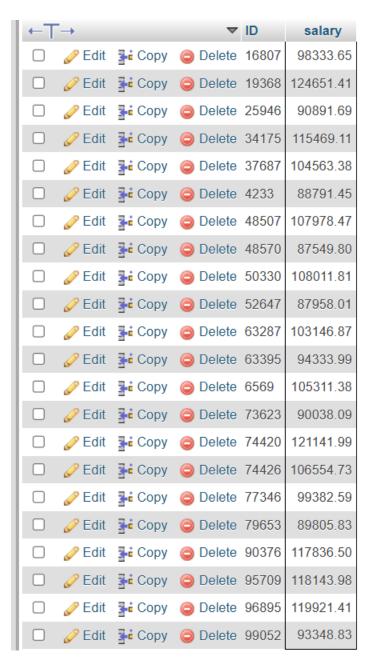
1. Find out the ID and salary of the instructors.

SELECT ID, salary FROM instructor;

←Ţ	-→		∇	ID	salary
		≩ Copy	Delete	14365	32241.56
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ сору	Delete	15347	72140.88
		≩ Сору	Delete	16807	98333.65
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Сору	Delete	19368	124651.41
		≩ Copy	Delete	22591	59706.49
		≩ сору	Delete	25946	90891.69
		З Сору	Delete	28097	35023.18
		≩ сору	Delete	28400	84982.92
		≩ Copy	Delete	31955	71351.42
		≩ сору	Delete	3199	82534.37
		З Сору	Delete	3335	80797.83
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Сору	Delete	34175	115469.11
		≩ Сору	Delete	35579	62579.61
		≩ сору	Delete	36897	43770.36
		З Сору	Delete	37687	104563.38
		≩ Copy	Delete	4034	61387.56
		≩ Copy	Delete	41930	50482.03
		≩ сору	Delete	4233	88791.45
		≩- Сору	Delete	42782	34272.67
		З Сору	Delete	43779	79070.08
		≩ € Сору	Delete	48507	107978.47
		Copy	Delete	48570	87549.80
		З Сору	Delete	50330	108011.81

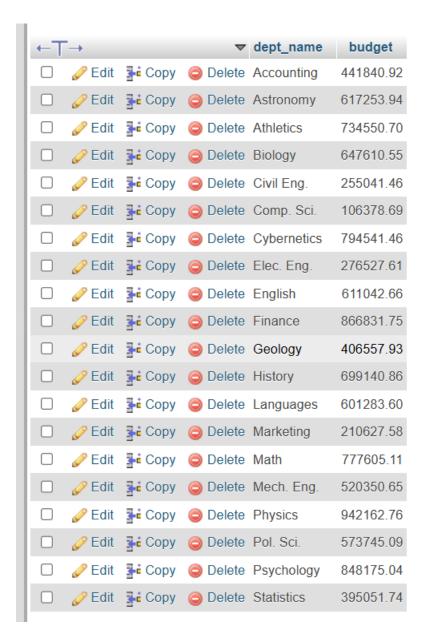
2. Find out the ID and salary of the instructor who gets more than \$85,000.

SELECT ID, salary FROM instructor WHERE salary > 85000;



3. Find out the department names and their budget at the university.

SELECT dept_name ,budget FROM department;



4. List out the names of the instructors from Computer Science who have more than \$70,000.

```
SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE dept_name = 'Computer
Science' AND salary > 70000;
```

5. For all instructors in the university who have taught some course, find their names and the course ID of all courses they taught.

```
SELECT i.name, t.course id FROM instructor i JOIN teaches t ON i.ID = t.ID;
```

name	course_id
Lembr	200
Lembr	843
Bawa	457
Wieland	545
Wieland	581
Wieland	591
DAgostino	338
	338
DAgostino	352
DAgostino	400
DAgostino	400
DAgostino	482
DAgostino	599
DAgostino	642
DAgostino	663
DAgostino	867
DAgostino	962
DAgostino	972
DAgostino	991
Liley	192
Kean	366
Kean	808
Atanassov	603
Atanassov	604
Gustafsson	169

