

✓ Congratulations! You passed!

TO PASS 80% or higher

Keep Learning

GRADE 91.66%

Security: Web Security

LATEST SUBMISSION GRADE 91.66%

1.	Which of the following is false about the two keys used in public key encryption?	1/1 point
	The public key is openly revealed while the private key must be kept secret	
	The public key alone is used for encryption and the private key alone is used for decryption	
	One key is public and the other is private	
	If you have the public key it is easy to compute the private key	
	✓ Correct	
2.	When you are using secure http and sending data between your computer and your bank's computer, where is the data encrypted and decrypted?	1/1 point
	Encrypted in your computer and decrypted in the bank's computer	
	Encrypted in your bank's computer before they store the data in a database	
	Encrypted in your network card and decrypted by the bank's Internet Service Provider (ISP)	
	Encrypted and decrypted each time your message passes through a router	
	✓ Correct	
3.	In regards to security, what do we assume about the Internet?	1/1 point
	No one should ever send sensitive information like Credit Card numbers over the Internet	
	That the entire Internet is completely secure other than WiFi connections	
	That neither the routers nor the links between the routers are secure	
	That no one can view Internet traffic without a subpoena	
	✓ Correct	
4.	This week we've updated our model of how we communicate information via the internet to add in a fifth minilayer to the structure in order to protect the confidentiality of transmissions. What is the new list of layers and in what order do we list them?	1/1 point
	* Application	
	* Secure Sockets	
	* TCP	
	* IP	
	* Link	
	* ZIP+Secure	
	* Application	
	* TCP	
	* ICP	
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	* Link	
	○ * Application	
	* TCP	
	* IP	
	* Packet Encryption	
	* Link	
	Application	
	*TCP	
	* P	
	* Link	
	* Dark Fiber	
	✓ Correct	
5.	What is packet sniffing?	1/1 point
	When we use detection equipment to see if link speeds are being exceeded	
	Computers watching packets being transmitted across the network in hopes of finding important or valuable	
	data	
	When a receiving system anticipates a packet before it is received and pre-sends the acknowledgement to save time	
	When a router looks at the first part of packet to to the routing lookup before the entire packet is received	
	✓ Correct	
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6.	Which of the following is FALSE about using secure sockets (i.e. https) to send sensitive information like a credit card across the Internet?	1/1 point
	It requires large amounts of computing power to decrypt your data	
	When using an unsecured WiFi, your data is still protected because of https	
	It is impossible to decrypt your data	
	It requires complex math to decrypt your data	
	✓ Correct	
7.	Which of the following is NOT a major threat to your data when using secure sockets?	1/1 point
	There may be a virus on your computer monitoring your keystrokes	
	Someone may see your public key You can be unknowingly redirected to a server different from the one you would like	
	You can be unknowingly redirected to a server different from the one you would like	
	✓ Correct	
8.	Which of the following is not an equivalent name to 'digital certificate'?	0 / 1 point
	O Private key certificate	
	O Identity certificate	
	Public key certificate	
	O Digital certificate	
	Incorrect	

9. What is a digital certificate?	1/1 point
A real-life document used to certify the security of your computer	
An electronic document used to give both public and private keys an identity	
An electronic document used to give a private key an identity	
An electronic document used to give a public key an identity	
✓ Correct	
10. What is a certificate authority?	1/1 point
An entity that certifies that you have no virus on your computer	
An entity that certifies the mathematical relationship between the public and private keys of a system	
An entity that tries to ensure secure transactions by attempting to crack encrypted messages online	
An entity that certifies the ownership of a public key by the named subject of the certificate	
✓ Correct	
11. Which of the following is NOT an indicator of the effectiveness of Verisign as a certificate authority?	1/1 point
O Verisign is used by major manufacturers like Apple and Microsoft	
O Verisign has a high success rate for maintaining secure transactions	
Verisign publishes its private keys on a little-known web site only available to key owners	
Verisign goes to great lengths to store their private keys securely	
✓ Correct	
12. How does your computer typically know the public key of a certificate authority during secure communications?	1/1 point
The public key is stored in the operating system by the manufacturer before you buy or install it	
The computer doesn't use a public key	
The public key is emailed to the computer the first time you switch it on	
The public key has to be downloaded when you are setting up the computer's web browser	
✓ Correct	