Standard notations for Deep Learning

This document has the purpose of discussing a new standard for deep learning mathematical notations.

1   Neural Networks Notations.

General comments:

· superscript (i) will denote the ith training example while superscript [l] will denote the lth layer

Sizes:

·m : number of examples in the dataset

·n_x : input size

·n_y : output size (or number of classes)

·$n_h^{[l]}$: number of hidden units of the lth layer

  In a for loop, it is possible to denote $n_x = n_h^{[0]}$ and $n_y = n_h^{[\text{number of layers} +1]}$.

·L : number of layers in the network.

Objects:

·$X \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x \times m}$ is the input matrix

·$x^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_x}$ is the ith example represented as a column vector

·$Y \in \mathbb{R}^{n_y \times m}$ is the label matrix

·$y^{(i)} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_y}$ is the output label for the ith example

·$W^{[l]} \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{number of units in next layer} \times \text{number of units in the previous layer}}$ is the weight matrix, superscript [l] indicates the layer

·$b^{[l]} \in \mathbb{R}^{\text{number of units in next layer}}$ is the bias vector in the lth layer

·$\hat{y} \in \mathbb{R}^{n_y}$ is the predicted output vector. It can also be denoted $a^{[L]}$ where L is the number of layers in the network.

Common forward propagation equation examples:

$a = g^{[l]}(W_x x^{(i)} + b_1) = g^{[l]}(z_1)$ where $g^{[l]}$ denotes the lth layer activation function

$\hat{y}^{(i)} = softmax(W_h h + b_2)$

· General Activation Formula: $a_j^{[l]} = g^{[l]}(\sum_k w_{jk}^{[l]} a_k^{[l-1]} + b_j^{[l]}) = g^{[l]}(z_j^{[l]})$

· $J(x, W, b, y)$ or $J(\hat{y}, y)$ denote the cost function.

Examples of cost function:

· $J_{CE}(\hat{y}, y) = -\sum_{i=0}^{m} y^{(i)} \log \hat{y}^{(i)}$

· $J_1(\hat{y}, y) = \sum_{i=0}^{m} | y^{(i)} - \hat{y}^{(i)} |$

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2 Deep Learning representations

For representations:

· nodes represent inputs, activations or outputs

· edges represent weights or biases

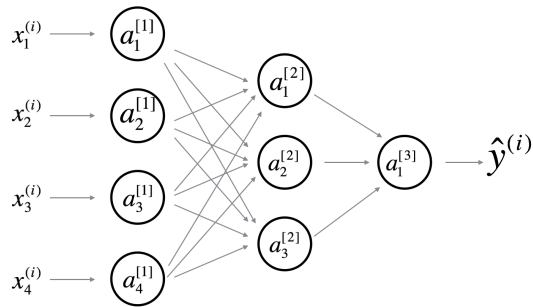Here are several examples of Standard deep learning representations

Figure 1: Comprehensive Network: representation commonly used for Neural Networks. For better aesthetic, we omitted the details on the parameters ($w_{ij}^{[l]}$ and $b_i^{[l]}$ etc...) that should appear on the edges

Figure 2: Simplified Network: a simpler representation of a two layer neural network, both are equivalent.