



SYSTEM PROGRAMMING

PRACTICAL FILE

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Course : B.SC.(H) COMPUTER SCIENCE

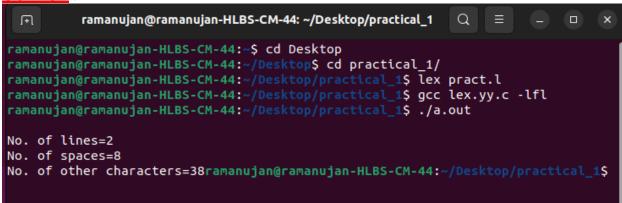
Semester: 5

1. Write a Lex program to count the number of lines and characters in the input file.

CODE

```
% {
      #include<stdio.h>
      int lc=0, sc=0, tc=0, ch=0; /*Global variables*/
      % }
      /*Rule Section*/
      %%
      \n lc++: //line counter
      ([])+ sc++; //space counter
      \t tc++; //tab counter
      . ch++; //characters counter
      %%
      int main()
             // The function that starts the analysis
              yyin=fopen("abc.txt","r");
              yylex();
              printf("\nNo. of lines=%d", lc);
              printf("\nNo. of spaces=%d", sc);
              printf("\nNo. of other characters=%d", ch);
      }
```

OUTPUT:



2. Write a Lex program that implements the Caesar cipher. It replaces every letter with the one three letters after in an alphabetical order, wrapping around at Z e.g a is replaced by d,d bye,and so on z by c.

```
CODE
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_2$ lex pract2.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_2$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_2$ ./a.out
kkdkww
nngnzz
hsshshshscececevever
kvvkvkvkrhfhfhyhyhu
```

3. Write a Lex program that finds the longest word (defined as acontiguous string of upper and lower case letters in the input.

CODE

```
% {
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include<strings.h>
    // initialising length
    int length=0;
    // char array for storing longest word
    char longestword[50];
```

```
% }
       %%
      [A-Za-z0-9]+ { if (yyleng > length) {
                    length=yyleng;
           // strcpy function to copy current word in yytxt in longest
                    strcpy(longestword,yytext);
                     }
              }
      "." return 1;
       %%
      int main()
      yyin=fopen("tbc.txt","r");
      yylex();
      printf("Longest word : %s\n",longestword);
      //printf("Length of Longest word : %s\n",length);
      return 0;
      int yywrap(){
         return 1
OUTPUT:
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Deskt... Q = - - ×

adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~$ cd Desktop/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop$ cd pract/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract$ cd practical_3
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_3$ lex pract3.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_3$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_3$ ./a.out
Longest word : intelligence
```

4. Write a Lex program that distinguishes keywords, integers, floats, identifiers, operators and comments in any simple programming language.

```
CODE
```

```
% {
       % }
       %%
       [0-9]* {printf("Integer\n");}
       [0-9]+\.[0-9]+ {printf("Float\n"); }
       int|float|if|else|printf|main|exit|switch {printf("Keyword\n");}
       [+|*|/|%|&] {printf("Operators\n");}
       "-" {printf("Operators\n");}
       "/*".*"*/" {printf("comment\n");}
       [a-zA-Z][a-zA-Z0-9]{0,30} {printf("Identifier\n");}
       . {printf("Invalid\n");}
       %%
       int main()
       yyin=fopen("code.c","r");
       yyout=fopen("kmd.txt","w");
       yylex();
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~$ cd Desktop/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop$ cd pract/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract$ cd practical_4
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_4$ lex prac4.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_4$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_4$ ./a.out
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Invalid
Invalid
Keyword
Invalid
Keyword
Invalid
Keyword
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Invalid
Operators
Operators
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Identifier
Invalid
Identifier
```

5. Write a Lex program to count the number of identifiers in a Cfile.

CODE

```
% {
       #include<stdio.h>
       int word=0,character=0,space=0,lines=0;
       % }
       %%
       [A-Za-z|0-9]+ {word++;character=character+strlen(yytext);}
       . {character++;}
       \n {lines++;character++;}
       [ \n\t\r] + {space++;}
       %%
       int main(int agrc,char **argv)
       {
       yyin=fopen("pla.txt","r");
       yylex();
       printf("word : %d\n",word);
       printf("characters : %d\n",character);
       printf("lines : %d\n",lines);
       printf("spaces : %d\n",space);
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ lex pract6.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ ./a.out
word : 77
characters : 447
lines : 5
spaces : 18
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$
```

6. Write a Lex program to count the number of words, characters, blank spaces and lines in a C file.

CODE

```
% {
      #include<stdio.h>
      int word=0,character=0,space=0,lines=0;
      % }
      %%
      [A-Za-z|0-9]+ {word++;character=character+strlen(yytext);}
      . {character++;}
      \n {lines++;character++;}
      [ \n\t\r] + {space++;}
      %%
      int main(int agrc,char **argv)
      yyin=fopen("pla.txt","r");
      yylex();
      printf("word : %d\n",word);
      printf("characters : %d\n",character);
      printf("lines : %d\n",lines);
      printf("spaces : %d\n",space);
       }
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ lex pract6.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$ ./a.out
word : 77
characters : 447
lines : 5
spaces : 18
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_6$
```

