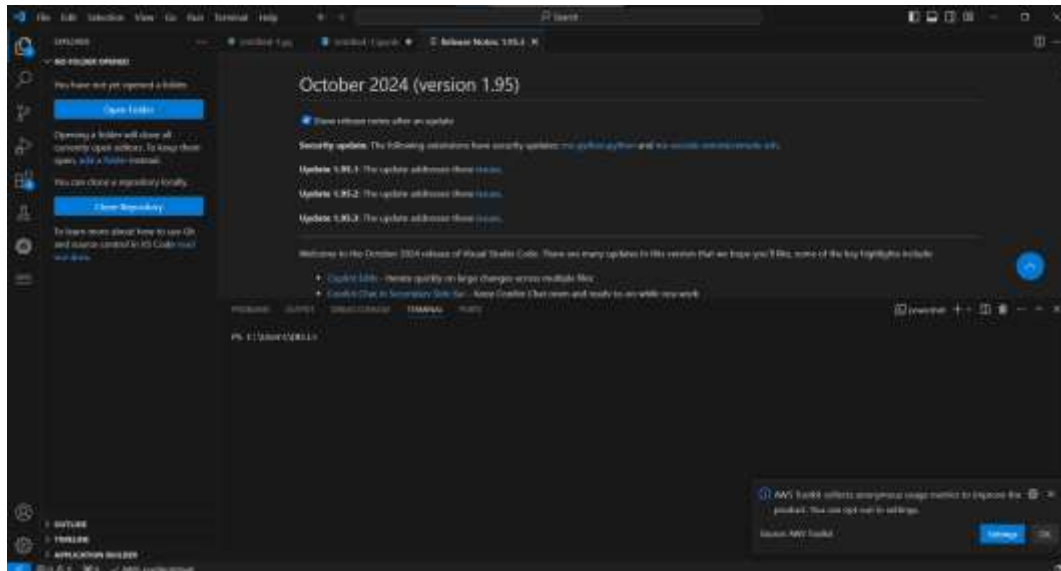


Terraform Practical

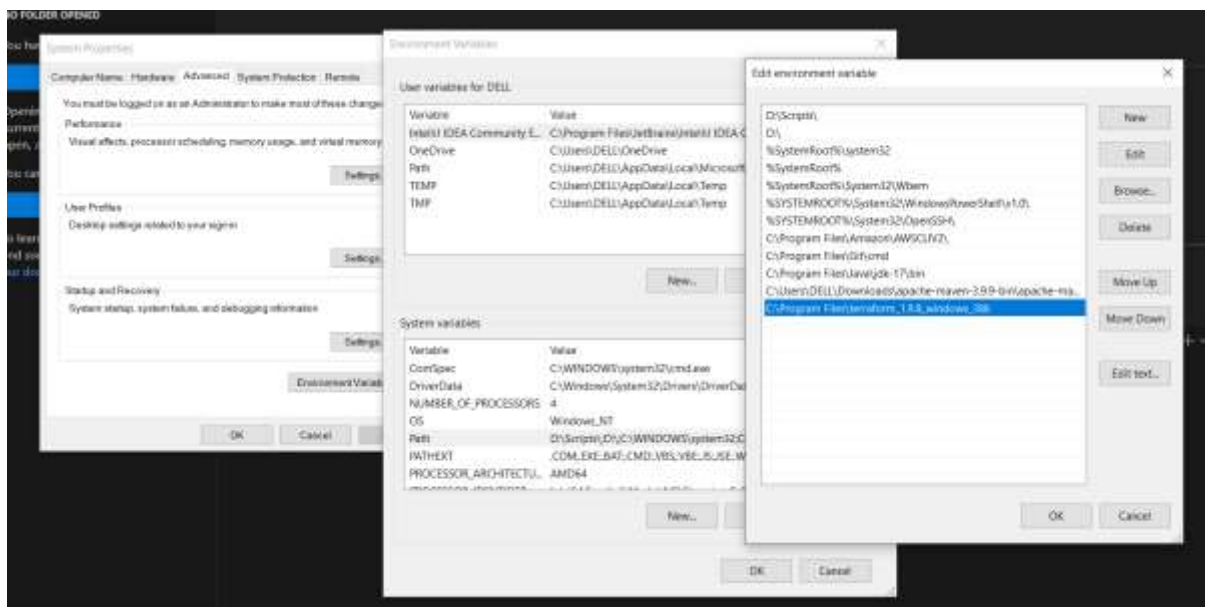
Day 1

Sakshi Shirure

1)Download VS code.



