

Winning Space Race with Data Science

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Outline

- Executive Summary
- Introduction
- Methodology
- Results
- Conclusion
- Appendix

Executive Summary

- Summary of methodologies
 - Data Collection
 - Data Wrangling
 - EDA with Data Visualization
 - EDA with SQL
 - Building an interactive map with Folium
 - Building a dashboard with Plotly Dash
 - Predictive Analytics - Classification
- Summary of all results
 - EDA Results
 - Interactive Analysis/Visualization
 - Predictive Analytics

Introduction

- Project background and context
 - SpaceX advertises its Falcon 9 rocket launches, with a cost of \$62mn with other providers costing upwards of \$165mn for each launch. Much of these savings are due to SpaceX's capability of reusing first stage launches
- Problems you want to find answers
 - Predicting success of first stage landing of the SpaceX Falcon 9 rocket

Section 1

Methodology

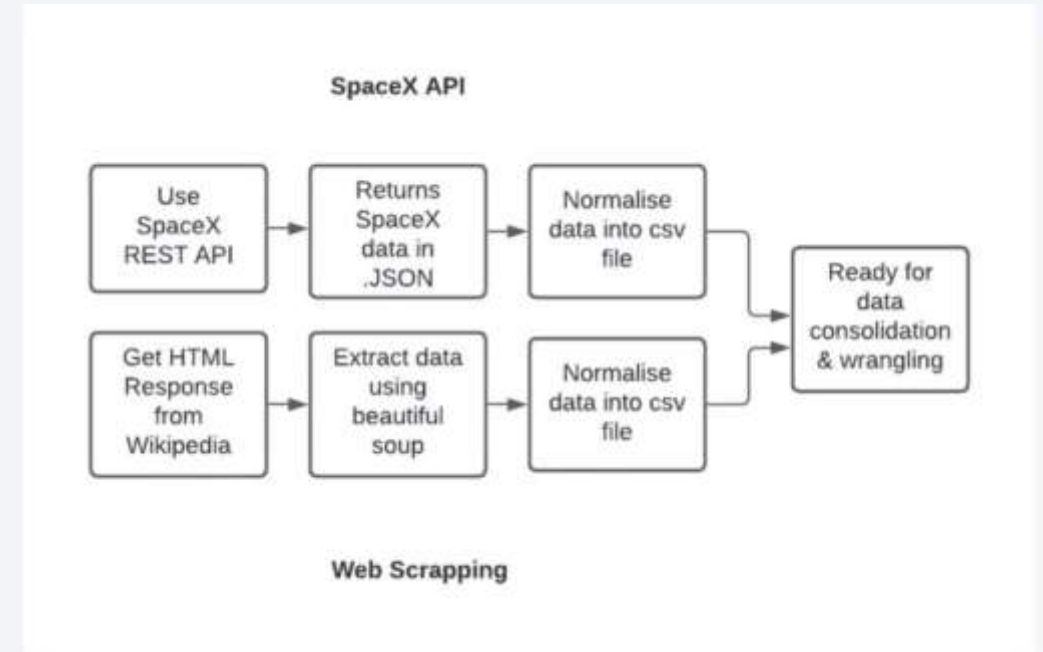
Methodology

Executive Summary

- Data collection methodology:
 - SpaceX Rest API
 - Web Scrapping from Wikipedia
- Perform data wrangling
 - Data cleaning and One Hot Encoding of data fields to prepare data for analysis and predictive modeling
- Perform exploratory data analysis (EDA) using visualization and SQL
- Perform interactive visual analytics using Folium and Plotly Dash
- Perform predictive analysis using classification models
 - Logistic Regression, KNN, SVM and Decision Tree models used for predictions

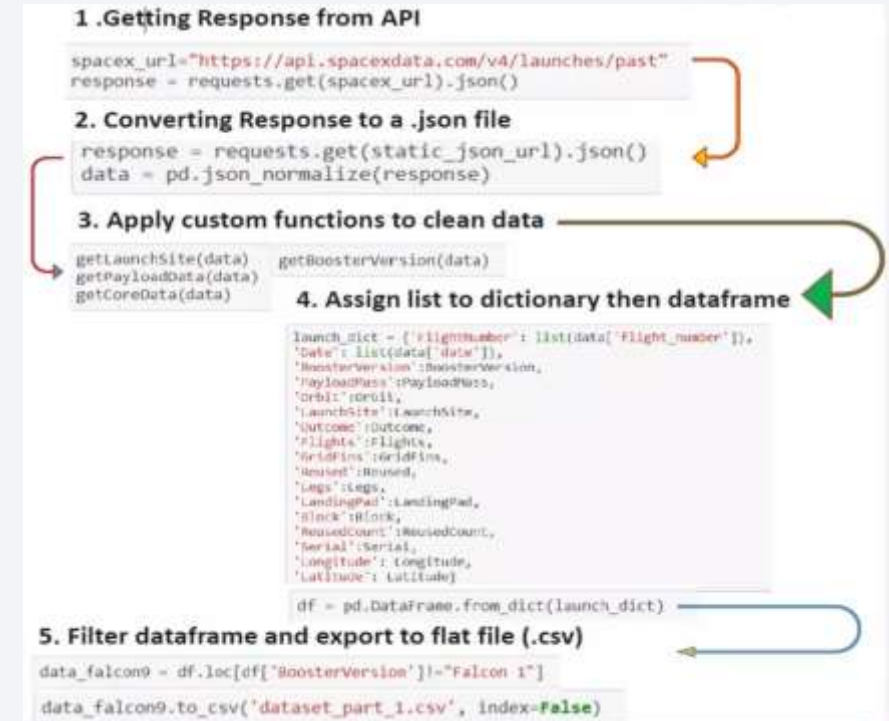
Data Collection

- The following datasets were collected
 - SpaceX launch data collected from the SpaceX REST API
 - Data provides info on rockets used, payload delivered, launch specifications, landing specifications and landing outcomes
 - Data was also gathered from Wikipedia for the Falcon 9 launches through webscrapping using BeautifulSoup



