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In [1]: #DAA PR : 04
        #0/1 Knapsack problem using branch and bound strategy
        def knapsack_dp(values, weights, capacity):
            n = len(values)

            # Create a 2D array to store the maximum value for each subproblem
            dp = [[0 for _ in range(capacity + 1)] for _ in range(n + 1)]

            # Build the dp array
            for i in range(1, n + 1):
                for w in range(1, capacity + 1):
                    if weights[i - 1] <= w:
                        # Include the item and check if it's more beneficial
                        dp[i][w] = max(dp[i - 1][w],
                                       values[i - 1] + dp[i - 1][w - weights[i - 1]])
                    else:
                        # Exclude the item
                        dp[i][w] = dp[i - 1][w]

            # The maximum value for the entire capacity will be
            # stored in dp[n][capacity]
            return dp[n][capacity]

        # Example usage
        if __name__ == "__main__":
            values = [60, 100, 120] # Values of the items
            weights = [10, 20, 30] # Corresponding weights of the items
            capacity = 50 # Knapsack capacity

            max_value = knapsack_dp(values, weights, capacity)
            print(f"Maximum value in the knapsack: {max_value}")

        # Branch and Bound Strategy:
        import heapq

        class Node:
            def __init__(self, level, value, weight, bound):
                self.level = level
                self.value = value
                self.weight = weight
                self.bound = bound

            def __lt__(self, other):
                return self.bound > other.bound # Max-heap

        # Function to calculate the upper bound
        def bound(u, n, capacity, values, weights):
            if u.weight >= capacity:
                return 0

            bound_value = u.value
            j = u.level + 1
            total_weight = u.weight

            while j < n and total_weight + weights[j] <= capacity:
                total_weight += weights[j]
                bound_value += values[j]
                j += 1

            if j < n:

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        bound_value += (capacity - total_weight) *
        values[j] / weights[j]

    return bound_value

def knapsack_bb(values, weights, capacity):
    n = len(values)

    # Sort by value-to-weight ratio in decreasing order
    items = sorted(range(n), key=lambda i: values[i] / weights[i],
                    reverse=True)
    values = [values[i] for i in items]
    weights = [weights[i] for i in items]

    max_value = 0 # Max value we can carry
    pq = []
    u = Node(-1, 0, 0, 0) # Starting node
    u.bound = bound(u, n, capacity, values, weights)
    heapq.heappush(pq, u)

    while pq:
        u = heapq.heappop(pq)

        if u.level == n - 1 or u.bound <= max_value:
            continue

        v = Node(u.level + 1, u.value, u.weight, 0)

        # Consider including the current item
        v.weight = u.weight + weights[v.level]
        v.value = u.value + values[v.level]

        if v.weight <= capacity and v.value > max_value:
            max_value = v.value

        v.bound = bound(v, n, capacity, values, weights)

        if v.bound > max_value:
            heapq.heappush(pq, v)

        # Consider excluding the current item
        v = Node(u.level + 1, u.value, u.weight, 0)
        v.bound = bound(v, n, capacity, values, weights)

        if v.bound > max_value:
            heapq.heappush(pq, v)

    return max_value

# Example usage
if __name__ == "__main__":
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    print(f"Maximum value in the knapsack: {max_value}")

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