```
#HW3- Data fitting with Piecewise
In [1]:
       # 0. Import the necessary libraries
        # -----
        import numpy as np
        import pandas as pd
        import scipy.stats as sts
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        import scipy.optimize as opt # minimizing procedure
        from scipy.interpolate import*
        import matplotlib
        from mpl toolkits.mplot3d import Axes3D
        from matplotlib import cm
        #1) Importing Libraries
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt #for plotting. Aliasing matplotlib.pyplot as 'plt'.
        import numpy as np #for creating array. Aliasing numpy as 'np'.
        from scipy.optimize import curve fit as cf
        #to plot within notebook
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
        # Fitting Polynomial Regression to the dataset
        # -----
        # 1. Load data
        # ------
        # Display settings
        # read csv data
        df = pd.read csv('C:/Users/saeid/OneDrive/Documents/claremont/466/Projrct 1/TSLA.csv')
        print (df.columns)
        #2.to plot within notebook
        import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
       y = np.asarray(df['High'])
       x = np.asarray(df.index.values)
        plt.plot(x,y,label='Tesla''b-')
       plt.xlabel('Days')
        plt.ylabel('Tesla value')
        plt.title('Data Fitting (polynomial and MLE)')
        plt.legend()
        #3.Piecewise curvefit
        # 3.1. Creating Fucntions for the fit
        def poly1(t,A,B):
          return A*t + B
        def poly2(t,A,B,C):
```

```
return A*pow(t,2) + B*t + C
def poly3(t,A,B,C,D):
   return A*pow(t,3) + B*pow(t,2) + C*t+D
def poly4(t,A,B,C,D,E):
   return A*pow(t,4) + B*pow(t,3) + C*pow(t,2) + D*t + E
def expo(t,A,B,C):
   return A*np.exp(-B*t) + C
# 4. Splitting the data into ranges
# 4.1) Part1 days=x= 1-9
function1=poly2
                            #calls on the desired function
x1 9=x[:9]
             #uses only the first 9 days
y1 9=y[:9]
X1 = np.linspace(1,9,9) #creates a line space equal to the length
p1, p2 = cf(function1,x1_9,y1_9) \#p1= popt and p2 = pcov
fit1 9 = function1(X1,*p1) #qives the estimated equation for the set values
print(*p1)
# 4.2) Part1 days=x= 10-28
function2=poly1
x10 28=x[10:28]
y10 28=y[10:28]
X2 = np.linspace(10, 28, 18)
p3, p4 = cf(function2, x10 28, y10 28)
fit10 28 = function2(X2,*p3)
print(*p3)
plt.plot(X2,fit10 28,'r', linewidth=3)
print(function2)
# 4.3) Part1 days=x= 29-99
function3=poly2
x29 99=x[29:99]
y29 99=y[29:99]
X3 = np.linspace(29,99,70)
p5, p6 = cf(function3, x29 99, y29 99)
fit29_99 = function3(X3,*p5)
print(*p5)
plt.plot(X3,fit29 99,'p', linewidth=3)
# 4.4) Part1 days=x= 100-108
function4=poly3
x100 108=x[100:108]
y100 108=y[100:108]
X4 = np.linspace(100, 108, 8)
p7, p8 = cf(function4, x100 108, y100 108)
fit100\ 108 = function4(X4,*p7)
```

```
print(*p7)
plt.plot(X4,fit100 108,'y', linewidth=3)
# 4.5) Part1 days=x= 109 129
function5=poly1
x108 129=x[108:129]
y108 129=y[108:129]
X5 = np.linspace(108, 129, 21)
p9, p10 = cf(function5, x108 129, y108 129)
fit108 129 = function5(X5,*p9)
print(*p9)
plt.plot(X5,fit108 129,'r', linewidth=3)
# 4.6) Part1 days=x= 130 144
function6=poly1
x129 144=x[129:144]
y129 144=y[129:144]
X6 = np.linspace(129, 144, 15)
p11, p12 = cf(function6, x129 144, y129 144)
fit129_144 = function6(X6,*p11)
print(*p11)
plt.plot(X6,fit129 144,'g', linewidth=3)
# 4.7) Part1 days=x= 144 148
function7=polv1
x144 148=x[144:148]
y144 148=y[144:148]
X7 = np.linspace(144, 148, 4)
p13, p14 = cf(function7, x144 148, y144 148)
fit144 148 = function7(X7,*p13)
print(*p13)
plt.plot(X7,fit144 148,'r', linewidth=3)
# 4.8) Part1 days=x= 148 153
function8=poly1
x148 153=x[148:153]
y148 153=y[148:153]
X8 = np.linspace(148, 153, 5)
p15, p16 = cf(function8, x148 153, y148 153)
fit148 153 = function8(X8,*p15)
print(*p15)
plt.plot(X8,fit148 153,'g', linewidth=3)
# 4.9) Part1 days=x= 153 159
function9=poly1
x153 159=x[153:159]
```