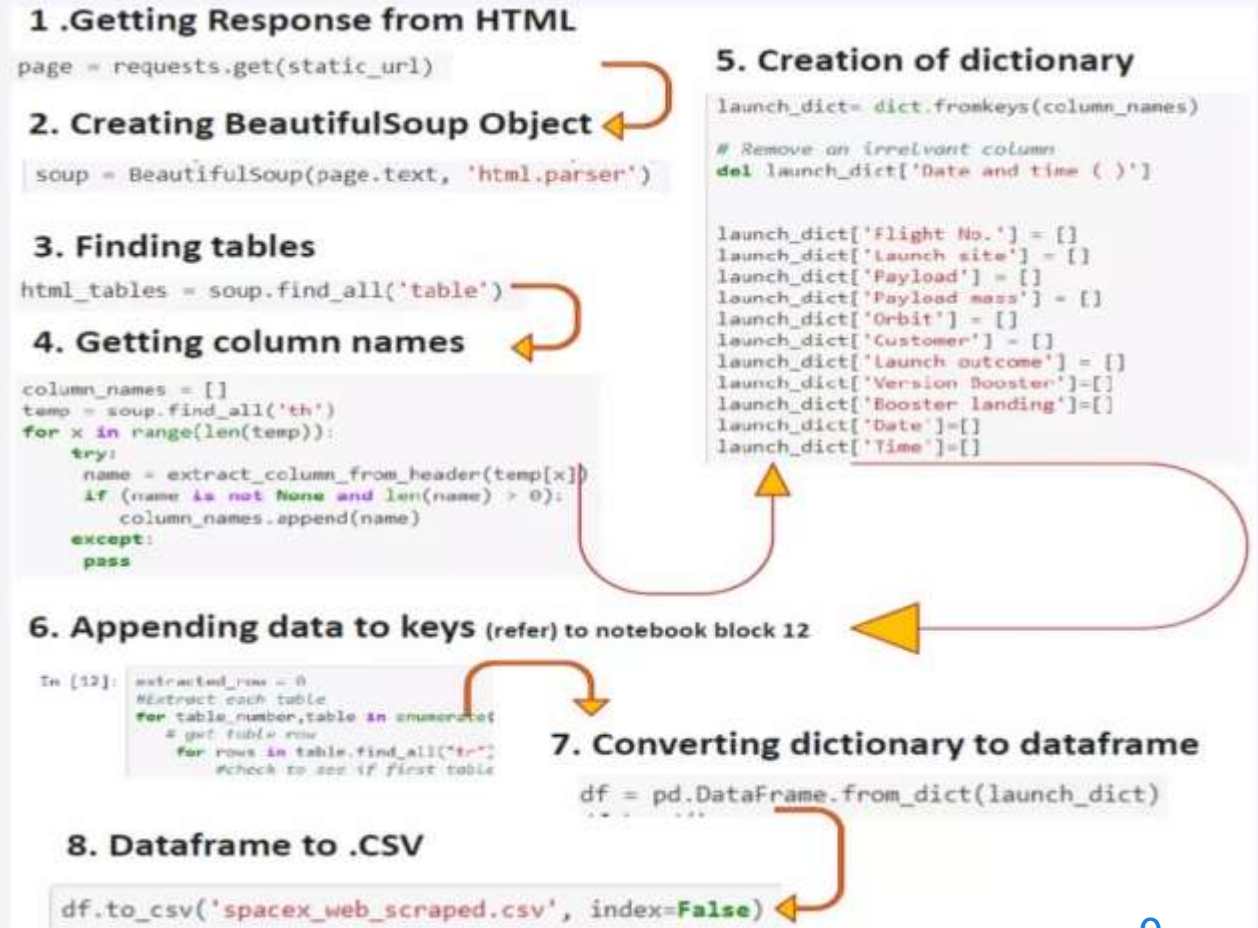
Data Collection - SpaceX API

- Data collection with SpaceX Rest API
- Github link : <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/803bd7ecc229f17454bb3174342534ac92197e05/SpaceX%20Part%201%20-%20Data%20Collection%20with%20REST%20API.ipynb>



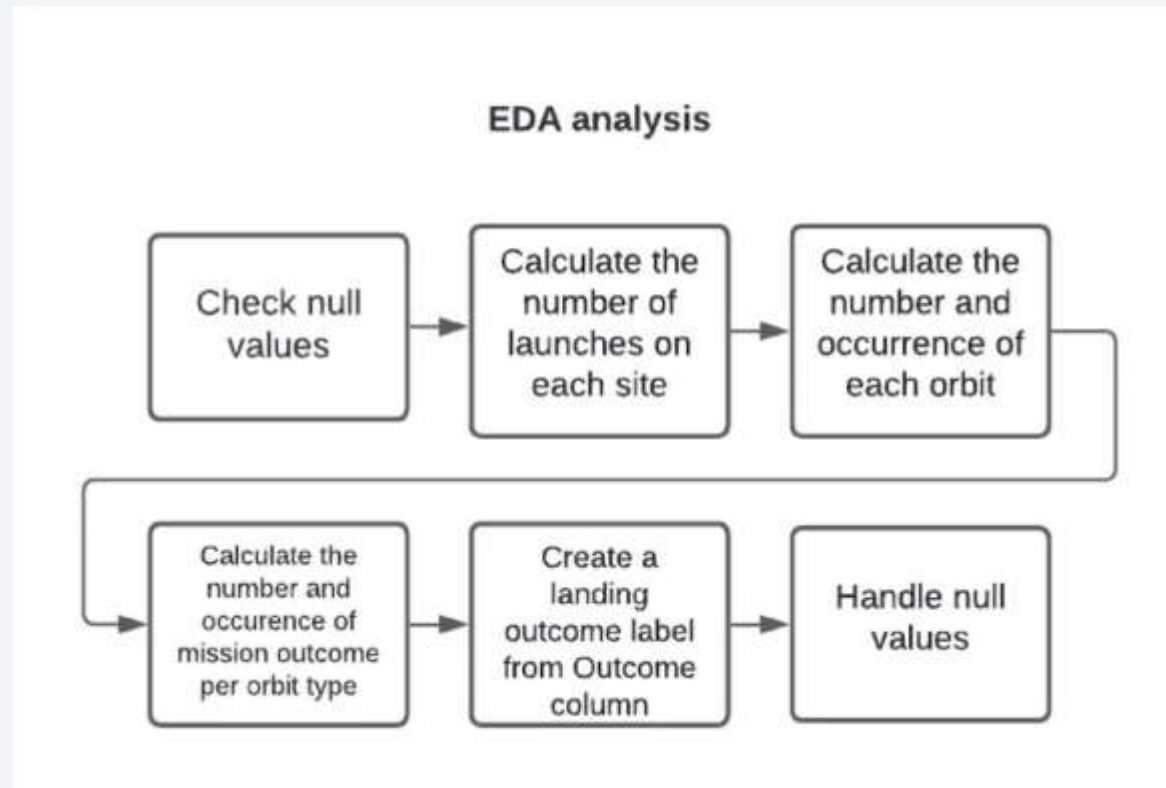
Data Collection - Scraping

- Webscrapping from Wikipedia
- Github Link :
<https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/f671f15dcfe5cf85ba193acb42ec570bd3b2c99a/SpaceX%20Part%202%20-%20Webscrapping%20with%20Beautifulsoup>

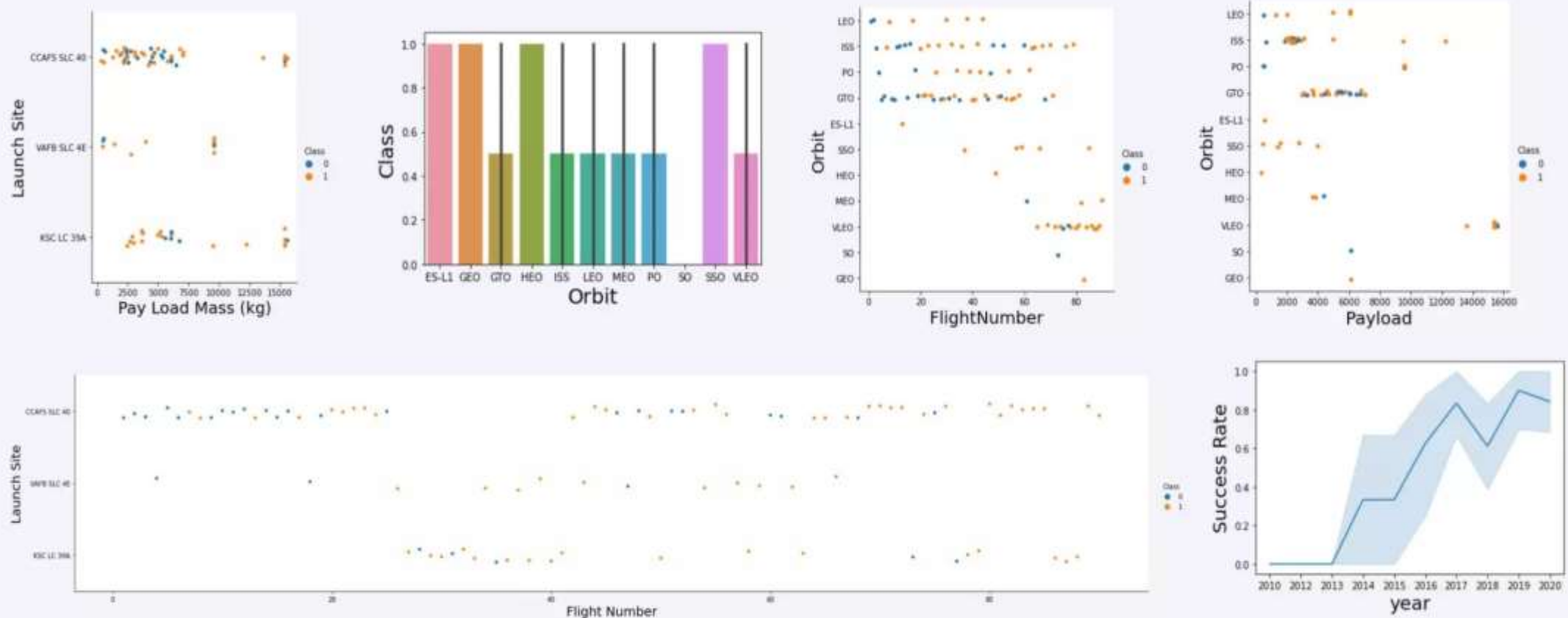


Data Wrangling

- **Github Link** - <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/1541d26c94dee91da839fd801ec533a0b8077415/Spacex%20Part%203%20:%20Data%20Wrangling.ipynb>



