Math 11, Fall 2007 Lecture 24

Scott Pauls 1

¹Department of Mathematics Dartmouth College

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- Review and overview
 - Last class
- 2 Today's material
 - Parametric surfaces
 - Surface area
- Next class



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Divergence and Curl

- Curl: measures rotation
- Divergence: measures contraction/expansion
- Flux integrals: divergence form of Green's theorem
- Circulation integrals: curl version of Green's theorem

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Different representations

Recall the defition of a spacecurve:

$$\vec{c}(t) = x(t) \vec{i} + y(t) \vec{j} + z(t) \vec{k}$$

We can describe surfaces in a similar way:

$$\vec{r}(u,v) = x(u,v)\vec{i} + y(u,v)\vec{j} + z(u,v)\vec{k}$$

Example: spherical coordinates

$$\vec{r}(\theta,\phi) = \sin(\phi)\cos(\theta)\,\vec{i} + \sin(\phi)\sin(\theta)\,\vec{j} + \cos(\phi)\,\vec{k}$$

Examples

• Graphs z = f(x, y)

$$\vec{r}(u,v) = \langle u, v, f(u,v) \rangle$$

• Surfaces of revolution: z = f(x) rotated about the z-axis

$$\vec{r}(u, v) = \langle u \cos(v), u \sin(v), f(u) \rangle$$

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Surface Area

Idea: Approximate the area of a small patch of surface by the area of the corresponding piece of the tangent plane at that point.

• Find tangent plane to z = f(x, y)

$$\vec{N} = \langle f_x, f_y, -1 \rangle$$

- ② Area of parallelogram on the tangent plane is $|\vec{N}| = \sqrt{1 + |\nabla f|^2}$

Surface area

• For a surface given as f(x, y) - z = 0, for $(x, y) \in D$, the surface area is given as

$$\iint_D |\vec{N}| \ dA$$

 To use the same idea with a parameteric surface, we must compute the normal:

$$\vec{N} = \vec{r}_u \times \vec{r}_v$$

Examples

- Find the surface area of the cylinder $x^2 + y^2 = 4$ between z = 0 and z = h.
- Find the surface area of a cone $z^2 = x^2 + y^2$ between z = 0 and z = 1.

Work for next class

Reading: 17.7

Webwork: f07hw26