Supplementary Homework for Math 43 Due Monday, May 6, 2002

S1: We showed in class that if the power series

$$\sum_{n=0}^{\infty} a_n (z - z_0)^n \tag{\dagger}$$

converges when $z=z_1\neq z_0$, then (†) converges absolutely for all z such that $|z-z_0|< R_1$ where $R_1:=|z_1-z_0|$. Using this, prove the following assertion made in lecture: Let R be the least upper bound of the numbers

$$\{|z_2 - z_0|: (\dagger) \text{ converges when } z = z_2\}.$$

Then prove that (\dagger) converges absolutely for all z such that $|z-z_0| < R$, and that (\dagger) diverges for all z such that $|z-z_0| > R$. (Recall that R is called the radius of convergence of (\dagger) .