Incident handler's journal

Scenario 1

A small U.S. health care clinic specializing in delivering primary-care services experienced a security incident on a Tuesday morning, at approximately 9:00 a.m. Several employees reported that they were unable to use their computers to access files like medical records. Business operations shut down because employees were unable to access the files and software needed to do their job.

Additionally, employees also reported that a ransom note was displayed on their computers. The ransom note stated that all the company's files were encrypted by an organized group of unethical hackers who are known to target organizations in healthcare and transportation industries. In exchange for restoring access to the encrypted files, the ransom note demanded a large sum of money in exchange for the decryption key.

The attackers were able to gain access into the company's network by using targeted phishing emails, which were sent to several employees of the company. The phishing emails contained a malicious attachment that installed malware on the employee's computer once it was downloaded.

Once the attackers gained access, they deployed their ransomware, which encrypted critical files. The company was unable to access critical patient data, causing major disruptions in their business operations. The company was forced to shut down their computer systems and contact several organizations to report the incident and receive technical assistance.

Date:	Entry: #1			
January 16th, 2024				
Description	The Cybersecurity incident occurred in the Detection and Analysis phase and Containment, Eradication, and Recovery phase.			
Tool(s) used	None were provided due to the first occurrence.			
The 5 W's	 Who caused the incident? Organized group of hackers What happened? Ransomware. Employees being unable to use computers to access les like medical records, business operations shut down, ransom notes. When did the incident occur? Tuesday Morning, January 16th 2024. Where did the incident happen? Health care company. Why did the incident happen? The incident took place as the attacker gained access into the company's network with phishing emails. Those phishing emails contained malicious attachments and were downloaded by the employees. Soon after they were downloaded; the ransomware would be deployed (encrypted critical les) and cause major disruptions in the business operation by encrypting the les. They are now demanding a certain amount of money to be paid to them. 			
Additional notes	 How could the health care company prevent an incident like this from occurring again? More training and awareness of phishing emails. Should the company pay the ransom to retrieve the decryption key? No. It may not guarantee data recovery and may encourage further criminal activity. 			

Reflections/Notes for scenario 1:

- How many entries are there so far? 1 entry.
- The type of security incident the organization was affected by ransomware via phishing.
- The root cause of the incident is the phishing emails. The attacker used the malicious attachment via email as an a ack vector. Once the attachment is clicked by the recipient of the email address, the ransomware would be deployed.
- Providing more training and education may solve the problems. Secure backup data from being encrypted by the ransomware. Isolate the infected systems from the network to prevent the spread of ransomware. Sometimes, cybersecurity rms may o er decryption tools for specific ransomware. Communicate to the relevant stakeholders. If possible, report to the authorities.

Scenario 2 (Continuous)

The organization experienced a security incident on January 22, 2024, at 7:20 p.m, PT, during which an individual was able to gain unauthorized access to customer personal identifiable information (PII) and financial information. Approximately 50,000 customer records were affected. The financial impact of the incident is estimated to be \$100,000 in direct costs and potential loss of revenue. The incident is now closed and a thorough investigation has been conducted. At approximately 3:13 p.m., PT, on January 20, 2024, an employee received an email from an external email address. The email sender claimed that they had successfully stolen customer data. In exchange for not releasing the data to public forums, the sender requested a \$25,000 cryptocurrency payment. The employee assumed the email was spam and deleted it. On January 22, 2024, the same employee received another email from the same sender. This email included a sample of the stolen customer data and an increased payment demand of \$50,000. On the same day, the employee notified the security team, who began their investigation into the incident.

Date:	Entry: #1			
January 22th,				
2024				
Description	An individual was able to gain unauthorized access to customer personal			
	identifiable information (PII) and financial information. The incident occurred			
	in the Detection and Analysis phase and Containment, Eradication, and			
	Recovery phase.			
Tool(s) used	Playbook			
The 5 W's	Capture the 5 W's of an incident.			
	Who caused the incident? Cybercriminal (malicious actor)			
	What happened? The email was sent from the external email address to			
	the employee. It claimed to have successfully stolen customer data. The			

	sender requested \$25,000 in crypto currency, to which was ignored by				
	the employee on January 22nd 2024.				
	 When did the incident occur? 7:20 pm. 				
	•	Where did the incident happen? Organization.			
	•	Why did the incident happen? Individuals gained access to customer			
		personal information and financial information.			
Additional notes	•	How to prevent this from happening?			
Additional notes	•	How to prevent this from happening? Should we increase the training section to raise more awareness of			
Additional notes					
Additional notes		Should we increase the training section to raise more awareness of			
Additional notes	•	Should we increase the training section to raise more awareness of cyber a acks?			