2) Download Terraform and Set the env. Settings.

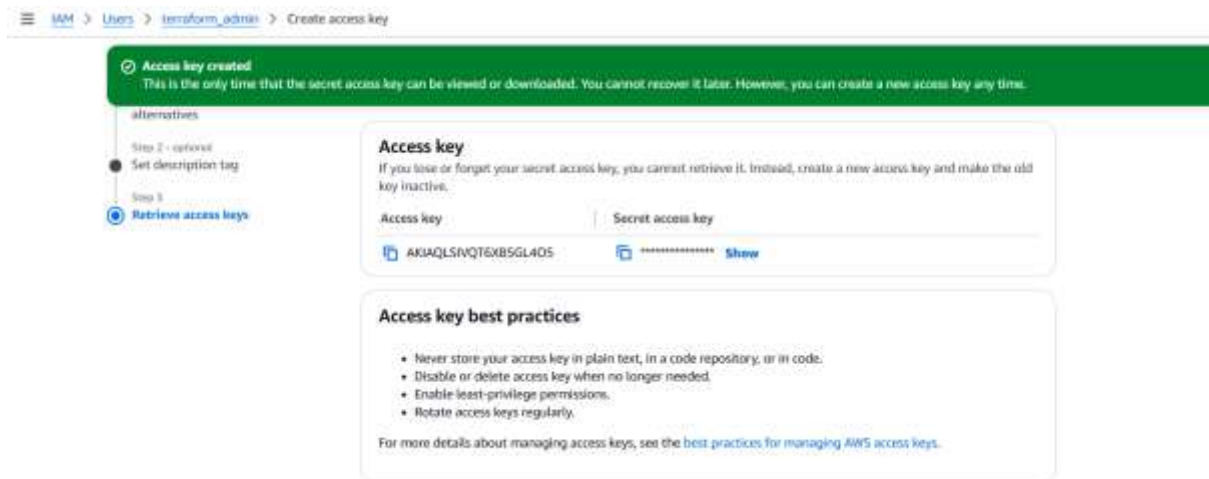


3) Check Terraform on windows.

```
C:\Users\DELL>terraform --version
Terraform v1.9.8
on windows_386

C:\Users\DELL>
```

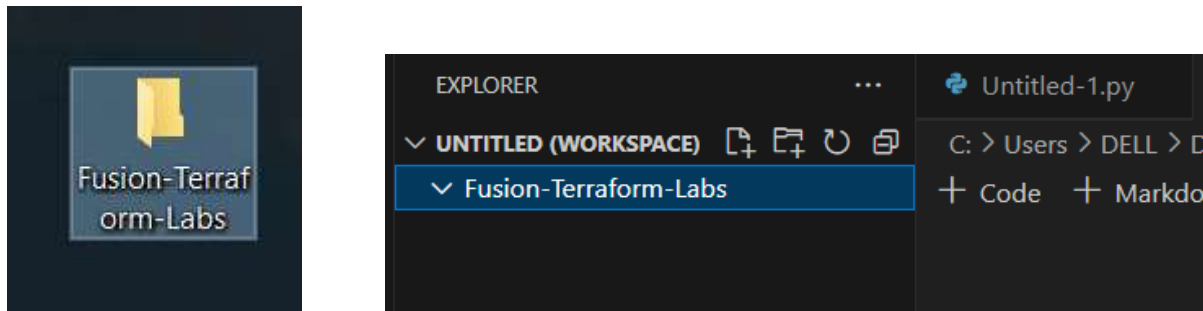
4) Create IAM user with admin policy & access key secret access key.



```
C:\Users\DELL>aws configure
AWS Access Key ID [*****BF7K]: 
AWS Secret Access Key [*****Lb54]: 
Default region name [ap-south-1]: ap-south-1a
Default output format [json]: json

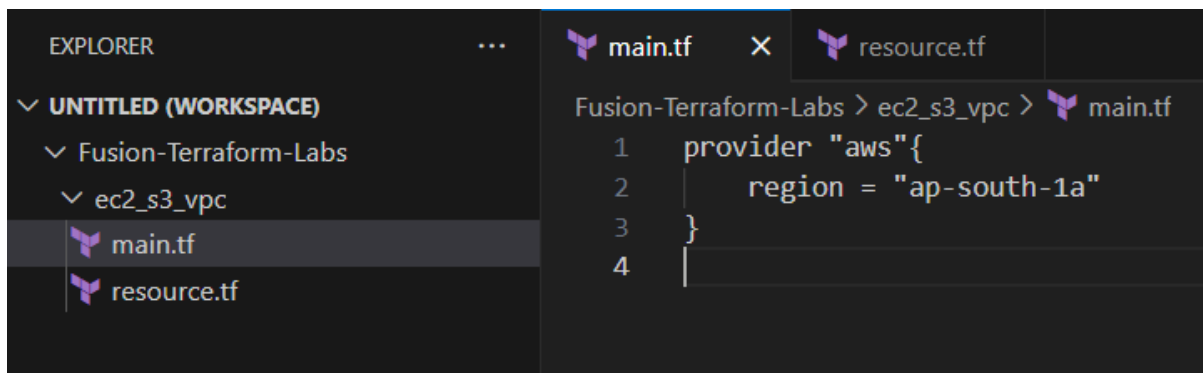
C:\Users\DELL>aws configure list
      Name                               Value                                Type      Location
      ----                               -
profile                                <not set>                           None      None
access_key                            *****L405                          shared-credentials-file
secret_key                             *****35nc                          shared-credentials-file
region                                ap-south-1a                          config-file  ~/.aws/config
```

