

Q_{JH} = Joules Heat

t_{res} = pulse duration of triangle heat pulse

rr = ramping rate

I_{cc} = Compliance Current

C = Minimum voltage when device can switch on

V_{res} = Voltage that Reset operation occurs at

$$Q_{JH} = \frac{V_{res}^3 \cdot I_{cc}}{3 \cdot RR \cdot C}$$

$$\Rightarrow \frac{V_{res}^3 \cdot I_{cc}}{3 \cdot RR \cdot C} = mc \Delta T$$

$$Q = mc_s \Delta T$$

$$m = \text{mass} = V \times \rho_m$$

ρ_m = Mass density

V = Volume of electrode

C_s = Specific Heat capacity of material

Degradation metric

$$DEG = \frac{M_x(\text{Unstressed}) - M_x(\text{preheated})}{M_x(\text{Unstressed})}$$

M_x = Maximum Number of switching cycles of a given cell

$$\hookrightarrow \text{Average } M_x(\text{Unstressed}) \approx 13$$

Q_{st} = Portion of heat accommodated in body

f_{loss} = fraction of heat present in material after losses to environment

Q_{nst} = Remnant Heat

f_{diss} = Portion of heat dissipated to cooling off

N = # of times switched on + off

$$Q_{nst} = N \cdot Q_{st} \cdot f_{diss} = N \cdot Q_{JH} \times f_{loss} \times f_{diss} = C_s m \Delta T$$

$$\hookrightarrow \frac{\partial T}{\partial t} = K_{Th} \frac{\partial^2 T}{\partial t} + \frac{g}{C_s \rho_m}$$

g = heat produced

ρ_m = mass density

K_{Th} = thermal diffusivity

C_s = Specific heat capacity

T = Temperature

t = time

$$D(\text{Distance}) = \sqrt{K_{Th} \times t_{tr}} \rightarrow \text{See how long it takes heat to travel a distance}$$

$$t_{tr} = \text{Transit time}$$