Quiz 4: Avgerage Value and Integration by Parts February 13, 2013

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Instructions: Be sure to write neatly and show all steps. Circle or box your final answer. Answer both questions (second one is on the back).

1. Find the average value of the function $f(x) = x \cdot \cos x$ on the interval $[0, \pi]$.

And name =
$$\frac{1}{4-0} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \cos x \, dx$$
 $du = dx$ $dv = \cos x \, dx$
And name = $\frac{1}{4-0} \int_0^{\pi} x \cdot \cos x \, dx$ $du = dx$ $du = dx$ $du = dx$

$$= \frac{1}{\pi} \left(x. \sin x - \int_0^{\pi} \sin x \, dx \right) = \frac{1}{\pi} \left(x. \sin x + \cos x \right) \Big|_0^{\pi}$$

$$=\frac{1}{\pi}\left(0-1\right)-\frac{1}{\pi}\left(1\right)=\frac{2}{\pi}$$

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note: X2. Sin X is NOT an antideinvalue of X. cos X

2. Evaluate
$$\int x^2 \ln x \, dx$$
.

$$u = \ln x$$

$$dv = x^{2} dx$$

$$du = \frac{1}{x} dx$$

$$V = \frac{x^{3}}{3}$$

$$\int x^{2} \ln x \, dx = \frac{x^{3}}{3} \cdot \ln x - \left(\frac{x^{3}}{3} \cdot \frac{1}{x} \right) \, dx$$

$$= \frac{x^{3}}{3} \cdot \ln x - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \left(x^{2} \cdot dx\right)$$

$$= \frac{x^{3}}{3} \cdot \ln x - \frac{1}{3} \cdot \frac{x^{3}}{3} + C$$