

## Problem K. Mark and Toys

OS Linux

Mark and Jane are very happy after having their first child. Their son loves toys, so Mark wants to buy some. There are a number of different toys lying in front of him, tagged with their prices. Mark has only a certain amount to spend, and he wants to maximize the number of toys he buys with this money. Given a list of toy prices and an amount to spend, determine the maximum number of gifts he can buy.

**Note** Each toy can be purchased only once.

### Example

*prices* = [1, 2, 3, 4]

*k* = 7

The budget is 7 units of currency. He can buy items that cost [1, 2, 3] for 6, or [3, 4] for 7 units. The maximum is 3 items.

### Function Description

Complete the function *maximumToys* in the editor below.

*maximumToys* has the following parameter(s):

- *int prices[n]*: the toy prices
- *int k*: Mark's budget

### Returns

- *int*: the maximum number of toys

### Input Format

The first line contains two integers, *n* and *k*, the number of priced toys and the amount Mark has to spend.

The next line contains *n* space-separated integers *prices[i]*

### Constraints

$$1 \leq n \leq 10^5$$

$$1 \leq k \leq 10^9$$

$$1 \leq \textit{prices}[i] \leq 10^9$$

A toy can't be bought multiple times.

Input	Output
7 50 1 12 5 111 200 1000 10	4

**Explanation**

He can buy only **4** toys at most. These toys have the following prices: **1, 12, 5, 10**.