EDA with Data Visualization

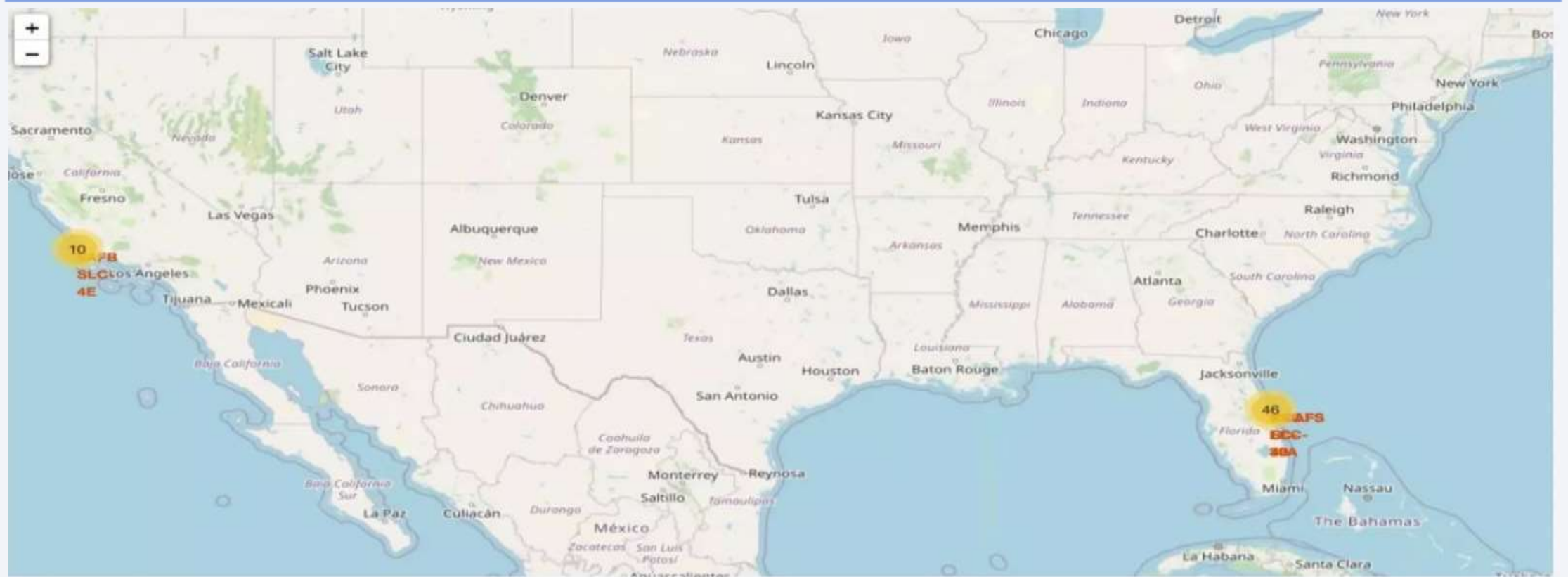


- **Github Link** - <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/b446aa440e39ffd358c18a657bc9a233e6c10529/Spacex%20Part%204%20-%20EDA%20and%20Data%20Visualization.ipynb>

EDA with SQL

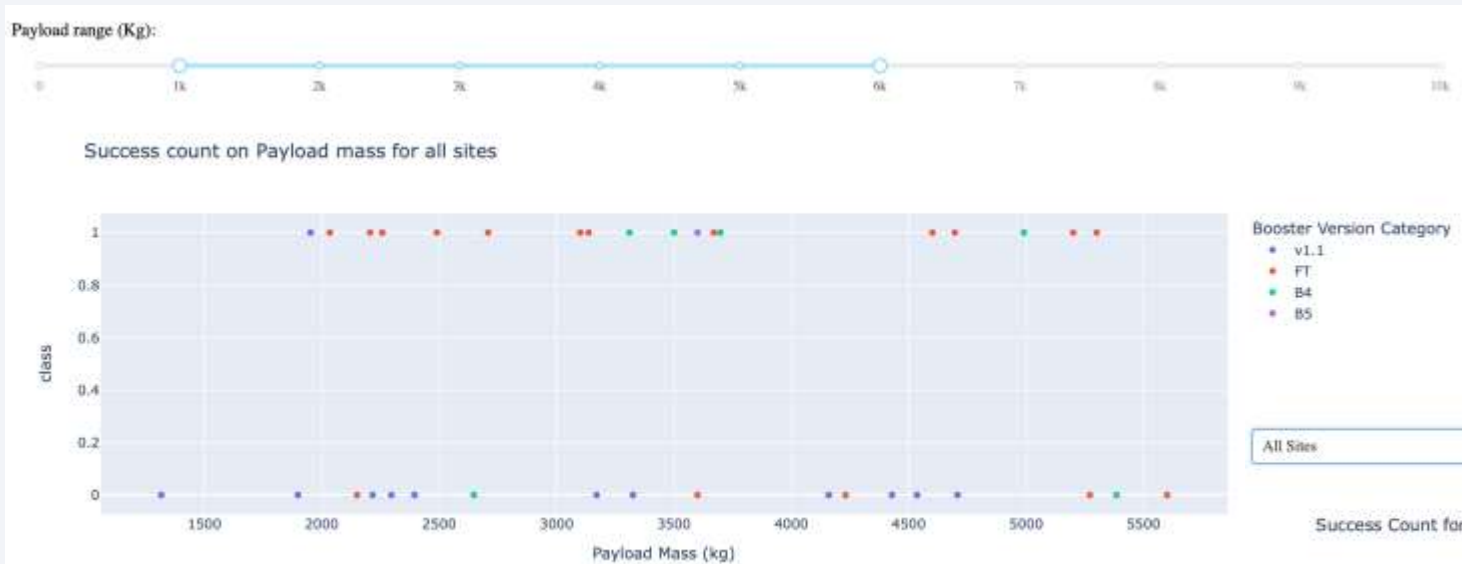
- SQL Queries performed :
 - Displaying names of unique launch sites
 - Displaying 5 records where launch site begins with 'KSC'
 - Displaying the total payload mass carried by boosters launched by NASA(CRS)
 - Displaying average payload mass carried by booster version F9 v1.1
 - Listing the date where the successful landing outcome in drone ship was achieved
 - Listing names of boosters having success on ground pad and payload mass between 4000 and 6000
 - Listing total number of successful and failure mission outcomes
 - Listing booster versions with maximum payload mass
 - Listing records displaying month, successful landing outcomes in ground pad and booster
 - Versions and launch sites for months in year 2017
 - Ranking count of successful landing outcomes between 206/04/2010 and 03/20/2017 in descending order
- Github Link - <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/fe5fa90d3ea5471052a3fa977e7bc350031374af/SpaceX%20Part%205%20-%20EDA%20with%20SQL.ipynb>

Build an Interactive Map with Folium



- Github link - <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/340f49f692b8b78cc1bcb1d4914e1beb9681b0a9/SpaceX%20Part%206%20-%20Visualization%20with%20maps-2.ipynb>