6. Find the names of all instructors whose salary is greater than at least one instructor in the Biology department.

```
SELECT DISTINCT i1.name FROM instructor i1 WHERE i1.salary > (SELECT MIN(i2.s
alary) FROM instructor i2 WHERE i2.dept_name = 'Biology');
```



7. Find the advisor of the student with ID 12345

```
SELECT i.name FROM advisor a JOIN instructor i ON a.i_ID = i.ID WHERE a.s_ID
= '12345';
```

8. Find the average salary of all instructors.

```
SELECT AVG(salary) AS avg salary FROM instructor;
```

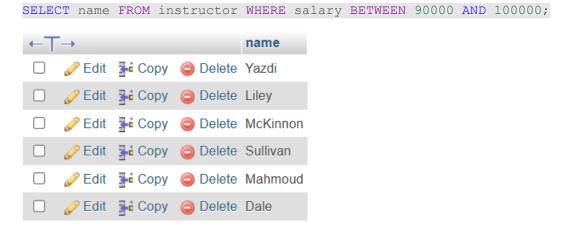
avg_salary

77600.188200

9. Find the names of all departments whose building name includes the substring ' Watson '.

```
SELECT dept name FROM department WHERE building LIKE '%Watson%';
```

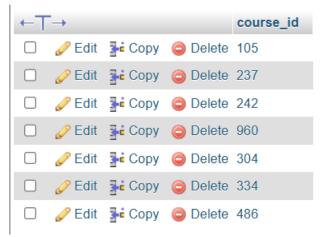
10. Find the names of instructors with salary amounts between \$90,000 and \$100,000.



11. Find the instructor names and the courses they taught for all instructors in the Biology department who have taught some course.

12. Find the courses taught in Fall-2009 semester.

SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM section WHERE semester = 'Fall' AND year = 200
9;



13. Find the set of all courses taught either in Fall-2009 or in Spring-2010.

SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM section WHERE (semester = 'Fall' AND year = 20
09) OR (semester = 'Spring' AND year = 2010);

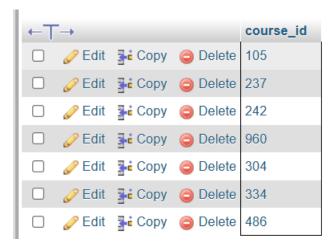
←Ţ	- →			course_id
	<i> Edit</i>	З Сору	Delete	105
	<i> </i>	Copy	Delete	237
		≩ Copy	Delete	242
	<i> </i>	≩ Copy	Delete	493
		≩ Copy	Delete	960
	<i> </i>	Copy	Delete	304
		≩ Copy	Delete	270
	<i> </i>	≩ Copy	Delete	679
		≩ сору	Delete	692
	<i> </i>	Copy	Delete	735
		≩ сору	Delete	334
	Edit	Copy	Delete	486
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ € Copy	Delete	443

14. Find the set of all courses taught in the Fall-2009 as well as in Spring-2010.

SELECT DISTINCT s1.course_id FROM section s1 JOIN section s2 ON s1.course_id
= s2.course_id WHERE s1.semester = 'Fall' AND s1.year = 2009 AND s2.semester
= 'Spring' AND s2.year = 2010;

15. Find all courses taught in the Fall-2009 semester but not in the Spring-2010 semester.

SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM section WHERE semester = 'Fall' AND year = 200 9 AND course_id NOT IN (SELECT course_id FROM section WHERE semester = 'Spring' AND year = 2010);



16. Find all instructors who appear in the instructor relation with null values for salary.

```
SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE salary IS NULL;
```

17. Find the average salary of instructors in the Finance department.

```
SELECT AVG(salary) FROM instructor WHERE dept_name = 'Finance';

AVG(salary)

105311.380000
```

