

#### Entry to Tech: Assessment Criteria



# Purpose of the Assessment



#### Assessing your technical growth

- Foundations: Coding, software design, file management.
- Tools: Different programming languages, platforms, software suites.
- Development & Debugging: Solving problems, troubleshooting.
- Projects Completed: Real-world applications and software.
- Problem-solving: How efficiently can you troubleshoot?



#### Assessing your soft skills growth

- Communication: Expressing ideas, listening, feedback.
- Adaptability: Handling change, resilience, continuous learning.



### Why technical and soft skills matter

- Balancing hard and soft skills makes a well-rounded professional
- Technical expertise drives innovation
- Soft skills drive teamwork, leadership, and culture



#### Showcase understanding of core concepts

#### Demo

- Validates your learning process
- Highlights your readiness for advanced topics
- Attests to your capabilities in real-world applications



### Assessment Details



#### Rest API

You can build any API of your choosing, but it must include the following:

- At least one GET endpoint
- Unit test at least **one** class
- Store the data in a MySQL database
- Exception handling



#### Rest API

- Evidence of inheritance
- Good use of HTTP Protocols
- Documentation

Be sure to read the README in its entirety to fully understand what we are

looking for



#### Learning Outcomes

- **Design and Architect APIs:** Get to grips with the nitty-gritty of curating a top-quality API, focusing on data flow and endpoint interactions.
- Implement Best Practices: Showcase your adherence to Java & Spring Boot coding standards, error handling, and optimal project structure.



### Learning Outcomes

- **Code Integration:** Seamlessly combine your creations with the provided skeleton codebase.
- Exception Management: Efficiently handle exceptions, ensuring your API remains sturdy and dependable.



# Ideas



#### TODO List API

A file-based backend service that manages, organises, and retrieves daily tasks

- Endpoint: /tasks
- HTTP Method: GET
- **Description:** Retrieve a list of all tasks.
- Sample Response: [{ "id": 1, "task": "Buy groceries" }, { "id": 2, "task": "Finish assignment" }]



#### Weather API

**Weather API:** A backend service that provides simulated real-time weather data by reading from predefined files

- Endpoint: /weather/{cityName}
- HTTP Method: GET
- **Description:** Get the current weather for a specific city.
- Sample Response: {"city": "London", "temperature": "22°C", "condition":

```
"Sunny"}
```



### Recipes API

A file-driven service that reads and serves detailed ingredients and cooking instructions

- Endpoint: /recipes/{recipeName}
- HTTP Method: GET
- Description: Fetch a specific recipe's details.
- Sample Response: {"name": "Spaghetti Bolognese", "ingredients":

```
["spaghetti", "minced beef", "tomatoes"], "method": "Boil spaghetti and cook sauce..."}
```



#### Blog or Content Manager API

A service that manages the creation, retrieval, and management of blog posts and articles using flat files

- Endpoint: /articles/{articleID}
- HTTP Method: GET
- Description: Retrieve a specific article based on its ID.
- Sample Response: {"id": 123, "title": "The Future of Tech", "content": "Technology is constantly evolving..."}



#### Power of Documentation



### The Backbone of Every Project

- Clarity: Provides clear guidelines for users and developers.
- Maintainability: Simplifies future updates and changes.
- Professionalism: Demonstrates commitment to best practices.
- Troubleshooting: Helps identify and resolve issues faster.



#### Types of Documentation to consider

- Naming conventions: Helps in understanding code purpose.
- READMEs (Markdown): Describes project setup, purpose, and usage.
- **Listing endpoints:** Vital for APIs to provide a clear contract to users/consumers.
- Tools: e.g. Swagger for API documentation, Javadoc for Java
- More details can be found here



# Using a project board



### Why and how?

- Organise and track tasks effectively.
- Visualise project milestones and progress.
- Use platforms like GitHub Projects for setup.
- Define columns for stages: To Do, In Progress, Done.
- Regularly review and update based on progress.



