> with(linalg):

Warning, the protected names norm and trace have been redefined and unprotected

Example 1

> A:=matrix([[7/4, -1/4*sqrt(3), 0], [-1/4*sqrt(3), 5/4, 0], [0, 0, -1]]);

$$A := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{4} & -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & 0\\ -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & \frac{5}{4} & 0\\ 0 & 0 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

> xp:=vector([diff(x1(t),t),diff(x2(t),t),diff(x3(t),t)]);

$$xp := \left[\frac{\partial}{\partial t} x1(t), \frac{\partial}{\partial t} x2(t), \frac{\partial}{\partial t} x3(t) \right]$$

> x:=vector([x1(t),x2(t),x3(t)]);

$$x := [x1(t), x2(t), x3(t)]$$

> xp[1]=multiply(A,x)[1];xp[2]=multiply(A,x)[2];xp[3]=multiply(A,x)[
3];

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}(t) = \frac{7}{4} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{1}(t) - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \mathbf{x} \mathbf{2}(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t} x2(t) = -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} x1(t) + \frac{5}{4} x2(t)$$

$$\frac{\partial}{\partial t}$$
 x3(t) = -x3(t)

> Id:=r->matrix([[r,0,0],[0,r,0],[0,0,r]]);

$$Id := r \to \begin{bmatrix} r & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & r \end{bmatrix}$$

> evalm(A-Id(r));

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{7}{4} - r & -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & \frac{5}{4} - r & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & -1 - r \end{bmatrix}$$

> det(%);

$$-2 + r + 2 r^2 - r^3$$

> solve(%,r);

$$-1, 1, 2$$

> eigenvals(A);

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> B:=r->evalm(A-Id(r));
                                                    B := r \rightarrow \text{evalm}(A - \text{Id}(r))
  > B(1);
                                                      \begin{vmatrix} \frac{3}{4} & -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & \frac{1}{4} & 0 \end{vmatrix}
  > xi:=vector([xi1,xi2,xi3]);
                                                            \xi := [\xi 1, \xi 2, \xi 3]
r=1
  > multiply(B(1),xi);
                                         \left| \frac{3}{4} \xi_1 - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi_2, -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi_1 + \frac{1}{4} \xi_2, -2 \xi_3 \right|
  > solve({%[1],%[2],%[3]},{xi1,xi2,xi3});
                                                 \{\xi 3 = 0, \xi 2 = \xi 2, \xi 1 = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} \xi 2\}
r=-1
  > multiply(B(-1),xi);
                                           \left| \frac{11}{4} \xi_1 - \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi_2, -\frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi_1 + \frac{9}{4} \xi_2, 0 \right|
  > solve({%[1],%[2],%[3]},{xi1,xi2,xi3});
                                                      \{\xi 1 = 0, \xi 3 = \xi 3, \xi 2 = 0\}
| >
r=2
  > multiply(B(2),xi);
                                        \left| -\frac{1}{4}\xi_1 - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_2, -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_1 - \frac{3}{4}\xi_2, -3\xi_3 \right|
  > solve({%[1],%[2],%[3]},{xi1,xi2,xi3});
                                                 \{\xi_1 = -\sqrt{3} \ \xi_2, \xi_3 = 0, \xi_2 = \xi_2\}
  > eigenvects(A);
                         [-1, 1, \{[0, 0, 1]\}], [2, 1, \{[-\sqrt{3}, 1, 0]\}], \left|1, 1, \{\left|\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}, 1, 0\right|\}\right|
Example 2
  > A:=matrix([[7/4, -1/4*sqrt(3), 0], [-1/4*sqrt(3), 5/4, 0], [0, 0,
      2]]);
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A := \begin{vmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & \frac{5}{4} & 0 \\ 0 & 2 \end{vmatrix}
  > det(A-Id(r));
                                                             4 - 8 r + 5 r^2 - r^3
                                                                      1, 2, 2
  > multiply(B(1),xi);
                                             \frac{3}{4}\xi_1 - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_2 - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_1 + \frac{1}{4}\xi_2, \xi_3
  > solve({%[1],%[2],%[3]},{xi1,xi2,xi3});
                                                   \{\xi 1 = \frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} \ \xi 2, \xi 3 = 0, \xi 2 = \xi 2\}
r=2
  > multiply(B(2),xi);
                                            \left| -\frac{1}{4}\xi_1 - \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_2, -\frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3}\xi_1 - \frac{3}{4}\xi_2, 0 \right|
  > solve({%[1],%[2],%[3]},{xi1,xi2,xi3});
                                                 \{\xi 3 = \xi 3, \xi 1 = \xi 1, \xi 2 = -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3} \xi 1\}
  > eigenvects(A);
                                 [1, 1, \{[1, \sqrt{3}, 0]\}], [2, 2, \{[1, -\frac{1}{3}\sqrt{3}, 0], [0, 0, 1]\}]
Example 3
  > A:=matrix([[1/4, 1/4*sqrt(3), 0], [1/4*sqrt(3), 3/4, 0], [0, 0,
      2]]);
                                                       A := \begin{bmatrix} \frac{1}{4} & \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & 0 \\ \frac{1}{4}\sqrt{3} & \frac{3}{4} & 0 \end{bmatrix}
  > det(A-Id(r));
                                                                     0, 2, 1
  > multiply(B(0),xi);
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 \left[ \frac{1}{4} \xi 1 + \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi 2, \frac{1}{4} \sqrt{3} \xi 1 + \frac{3}{4} \xi 2, 2 \xi 3 \right] 
 \left[ > \text{ eigenvects(A);} \right] 
 \left[ 0, 1, \{ [-\sqrt{3}, 1, 0] \} ], [2, 1, \{ [0, 0, 1] \} ], \left[ 1, 1, \{ \left[ \frac{1}{3} \sqrt{3}, 1, 0 \right] \} \right] 
 \left[ > \right] 
 \left[ > \right]
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