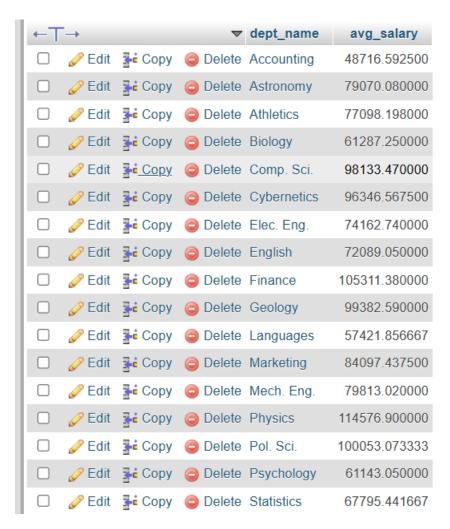
18. Find the total number of instructors who teach a course in the Spring-2010 semester.

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT ID) FROM teaches WHERE semester = 'Spring' AND year = 2
010;
```

```
COUNT(DISTINCT ID)
5
```

19. Find the average salary in each department.

```
SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) AS avg_salary FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_nam
e;
```



20. Find the number of instructors in each department who teach a course in the Spring-2010 semester.

SELECT i.dept_name, COUNT(DISTINCT t.ID) AS num_instructors FROM instructor i
JOIN teaches t ON i.ID = t.ID WHERE t.semester = 'Spring' AND t.year = 2010
GROUP BY i.dept name;

dept_name	num_instructors
Athletics	1
English	2
Geology	1
Physics	1

21. List out the departments where the average salary of the instructors is more than \$42,000.

SELECT dept_name FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name HAVING AVG(salary) > 4200
0;



22. For each course section offered in 2009, find the average total credits (tot cred) of all students enrolled in the section, if the section had at least 2 students.

SELECT t.course_id, t.sec_id, t.semester, t.year, AVG(s.tot_cred) AS avg_tot_
cred FROM takes t JOIN student s ON t.ID = s.ID WHERE t.year = 2009 GROUP BY
t.course id, t.sec id, t.semester, t.year HAVING COUNT(t.ID) >= 2;

course_id	sec_id	semester	year	avg_tot_cred
105	1	Fall	2009	68.3578
237	2	Fall	2009	65.6656
242	1	Fall	2009	64.4576
304	1	Fall	2009	64.9023
334	1	Fall	2009	62.8806
486	1	Fall	2009	64.8980
604	1	Spring	2009	65.7233
960	1	Fall	2009	66.0847
972	1	Spring	2009	65.2607

23. Find all the courses taught in both the Fall-2009 and Spring-2010 semesters.

```
SELECT DISTINCT s1.course_id FROM section s1 JOIN section s2 ON s1.course_id
= s2.course_id WHERE s1.semester = 'Fall' AND s1.year = 2009 AND s2.semester
= 'Spring' AND s2.year = 2010;
```

24. Find all the courses taught in the Fall-2009 semester but not in the Spring-2010 semester.

```
SELECT DISTINCT course_id FROM section WHERE semester = 'Fall' AND year = 200 9 AND course_id NOT IN (SELECT course_id FROM section WHERE semester = 'Spring' AND year = 2010)
```

←Ţ	- →			course_id
		≩ € Сору	Delete	105
			Delete	
			Delete	
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	960
		≩ Сору	DeleteDelete	304
		≩ Copy	Delete	486

25. Select the names of instructors whose names are neither "Mozart" nor "Einstein".

SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE name NOT IN ('Mozart', 'Einstein');



26. Find the total number of (distinct) students who have taken course sections taught by the instructor with ID 110011.

```
SELECT COUNT(DISTINCT t.ID) FROM takes t JOIN teaches te ON t.course_id = te.course_id AND t.sec_id = te.sec_id AND t.semester = te.semester AND t.year = te.year WHERE te.ID = '110011';
```

```
COUNT(DISTINCT t.ID)
```

27. Find the ID and names of all instructors whose salary is greater than at least one instructor in the History department.

