Name: Key

Section:

1. Find $\frac{d}{dx} \left(\int_0^{\frac{\pi}{2}x^2} \cos^3(t) dt \right)$.

$$\cos^3(\frac{\pi}{2}x^2) \cdot \frac{d}{dx}(\frac{\pi}{2}x^2)$$

$$\pi \times \cos^3(\frac{\pi}{2} \times^2)$$

2. Find the area of the region bounded by the curves $y = x^3 - x^2$ and $y = 3x^2$. (Start by sketching the region.)

$$x^{3}-x^{2}=3x^{2} \Rightarrow x^{3}-4x^{2}=0$$

$$x^{2}(x-4)=0$$
intersect $x=0$, $x=4$

$$\int_{0}^{4} \left(3x^{2} - \left(x^{3} - x^{2}\right)\right) dx$$

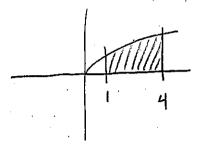
$$= \int_{0}^{4} \left(-x^{3} + 4x^{2}\right) dx = -\frac{1}{4}x^{4} + \frac{4}{3}x^{3}\Big|_{0}^{4}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{4} \cdot 4^{4} + \frac{4}{3} \cdot 4^{3}$$

$$= -64 + \frac{4}{3} \cdot 64$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \cdot 64$$

3. Find the volume of the solid of revolution created by rotating the region bounded by $y = 3\sqrt{x}$, x = 1, x = 4 and y = 0 about the x-axis. (Start by sketching the region.)



$$\int_{1}^{4} \pi (3\sqrt{x})^{2} dx = 9\pi \int_{1}^{4} x dx$$

$$= 9\pi \cdot \frac{1}{2} x^{2} \Big|_{1}^{4}$$

$$= \frac{9}{2} \pi (16 - 1)$$

$$= \frac{9 \cdot 15}{2} \pi$$

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