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash



SpaceX Launch Records Dashboard

All Sites

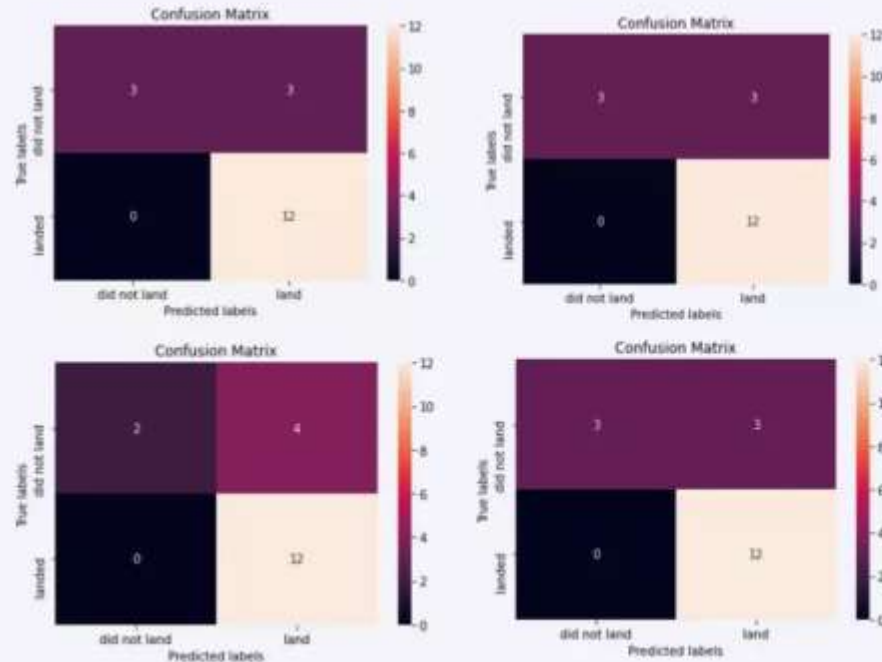
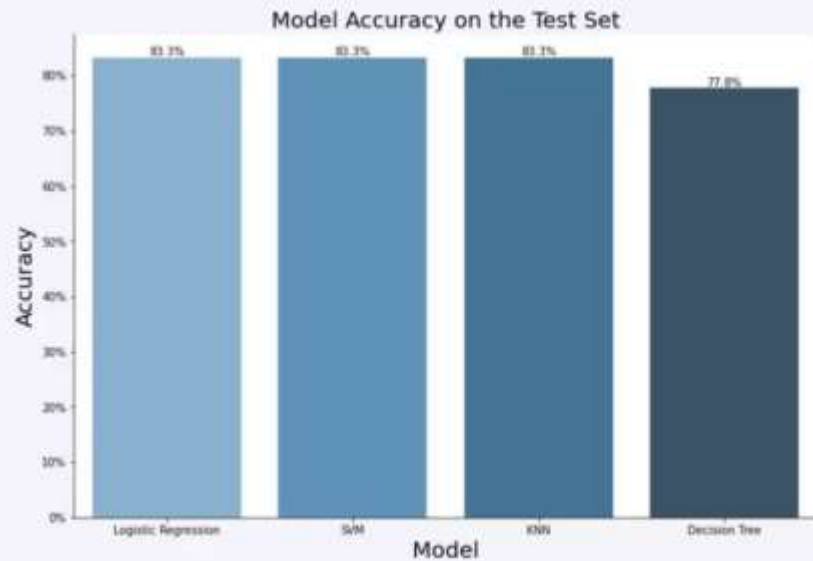
Success Count for all launch sites



- Github link - <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/23a7dd01ac3ba42bdab6db1283a5002cbf411d14/SpaceX%20Part%207%20-%20Dash%20App>

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

- The SVM, KNN, and Logistic Regression model achieved the highest accuracy at 83.3%, while the SVM performs the best in terms of Area Under the Curve at 0.958.



Github Link : <https://github.com/rkohli0010/SpaceX-Capstone-Project/blob/a2300ec7cbe5a166d2074541b1831fcd3c272d55/SpaceX%20Part%208%20-%20Machine%20Learning-2.ipynb>

Results

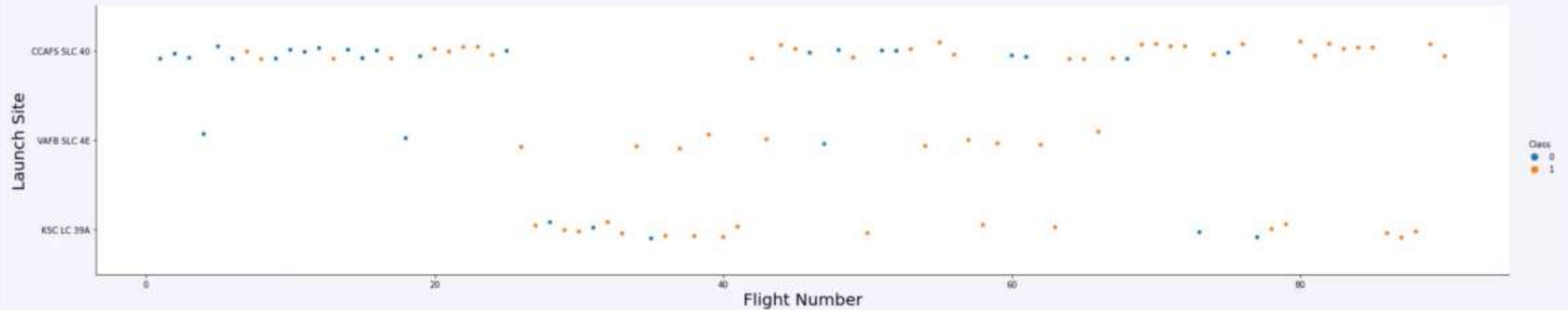
- Low weighted payloads perform better than heavier payloads
- Success rates for SpaceX launches are directly proportional to time in years
- KSC LC 39A had the most successful launches from all sites
- Orbit GEO, HEO, SSO, and ES L1 had the best success rates

The background of the slide is an abstract composition. It features a dark blue field on the left side, which transitions into a complex pattern of diagonal streaks in shades of blue, red, and cyan on the right. These streaks have a textured, almost woven appearance, suggesting a digital or data-driven theme. The overall effect is dynamic and modern.

Section 2

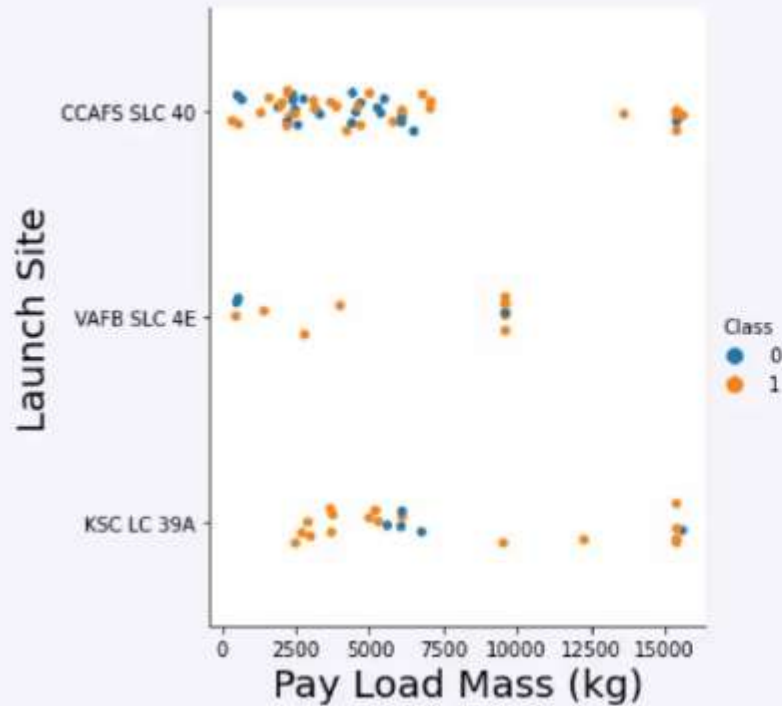
Insights drawn from EDA

Flight Number vs. Launch Site



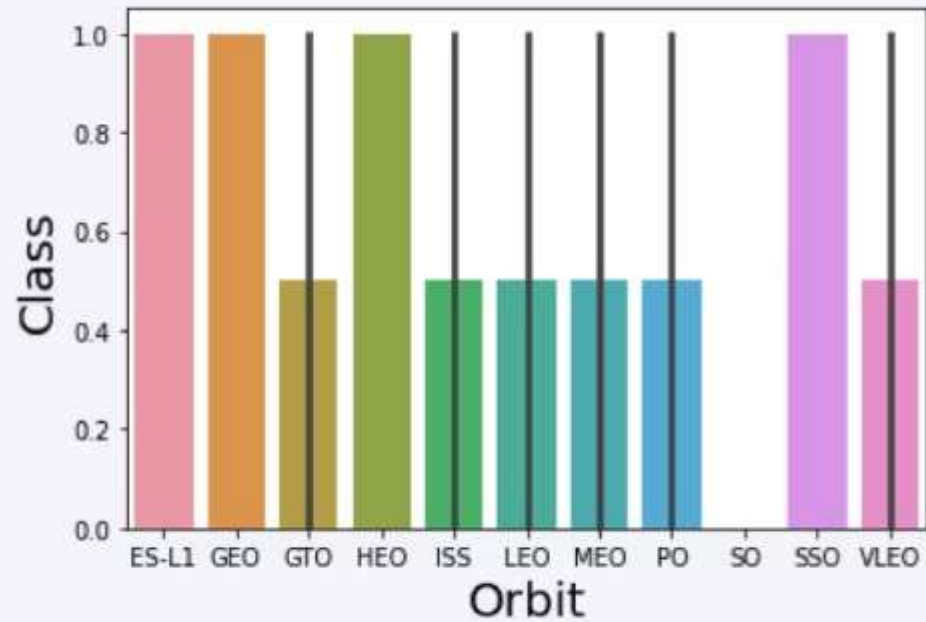
- Launches from the site of CCAFS SLC 40 are significantly higher than launches from other sites.

Payload vs. Launch Site



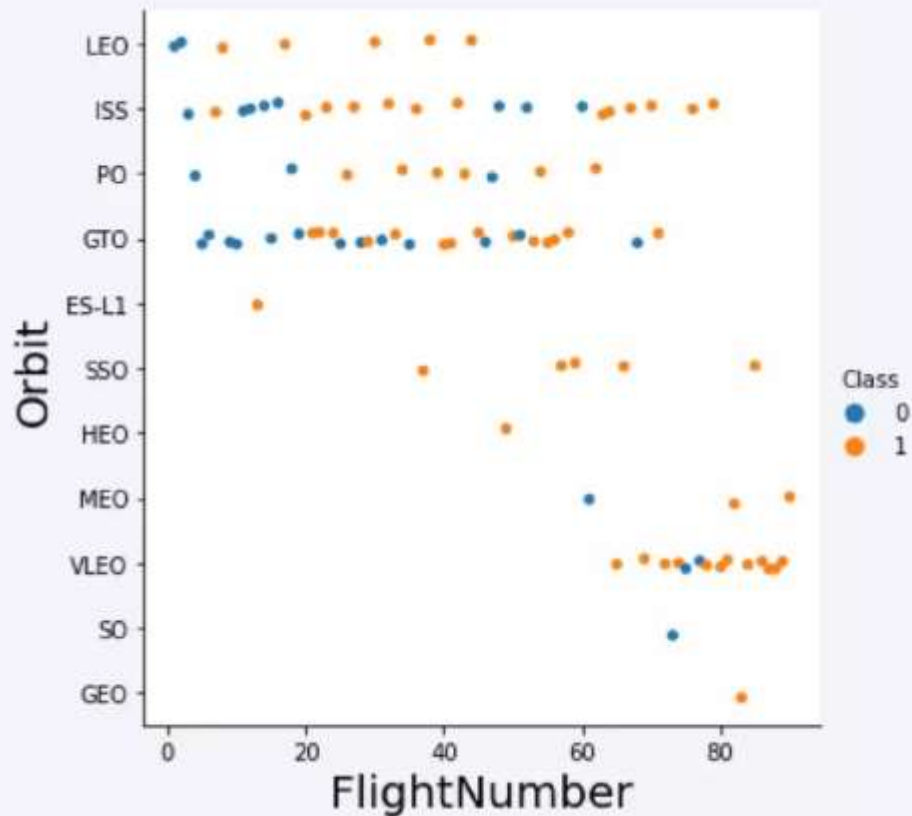
- The majority of IPay Loads with lower Mass have been launched from CCAFS SLC 40.

Success Rate vs. Orbit Type



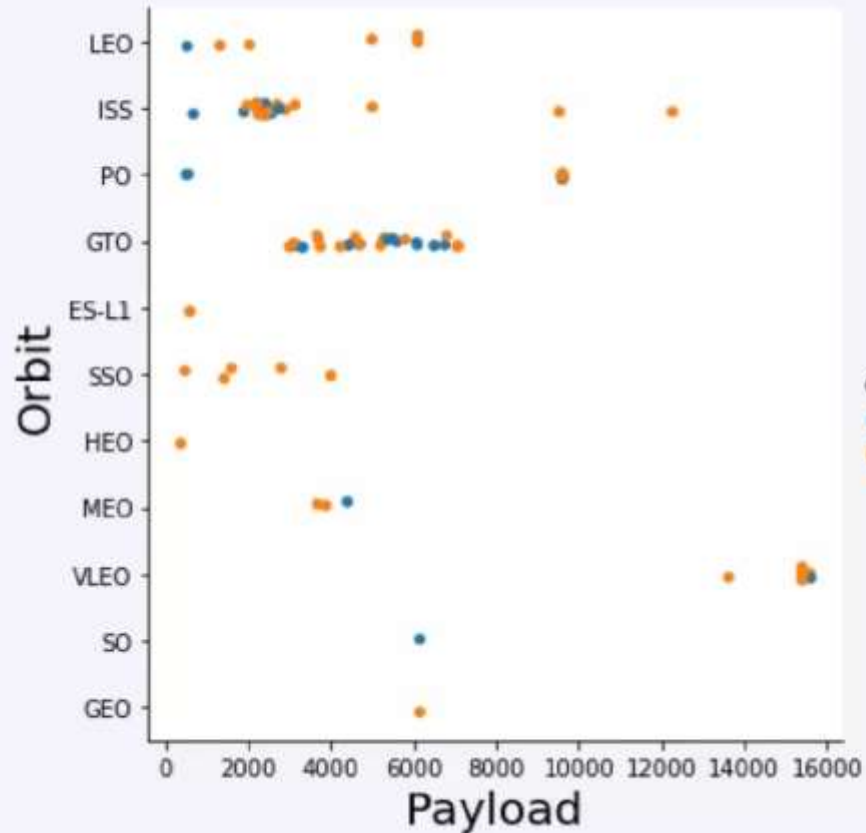
- The orbit types of ES-L1, GEO, HEO, SSO are among the highest success rate.

Flight Number vs. Orbit Type



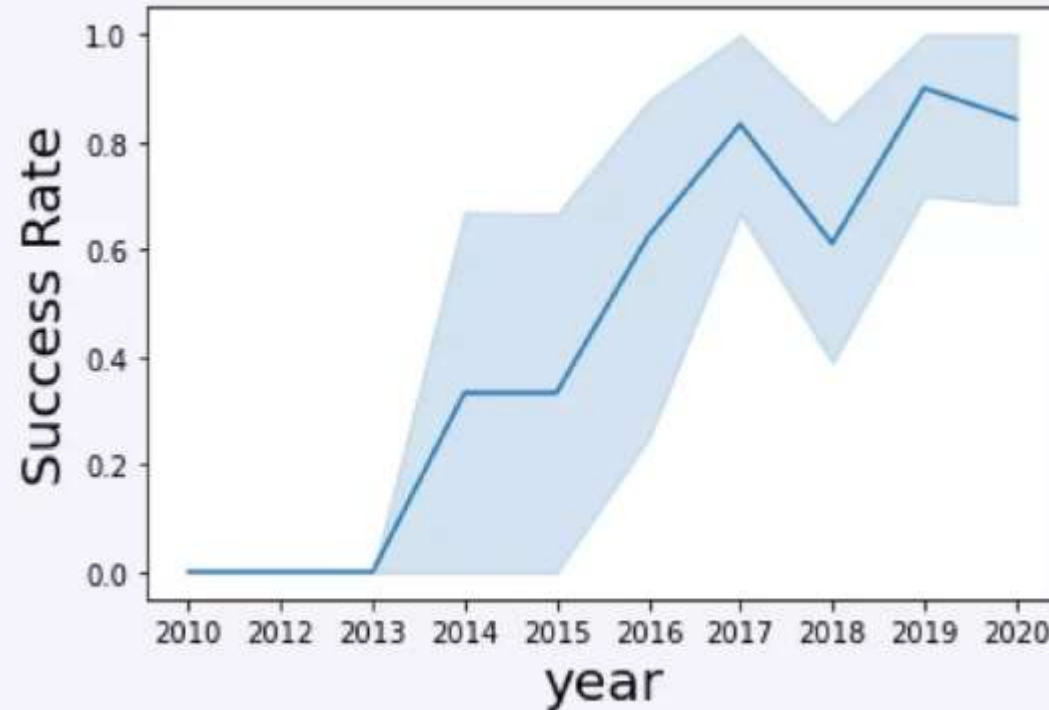
- A trend can be observed of shifting to VLEO launches in recent years.

Payload vs. Orbit Type



- There are strong correlation between ISS and Payload at the range around 2000, as well as between GTO and the range of 4000-8000.

Launch Success Yearly Trend



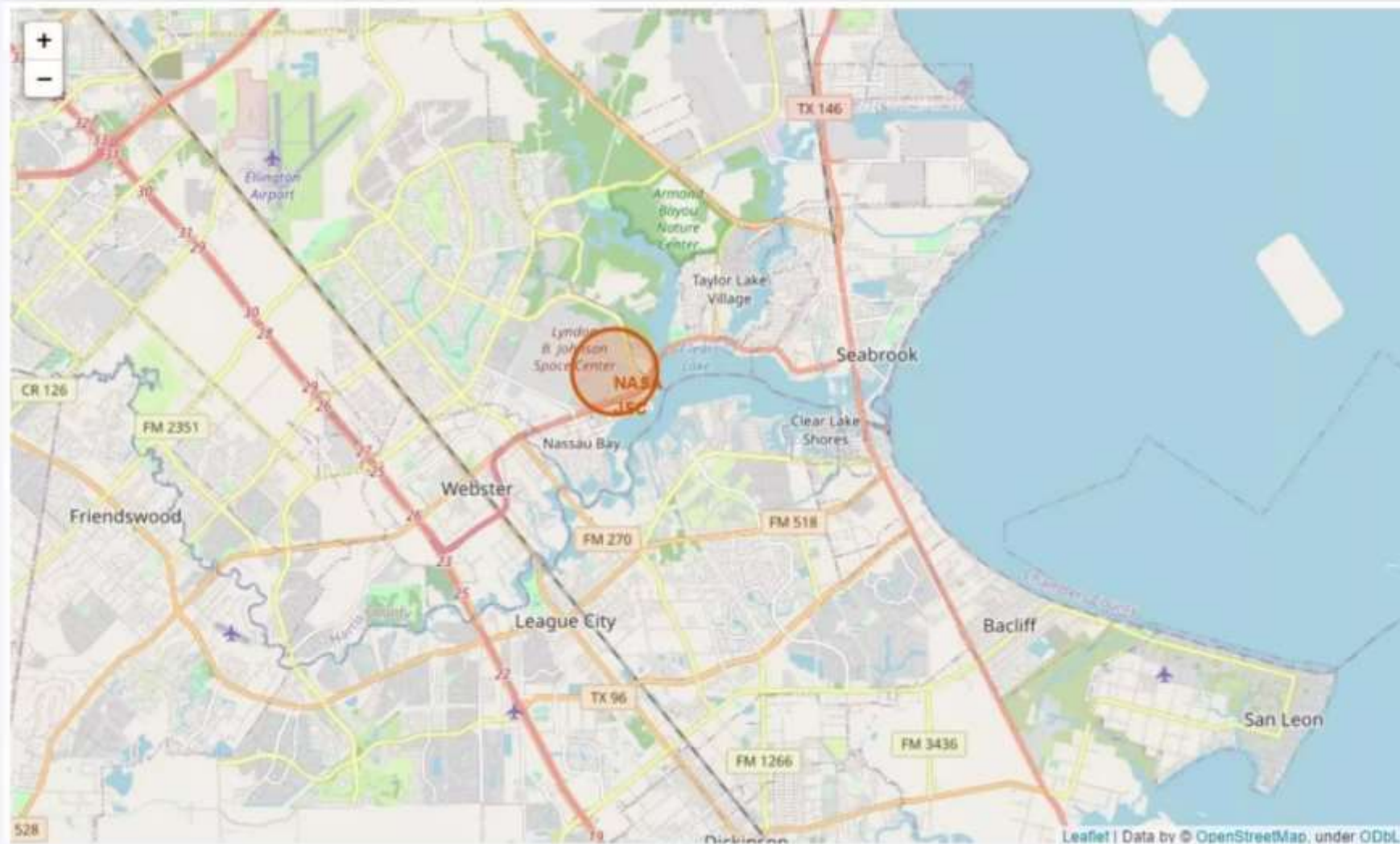
- Launch success rate has increased significantly since 2013 and has stabilised since 2019, potentially due to advance in technology and lessons learned.

A satellite view of Earth from space, showing the curvature of the planet and city lights at night. The image is a composite of a solid blue rectangle on the left and a satellite photograph of Earth on the right. The Earth's surface is dark, with numerous bright yellow and orange lights representing cities and urban areas. The horizon of the Earth is visible, separating the dark surface from the deep blue of the atmosphere and the blackness of space.

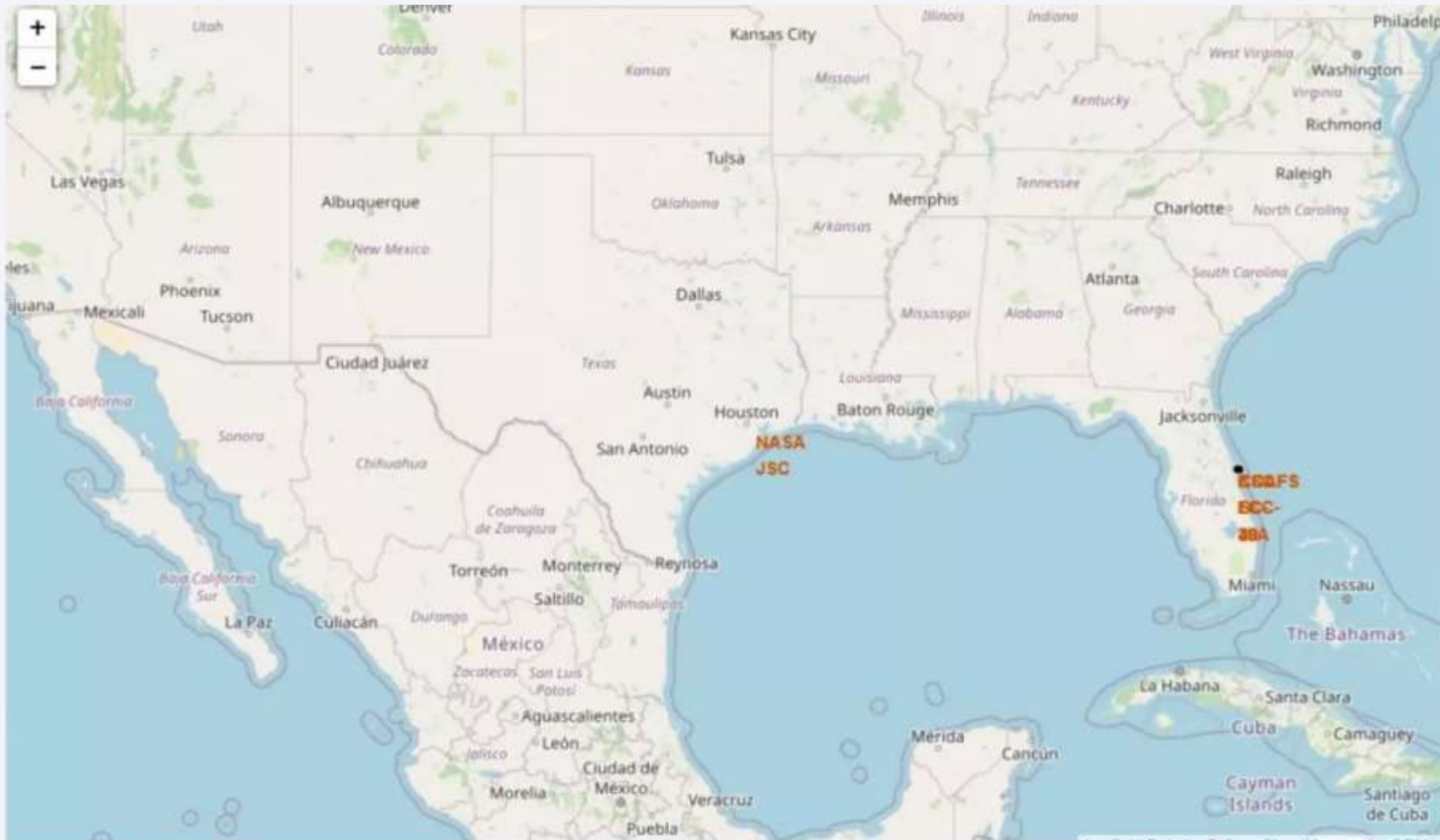
Section 3

Launch Sites Proximities Analysis

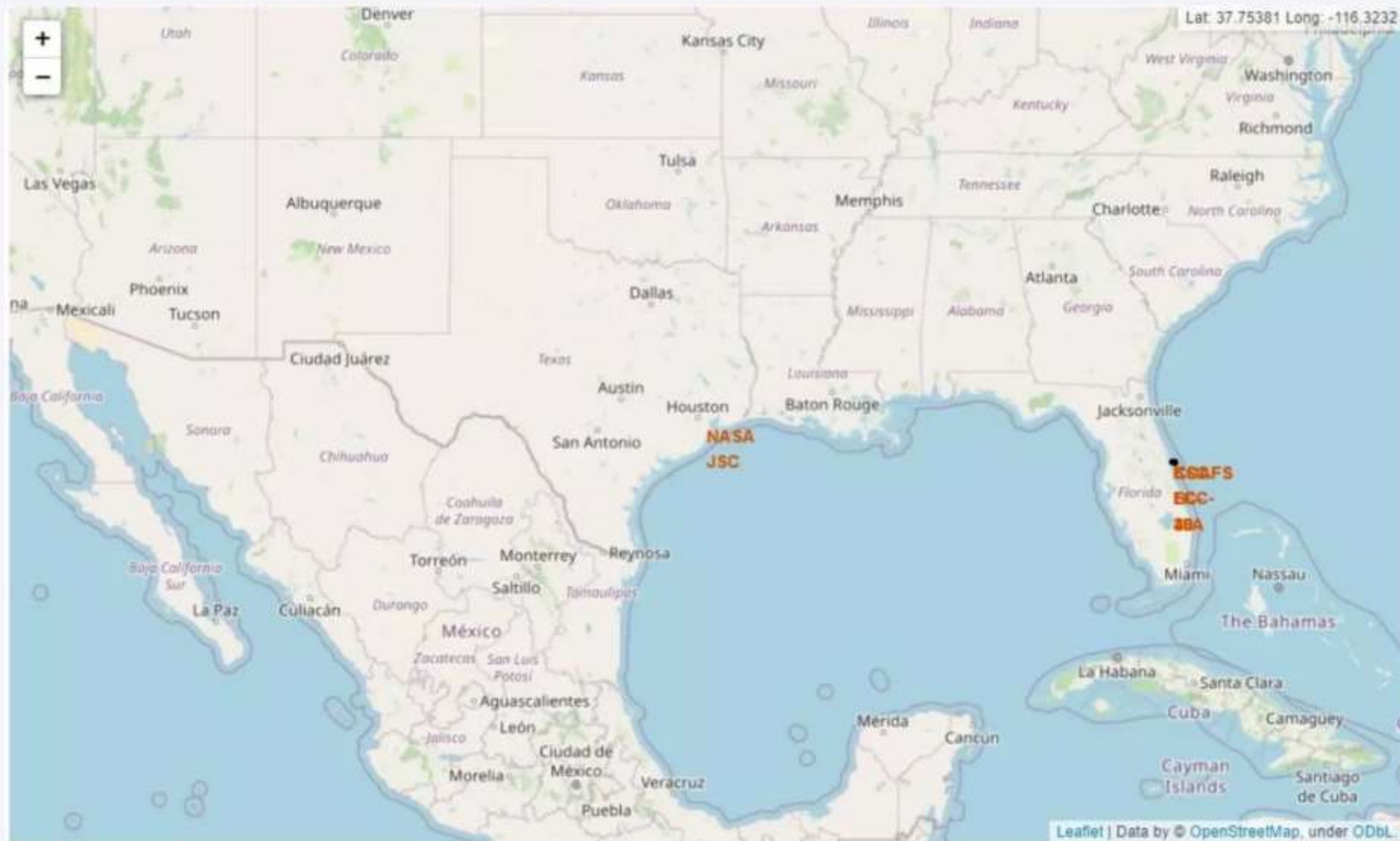
All launch sites marked on map



Success/failed launches marked



Distance b/w launch site and proximities



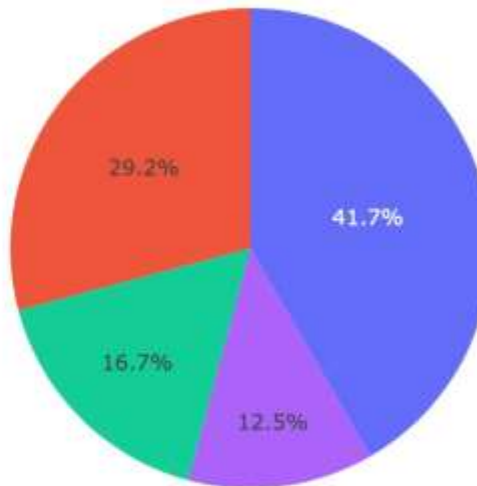


Section 4

Build a Dashboard with Plotly Dash

Success rate for all launch sites

Success Count for all launch sites



- KSC LC-39A
- CCAFS LC-40
- VAFB SLC-4E
- CCAFS SLC-40

load range (K a)