7. Write a Lex specification program that generates a C programwhich takes a string "abcd" and prints the following output.

```
abc
ab
a
CODE
% {
       % }
       %%
       [A-Za-z]+ {int len=yyleng;
                int i=len:
                printf("\n");
                while(i \ge 0)
                {
                 int j=0;
                 while(j<i)
                 {
                     printf("%c",yytext[j]);
```

abcd

```
j++;
              printf("\n");
              i--:
     %%
     int main()
     printf("Enter string : ");
     yylex();
OUTPUT:
      adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub: ~/Desktop/pract/practical_7
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~$ cd Desktop/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop$ cd pract/
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract$ cd practical 7
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_7$ lex pract7.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_7$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_7$ ./a.out
Enter string : abcd
abcd
abc
```

8. A program in Lex to recognize a valid arithmetic expression.

CODE

ab

```
% {
    #include<strings.h>
    int opcount=0,intcount=0,check=1,top=0;
    % }
    %%
```

```
['('] {check=0;}
       [')'] {check=1;}
       [+|*|/|-] {opcount++;}
       [0-9]+ {intcount++;}
       . {printf("Invalid Input only digits and +|-|*|/ is valid\n");}
       %%
       int main()
       yyin=fopen("abd.txt","r");
       yylex();
       if(intcount=opcount+1)
       if(check==1)
         printf("Expression is CORRECT!\n");
        }
       else{
         printf("')' bracket missing from expression\n");
       else{
         printf("Expression is INCORRECT!\n");
OUTPUT:
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_8$ lex pract8.l adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_8$ gcc lex.yy.c -lfl adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_8$ ./a.out

Expression is CORRECT!
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_8$
```

9. Write a YACC program to find the validity of a given expression (for operators +-* and/).

```
CODE (L file)
%{
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include "y.tab.h"
    %}

%%

[a-zA-Z]+ return VARIABLE;

[0-9]+ return NUMBER;

[\t];

[\n] return 0;
. return yytext[0];
```

```
%%
     int yywrap()
     return 1;
     }
CODE (Y file)
% {
       #include<stdio.h>
     % }
     %token NUMBER
     %token VARIABLE
     %left '+' '-'
     %left '*' '/' '%'
     %left '(' ')'
     %%
     S: VARIABLE'='E {
        return 0;
       }
     E:E'+'E
     |E'-'E
     |E'*'E
     |E'/'E
     |E'%'E
     |'('E')'
```

```
NUMBER
           | VARIABLE
          %%
          void main()
            printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition,
Subtraction, Multiplication, Divison, Modulus and Round brackets:\n");
            yyparse();
          void yyerror()
            printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
  yyerrok
racts.y: At top level:
ract9.y:35:6: warning: conflicting types for 'yyerror'; have 'void()'
35 | void yyerror()
  .tab.c::178:7: note: previous implicit declaration of 'yyerror' with type 'void()'
1178 | yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
        darsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_9$ ./a.out
  inter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Divison, Modulus and Round brac
 Enter Any Arithmetic Expression which can have operations Addition, Subtraction, Multiplication, Divison, Modulus and Round brack
 Entered arithmetic expression is Invalid
```

10. A Program in YACC which recognizes a valid variable whichstarts with a letter followed by a digit. The letter should be in lowercase only.

```
CODE (L file)
% {
      #include "y.tab.h"
      % }
      %%
      [0-9]+ {return DIGIT;}
      [a-z]+ {return LETTER;}
      [\t] {;}
      \n { return 0; }
      . {return yytext[0];}
      %%
CODE (Y file)
% {
      #include<stdio.h>
      #include<stdlib.h>
      % }
      %token DIGIT LETTER
      %%
      stmt:A
      A: LETTER B
      B: LETTER B
      | DIGIT B
      | LETTER
      | DIGIT
      %%
      void main(){
      printf("enter string \n");
      yyparse();
      printf("valid \n");
      exit(0);
      void yyerror()
      printf("invalid \n");
```

```
exit(0);
}
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_10$ yacc -d pract10.y
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 10$ lex pract10.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 10$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:1014:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
              yychar = yylex ();
1014
y.tab.c:1149:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror'; did you mean 'yyerrok'? [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
              yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
1149
pract10.y: At top level:
pract10.y:23:6: warning: conflicting types for 'yyerror'; have 'void()'
   23 | void yyerror()
y.tab.c:1149:7: note: previous implicit declaration of 'yyerror' with type 'void()'
              yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 10$ ./a.out
enter string
a1
valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 10$ ./a.out
enter string
54a
invalid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_10$ ./a.out
enter string
q9
valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_10$
```

