

Knime - Assignment 1

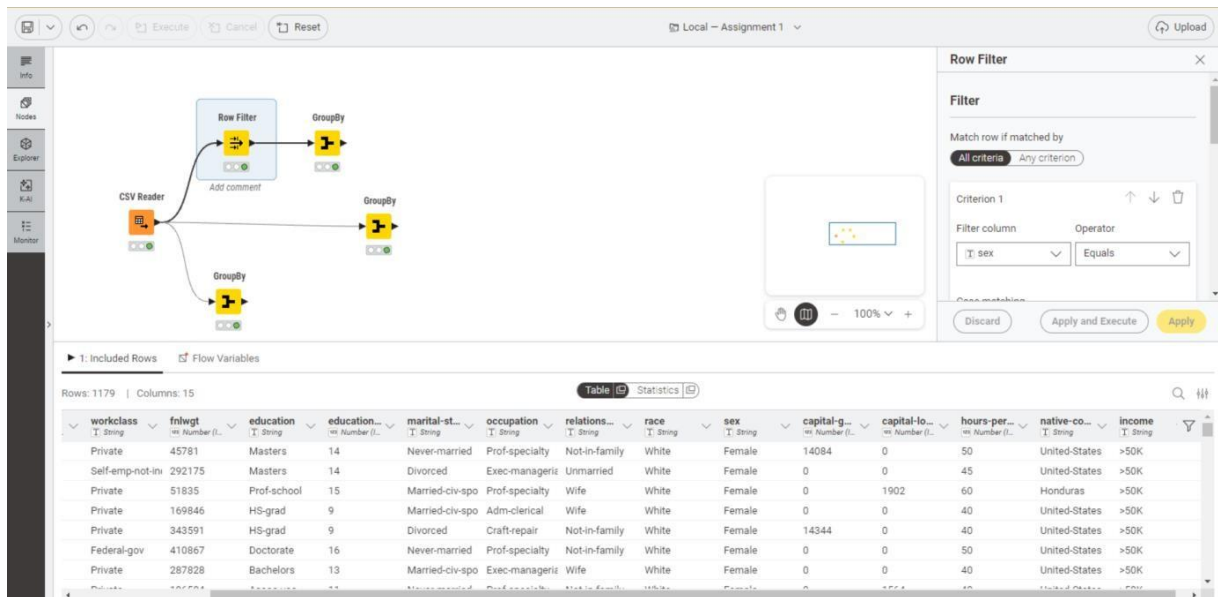
- 1) Read the adult.csv file available in the **data** folder on the KNIME Hub. The data are provided by the **UCI Machine Learning Repository**.
- 2) Calculate the count and average age of women with income >50K
- 3) Calculate the averages of all numerical columns for each one of the 4 groups defined by sex and income values
- 4) Calculate
 - the number of missing values in the occupation column
 - the number of non-missing rows in the occupation column
 - the number of rows in the occupation column
 - the number of rows in the marital-status column

Notice that the last two aggregations should provide the same numbers!

Step 1: Read CSV File “adult.csv”

The screenshot displays the Orange Data Mining environment. At the top, there's a toolbar with icons for file operations, execution, and window management. The main workspace shows a workflow diagram where a 'CSV Reader' widget is connected to three 'GroupBy' widgets via arrows. A comment bubble points to the CSV Reader. To the right, a panel titled 'CSV Reader' contains a message: 'This node dialog is not supported here.' with an 'Open dialog' button. Below the workflow, a tab labeled 'File Table' is active, showing a data table with columns: #, RowID, age, workclass, fnlwgt, education, education..., marital-st..., occupation, relations..., race, sex, capital-g..., capital-lo..., and hours-per.... The table contains several rows of data, such as 'Never-married Adm-clerical Not-in-family White Male'.

