

Lusternik-Schnirelmann category and cone length

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Abstract

Given a space X the Lusternik-Schnirelmann category, $cat(X)$, is defined as minimum number of open sets contractible in X that it takes to cover X . If X is a smooth manifold without boundary then $cat(X)$ is a lower bound for the number of critical points of a real function on X . The cone length of X , $cl(X)$, is the number of steps it takes to build X from a point by attaching cones. Ganea showed that $cl(X)$ is the same as the minimum number of contractible open sets it takes to cover X . He also showed that $cat(X) \leq cl(X) \leq cat(X) + 1$. For every n we give examples of spaces such that $cl(X) = n = cat(X) + 1$.