

# Lagrange Multipliers

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## Example

- Find the extreme values of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2$  on the set

$$D = \{(x, y) : x^2 + y^2 \leq 1\}.$$

# Method of Lagrange Multipliers

- To find the maximum and minimum values of  $f(x, y, z)$  subject to constraint  $g(x, y, z) = k$ :
  1. Find all values of  $x, y, z$ , and  $\lambda$  such that

$$\nabla f(x, y, z) = \lambda \nabla g(x, y, z)$$

and

$$g(x, y, z) = k$$

2. Evaluate  $f$  at all the points  $(x, y, z)$  that result from step 1. The largest of these values is the maximum value of  $f$ ; the smallest is the minimum value of  $f$ .

## Example (cont'd)

- Let's use the Lagrange multiplier method to find the extreme values of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2$  on the unit circle.

## Example (cont'd)

- Let's use the Lagrange multiplier method to find the extreme values of  $f(x, y) = x^2 + 2y^2$  on the unit circle.
- Find the points on the sphere  $x^2 + y^2 + z^2 = 4$  that are closest to and farthest from the point  $(3, 1, -1)$ .

Thank you and good  
luck!  
The End!