

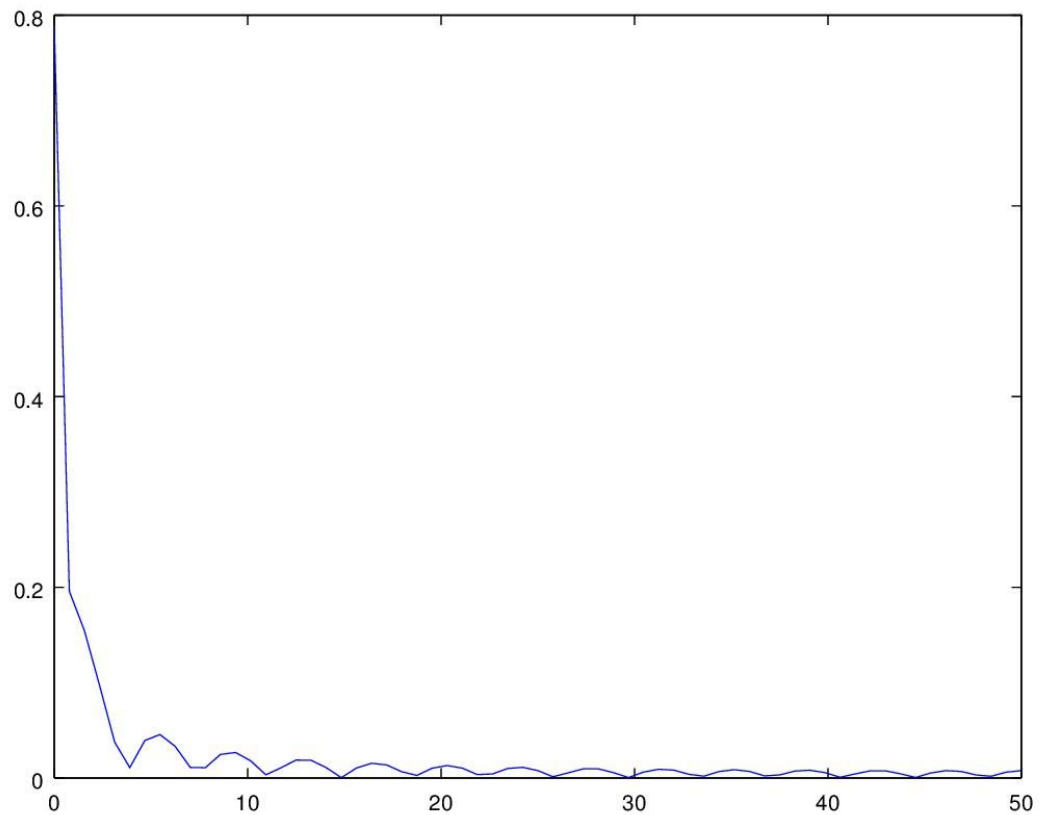
```

clear;

% Q.1.A
Fs = 100;           % Sampling frequency
t = (-1/2:1/Fs:1/2); % Time vector
x = t./t;
x(isnan(x)) = [1]
L = length(t);      % Signal length

n = 2^nextpow2(L);
Y = fft(x,n);
f = Fs*(0:(n/2))/n;
P = abs(Y/n);
figure
plot(f,P(1:n/2+1))