#### Benefits of a GitHub Project Board

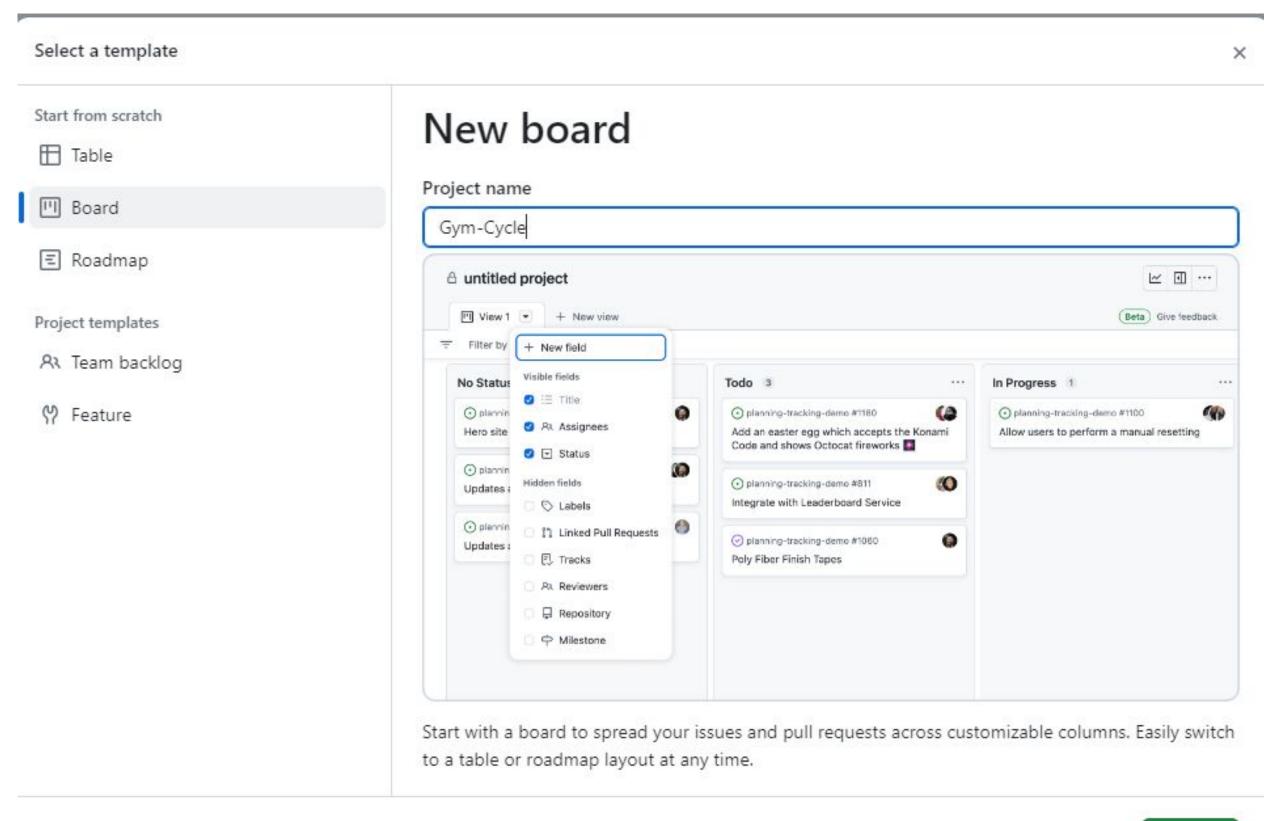
- Visibility: Central place to see tasks, progress, and blockers.
- Integration: Seamlessly links to GitHub issues and pull requests.
- **Automation**: Auto-updates based on actions in the repo (e.g., closing an issue).
- Collaboration: Facilitates discussion on specific tasks or cards.
- Flexibility: Customisable columns and labels to fit project needs.



#### Setting up a GitHub Project Board

Create a **New Project** in your project repository

- Useful guides to get you started:
  - Quickstart: Creating a GitHub
    Project
  - o Best practice for GitHub projects







# Kickstart Your Project with These Tasks



### Define your primary endpoints

- Purpose: Understand each endpoint's core function.
- Methods: Identify required HTTP methods (GET, POST, etc.).
- Data Flow: Determine input/output data formats.
- Error Handling: Plan for potential errors and their responses.
- Documentation: Briefly describe the endpoint's role for clarity.



### Design a file schema

- Structure: Outline data hierarchy and relationships.
- Data Types: Identify required fields and their formats.
- Consistency: Ensure uniform data entry standards.
- Accessibility: Plan for efficient data retrieval and updates.
- Documentation: Describe file layout and data conventions.



#### Integrate essential libraries

- Selection: Choose libraries based on project needs.
- Compatibility: Ensure libraries work seamlessly together.
- Efficiency: Opt for lightweight options to boost performance.
- Documentation: Consult library docs for proper integration.
- Versioning: Ensure up-to-date and stable library versions.



#### Decide on initial user stories or features

- User-Centric: Think from the user's perspective.
- Prioritisation: Focus on core functionalities first.
- Clarity: Clearly define the expected outcome of each story.
- Feasibility: Ensure stories are achievable within the project scope.
- Iteration: Remember, stories can evolve based on feedback.



#### Break tasks into smaller chunks

This will help you manage your work more efficiently

- Manageability: Easier to tackle and debug.
- Clarity: Clearer objectives for each chunk.
- Progress Tracking: Monitor advancements step by step.
- Flexibility: Adjust or pivot without overhauling everything.
- Momentum: Achieving little wins boosts morale and motivation.



### Practice Task



### GitHub Project Board Task

Set up a GitHub Project Board for a mock project (use one of the ideas previously mentioned if you can't think of one)

- Goal: Add 5 initial cards/tickets to your board
- Bonus: Attach a basic README to your mock project repository



# You've got this!



### You've got this!

- This assessment is a reflection of your journey and growth
- Embrace challenges and keep learning
- Good luck, and enjoy the process!

