SECOND INTERNAL QUESTION BANK

2 Marks

- 1. What is process synchronization?
- 2. Define independent and cooperative process?
- 3. What is race condition? List the causes for race condition.
- 4. Define semaphore. list its types.
- 5. What do you mean by critical condition problem.
- 6. What is a deadlock? list necessary conditions to for deadlock to occour
- 7. What do you mean by "Resource Allocation graph"? Give Example
- 8. Define logical and physical address space.
- 9. Define swapping.
- 10. Define fragmentation.

5 marks

- 1. Explain the race condition with an example.
- 2. Write a short note on critical section.
- 3. List and explain the different requirements to solve the critical section problem.
- 4. Write a short note on Producer consumer problem using semaphore.
- 5. Explain "Dining Philosopher's problem" in brief.
- 6. What is a deadlock? explain necessary conditions to for deadlock to occour.
- 7. Explain methods of deadlock prevention.
- 8. Explain resource allocation graph algorithm.
- 9. Consider a system that contains five processes P1, P2, P3, P4, P5 and the three resource types A, B and C. Following are the resources types: A has 10, B has 5 and the resource type C has 7 instances.

A. What will be the content of the Needmatrix?

B.Isthesysteminasafestate?IfYes,thenwhatisthesafesequence?

C.What will happen if process P1 requests one additional instance of resource type A and two instances of resource type C?

Process	Allocation			Max			Available				
	A	В	\mathbf{C}		A	В	\mathbf{C}	A	В	\mathbf{C}	
P1	0	1	0		7	5	3	3	3	2	
P2	2	0	0		3	2	2				
P3	3	0	2		9	0	2				
P4	2	1	1		2	2	2				
P5	0	0	2		4	3	3				

- 10. Write a short on swapping.
- 11. What do you mean by internal and external fragmentation.
- 12. Write a note on paging.
- 13. Explain the concept of segmentation.