```

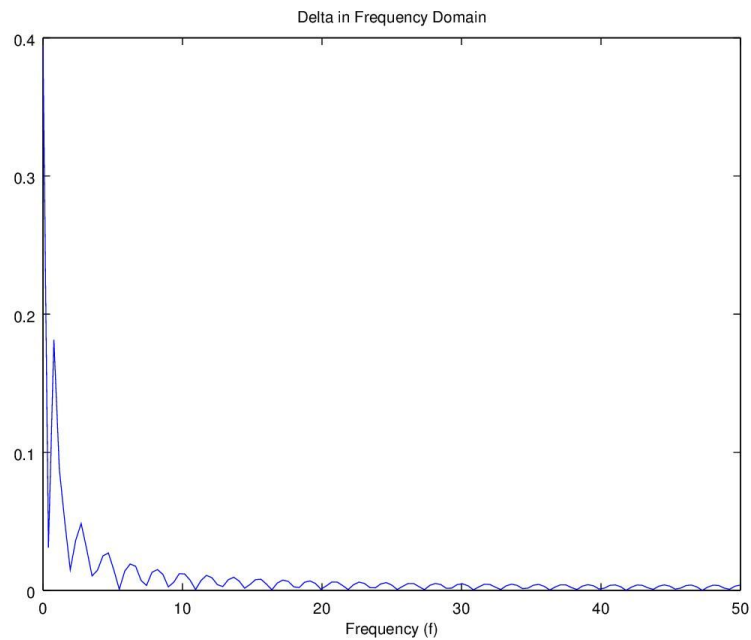


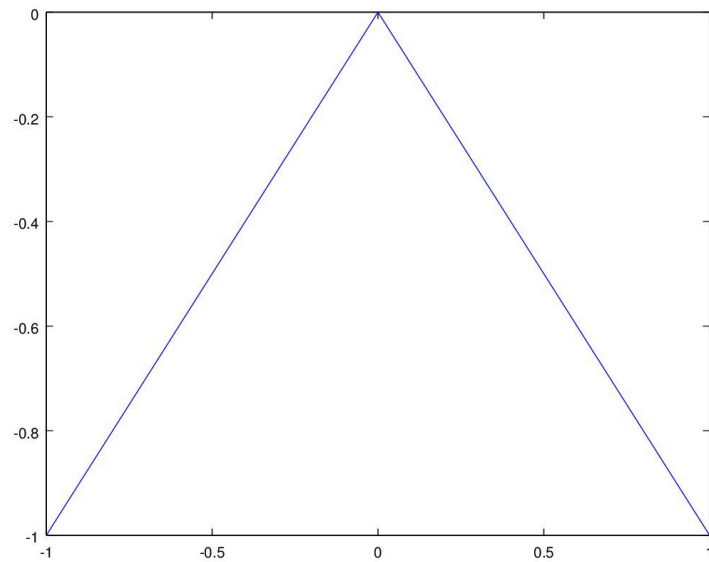
```

% Q.1.B
Fs = 100;           % Sampling frequency
t = -1:1/Fs:1;      % Time vector
L = length(t);      % Signal length
x = -abs(abs(t-1)-1);
figure
plot(t,x)

n = 2^nextpow2(L);
Y = fft(x,n);
f = Fs*(0:(n/2))/n;
P = abs(Y/n);
figure
plot(f,P(1:n/2+1))
title('Delta in Frequency Domain')
xlabel('Frequency (f)')

