

Math 11, Fall 2007

Lecture 23

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Outline

- 1 Review and overview
 - Last class
- 2 Today's material
 - Curl and Divergence
 - Curl and Divergence: Examples
- 3 Next class

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Integration of a function of two variables

Green's Theorem

Let C be a positively oriented, piecewise smooth, simple closed curve in the plane and let D be the region bounded by C . If P and Q have continuous partial derivatives on an open region that contains D then

$$\int_C P \, dx + Q \, dy = \iint_D (Q_x - P_y) \, dA$$

Example

Find the integral of $\vec{F} = y\vec{i} + x\vec{j}$ around a curve simple closed positively oriented curve C enclosing the origin.

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Review of the gradient

- The gradient encodes all the derivative information for a real valued function of more than one variable
- It measures geometric information as well: direction of maximal ascent, normals to surfaces

Differentiation of vector fields

Given a vector field $\vec{V} = P \vec{i} + Q \vec{j} + R \vec{k}$, what is its derivative?

- $\text{curl } \vec{V} = \nabla \times \vec{V} =$

$$\det \begin{pmatrix} \vec{i} & \vec{j} & \vec{k} \\ \partial_x & \partial_y & \partial_z \\ P & Q & R \end{pmatrix}$$

Here, $\nabla = \frac{\partial}{\partial x} \vec{i} + \frac{\partial}{\partial y} \vec{j} + \frac{\partial}{\partial z} \vec{k}$

Curl

Geometrically, curl measures the circulation of the vector field thought of as a fluid flow. A curl free field is called *irrotational*. The curl also has a connection to conservative vector fields.

Theorem: $\text{curl } \nabla f = 0$

Theorem: If \vec{F} is a vector field defined for all points in \mathbb{R}^3 whose components has continuous partial derivatives and $\text{curl } \vec{F} = 0$, then \vec{F} is conservative.

Divergence

The divergence of a vector field $\vec{F} = P\vec{i} + Q\vec{j} + R\vec{k}$ is

$$\operatorname{div} \vec{F} = \nabla \cdot \vec{F}$$

Divergence

Geometrically, divergence measures how quickly the vector field spreads out (or contracts). A divergence free field is called *incompressible*.

Theorem: If P, Q, R have continuous second order partial derivatives, then $\operatorname{div} \operatorname{curl} \vec{F} = 0$

Green's Theorem: new form

Let C be a positively oriented, piecewise smooth, simple closed curve in the plane and let D be the region bounded by C . If $\vec{F} = P \vec{i} + Q \vec{j}$ and P and Q have continuous partial derivatives on an open region that contains D then

$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r} = \iint_D (\text{curl } \vec{F}) \cdot \vec{k} \, dA$$

Divergence form

If C is given by the vector equation $\vec{r}(t) = x(t)\vec{i} + y(t)\vec{j}$ then

$$\vec{T}(t) = \frac{x'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|}\vec{i} + \frac{y'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|}\vec{j}$$

The outward unit normal to C is

$$\vec{n}(t) = \frac{y'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|}\vec{i} - \frac{x'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|}\vec{j}$$

Then, we can write Green's theorem in divergence form.

$$\begin{aligned}
 \oint_C \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds &= \int_a^b (\vec{F} \cdot \vec{n})(t) |\vec{r}'(t)| \, dt \\
 &= \int_a^b \left(\frac{P(x(t), y(t))y'(t) - Q(x(t), y(t))x'(t)}{|\vec{r}'(t)|} \right) |\vec{r}'(t)| \, dt \\
 &= \int_a^b (P(x(t), y(t))y'(t) - Q(x(t), y(t))x'(t)) \, dt \\
 &= \oint_C P \, dy - Q \, dx \\
 &= \iint_D (P_x + Q_y) \, dA \\
 &= \iint_D \operatorname{div} \vec{F}(x, y) \, dA
 \end{aligned}$$

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Examples

- 1 Is there a vector field \vec{G} on \mathbb{R}^3 so that $\text{curl } \vec{G} = xy^2 \vec{i} + yz^2 \vec{j} + zx^2 \vec{k}$?
- 2 Show that any vector field of the form

$$\vec{F}(x, y, z) = f(y, z) \vec{i} + g(x, z) \vec{j} + h(z, y) \vec{k}$$

is incompressible.

- 3 Compute the flux integral

$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot \vec{n} \, ds$$

where C is the circle of radius 1 union the circle of radius 1/2 and

$$\vec{F} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \vec{i} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \vec{j}$$

- 1 Compute the circulation integral

$$\oint_C \vec{F} \cdot d\vec{r}$$

where C is the circle of radius 1 union the circle of radius $1/2$ and

$$\vec{F} = \frac{y}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \vec{i} - \frac{x}{\sqrt{x^2 + y^2}} \vec{j}$$

Work for next class

- Reading: 17.6
- f07hw25 (due monday after Thanksgiving)