5) Create a new folder as a “Fusion-Terraform-Labs” & add folder in VS code editor.

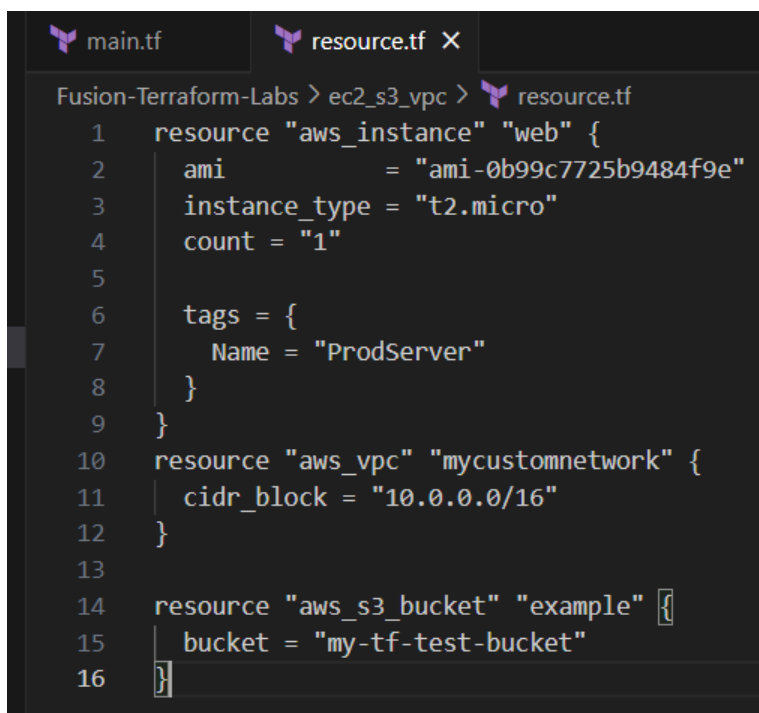


6) Create main.tf & resource.tf file.

Main.tf



Resource.tf



7)Run commands

1. Terraform init = Initializes the Terraform environment and downloads necessary plugins.
2. terraform validate = Validates your Terraform configuration files
3. Terraform plan = Creates an execution plan to show what actions Terraform will take to create, modify, or destroy infrastructure based on your configuration.
4. terraform apply = Applies the changes to create or update the infrastructure
5. terraform fmt = Formats configuration files for consistency and readability.
6. terraform destroy = Destroys all resources created by Terraform

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs
$ cd ec2_s3_vpc/

DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ dir
main.tf  resource.tf
```

#terraform init

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ terraform init
Initializing the backend...
Initializing provider plugins...
- Finding latest version of hashicorp/aws...
- Installing hashicorp/aws v5.76.0...
- Installed hashicorp/aws v5.76.0 (signed by HashiCorp)
Terraform has created a lock file .terraform.lock.hcl to record the provider
selections it made above. Include this file in your version control repository
so that Terraform can guarantee to make the same selections by default when
you run "terraform init" in the future.

Terraform has been successfully initialized!
```