```





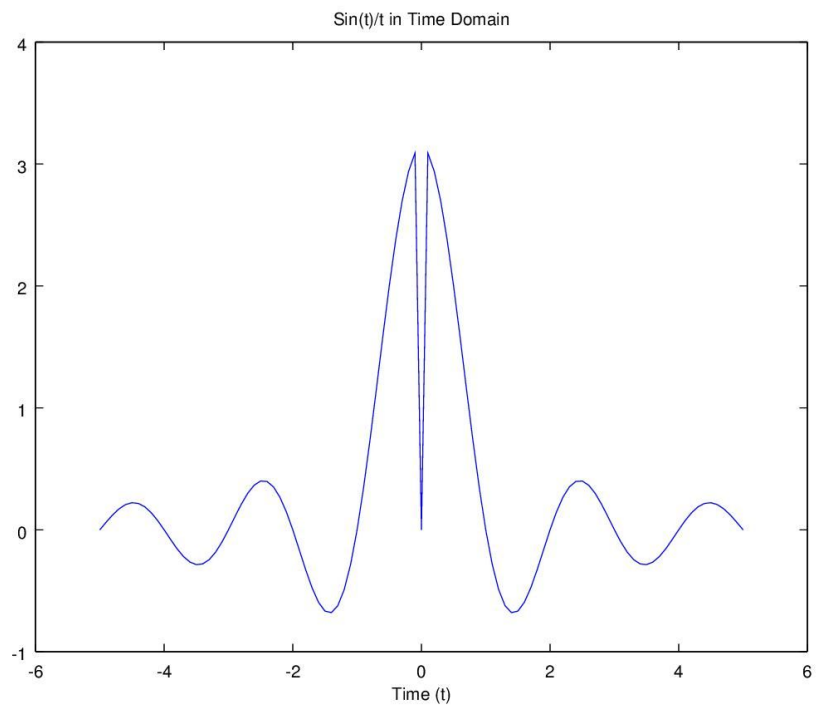
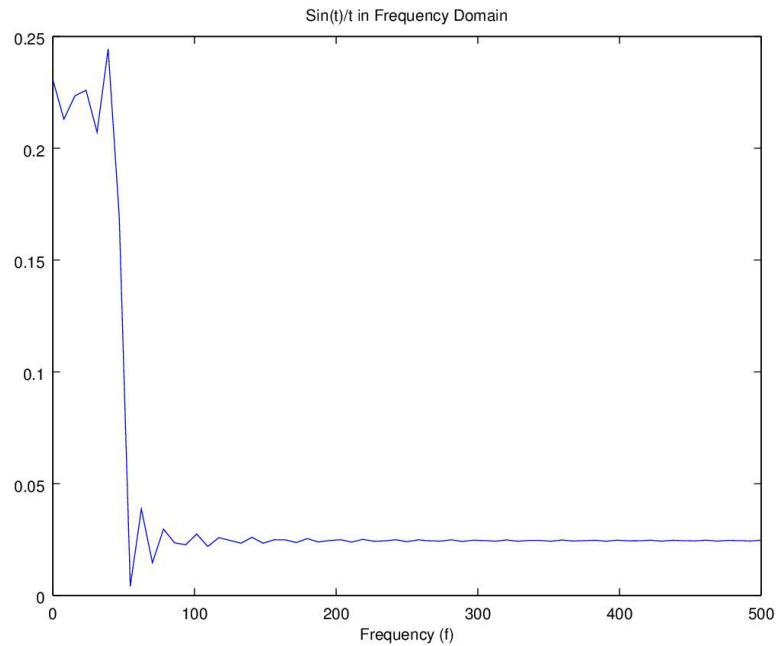

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```
% Q.2.A
Fs = 1000;                % Sampling frequency
T = 1/Fs;                 % Sampling period
t = (-5:0.1:5);           % Time vector
L = length(t);            % Signal length

x = sin(pi*t)./t;
x(isnan(x))=0

figure
plot(t,x)
title('Sin(t)/t in Time Domain')
xlabel('Time (t)')

