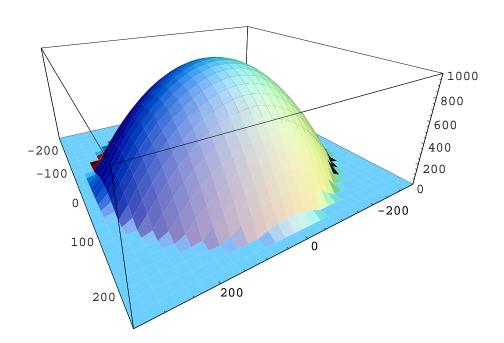
sec15-6.nb

SECTION 15.6 THE GRADIENT VECTOR FIELD

Problem 32, page 971. You are climbing a hill whose shape is given by the equation $z = 1000 - 0.01\,\text{x}^2 - 0.02\,\text{y}^2$ and you are standing at the point with coordinates (60, 100, 764). In which direction should you proceed initially in order to reach the top of the hill fastest? Draw the level curves and the gradient.

A graphical approach.

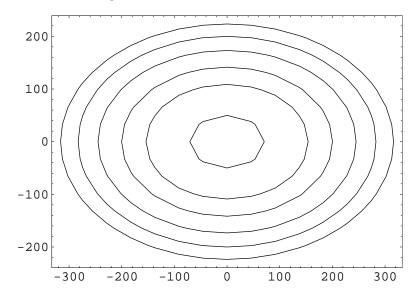
We start with the graph of the hill:



The following two pictures show some of the level curves, including the one at hight z=764, which contains the point given in the statement of the problem, and the gradient vector field.

sec15-6.nb 2

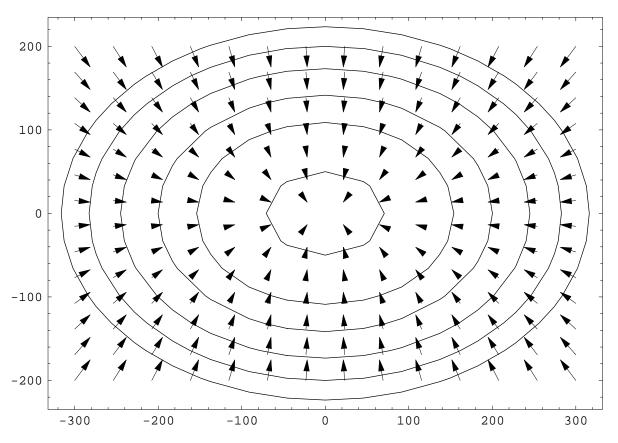
g1 = ContourPlot[1000 - 0.01 * x^2 - 0.02 * y^2 , {x, -320, 320}, {y, -230, 230}, Contours -> {0, 200, 400, 600, 764, 950}, ContourShading -> False, AspectRatio -> Automatic]



<< Graphics \

g2 = PlotVectorField[$\{-0.02*x, -0.04*y\}, \{x, -300, 300\}, \{y, -200, 200\}, AspectRatio -> Automatic, PlotPoints <math>\rightarrow 14$]

Show[g1, g2, AspectRatio -> Automatic]

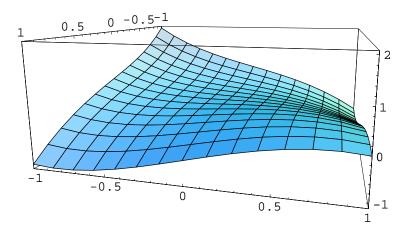


sec15-6.nb

EXAMPLE (to play with and test your understanding about the gradient vector field!)

The graph and some level curves the function $f(x, y) = xy - 0.5x^3 - 0.5y^3$ are given below. Draw the gradient vector field of f.

Plot3D[$x*y-0.5*x^3-0.5*y^3$, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, ViewPoint \rightarrow {1.5, 0.4, 0.3}]



ContourPlot[$x*y-0.5*x^3-0.5*y^3$, {x, -1, 1}, {y, -1, 1}, Contours \rightarrow 40, ContourShading -> False]