Date:	Entry: #2			
January 23rd ,				
2024				
Description	An individual was able to gain unauthorized access to customer personal identifiable information (PII) and financial information due to the vulnerability in the e-commerce web application. The a acker forced browsing a acks and access customer transaction data by modifying the order number (URL string of the purchase confirmation page). The incident occurred in the Containment, Eradication, and Recovery phase.			
Tool(s) used	 Vulnerability scans Penetration testing Access Control mechanism 			
The 5 W's	Capture the 5 W's of an incident. • Who caused the incident? Cybercriminal (malicious actor)			

What happened? The email was sent from the external email address to the employee. It claimed to have successfully stolen customer data. The sender requested \$25,000 in crypto currency, to which was ignored by the employee on January 22nd 2024. However, on January 23rd, 2024, the same employee received the email again but this time the sender requested \$50,000. Roughly, 50,000 customer records were affected. **When** did the incident occur? On January 23rd, 2024. Where did the incident happen? Organization. **Why** did the incident happen? Forced browsing a ack to modify the order number and gain access to customer information. Additional notes How to prevent this from happening? Routine scans and penetration systems. Implement allowlisting to allow access to a specified set of URLs and automatically block all requests outside of this URL Range. Conduct more training. Reported to Level 2 SOC Analyst. Conduct investigation using a playbook.

Reflections/Notes for scenario 2:

- How many entries are there so far? Two entries.
- The type of security incident the organization was unauthorized access and blackmailing.
- The attacker used the forced browsing a ack to modify the order number and gain access to customer information.

Remind the users to report any incident activity.

• Providing more training and education may solve the problems. Routine scans and penetration systems. Implement allowlisting to allow access to a specified set of URLs.

Scenario 3 (Continuous)

You are a level one security operations center (SOC) analyst at a financial services company. You have received an alert about a suspicious file being downloaded on an employee's computer.

You investigate this alert and discover that the employee received an email containing an attachment. The attachment was a password-protected spreadsheet file. The spreadsheet's password was provided in the email. The employee downloaded the file, then entered the password to open the file. When the employee opened the file, a malicious payload was then executed on their computer.

Hashing is a cryptographic method used to uniquely identify malware, acting as the file's unique fingerprint.

Now that you have the file hash, you will use VirusTotal to uncover additional IoCs that are associated with the file.

Date:	Entry: #1			
January 17th,				
2024				
Description	This incident occurred in the Detection and Analysis phase. The scenario allows			
	me to investigate suspicious le hash. I analyzed and determine if the alert			
	signified a real threat.			
	SHA256 file hash:			
	54e6ea47eb04634d3e87fd7787e2136cccc80ade34f246a12cf93bab527f6b			
Tool(s) used	VirusTotal: Investigative tools to analyze les and URLs for malicious content			
	such as viruses, worms, trojans, and more.			
The 5 W's	Capture the 5 W's of an incident.			
	Who caused the incident? Cybercriminal (malicious actor)			
	What happened? The email contains malicious le (The le hast is			
	wri en in the description box)			

	• When did the incident occur? 1:20 p.m.: An intrusion detection system			
	detects the executable les and sends out an alert to the SOC.			
	 Where did the incident happen? Financial Service Company. 			
	Why did the incident happen? Upon receiving the malicious content on			
	the email, the employee downloaded and executed the malicious le.			
Additional notes	How to prevent this from happening? Never ever downloaded			
	suspicious les from emails.			
	 Should we increase the training section to raise more awareness of 			
	cyber a acks? Yes, we should			
	 Should I report this to Level 2 SOC Analyst? Yes. Depending on the 			
	playbook the organization uses, it might be different in handling the			
	incident like this.			

Date:	Entry: #2			
January, 18th				
2024				
Description	Playbook to respond to phishing incidents. Playbook is created during the			
	Preparation phase. However, it can be used during Detection & Analysis,			
	Containment Eradication and Recovery, and Post Incident Activity.			
Tool(s) used	Playbook			
	Alerting ticket status (JIRA, etc.)			
The 5 W's	Capture the 5 W's of an incident.			
	Who caused the incident? Cybercriminal (malicious actor)			
	What happened? Upon investigating, the ticket ID was created			
	(A-AD3CO). The alert message has been generated and flagged as a			
	positive phishing attempt. The severity of the damage is medium. The			

	user opened a malicious email and opened attachments. The status is escalated.		
	• When did the incident occur? January, 17th 2024 (1:20 pm)		
	• Where did the incident happen? Financial Service Company.		
	• Why did the incident happen? This happened as a result of an		
	employee opening a malicious le and clicking a link from an unknown		
	sender.		
Additional notes	Reported to Level 2 SOC Analyst.		

Ticketing:

Ticket ID	Alert Message	Severity	Details	Ticket status
A-AD3CO	SERVER-MAIL Phishing attempt possible download of malware	Medium	The user may have opened a malicious email and opened attachments or clicked links.	Escalated •

Ticket comments

The alert detected that an employee downloaded and opened a malicious le from a phishing email. The sender's name is too good to be true. The name is "Security IT team" and the email address is "kdfjlsfjdk@gmail.com". The email body and subject line contained grammatical errors. The email's body also contained a password-protected attachments, "bfsvc.exe," which was downloaded and opened on the affected machine. The alert severity is reported as medium. With these f indings, I chose to escalate this ticket to a level-two SOC analyst to take further action.

Reflections/Notes for scenario 3:

- How many entries are there so far? Two entries.
- The type of security incident the organization was affected by is Phishing.
- The attacker used the email address as an a ack vector to carry out the a ack.
- Providing more training and education may solve the problems.