n = 2^nextpow2(L);
Y = fft(x, n);
f = Fs*(0:(n/2))/n;
P = abs(Y/n);
figure
plot(f,P(1:n/2+1))
title('Sin(t)/t in Frequency Domain')
xlabel('Frequency (f)')
```




---

% Q.2.B

Fs = 1000;

% Sampling frequency

T = 1/Fs;

% Sampling period

t = (-5:0.1:5);

% Time vector

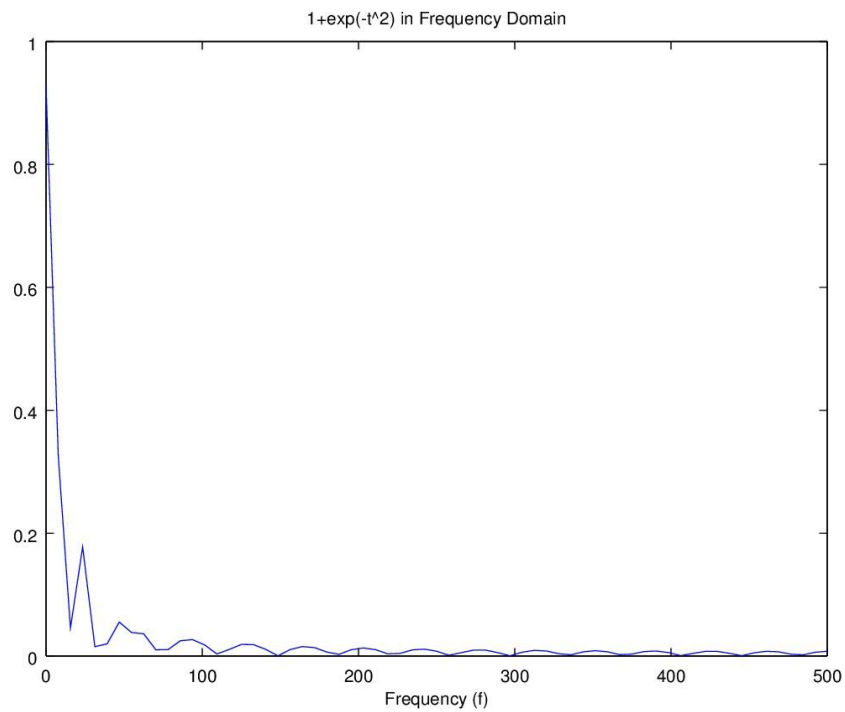
L = length(t);

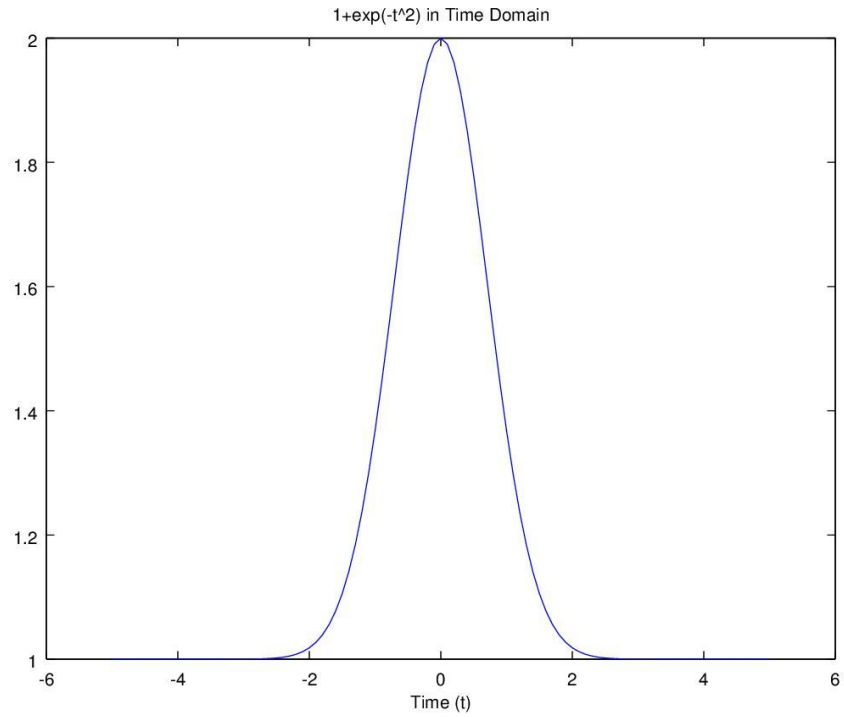
% Signal length

```
x = 1+exp(-t.^2);  
x(isnan(x))=0
```

```
figure  
plot(t,x)  
title('1+exp(-t^2) in Time Domain')  
xlabel('Time (t)')
```

```
n = 2^nextpow2(L);  
Y = fft(x, n);  
f = Fs*(0:(n/2))/n;  
P = abs(Y/n);  
figure  
plot(f,P(1:n/2+1))  
title('1+exp(-t^2) in Frequency Domain')  
xlabel('Frequency (f)')
```





---

```
% Q.3.A
w = (-5:0.1:5);           % Frequency vector

x = exp(-w.^2);
Y = ifft(x);
plot(w, Y)
title('exp(-w^2) in Time Domain')
xlabel('Time (t)')

% Q.3.B
t = (-5:0.1:5);           % Time vector
x = t;
Y = ifft(x);
figure
plot(t,Y)
title('Time Domain')
xlabel('Time(t)')
```

