

Operating Model & Governance — GROWNET

How Decisions Are Made, Controlled, and Executed

1. Purpose of This Document

هدف این سند شفافسازی این موارد است:

- چه کسی چه تصمیمی را می‌گیرد
- اختلافات چگونه حل می‌شوند
- پول چگونه خرج و کنترل می‌شود
- تغییرات چگونه اعمال یا متوقف می‌شوند
- کیفیت، امنیت و انطباق چگونه تضمین می‌شود

این سند برای جلوگیری از **chaos** در مقیاس رشد نوشته شده است.

2. Organizational Structure & Decision Ownership

2.1 Core Roles (Initial Stage)

Area	Decision Owner	Accountability
Product Vision & Roadmap	Founder / CEO	User value, retention
Technology & Architecture	Tech Lead	Stability, scalability
Growth & Marketing	Growth Lead	CAC, activation
Sales & Partnerships	Founder / Sales Lead	Revenue
Finance & Budget	Founder + Advisor	Burn & runway
Legal & Compliance	External Counsel	Risk

3. Decision-Making Framework

3.1 Decision Types

Type	Examples	Authority
Strategic	Market entry, pricing model	Founder
Product	Features, UX, roadmap	Product Owner
Technical	Stack, infra, security	Tech Lead
Financial	Budget shifts	Founder + Finance
Operational	Vendors, tooling	Ops Lead

3.2 Decision Principles

- Data over opinion
- Reversible vs irreversible decisions
- Speed > perfection (unless security/legal)

4. Conflict Resolution Mechanism

4.1 Conflict Types

- Product vs Tech
- Growth vs Product
- Speed vs Quality

4.2 Resolution Process

- .1 Owner presents data
- .2 Counter-argument documented
- .3 Founder decides within 48 hours
- .4 Decision logged and executed

Rule:
Disagreement is allowed. Delay is not.

5. Reporting & Cadence

5.1 Weekly Reports

- Product progress

- Key KPIs
- Risks & blockers

5.2 Monthly Reports

- Burn rate
- User metrics
- Revenue indicators

5.3 Quarterly Review

- Strategy validation
- Assumption check
- Go / No-Go decisions

Reports are **decision-driving**, not decorative.

6. Change Management & Control

6.1 Change Categories

Change	Approval
UI/UX tweaks	Product Owner
Feature addition	Founder
Architecture change	Tech Lead
Economic logic	Founder + Tech
Legal/Policy	Legal Counsel

6.2 Change Control Rules

- Every change must map to KPI
 - No change without rollback plan
 - No feature without sunset criteria
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7. Budget Management

7.1 Budget Ownership

- Founder owns total budget
- Leads own their allocation

7.2 Budget Review Cycle

- Monthly actual vs plan •
- Reallocation only with KPI justification •

7.3 Spend Rules

- No spend without milestone •
- No recurring vendor without review •
- Kill costs faster than features •

8. Vendor Management

8.1 Vendor Selection Criteria

- Security & compliance •
- Cost transparency •
- Exit flexibility •

8.2 Vendor Review

- Quarterly performance •
- Annual renegotiation •
- Immediate termination on security breach •

9. Quality Management

9.1 Product Quality

- Acceptance criteria per feature •
- Bug severity classification •
- SLA for fixes •

9.2 Data Quality

- Input validation •
- Audit logs •
- Monitoring anomalies •

Quality is measured, not assumed.

10. Security & Risk Management

10.1 Security Ownership

- Tech Lead (execution) •

Founder (accountability) •

10.2 Core Practices

Access control •

Encryption •

Penetration testing (phase-based) •

10.3 Incident Response

Contain .1

Communicate .2

Fix .3

Review .4

11. Governance During Scale

11.1 When Team Grows

Clear RACI model •

Written delegation •

Decision logs mandatory •

11.2 Board Interaction (Future)

Quarterly board pack •

Metric-driven discussion •

No operational micromanagement •

12. Governance Philosophy (Final)

GROWNET is governed by:

Clear ownership •

Fast decisions •

Hard metrics •

Early killing of bad ideas •

Governance exists to protect focus, not to slow down execution.