

جعفر سعید

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$$\rho = \frac{\text{Cor}(y_1, y_r)}{\sigma_1 \sigma_r} = \frac{\Sigma_{12}}{\Sigma_{11}^{\frac{1}{2}} \Sigma_{22}^{\frac{1}{2}}}$$

اهمیت این مدل

$$P(y_r) = N(\mu_r, \Sigma_{22})$$

(ج)

$$P(y_r) = \int P(y_r, y_1) dy_1 = \frac{1}{2\pi\sigma_1\sigma_r\sqrt{1-\rho^2}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2(1-\rho^2)} \left(\frac{(y_1-\mu_1)^2}{\sigma_1^2} + \frac{(y_r-\mu_r)^2}{\sigma_r^2}\right) - \rho \frac{(y_1-\mu_1)(y_r-\mu_r)}{\sigma_1\sigma_r}\right)$$

$$= \frac{1}{(2\pi)^{\frac{1}{2}} \sigma_r} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(y_r-\mu_r)^2}{\sigma_r^2}\right)$$

$$\Rightarrow P(y_r) = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2\pi} \Sigma_{22}^{\frac{1}{2}}} \exp\left(-\frac{1}{2} \frac{(y_r-\mu_r)^2}{\Sigma_{22}}\right)$$

$$= N(\mu_r, \Sigma_{22})$$

$$y_1, y_2 \leftarrow \underbrace{y_1 + A y_r}_{z = y_1 + A y_r} \quad \text{--- uncorr.} \quad (-1)$$

$$z = y_1 + A y_r, \quad A = \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \quad \text{w.r.t. uncorrelated}$$

$$\text{Cov}(z, y_2) = \text{Cov}(y_1, y_r) + \text{Cov}(A y_r, y_r)$$

$$= \Sigma_{12} + A \Sigma_{22} = \Sigma_{12} - \Sigma_{12} \cancel{\Sigma_{22}^{-1}} \cancel{\Sigma_{22}} = 0 \quad (\text{d.f. } y_r, z)$$

$$E(z) = E[y_1] + A E[y_r] = \mu_1 + A \mu_2$$

$$\Rightarrow \underline{E(y_1 | y_r)} = E(z - A y_r | y_r) = E(z | y_r) - A E(y_r | y_r)$$

$$= E(z) - A y_r = \mu_1 + A(\mu_r - y_r)$$

$$= \mu_1 + \underline{\Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} (y_r - \mu_r)} \star$$

$$\underline{\text{Var}(y_1 | y_r)} = \text{Var}(z - A y_r | y_r) = \underline{\text{Var}(z | y_r) + \text{Var}(A y_r | y_r)}$$

$$= \text{Var}(z | y_r) = \text{Var}(z)$$

$\rightarrow y_r$  are uncorrelated

$$\text{Var}(z) = \text{Var}(y_1 + A y_r) = \Sigma_{11} + \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \Sigma_{22} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \Sigma_{21} - 2 \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \Sigma_{21}$$

$$= \underline{\Sigma_{11} - \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \Sigma_{21}} \star$$

$$\Rightarrow P(y_1 | y_r) \sim \mathcal{N}(\mu_1 + \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} (y_r - \mu_r), \Sigma_{11} - \Sigma_{12} \Sigma_{22}^{-1} \Sigma_{21})$$

maxnote

: ما يحصل به عاشرة قسم الف بـ 2  
 $p(z, y) = \mathcal{N}(\mu, \Sigma)$

$$\rightarrow \log p(z, y) = -\frac{1}{2} (z - \mu_z)^T \Sigma_z^{-1} (z - \mu_z) - \frac{1}{2} (y - w_2 \cdot b)^T \Sigma_y^{-1} (y - w_2 \cdot b)$$

$$\Rightarrow Q = \frac{1}{2} z^T \Sigma_z^{-1} z - \frac{1}{2} y^T \Sigma_y^{-1} y - \frac{1}{2} (w_2)^T \Sigma_y^{-1} (w_2) + y^T \Sigma_y^{-1} w_2$$

$$= \frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} z \\ y \end{pmatrix}^T \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma_z^{-1} + w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} w & -w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} \\ -\Sigma_y^{-1} w & \Sigma_y^{-1} \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} z \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

$$= -\frac{1}{2} \begin{pmatrix} z \\ y \end{pmatrix}^T \Sigma^{-1} \begin{pmatrix} z \\ y \end{pmatrix}$$

: الآن نصل إلى المقدمة

$$\Sigma^{-1} = \begin{pmatrix} \Sigma_z^{-1} + w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} w & -w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} \\ -\Sigma_y^{-1} w & \Sigma_y^{-1} \end{pmatrix} \triangleq \Lambda = \begin{pmatrix} \Lambda_{zz} & \Lambda_{zy} \\ \Lambda_{yz} & \Lambda_{yy} \end{pmatrix}$$

