```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import pandas as pd
import numpy as np
```

#### Load Dataset

```
train_df = pd.read_csv('fashion-mnist_train.csv')
test_df = pd.read_csv('fashion-mnist_test.csv')
```

train\_df.shape

(1887, 785)

test\_df.shape

(2832, 785)

train\_df.describe()

	label	pixel1	pixel2	pixel3	pixel4	pixel5	
count	1887.000000	1887.000000	1887.000000	1887.000000	1887.000000	1887.000000	18
mean	4.366190	0.007419	0.011659	0.035506	0.129306	0.240064	
std	2.845432	0.322286	0.279887	0.355700	2.356873	3.387508	
min	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
25%	2.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
50%	4.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
75%	7.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	0.000000	
max	9.000000	14.000000	10.000000	10.000000	87.000000	88.000000	

8 rows × 785 columns



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```
train_df.label.unique()
```

```
array([2, 9, 6, 0, 3, 4, 5, 8, 7, 1])
```

 $x_{\text{test}} = x_{\text{test.reshape}}([-1,28,28,1])$ 

```
class_names = ['T-shirt/top', 'Trouser', 'Pullover', 'Dress', 'Coat', 'Sandal', 'Shirt', 'Sneaker', 'Bag', 'Ankle boot'
```

## **Preprocess Data**

Convert each image of 784 into (28x28x1)(height x width x color\_channels). Divide values by 255 to scale the values.

```
x_train = train_df.iloc[:,1:].to_numpy()
x_train = x_train.reshape([-1,28,28,1])
x_train = x_train / 255

y_train = train_df.iloc[:,0].to_numpy()

x_test = test_df.iloc[:,1:].to_numpy()
```

```
x_test = x_test / 255

y_test = test_df.iloc[:,0].to_numpy()
```

### Visualization

```
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10))
for i in range(25):
    plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
    plt.xticks([])
    plt.yticks([])
    plt.grid(False)
    plt.imshow(x_train[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
    plt.xlabel(class_names[y_train[i]])
plt.show()
```



# **Model Building**

model.add(MaxPooling2D(pool\_size = (2,2)))

model.add(Dense(units=32, activation='relu'))

model.add(Dropout(rate=0.3))

model.add(Flatten())

```
from keras.models import Sequential
from keras.layers import Dense,Conv2D,Flatten,MaxPooling2D,Dropout

model = Sequential()

model.add(Conv2D(filters=64,kernel_size=(3,3),input_shape=(28,28,1),activation='relu'))
```

https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1Hpcl43y7WEnd9zYPlvjyWGvU2Biaf7lj#scrollTo=0FrvLG1R31wg&printMode=true

```
model.add(Dense(units=10, activation='sigmoid'))
model.compile(loss='sparse_categorical_crossentropy',optimizer='adam',metrics=['accuracy'])
model.summary()
```

## Model: "sequential"

Layer (type)	Output Shape	Param #				
conv2d (Conv2D)	(None, 26, 26, 64)	640				
<pre>max_pooling2d (MaxPooling2D )</pre>	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0				
dropout (Dropout)	(None, 13, 13, 64)	0				
flatten (Flatten)	(None, 10816)	0				
dense (Dense)	(None, 32)	346144				
dense_1 (Dense)	(None, 10)	330				

Total params: 347,114 Trainable params: 347,114 Non-trainable params: 0

```
model.fit(x\_train,y\_train,epochs=50,batch\_size=1200,validation\_split=0.05)
```

```
Epoch 23/50

2/2 [==========] - 2s 566ms/step - loss: 0.4670 - accuracy: 0.8343 - val_loss: nan - val_a

Epoch 24/50

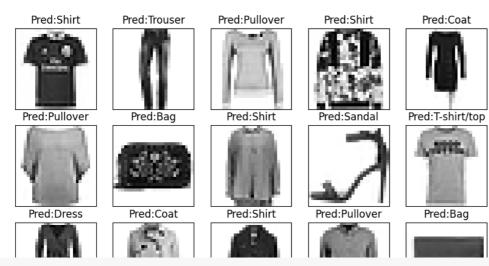
2/2 [===========] - 2s 585ms/step - loss: 0.4568 - accuracy: 0.8382 - val_loss: nan - val_a
```

```
tpocn 4//50
2/2 [===========] - 2s 588ms/step - loss: 0.3060 - accuracy: 0.8945 - val_loss: nan - val_a
Epoch 48/50
2/2 [==========] - 2s 583ms/step - loss: 0.3021 - accuracy: 0.8934 - val_loss: nan - val_a
Epoch 49/50
2/2 [===========] - 2s 577ms/step - loss: 0.3001 - accuracy: 0.8968 - val_loss: nan - val_a
Epoch 50/50
2/2 [===========] - 2s 587ms/step - loss: 0.3005 - accuracy: 0.8934 - val_loss: nan - val_a
Epoch 50/50
2/2 [=============] - 2s 587ms/step - loss: 0.3005 - accuracy: 0.8934 - val_loss: nan - val_a
Exercise (allbacks.History at 0x7f2c97f92920)
```

## **Evaluation**

```
evaluation = model.evaluate(x_test,y_test)
    print(f"Accuracy: {evaluation[1]}")
    Accuracy: 0.8421609997749329
y_probas = model.predict(x_test)
    89/89 [======== ] - 1s 14ms/step
y_pred = y_probas.argmax(axis=-1)
y_pred
    array([6, 1, 2, ..., 2, 9, 0])
plt.figure(figsize=(10,10),)
for i in range(25):
   plt.subplot(5,5,i+1)
   plt.xticks([])
   plt.yticks([])
   plt.grid(False)
   plt.imshow(x_test[i], cmap=plt.cm.binary)
     plt.xlabel(f"True Class:{y_test[i]}")
   plt.title(f"Pred:{class_names[y_pred[i]]}")
plt.show()
```

If the same it.



from sklearn.metrics import classification\_report

num\_classes = 10
class\_names = ["class {}".format(i) for i in range(num\_classes)]
cr = classification\_report(y\_test, y\_pred, target\_names=class\_names)
print(cr)

(Person I)

	precision	recall	f1-score	support
class 0	0.81	0.74	0.77	278
class 1	0.99	0.95	0.97	266
class 2	0.74	0.74	0.74	281
class 3	0.86	0.90	0.88	301
class 4	0.74	0.80	0.77	280
class 5	0.94	0.91	0.93	289
class 6	0.62	0.61	0.62	293
class 7	0.88	0.87	0.87	264
class 8	0.95	0.95	0.95	281
class 9	0.90	0.95	0.92	299
accuracy			0.84	2832
macro avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	2832
weighted avg	0.84	0.84	0.84	2832