Lines in \mathbb{R}^3

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The vector equation of a line

- A line L is determined when we know a point $P_0(x_0,y_0,z_0)$ on L and the direction of L.
- ullet Let v be a vector parallel to L and let r_0 the position vector of P_0
- ullet The **vector equation** of L is

$$\mathbf{r} = \mathbf{r_0} + t\mathbf{v},$$

where t is the **parameter**.

• Find the vector equation for the line trough the point P(-1,2,2) and parallel to the vector $\mathbf{i}-2\mathbf{j}+2\mathbf{k}$.

- Find the vector equation for the line trough the point P(-1,2,2) and parallel to the vector $\mathbf{i} 2\mathbf{j} + 2\mathbf{k}$.
- Find the vector equation for the line trough the point P(1,-1,2) and parallel to the vector $\langle 2,0,-3 \rangle$.

The parametric equations of a line

• If
$${f r}=\langle x,y,z
angle$$
, ${f v}=\langle a,b,c
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• The parametric equations:

$$x = x_0 + at$$

$$y = y_0 + bt$$

$$z = z_0 + ct$$

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The symmetric equations of a line

• If $\mathbf{v} = \langle a, b, c \rangle$, then a, b, c are called **direction numbers**.

ullet If none of a,b,c is 0, the symmetric equation of the line is

$$\frac{x - x_0}{a} = \frac{y - y_0}{b} = \frac{z - z_0}{c}$$

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The line segment between two points

ullet The line segment from ${f r}_0$ and ${f r}_1$ is given by the vector equation

$$\mathbf{r}(t) = (1-t)\mathbf{r}_0 + t\mathbf{r}_1 \quad 0 \le t \le 1$$

ullet Find symmetric equations for the line trough (4,1,0) that is parallel to the line with parametric equations x=1+2t,y=2+3t,z=1-t.

- Find symmetric equations for the line trough (4,1,0) that is parallel to the line with parametric equations x=1+2t,y=2+3t,z=1-t.
- Find the point of intersection of this new line with each of the coordinate planes.

• Determine whether the lines

$$L_1: \frac{x-3}{4} = \frac{y+7}{5} = \frac{z-3}{2}$$

and

$$L_2: \frac{x+3}{2} = \frac{y-2}{2} = \frac{z+1}{5}$$

intersect, are skew, or are parallel.

• Determine whether the lines

$$L_1: \frac{x+2}{3} = \frac{y-5}{7} = \frac{z-3}{4}$$

and

$$L_2: \frac{x+1}{6} = \frac{y-2}{14} = \frac{z+3}{8}$$

intersect, are skew, or are parallel.