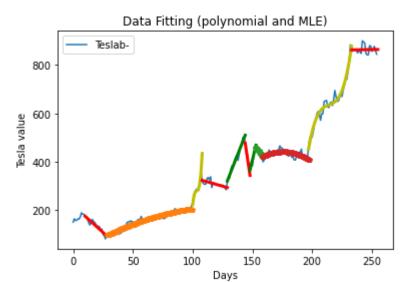
```
y153 159=y[153:159]
X9 = np.linspace(153, 159, 7)
 p17, p18 = cf(function9, x153 159, y153 159)
 fit153 159 = function9(X9,*p17)
 print(*p17)
 plt.plot(X9,fit153 159,'p', linewidth=3)
 # 4.10) Part1 days=x= 159 197
function10=poly2
x159 197=x[159:197]
y159 197=y[159:197]
X10 = np.linspace(159, 197, 38)
 p19, p20 = cf(function10, x159 197, y159 197)
fit159 197 = function10(X10,*p19)
 print(*p19)
 plt.plot(X10,fit159 197,'p', linewidth=3)
 # 4.11) Part1 days=x= 197 233
function11=poly3
x197 233=x[197:233]
v197 233=v[197:233]
X11 = np.linspace(197, 233, 36)
 p21, p22 = cf(function11, x197 233, y197 233)
fit197 233 = function11(X11,*p21)
 print(*p21)
 plt.plot(X11,fit197 233,'y', linewidth=3)
 # 4.12) Part1 days=x= 233 255
function12=poly1
x233 255=x[233:255]
y233 255=y[233:255]
X12 = np.linspace(233, 255, 22)
 p23, p24 = cf(function12, x233 255, y233 255)
fit233 \ 255 = function12(X12,*p23)
 print(*p23)
 plt.plot(X12,fit233 255,'r', linewidth=3)
Index(['Days', 'High'], dtype='object')
```

```
Index(['Days', 'High'], dtype='object')
0.4621362142845419 0.2981429523794178 154.7990053336688
-4.479093897844769 219.43957138816123
<function poly1 at 0x00000173FD251EE0>
-0.012129829719214946 3.0910465787184997 15.751965552924423
1.4314899974228572 -443.6487045992459 45833.60984573474 -1578142.174402922
-1.4201117108378918 476.3731842683047
12.64563563597672 -1311.0943127595006
-33.4700045000744 5296.780651511437
20.689000341642053 -2696.864052846308
```

2/18/2021 Untitled7

- -6.388859400016174 1435.495972536471
- -0.06824653390923419 23.96850548830884 -1664.5625592733772
- $0.030830162844376674 \ -19.799251579266265 \ 4240.148911524772 \ -302176.5008679942$
- 0.07404350423290185 845.6735899933658

Out[1]: [<matplotlib.lines.Line2D at 0x173fd6976d0>]



In []: