

b) Design of Helical Pair for 2<sup>nd</sup> stage.

Given data :-

Material for gear and pinion = AL 7075

Sut = 570 MPa

$$Z_p = 17$$

$$Z_g = 34 \quad (\because i=2)$$

$$\psi = \text{helix angle} = 20^\circ$$

$$\alpha = \text{pressure angle} = 20^\circ$$

$$f(z) = \frac{1}{2}$$

Solution:-

In order to estimate module, we first find Bending strength and wear strength in terms of module.

We find the bending strength using the formula:-

$$S_b = M_n \cdot b \cdot \sigma_b \cdot Y$$

$$b = 10 \text{ mm.}$$

$$\sigma_b = \frac{1}{3} \times S_{ut}$$

$$= \frac{1}{3} \times 570$$

$$= 210 \text{ N/mm}^2$$

$$X = \frac{0.784 - 2.87}{Z'p} \quad Y = \text{Lewis form factor} \rightarrow \text{depends upon virtual no. of teeth } Z'p$$

$$Z'p = \frac{Z_p}{\cos^3 \psi}$$

$$= \frac{17}{\cos^3 20}$$

$$Z'p = 20.48 \approx 20$$

- For  $20^\circ$  full depth involute system,  $Z'p = 20$  we get value of  $\gamma = 0.320$ .
- This value has been written on the basis of Table 17.15 of VB Bhandari Design Data book.

$$\therefore S_b = m_n \times 10m_n \times 210 \times 0.320 \\ S_b = 672 \text{ mm}^2$$

We can calculate the bending strength by using formula:-

$$S_w = \frac{b Q d p K}{\cos^2 \psi}$$

$$b = 10 \text{ mm}$$

$$Q = 22 \text{ g.}$$

$$= 2g + 2p$$

$$= 68$$

$$51$$

$$= 1.33$$

$$dp = \frac{2p \times m_n}{\cos \psi}$$

$$= \frac{17 \text{ mm}}{\cos 20}$$

$$K = \sigma_c^2 \sin \psi \cos \alpha \left( \frac{1}{E_p} + \frac{1}{E_g} \right)$$

$$= 280^2 \times \sin 20^\circ \times \cos 20^\circ \times (2.857 \times 10^{-5})$$

$$= 0.514.$$

$$S_w = \frac{10 \text{ m}_a \times 1.33 \times 17 \text{ m}_n \times 0.514}{\cos^3(20)} \\ = 140.05 \text{ m}_n^2.$$

\* As the gear & the pinion are made from the same material, the pinion is weaker.  
Hence we design according to the strength of the pinion.

The bending strength of the pinion is  $672 \text{ m}_n^2$   
The wear strength of the pinion is  $140.05 \text{ m}_n^2$ .

As  $S_b > S_w$ ,  
failure will happen due to wear, hence  $S_w$  must be considered for determination of module.

Now we find  $F_{eff}$  :-

To find  $F_{eff}$  we use formula :-

$$F_{eff} = \frac{C_s \cdot F_t}{K_v}$$

$$F_t = \frac{2 M_t}{d_p}$$

$$M_t = \frac{60 \times 10^6}{2 \times \pi \times n_p}$$

$$(\text{Output speed})_{spur} = (\text{Input speed})_{helical} = n_p = 3110$$

$$\therefore M_t = \frac{60 \times 10^6}{2 \times \pi \times 3110}$$

$$M_t = 3070.5 \text{ N-mm}$$

$$F_t = \frac{2 \times 3070.5}{2\rho \times m_n} \times \cos 4^\circ \quad (\because d_p = \frac{2\rho \times m_n}{\cos 4^\circ})$$

$$= \frac{2 \times 3070.5 \times \cos 20^\circ}{17 \times m_n}$$

$$F_t = \frac{339}{m_n}$$

To find  $K_v$ , we must first find  $V$ ,

$$V = \frac{\pi d_p n_p}{60 \times 1000}$$

$$= \frac{\pi \times 2\rho \times m_n \times n_p}{60 \times 1000 \times \cos 4^\circ}$$

$$= \frac{\pi \times 17 \times m_n \times 3110}{60 \times 1000 \times \cos 20^\circ}$$

$$V = 2.9453 m_n \approx 3 m_n$$

$$K_v = \frac{5.6}{5.6 + \sqrt{3 m_n}}$$

$$C_s = 0.7$$

[Standard consideration for]  
AL helical gears

$$\therefore F_{eff} = 0.7 \times \frac{339}{m_n} \div \frac{5.6}{5.6 + \sqrt{3}m_n}$$

$$F_{eff} = \frac{237.3}{m_n} \times \frac{5.6 + 1.732\sqrt{m_n}}{5.6}$$

We know that :-

$$S_w = F_{eff} \times f(s).$$

$$140.05 m_n^2 = \left[ \frac{237.3}{m_n} \times \frac{5.6 + 1.732\sqrt{m_n}}{5.6} \right] \times 1.52$$

Solving further we get :-

$$\left( \frac{237.3}{m_n} \times \frac{5.6 + 1.732\sqrt{m_n}}{5.6} \right) - 93.36 m_n = 93.367 m_n^2 - 120.70.025 m_n^2$$

$$\therefore 93.367 m_n^2 - \left( \frac{237.3}{m_n} \times \frac{5.6 + 1.732\sqrt{m_n}}{5.6} \right) = 0$$

We use bisection method in order to obtain positive value of  $m_n$  from following equation.

$$\text{We get } m_n = 1.8$$

Now, we know that  $m_n = 1.8$   
∴ We obtain all other values of Helical Pair

$$m_t = m_n / \cos 4^\circ \approx 2.$$

- 1)  $Z_p = 17$
- 2)  $Z_g = 34$
- 3)  $d_p = Z_p \times m_t = 34 \text{ mm}$
- 4)  $d_g = Z_g \times m_t = 68 \text{ mm}$
- 5)  $b = 20 \text{ mm}$
- 6) Backlash = 0.24 mm.
- 7) Addendum =  $\approx$
- 8) Whole depth =  $2.25 \times m_t = 4.5 \text{ mm}$
- 9) Addendum =  $m_t = 2 \text{ mm}$ .
- 10) Dedendum =  $1.25 m_t = 2.5 \text{ mm}$ .

### FORCE ANALYSIS :-

$$F_t = \frac{339}{m_n}$$

$$= \frac{339}{1.8}$$

$$= 188.33 \text{ N}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_r &= F_t \tan \alpha \\ &= 188.33 \times \tan 20^\circ \\ &= 48.528 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$

$$\begin{aligned} F_a &= F_t \tan 4^\circ \\ &= 188.33 \times \tan 20^\circ \\ &= 48.528 \text{ N} \end{aligned}$$