#terraform validate

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ terraform validate
Success! The configuration is valid.
```

#terraform plan

```
# aws_instance.web[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "web" {
  + ami                        = "ami-0b99c7725b9484f9e"
  + arn                      = (known after apply)
  + associate_public_ip_address = (known after apply)
  + availability_zone         = (known after apply)
  + cpu_core_count            = (known after apply)
  + cpu_threads_per_core      = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_stop          = (known after apply)
  + disable_api_termination   = (known after apply)
  + ebs_optimized              = (known after apply)
  + get_password_data         = false
  + host_id                   = (known after apply)
  + host_resource_group_arn    = (known after apply)
  + iam_instance_profile       = (known after apply)
  + id                        = (known after apply)
  + instance_initiated_shutdown_behavior = (known after apply)
  + instance_lifecycle         = (known after apply)
  + instance_state             = (known after apply)
  + instance_type              = "t2.micro"
  + ipv6_address_count         = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_addresses             = (known after apply)
  + key_name                   = (known after apply)
  + monitoring                 = (known after apply)
  + outpost_arn                = (known after apply)
```

```
# aws_s3_bucket.example will be created
+ resource "aws_s3_bucket" "example" {
  + acceleration_status      = (known after apply)
  + acl                      = (known after apply)
  + arn                      = (known after apply)
  + bucket                   = "Shirureebucket"
  + bucket_domain_name       = (known after apply)
  + bucket_prefix            = (known after apply)
  + bucket_regional_domain_name = (known after apply)
  + force_destroy            = false
  + hosted_zone_id           = (known after apply)
  + id                      = (known after apply)
  + object_lock_enabled      = (known after apply)
  + policy                   = (known after apply)
  + region                   = (known after apply)
  + request_payer            = (known after apply)
  + tags_all                 = (known after apply)
  + website_domain           = (known after apply)
  + website_endpoint         = (known after apply)
```

```
# aws_vpc.mycustomnetwork will be created
+ resource "aws_vpc" "mycustomnetwork" {
  + arn                               = (known after apply)
  + cidr_block                        = "10.0.0.0/16"
  + default_network_acl_id           = (known after apply)
  + default_route_table_id           = (known after apply)
  + default_security_group_id         = (known after apply)
  + dhcp_options_id                   = (known after apply)
  + enable_dns_hostnames              = (known after apply)
  + enable_dns_support                = true
  + enable_network_address_usage_metrics = (known after apply)
  + id                                = (known after apply)
  + id                                = (known after apply)
  + instance_tenancy                  = "default"
  + ipv6_association_id               = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_cidr_block                   = (known after apply)
  + ipv6_cidr_block_network_border_group = (known after apply)
  + main_route_table_id               = (known after apply)
  + owner_id                           = (known after apply)
  + tags_all                           = (known after apply)
}
```

Plan: 3 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

#terraform apply

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ terraform apply
```

Terraform used the selected providers to generate the following execution plan
+ create

Terraform will perform the following actions:

```
# aws_instance.web[0] will be created
+ resource "aws_instance" "web" {
```

Plan: 1 to add, 0 to change, 0 to destroy.

Do you want to perform these actions?

Terraform will perform the actions described above.
Only 'yes' will be accepted to approve.

Enter a value: yes

aws_s3_bucket.example: Creating...

aws_s3_bucket.example: Creation complete after 4s [id=sshirureebucket]

Apply complete! Resources: 1 added, 0 changed, 0 destroyed.

8) See output on AWS console.

Ec2

Instances (1) [help](#)

Last updated
less than a minute ago

Connect

Instance state ▾

Actions ▾

Launch instances

All states ▾

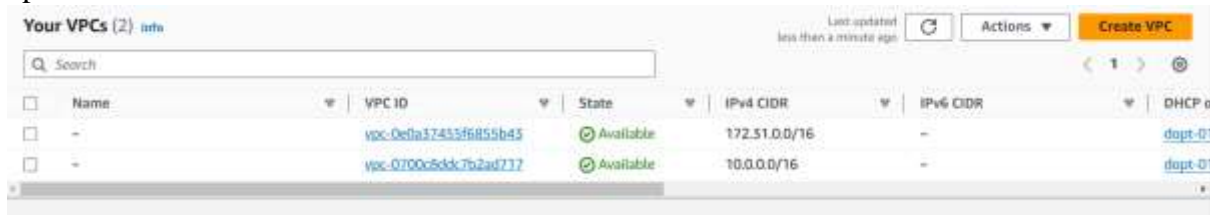
instance state = running X

Clear filters

< 1 > ⚙

<input type="checkbox"/>	Name 🔗	Instance ID	Instance state ▾	Instance type ▾	Status check	Alarm status	Availability Zone ▾
<input type="checkbox"/>	ProdServer	i-0595195fb9308fc93	Running 🔍 🔍	t2.micro	2/2 checks passed	View alarms +	ap-south-1b

