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Why Generics?



See the code below:

```
List<String> list = new ArrayList<String>();
list.add("hello");
list.add(new Integer(5)); //compiler error
String s = list.get(0); // no cast
```

- Stronger type checks at compile time.
- Elimination of casts.
- Enabling programmers to implement generic algorithms.

Generic types



Here are the possible generic types:

- E Element (used extensively by Collections Framework)
- K Key
- N Number
- T Type
- ➤ V Value
- > S,U,V etc. 2nd, 3rd, 4th types

Single type parameter example



```
public class Box<T> {
  // T stands for "Type"
  private Tt;
  public void set(T t) { this.t = t; }
  public T get() { return t; }
Box<Integer> box = new Box<Integer>();
box.set(12);
Int x = box.get();
```

Multiple type parameter example



```
public interface Pair<K, V> {
  public K getKey();
  public V getValue();
public class OrderedPair<K, V> implements Pair<K, V> {
  private K key;
  private V value;
  public OrderedPair(K key, V value) {
      this.key = key;
      this.value = value;
  public K getKey() { return key; }
  public V getValue() { return value; }
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```

Multiple type parameter example continue...



Pair<String, Integer> p1 = new OrderedPair<String, Integer>("Even", 8);

Pair<String, String> p2 = new OrderedPair<String, String>("hello", "world");

Bounded Type Parameters



There may be times when you want to restrict the types that can be used as type arguments in a parameterized type. For example, a method that operates on numbers might only want to accept instances of Number or its subclasses. This is what bounded type parameters are for.

Bounded Type Parameters continue...



```
public < U extends Number > void inspect(U u){
    // code
Box<Integer> integerBox = new Box<Integer>();
integerBox.set(new Integer(10));
integerBox.inspect(35); // ok
integerBox.inspect("some text"); // error: this is a String!
```

Wildcards



- In generic code, the question mark (?), called the wildcard, represents an unknown type.
- The wildcard can be used in a variety of situations: as the type of a parameter, field, or local variable; sometimes as a return type.
- There are three ways to use wildcards:
 - Unbounded wildcards
 - Upper bounded wildcards
 - Lower bounded wildcards

Unbounded wildcards



```
public static void printList(List<?> list) {
   for (Object elem: list)
     System.out.println(elem + " ");
}
```

The above printList() method can print the list of any type. Hence it is called as unbounded wildcard.

Upper bounded wildcards



```
public void process(List<? extends Number> list) {
  //code
}
```

The above process() method can process list of generic types those extend class Number. For example Number, Integer, Float etc.

```
List<Integer> listOfInt = new ArrayList<Integer>();
List<String> listOfStr = new ArrayList<String>();
process(listOfInt); //ok
process(listOfStr); // Error
```

Lower bounded wildcards



- A lower bounded wildcard restricts the unknown type to be a specific type or a super type of that type.
- A lower bounded wildcard is expressed using the wildcard character ('?'), following by the super keyword, followed by its lower bound: <? super A> public static void addNumbers(List<? super Integer> list) {

```
for (int i = 1; i <= 10; i++) {
    list.add(i);
}
```

The addNumbers() method will accept only List<Integer>, List<Number> & List<Object> as an argument.

Thank You!

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