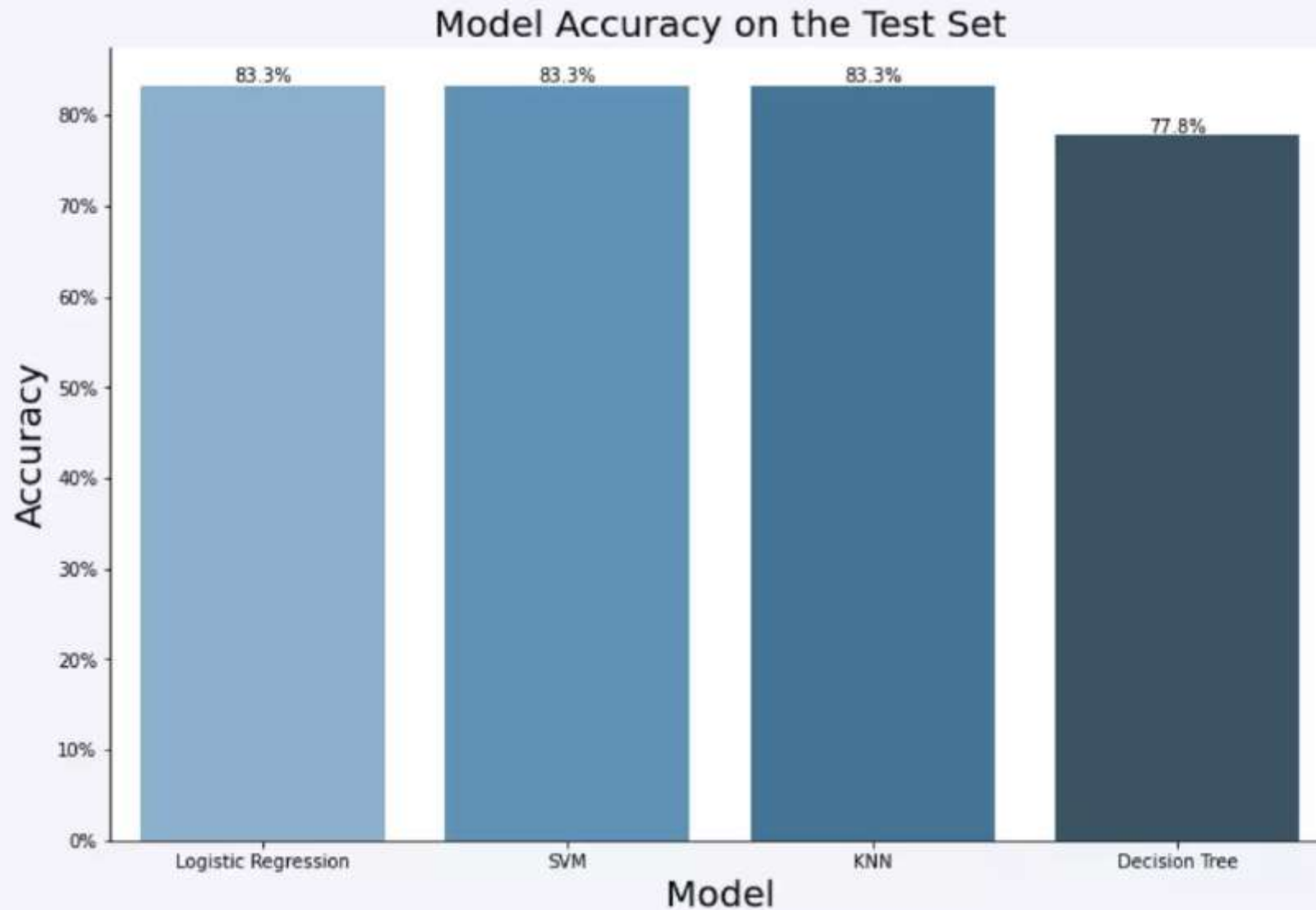
Payload Vs. Launch Outcome



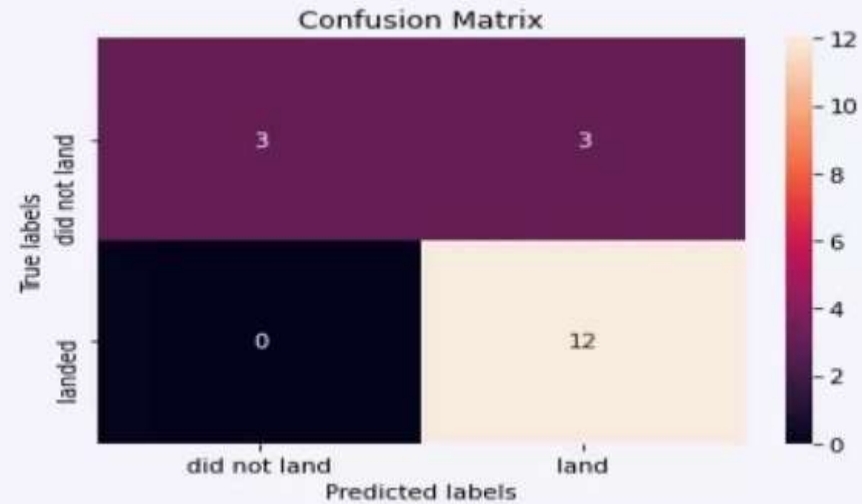
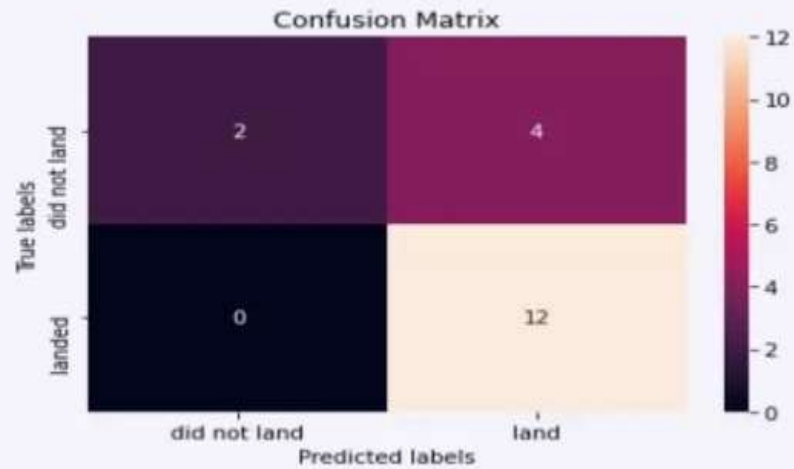
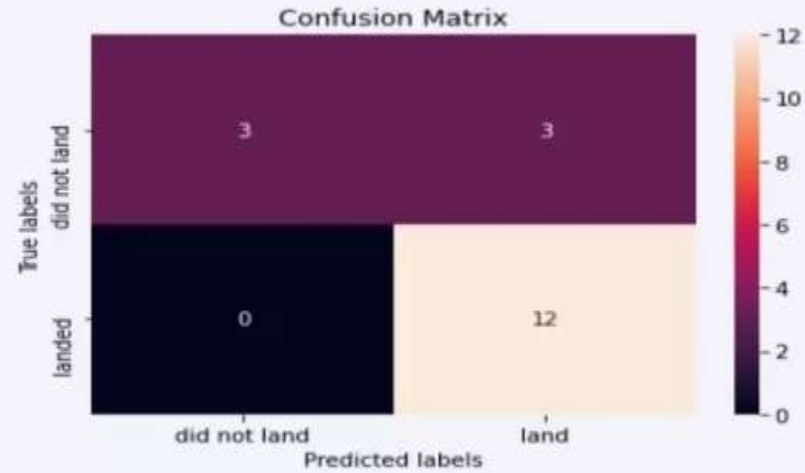
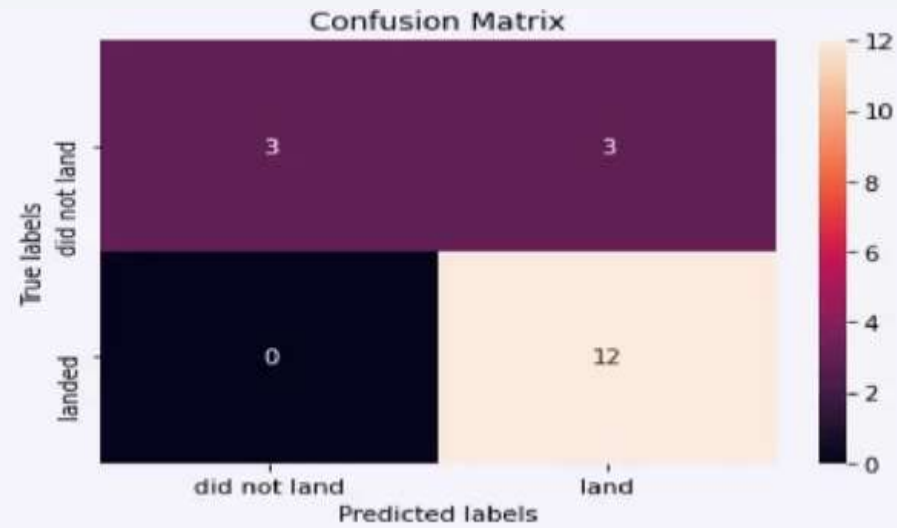
Section 5

Predictive Analysis (Classification)

Classification Accuracy



Confusion Matrix



Thank you!