Step 2: Filter Row for Women with income >50K



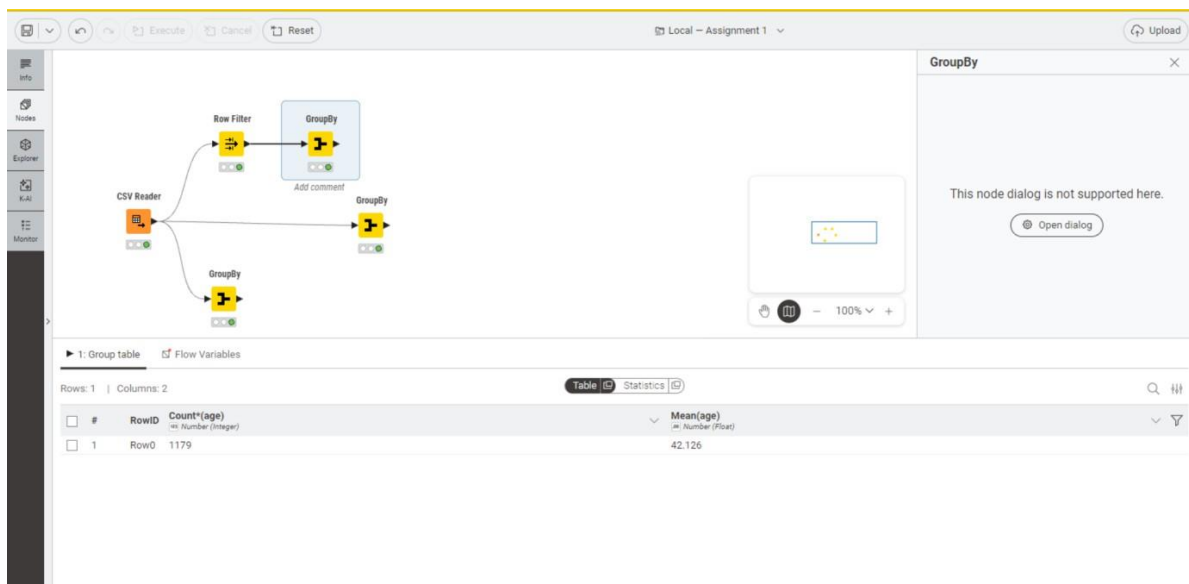
The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with a data flow from a CSV Reader to a Row Filter node, which then connects to a GroupBy node. The Row Filter node is configured with the following settings:

- Filter:** Match row if matched by **All criteria**
- Criterion 1:** Filter column: **sex**, Operator: **Equals**

The data table below shows the filtered results, where only rows with 'sex' equal to 'Female' are included.

workclass	fnlwgt	education	education...	marital-st...	occupation	relations...	race	sex	capital-g...	capital-lo...	hours-per...	native-co...	income
Private	45781	Masters	14	Never-married	Prof-specialty	Not-in-family	White	Female	14084	0	50	United-States	>50K
Self-emp-not-in	292175	Masters	14	Divorced	Exec-manageriz	Unmarried	White	Female	0	0	45	United-States	>50K
Private	51835	Prof-school	15	Married-civ-spo	Prof-specialty	Wife	White	Female	0	1902	60	Honduras	>50K
Private	169846	HS-grad	9	Married-civ-spo	Adm-clerical	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	>50K
Private	343591	HS-grad	9	Divorced	Craft-repair	Not-in-family	White	Female	14344	0	40	United-States	>50K
Federal-gov	410867	Doctorate	16	Never-married	Prof-specialty	Not-in-family	White	Female	0	0	50	United-States	>50K
Private	287828	Bachelors	13	Married-civ-spo	Exec-manageriz	Wife	White	Female	0	0	40	United-States	>50K

Step 3: Use GroupBy node to calculate the count and average age of women with income >50K



The screenshot shows the Power BI Desktop interface with the GroupBy node configuration. The node is set to calculate the following metrics:

- Count*(age)**
- Mean*(age)**

The data table below shows the results of the GroupBy operation, where the count and mean age are calculated for the filtered data.

#	RowID	Count*(age)	Mean*(age)
1	Row0	1179	42.126

Step 4: Use GroupBy node to calculate the average of all numerical column for each of the 4-group defined by sex and income value

1: Group table

#	RowID	sex	income	Mean(age)	Mean(capital-gain)	Mean(capital-loss)	Mean(education-num)	Mean(hours-per-week)
1	Row0	Female	<=50K	36.211	121.986	47.364	9.82	35.917
2	Row1	Female	>50K	42.126	4200.389	173.649	11.787	40.427
3	Row2	Male	<=50K	37.147	165.724	56.807	9.452	40.694
4	Row3	Male	>50K	44.626	3971.766	198.78	11.581	46.366

Step 5: Use GroupBy node to calculate Missing value count for occupation, non-missing value count for occupation, no of rows in occupation column, no of rows in marital-status

1: Group table

#	RowID	Missing value count(occupation)	Count*(occupation)	Count(occupation)	Count(marital-status)
1	Row0	0	32561	32561	32561