11. A Program in YACC to evaluate an expression (simple calculator program for addition and subtraction, multiplication, division).

```
CODE (L file)
% {
    #include<stdio.h>
    #include "y.tab.h"
    extern int yylval;
    % }
```

```
%%
      [0-9]+\{
            yylval=atoi(yytext);
            return NUMBER;
      [\t];
      [\n] return 0;
      . return yytext[0];
      %%
      int yywrap()
      return 1;
CODE (Y file)
 % {
        #include<stdio.h>
        int flag=0;
      % }
      %token NUMBER
      %left '+' '-'
      %left '*' '/' '%'
      %left '(' ')'
      %%
      ArithmeticExpression: E{
           printf("\nResult=%d\n",$$);
           return 0;
      E:E'+'E {$$=$1+$3;}
      |E'-'E {$$=$1-$3;}
      |E'*'E {$$=$1*$3;}
       |E'/'E {$$=$1/$3;}
       |E'%'E {$$=$1%$3;}
       |'('E')' {$$=$2;}
      | NUMBER {$$=$1;}
      %%
      void main()
        printf("\nEnter Any Arithmetic Expression :\n");
        yyparse();
       if(flag==0)
        printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Valid\n\n");
```

```
void yyerror()
          printf("\nEntered arithmetic expression is Invalid\n\n");
          flag=1;
OUTPUT:
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 11$ yacc -d pract11.y
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ lex pract11.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 11$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:1026:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
1026
             yychar = yylex ();
y.tab.c:1212:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror'; did you mean 'yyerrok'? [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
             yyerror (YY ("syntax error"));
1212
pract11.y: At top level:
pract11.y:34:6: warning: conflicting types for 'yyerror'; have 'void()'
  34 | void yyerror()
y.tab.c:1212:7: note: previous implicit declaration of 'yyerror' with type 'void()'
             yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 11$ ./a.out
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression :
4+6-9
Result=1
Entered arithmetic expression is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression :
a+b
Entered arithmetic expression is Invalid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter Any Arithmetic Expression :
(45+6)-(21*2)
Result=9
Entered arithmetic expression is Valid
```

12. A Program in YACC to recognise the strings "ab", "abab", "ababab" of the language (anb, n>=1).

```
CODE (L file)
% {
      #include "y.tab.h"
      % }
      alpha [Aa]
      beta [Bb]
      newline [\n]
      %%
      {alpha} { return alpha ;}
      {beta} {return beta;}
      {newline} { return newline ;}
      . { printf("Invalid Expression\n");exit(0); }
      %%CODE (Y file)
CODE (Y file)
% {
      #include<stdio.h>
      #include<stdlib.h>
      #include<strings.h>
      % }
      %token alpha beta newline
      %%
      line : term newline {printf("Input is Valid\n"); exit(0);};
      term: alpha term beta |;
      %%
      int yyerror(char *msg)
      printf("Invalid Input\n");
      exit(0);
      int main ()
      printf("Enter the expresssion: ");
      yyparse();
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ yacc -d pract11.y
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 11$ lex pract11.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 11$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:1018:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
             yychar = yylex ();
1018
y.tab.c:1159:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror'; did you mean 'yyerrok'? [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
             yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
1159
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: ab
Input is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ aabb
aabb: command not found
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aabb
Input is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaabbb
Input is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: a
Invalid Input
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: iii
Invalid Expression
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_11$
```

13. A Program in YACC to recognize the language $(a^nb, n>=10)$. (Output to say input is valid or not).

```
CODE (L file)
 % {
       #include "y.tab.h"
       % }
       alpha [a]{10,}
       beta [b]
       newline [\n]
       %%
       {alpha} { return alpha ;}
       {beta} {return beta;}
       {newline} { return newline ;}
       . { printf("Invalid Expression\n");exit(0); }
       %%
CODE (Y file)
% {
       #include<stdio.h>
       #include<stdlib.h>
       #include<strings.h>
       % }
       %token alpha beta newline
       %%
       line : term beta newline {printf("Input is Valid\n"); exit(0);};
       term: alpha term |;
       %%
       int yyerror(char *msg)
       {
       printf("Invalid Input\n");
       exit(0);
       int main ()
```

```
printf("Enter the expresssion: ");
yyparse();
}
```

```
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ yacc -d pract13.y
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ lex pract13.l
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical 13$ cc lex.yy.c y.tab.c -ll
y.tab.c: In function 'yyparse':
y.tab.c:1018:16: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yylex' [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
             yychar = yylex ();
 1018
y.tab.c:1159:7: warning: implicit declaration of function 'yyerror'; did you mean 'yyerrok'? [-Wimplicit-function-declaration]
             yyerror (YY_("syntax error"));
1159
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aab
Invalid Expression
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ aaaaaaaaab
aaaaaaaaab: command not found
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: aaaaaaaaaab
Input is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: аааааааааааааааааааааааааа
Input is Valid
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$ ./a.out
Enter the expresssion: vbvv
Invalid Expression
adarsh@adarsh-IdeaPad-3-15ALC6-Ub:~/Desktop/pract/practical_13$
```