## Solutions to practice midterm.

(These are final solutions only, on the exam you should show full working.)

- $\begin{array}{l} \text{1. a) } x \arctan x \frac{1}{2} \ln (1 + x^2) + C, \\ \text{b) } 2 \arctan x \frac{1}{2} \ln (1 + x^2) \ln (x + 2) + C \\ \text{c) } \frac{x}{81\sqrt{9 + x^2}} \frac{x^3}{243(9 + x^2)^{3/2}} + C. \end{array}$
- 2.  $\pi/3$ .
- 3. 1/3.
- 4. a) Diverges, b) Converges to  $\pi/2 \arctan(e)$ .
- 5. Converges to 0 (use squeeze theorem)
- 6. a) Diverge (limit comparison), b) Converge (integral test).
- 7. a) CC (comparison + alt.), b) D (divergence test).
- 8. ignore
- 9. Diverges (  $\lim a_n = 0$  so  $\lim 1/a_n \neq 0$ ).
- 10. 5