



DATA STRUCTURES AND ITS APPLICATIONS

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Hashing: Collision Resolution Separate Chaining

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Hashing: Separate Chaining

Separate Chaining (Open hashing) handles collision by making every hash table cell point to linked lists of records with identical hash function values.



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Insert 7, 20, 41, 31, 18, 8, 9 into a hash table of size 7.

Use $\text{key} \% \text{tableSize}$ as the hash function and separate chaining (open hashing) to resolve collision.

$$h(7) = 7 \% 7 = 0$$

$$h(20) = 20 \% 7 = 6$$

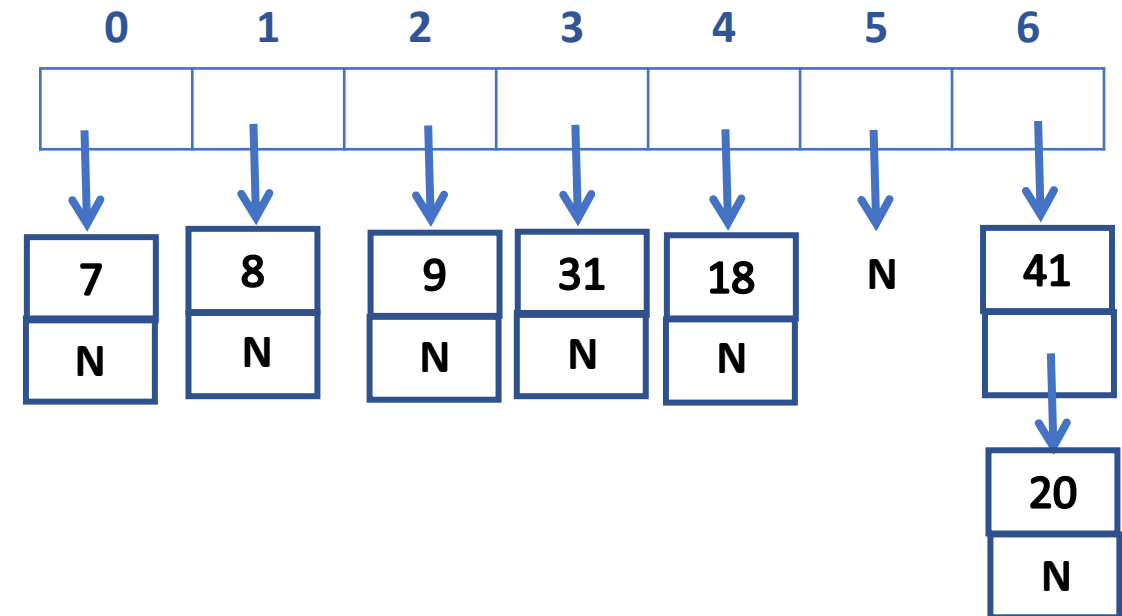
$$h(41) = 41 \% 7 = 6 \text{ collision}$$

$$h(31) = 31 \% 7 = 3$$

$$h(18) = 18 \% 7 = 4$$

$$h(8) = 8 \% 7 = 1$$

$$h(9) = 9 \% 7 = 2$$



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```
typedef struct element
{
    int rNo;
    char name[30];
    struct element *next;
}NODE;
```

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```
void initTable(NODE* ht[SIZE])
{
    for(int i=0;i<SIZE;i++)
        ht[i]=NULL;
}
```

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```
void insert(NODE* ht[SIZE],int rNo,char name[30])
{
    int index=rNo%SIZE;    //hash function

    NODE *newNode=malloc(sizeof(NODE));
    newNode->rNo=rNo;
    strcpy(newNode->name,name);
    newNode->next=ht[index];

    ht[index]=newNode;
}
```

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```
int delete(NODE* ht[SIZE],int rNo)
{
    int index=rNo%SIZE; //hash function

    NODE *p=ht[index];
    NODE *q=NULL;

    while(p!=NULL && p->rNo!=rNo)
    {
        q=p;
        p=p->next;
    }
}
```

```
if(p!=NULL)
{
    if(q==NULL)
        ht[index]=p->next;
    else
        q->next=p->next;

    free(p);
    return 1;
}
return 0;
```


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```
int search(NODE* ht[SIZE],int rNo,char name[30]) {  
    int index=rNo%SIZE;    //hash function  
    NODE *p=ht[index];  
    while(p!=NULL) {  
        if(p->rNo==rNo) {  
            strcpy(name,p->name);  
            return 1;  
        }  
        p=p->next;  
    }  
    return 0;  
}
```



THANK YOU

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