- Due: Friday, October 31, 2008
- 1. Copy the following limit computations onto a separate sheet of paper. Justify each labeled step (in complete sentences) using only the limit laws and theorems found in sections 2.3 and 2.6. In part (b.) complete the computation.
 - (a.) (Justify each labeled step.)

$$\lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4x^2 - 3x + 1}{7x^2 + x - 1} \stackrel{A}{=} \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{\left(\frac{4x^2 - 3x + 1}{x^2}\right)}{\left(\frac{7x^2 + x - 1}{x^2}\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{4 - 3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}}{7 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$\stackrel{B}{=} \frac{\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(4 - 3 \cdot \frac{1}{x} + \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}{\lim_{x \to -\infty} \left(7 + \frac{1}{x} - \frac{1}{x^2}\right)}$$

$$\stackrel{C}{=} \frac{\lim_{x \to -\infty} 4 - 3 \cdot \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{1}{x} + \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{1}{x^2}}{\lim_{x \to -\infty} 7 + \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{1}{x} - \lim_{x \to -\infty} \frac{1}{x^2}}$$

$$\stackrel{D}{=} \frac{4 - 3 \cdot 0 + 0}{7 + 0 - 0}$$

$$= \frac{4}{7}$$

(b.) (Justify each labeled step and complete the computation.)

$$\lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-2x^2 + 3x - 7}{x + 1} \stackrel{A}{=} \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{\left(\frac{-2x^2 + 3x - 7}{x}\right)}{\left(\frac{x + 1}{x}\right)}$$

$$= \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{-2x + 3 - 7 \cdot \frac{1}{x}}{1 + \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\stackrel{B}{=} \frac{-2 \cdot \lim_{x \to \infty} x + \lim_{x \to \infty} 3 - 7 \cdot \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x}}{\lim_{x \to \infty} 1 + \lim_{x \to \infty} \frac{1}{x}}$$

$$\stackrel{C}{=} \frac{-2 \cdot \lim_{x \to \infty} x + 3 - 7 \cdot 0}{1 + 0}$$

$$= -2 \cdot \lim_{x \to \infty} x + 3$$

$$= \frac{?}{}$$

2. Using the definition of the derivative¹, compute the derivatives of the following functions at the value x = 1 (in other words find f'(1) and g'(1)).

(a.)
$$f(x) = x^2 + 3x - 1$$

(b.)
$$g(x) = \frac{x+1}{2x-1}$$

3. Using the definition of the derivative, repeat problem 2. for an arbitrary value of x (in other words, find f'(x) and g'(x)).

¹Whenever we say "using the definition of the derivative" we mean that you must actually compute one of the limits: $\lim_{h\to 0} \frac{f(a+h)-f(a)}{h}$ or $\lim_{x\to a} \frac{f(x)-f(a)}{x-a}$.