: ما يحصل عليه سفرنا في المقدمة  $\Leftrightarrow$

$$\Sigma_{z|y} = \Lambda_{zz}^{-1} = (\Sigma^{-1} + w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} w)^{-1}$$

$$\mu_{z|y} = \Sigma_{z|y} \left( \Lambda_{yy} \mu_z - \Lambda_{yy} (y - \mu_y) \right)$$

$$= \Sigma_{z|y} \left( \Sigma_z^{-1} \mu_z + w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} (w \mu_z + y - \mu_y) \right)$$

$$= \Sigma_{z|y} \left( \Sigma_z^{-1} \mu_z + w^T \Sigma_y^{-1} (y - b) \right)$$

متحبر لحال

$$X \sim N(0, 1)$$

$$Y \sim N(-1, 4)$$

$$X + Y \sim N\left(-1, 1 + 4 + 2\left(\left(-\frac{1}{2}\right) \times 1 \times 2\right)\right)$$

$$Z = X + Y \sim N(-1, 3)$$

$$P(Z > 0) = 1 - P(Z \leq 0)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi\left(\frac{0 - (-1)}{\sqrt{3}}\right)$$

$$= 1 - \Phi(0.588)$$

$$= 1 - 0.72 = 0.28$$

$\frac{aX+Y}{W}, \frac{X+2Y}{V}$  are independent  $\Leftrightarrow$  ( )

$$\Rightarrow \text{Cov}(W, V) = 0 \quad \text{Cov}(X, Y) = \rho \text{C}_X \text{C}_Y = -\frac{1}{2} \times 1 \times 2 = -1$$

$$\text{Cov}(aX+Y, X+2Y) = 0$$

$$= \text{Cov}(aX, X) + \text{Cov}(aX, 2Y) + \text{Cov}(X, Y) + \text{Cov}(Y, 2Y)$$

$$= a \text{Var}(X) + 2a \text{Cov}(X, Y) + \text{Cov}(X, Y) + 2 \text{Var}(Y)$$

$$= a + (2a+1)(-1) + 2(4)$$

$$= -a + 7 = 0 \quad \Rightarrow \underline{a = 7}$$

$$P(X+Y>0 \mid 2X-Y=0) \Rightarrow P(Z>0 \mid W=0) \quad \underline{3}$$

$$X+Y = Z$$

$Z$  &  $W$  are jointly normal

$$2X-Y = W$$

$$\Rightarrow \begin{cases} E[Z \mid W=w] = \mu_z + \rho \sigma_z \frac{w - \mu_w}{\sigma_w} \\ \text{Var}(Z \mid W=w) = (1 - \rho^2) \sigma_z^2 \end{cases}$$

$$\sigma_z \rightarrow 3$$

$$\sigma_w \rightarrow \text{Var}(w) = \text{Var}(2X-Y) = \frac{4\text{Var}(X)}{4} + \frac{\text{Var}(Y)}{4} - \frac{4\text{Cov}(X, Y)}{4} = 12$$

$$\mu_z \rightarrow -1$$

$$\mu_w \rightarrow 1$$

$$\rho_{zw} \rightarrow \rho_{zw} = \frac{\text{Cov}(Z, W)}{\sigma_z \sigma_w} = \frac{2\text{Var}(X) - \cancel{\text{Cov}(X, Y)} + 2\text{Cov}(X, Y) - \cancel{\text{Var}(Y)}}{\sqrt{3 \times 12}}$$

$$\rho_{zw} = \frac{-3}{6} = -0.5$$

$$\Rightarrow E[Z \mid W=0] = -1 + (-0.5)(\sqrt{3}) \frac{-1}{\sqrt{12}} = -0.75$$

$$\text{Var}(Z \mid W=0) = (1 - \cancel{0.25}) 3 = \frac{3}{4} 2.25$$

$P(Z|w_{z0}) \rightarrow$  normal distributed with  $\mu = -0.75$   
&  $\text{Var} = 2.25$  so we have:

$$P(Z >_0 w_{z1}) = 1 - P(Z <_0 w_{z1})$$

$$= 1 - \phi\left(\frac{0 - \mu}{\sqrt{\text{Var}}}\right)$$

$$= 1 - \phi\left(\frac{0.75}{1.5}\right) = 1 - \phi(0.5) = 1 - 0.69$$

$$= 0.31$$

$$\text{Var}(X) = \underbrace{E(\text{Var}(X|Y))}_W + \underbrace{\text{Var}(E(X|Y))}_Z$$

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$$E(X|Y) = Z \implies (E(E[X|Y]) = E[x] = E[z])$$

$$\text{Var}(X|Y) = W$$

$$\begin{aligned} W &= E[X^r|Y] - (E[X|Y])^2 \\ &= E[X^r|Y] - z^r \xrightarrow{E} EW = E[E[X^r|Y]] - E[z^r] \\ &= \underbrace{E[X^r]}_{\text{Var}(z)} - E[z^r] \quad \textcircled{1} \end{aligned}$$

$$\text{Var}(z) = E[z^r] - (E[z])^2 = \underbrace{E[z^r]}_{\text{Var}(z)} - (E[z])^r \quad \textcircled{2}$$

$$\stackrel{1,2}{\implies} \text{Var}(X) = E[W] + \text{Var}(Z)$$

$$\implies \text{Var}(X) = E(\text{Var}(X|Y)) + \text{Var}(E(X|Y))$$