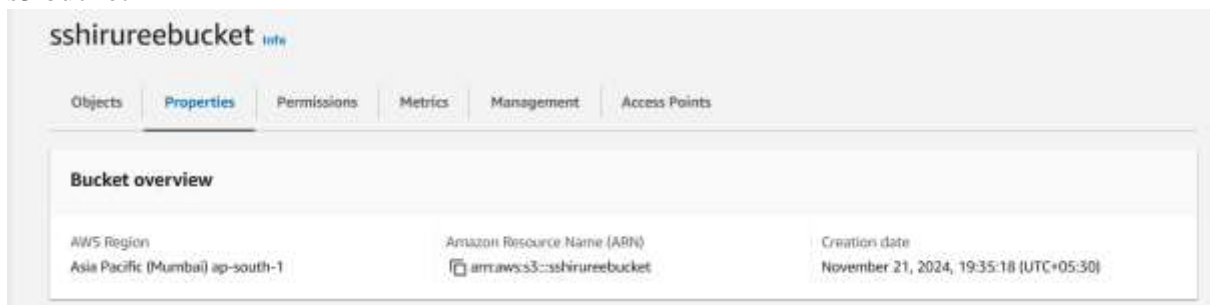
vpc



The screenshot shows the AWS VPC console interface. At the top, it says 'Your VPCs (2)' with an 'info' link. There's a search bar and buttons for 'Last updated less than a minute ago', 'Actions', and 'Create VPC'. Below is a table with columns: Name, VPC ID, State, IPv4 CIDR, IPv6 CIDR, and DHCP Options. Two VPCs are listed, both in an 'Available' state.

Name	VPC ID	State	IPv4 CIDR	IPv6 CIDR	DHCP Options
-	vpc-0e0a37433f6055b43	Available	172.31.0.0/16	-	dopt-07...
-	vpc-0700c8ddc7b2ad717	Available	10.0.0.0/16	-	dopt-07...

s3 bucket



The screenshot shows the AWS S3 console for a bucket named 'sshurureebucket'. The 'Properties' tab is selected. The 'Bucket overview' section shows the following details:

Property	Value
AWS Region	Asia Pacific (Mumbai) ap-south-1
Amazon Resource Name (ARN)	arn:aws:s3:::sshurureebucket
Creation date	November 21, 2024, 19:35:18 (UTC+05:30)

9) #terraform state list

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ terraform state list
aws_instance.web[0]
aws_s3_bucket.example
aws_vpc.mycustomnetwork
```

10) #terraform destroy

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
$ terraform destroy
aws_vpc.mycustomnetwork: Refreshing state... [id=vpc-0700c8ddc7b2ad717]
aws_s3_bucket.example: Refreshing state... [id=sshurureebucket]
aws_instance.web[0]: Refreshing state... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93]
```

```
Do you really want to destroy all resources?
Terraform will destroy all your managed infrastructure, as shown above.
There is no undo. Only 'yes' will be accepted to confirm.

Enter a value: yes

aws_vpc.mycustomnetwork: Destroying... [id=vpc-0700c8ddc7b2ad717]
aws_s3_bucket.example: Destroying... [id=sshurureebucket]
aws_instance.web[0]: Destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93]
aws_s3_bucket.example: Destruction complete after 1s
aws_vpc.mycustomnetwork: Destruction complete after 2s
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 10s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 20s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 30s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 40s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 50s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Still destroying... [id=i-0595195fb9308fc93, 1m0s elapsed]
aws_instance.web[0]: Destruction complete after 1m4s

Destroy complete! Resources: 3 destroyed.
```

11) #terraform fmt

```
DELL@DESKTOP-04BHFQ7 MINGW64 ~/Desktop/Fusion-Terraform-Labs/ec2_s3_vpc
● $ terraform fmt
main.tf
resource.tf
```

Thank You