 31/12/2009 |
| Input: 29, 2, 2012 (Leap year boundary case) | Previous date: 28/2/2012 |
| Input: 31, 12, 2015 (Boundary case) | Previous date: 30/12/2015 |
| Input: 1, 3, 2016 (Leap year boundary case) | Previous date: 29/2/2016 |

Q2:

P1: Linear Search Program Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: [5, 8, 12, 3], 8 | Index 1 |
| Input: [7, 10, 15, 19], 15 | Index 2 |

| Tester Action and Input Data (Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: [1, 2, 3], 4 | -1 (not found) |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: [], 5 (Empty array) | -1 (not found) |
| Input: [1, 2, 3], 1 (First element) | Index 0 |
| Input: [1, 2, 3], 3 (Last element) | Index 2 |

P2: Count items program

Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: [5, 8, 12, 3], 8 | 1 |
| Input: [7, 10, 15, 7, 7], 7 | 3 |
| Input: [1, 2, 3], 4 | 0 |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: [], 5 (Empty array) | 0 |
| Input: [5, 5, 5], 5 | 3 |

P3: Binary Search Program
Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Sorted Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|--|------------------|
| Input: [3, 6, 8, 12, 15], 8 | Index 2 |
| Input: [1, 2, 3, 4], 3 | Index 2 |
| Input: [5, 7, 9, 11], 10 | -1 (not found) |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (Sorted Array, Value) | Expected Outcome |
|--|------------------|
| Input: [1, 3, 5, 7], 1 (First element) | Index 0 |
| Input: [1, 3, 5, 7], 7 (Last element) | Index 3 |
| Input: [1, 3, 5, 7], 2 (Not present) | -1 (not found) |

P4: Triangle Program(Integer Inputs)
Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (a, b, c) | Expected Outcome |
|--|----------------------|
| Input: 3, 3, 3 | Equilateral triangle |
| Input: 5, 5, 3 | Isosceles triangle |
| Input: 6, 7, 8 | Scalene triangle |
| Input: 2, 5, 10 | Invalid triangle |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (a, b, c) | Expected Outcome |
|--|--------------------|
| Input: 1, 1, 2 | Invalid triangle |
| Input: 3, 4, 5 (Right-angled triangle) | Scalene triangle |
| Input: 6, 6, 10 | Isosceles triangle |
| Input: 2, 2, 4 | Invalid triangle |

P5: Prefix Program

Equivalence Partitioning:

| Tester Action and Input Data (String 1, String 2) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: "pre", "prefix" | true |
| Input: "sub", "substring" | true |
| Input: "app", "application" | true |
| Input: "miss", "mismatch" | false |

Boundary Value Analysis:

| Tester Action and Input Data (String 1, String 2) | Expected Outcome |
|---|------------------|
| Input: "sub", "" (Empty string) | false |
| Input: "", "substring" (Empty prefix) | true |
| Input: "longstring", "short" (Longer prefix) | false |

P6: Triangle Program (Floating-Point Inputs)

a) Equivalence Classes

The following are the identified equivalence classes for the triangle program:

1. **Equilateral Triangle:** All sides are equal ($A = B = C$).
2. **Isosceles Triangle:** Two sides are equal ($A = B$, $B = C$, or $A = C$).
3. **Scalene Triangle:** No sides are equal ($A \neq B \neq C$).
4. **Right-angled Triangle:** Follows the property $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$.
5. **Invalid Triangle:** The sum of two sides is less than or equal to the third.

b) Test Cases to Cover the Identified Equivalence Classes

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Equivalence Class |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------|
| 3.0, 3.0, 3.0 | Equilateral triangle | Equilateral Triangle |
| 5.0, 5.0, 3.0 | Isosceles triangle | Isosceles Triangle |
| 6.0, 7.0, 8.0 | Scalene triangle | Scalene Triangle |
| 2.0, 5.0, 10.0 | Invalid triangle | Invalid Triangle |
| 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 | Scalene (right-angled) | Right-angled Triangle |

c) Boundary Condition for Scalene Triangle: $A + B > C$

For the boundary condition $A + B > C$, the following test cases are used to verify the boundary:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 3.0, 4.0, 7.0 | Invalid triangle | $A + B = C$ (boundary case) |
| 3.0, 4.0, 6.9 | Scalene triangle | $A + B > C$ (valid case) |
| 3.0, 4.0, 7.1 | Scalene triangle | $A + B < C$ (valid case) |

d) Boundary Condition for Isosceles Triangle: $A = C$

For the boundary condition $A = C$, the following test cases verify the boundary:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|--------------------|---------------------------------|
| 5.0, 7.0, 5.0 | Isosceles triangle | $A = C$ (valid case) |
| 5.0, 7.0, 4.9 | Scalene triangle | $A \neq C$ (near-boundary case) |
| 5.0, 7.0, 5.1 | Scalene triangle | $A \neq C$ (near-boundary case) |

e) Boundary Condition for Equilateral Triangle: $A = B = C$

For the boundary condition $A = B = C$, the following test cases verify the boundary:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|----------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 3.0, 3.0, 3.0 | Equilateral triangle | $A = B = C$ (valid case) |
| 3.0, 3.0, 2.9 | Isosceles triangle | $A \neq B \neq C$ (near-boundary) |
| 3.0, 3.0, 3.1 | Isosceles triangle | $A \neq B \neq C$ (near-boundary) |

f) Boundary Condition for Right-Angled Triangle: $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$

For the boundary condition $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$ (right-angle), the following test cases verify the boundary:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|
| 3.0, 4.0, 5.0 | Scalene (right-angled) | $A^2 + B^2 = C^2$ (valid case) |
| 3.0, 4.0, 5.1 | Scalene triangle | $A^2 + B^2 < C^2$ (near-boundary) |
| 3.0, 4.0, 4.9 | Scalene triangle | $A^2 + B^2 > C^2$ (near-boundary) |

g) Non-Triangle Case (Invalid Triangle)

For non-triangle cases, the following test cases explore the boundary conditions where the sum of two sides is less than or equal to the third:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|------------------|-----------------------------|
| 1.0, 2.0, 3.0 | Invalid triangle | $A + B = C$ (boundary case) |
| 1.0, 2.0, 3.1 | Scalene triangle | $A + B < C$ (valid case) |
| 1.0, 2.0, 2.9 | Scalene triangle | $A + B > C$ (valid case) |

h) Non-Positive Input (Invalid Case)

For non-positive input values, the following test cases ensure invalid inputs are handled correctly:

| Input (A, B, C) | Expected Outcome | Boundary Condition |
|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|
| 0.0, 3.0, 3.0 | Invalid triangle | Non-positive value |
| -1.0, 2.0, 3.0 | Invalid triangle | Negative value |
| 3.0, 0.0, 4.0 | Invalid triangle | Non-positive value |
| 3.0, -2.0, 4.0 | Invalid triangle | Negative value |