```
SELECT DISTINCT i1.ID, i1.name FROM instructor i1 WHERE i1.salary > (SELECT M
IN(i2.salary) FROM instructor i2 WHERE i2.dept name = 'History');
```

28. Find the names of all instructors that have a salary value greater than that of each instructor in the Biology department.

SELECT name FROM instructor WHERE salary > ALL (SELECT salary FROM instructor
WHERE dept_name = 'Biology');



29. Find the departments that have the highest average salary.

SELECT dept_name FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name HAVING AVG(salary) = (SEL
ECT MAX(avg_salary) FROM (SELECT AVG(salary) AS avg_salary FROM instructor GR
OUP BY dept_name) AS temp);

30. Find all courses taught in both the Fall 2009 semester and in the Spring-2010 semester.

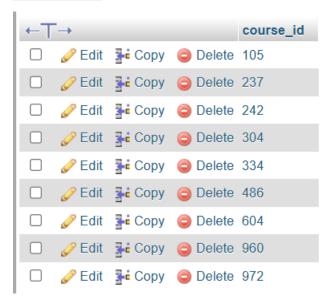
```
SELECT DISTINCT s1.course_id FROM section s1 JOIN section s2 ON s1.course_id
= s2.course_id WHERE s1.semester = 'Fall' AND s1.year = 2009 AND s2.semester
= 'Spring' AND s2.year = 2010;
```

31. Find all students who have taken all the courses offered in the Biology department.

```
SELECT ID FROM student WHERE NOT EXISTS ( SELECT course_id FROM course WHERE
dept_name = 'Biology' EXCEPT SELECT course_id FROM takes WHERE student.ID = t
akes.ID );
```

32. Find all courses that were offered at most once in 2009.

SELECT course_id FROM section WHERE year = 2009 GROUP BY course_id HAVING COU
NT(*) <= 1;</pre>



33. Find all courses that were offered at least twice in 2009.

SELECT course_id FROM section WHERE year = 2009 GROUP BY course_id HAVING COU
NT(*) >= 2;

34. Find the average instructors & #39; salaries of those departments where the average salary is greater than \$42,000.

SELECT dept_name, AVG(salary) FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name HAVING AVG(s
alary) > 42000;

←T			\forall	dept_name	AVG(salary)
		≩ Copy	Delete	Accounting	48716.592500
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	Astronomy	79070.080000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Athletics	77098.198000
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ € Copy	Delete	Biology	61287.250000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Comp. Sci.	98133.470000
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	Cybernetics	96346.567500
		≩ Copy	Delete	Elec. Eng.	74162.740000
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	English	72089.050000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Finance	105311.380000
	<i></i> € Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	Geology	99382.590000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Languages	57421.856667
	<i>⊘</i> Edit	≩ Copy	Delete	Marketing	84097.437500
		≩ Copy	Delete	Mech. Eng.	79813.020000
		≩ € Copy	Delete	Physics	114576.900000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Pol. Sci.	100053.073333
		З Сору	Delete	Psychology	61143.050000
		≩ Copy	Delete	Statistics	67795.441667

35. Find the maximum across all departments of the total salary at each department.

SELECT MAX(total_salary) FROM (SELECT dept_name, SUM(salary) AS total_salary
FROM instructor GROUP BY dept_name) AS dept_salaries;

MAX(total_salary) 406772.65

36. List all departments along with the number of instructors in each department.

SELECT dept name, COUNT(ID) FROM instructor GROUP BY dept name;

dept_name	COUNT(ID)
Accounting	4
Astronomy	1
Athletics	5
Biology	2
Comp. Sci.	2
Cybernetics	4
Elec. Eng.	4
English	4
Finance	1
Geology	1
Languages	3
Marketing	4
Mech. Eng.	2
Physics	2
Pol. Sci.	3
Psychology	2
Statistics	6