Sem III 2021-22

Lab Number:	5
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#### Title:

To perform Operator Overloading using C++ for

- Multiplying 2 complex numbers
- adding matrices

#### **Learning Objective:**

• Students will be able to perform user-defined overloading of built-in operators.

#### **Learning Outcome:**

• Understanding the overloading concept on built-in operators.

#### **Course Outcome:**

ECL304.2 Comprehend building blocks of OOPs language, inheritance, package and interfaces	
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#### Theory:

Explain about operator overloading with respect to:

- Constructor: Constructor overloading is a concept in which one class can have multiple constructors with different parameters. The main thing to note here is that the constructors will run according to the arguments for example if a program consists of 3 constructors with 0, 1, and 2 arguments, so if we pass 1 argument to the constructor the compiler will automatically run the constructor which is taking 1 argument.
- methods: Method overloading is the process of overloading the method that has the same name but different parameters. C++ provides this method of overloading features. Method overloading allows users to use the same name to another method, but the parameters passed to the methods should be different. The return type of methods can be the same or different.
- Operators: In C++, it can add special features to the functionality and behaviour of already existing operators like athematic and other operations. The mechanism of giving special meaning to an operator is known as operator overloading. For example, we can overload an operator '+' in a class like string to concatenate two strings by just using +.

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Sem III 2021-22

Algorithm 1:	1-Start
	2-Creating class of name complex
	3-Declaring attributes- real , img
	4-Declaring methods- 1)get_elements()-to take input from user
	2)display()- to print the result
	5-Operator overloading function to overload "*"+"for performing operation
	6-Defining methods outside the class
	7-Creating an objects of class in main function
	8-Calling the methods using object of class
	9-Displaying the result
	10-End
Program 1:	# include <iostream></iostream>
	using namespace std;
	class complex
	<b>{</b>
	float real;
	float img;
	public:
	void get_elements(); //take numbers from
	user
	complex operator *(complex c1); //operator overloading
	void display(); //print the result
	<b>}</b> ;
	void complex::get_elements()

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Sem III 2021-22

```
{
cout<<"Enter the real and img of complex no.\forall no.\forall n'';
cout<<"Real:";
cin>>real;
cout<<"Img:";
cin>>img;
}
void complex::display()
cout<<"("<<real<<")"<<"+"<<"("<<img<<")"<<"i";
}
complex complex::operator*(complex c1)
{
complex mul;
mul.real = ((real*c1.real)-(img*c1.img));
mul.img = ((real*c1.img)+(c1.real*img));
return(mul);
int main()
{
   complex obj1,obj2,obj3;
   obj1.get_elements();
   obj2.get_elements();
```

Sem III 2021-22

```
obj3= obj1*obj2;
                    cout<<"\frac{"\frac{"\frac{n}{n}}{n}";
                    obj1.display();
                    cout<<" * ";
                    obj2.display();
                    cout<<" = ";
                    obj3.display();
                 }
Input given 1:
                 1 number = 1+2i
                 2 number = 3+4i
Output
Screenshot 1:
                   C:\Users\sweet\OneDrive\Documents\lab51.exe
                  Enter the real and img of complex no.
Real :44
                  Img :77
                  Enter the real and img of complex no.
                  Real :88
                  Img :99
                  (44)+(77)i * (88)+(99)i = (-3751)+(11132)i
                  Process exited after 57.33 seconds with return value 0
                  Press any key to continue \dots
```

Algorithm 2:	1-Start
	2-Creating class of name matrices

```
3-Declaring a[2][2],b[2][2],c[2][2]
                4-Declaring methods- 1)get_elements()-to take input from user
                                            2)display()- to print the result
                5-Operator overloading function to overload "+"----for performing
                operation
                7-Creating an objects of class in main function
                8-Calling the methods using object of class
                9-Displaying the result
                10-End
                #include<iostream>
Program 2:
                using namespace std;
                class matrices
                       public:
                         //Declaring attributes
                       int a[2][2];
                       int b[2][2];
                       int c[2][2];
                         //Declaring Methods
                       void get_elements()
                                                      //To take input from user
                       {
                               cout<<"Enter the elements";
                              for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
                              {
                                     for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
```

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Sem III 2021-22

```
{
                      cin>>a[i][j];
               }
       }
}
matrices operator +(matrices m2) //To overload '*'
{
       matrices m3;
       for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
       {
               for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
               m3.a[i][j]=a[i][j]+m2.a[i][j];
       }
       return(m3);
}
void display()
                                      //To print the result
{
       for(int i=0;i<2;i++)
               for(int j=0;j<2;j++)
               {
                      cout<<a[i][j]<<" ";
               }
               cout<<endl;
```

Sem III 2021-22

```
}
                       }
                };
                   int main()
                   {
                                                       //Creating object
                       matrices ob1,ob2;
                                                       //Calling method
                       ob1.get_elements();
                                                      //Calling method
                       ob2.get_elements();
                       cout<<"¥n Matrix 1:¥n";
                       ob1.display();
                       cout<<"Yn Matrix 2:Yn";
                       ob2.display();
                       ob1=ob1+ob2;
                       cout<<"Yn Result : Yn";
                       ob1.display();
                       }
Input given 2:
                1 Matrix: 1
                              3
                2 Matrix: 3
                              5
                                   6
Output
Screenshot 2:
```

Sem III 2021-22

```
Enter the elements
9
8
7
6
Enter the elements6
5
4
4

Matrix 1:
9 8
7 6

Matrix 2:
6 5
4 4

Result :
15 13
11 10

Process exited after 15.86 seconds with return value 0
Press any key to continue . . . •
```