

## Welcome to Colab!

```
import pandas as pd
print("Pandas library imported successfully.")
```

Pandas library imported successfully.

```
df = pd.read_csv('/content/StudentsPerformance[1] (1).csv')
print("Dataset loaded successfully.")
df.head()
```

Dataset loaded successfully.

```
{"summary":{"name": "df", "rows": 1000, "fields": [
  {
    "column": "gender",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "category",
      "num_unique_values": 2,
      "samples": [
        "male",
        "female"
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "race/ethnicity",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "category",
      "num_unique_values": 5,
      "samples": [
        "group C",
        "group E"
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "parental level of education",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "category",
      "num_unique_values": 6,
      "samples": [
        "bachelor's degree",
        "some college"
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "lunch",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "category",
      "num_unique_values": 2,
      "samples": [
        "free/reduced",
        "standard"
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "test preparation course",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "category",
      "num_unique_values": 2,
      "samples": [
        "completed",
        "none"
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "math score",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "number",
      "std": 15,
      "min": 0,
      "max": 100,
      "num_unique_values": 81,
      "samples": [
        55,
        72
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "reading score",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "number",
      "std": 14,
      "min": 17,
      "max": 100,
      "num_unique_values": 72,
      "samples": [
        78,
        23
      ],
      "semantic_type": "",
      "description": ""
    }
  },
  {
    "column": "writing score",
    "properties": {
      "dtype": "number",
      "std":
```



```
\n\"dtype\": \"number\", \"std\": 334.8025670597152, \"min\": 10.0, \"max\": 1000.0, \"num_unique_values\": 8, \"samples\": [\n 69.0, 1000.0, \"semantic_type\": \"\", \"description\": \"\" }\n ]\n}\", \"type\": \"dataframe\"}
```

```
from statsmodels.formula.api import ols
```

```
# Rename columns to remove spaces for easier use in formulas
df_renamed = df.rename(columns={'math score': 'math_score', 'reading score': 'reading_score'})
```

```
# Define the linear regression model with the renamed columns
model = ols('math_score ~ reading_score', data=df_renamed)
```

```
# Fit the model to the data
results = model.fit()
```

```
# Print the summary of the regression results
print(results.summary())
```

### OLS Regression Results

```
=====
=====
Dep. Variable:          math_score    R-squared:
0.668
Model:                  OLS          Adj. R-squared:
0.668
Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
2012.
Date:                   Thu, 13 Nov 2025    Prob (F-statistic):
1.79e-241
Time:                   07:51:17          Log-Likelihood:
-3585.3
No. Observations:       1000             AIC:
7175.
Df Residuals:           998             BIC:
7184.
Df Model:                1

Covariance Type:        nonrobust

=====
=====
coef    std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
-----
-----
```

Intercept	7.3576	1.338	5.498	0.000	4.732
9.984					
reading_score	0.8491	0.019	44.855	0.000	0.812
0.886					

```

=====
=====
Omnibus:                4.508    Durbin-Watson:
2.084
Prob(Omnibus):          0.105    Jarque-Bera (JB):
3.578
Skew:                   -0.010    Prob(JB):
0.167
Kurtosis:               2.708    Cond. No.
343.
=====
=====

```

Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
from statsmodels.formula.api import ols
```

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# Rename columns to remove spaces for easier use in formulas
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Model:                  OLS          Adj. R-squared:
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Method:                 Least Squares    F-statistic:
2012.
Date:                   Thu, 13 Nov 2025    Prob (F-statistic):
1.79e-241
Time:                   07:52:27          Log-Likelihood:
-3585.3

```

No. Observations: 1000 AIC:  
7175.  
Df Residuals: 998 BIC:  
7184.  
Df Model: 1

Covariance Type: nonrobust

```
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              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
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Intercept      7.3576      1.338      5.498      0.000      4.732
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Notes:

[1] Standard Errors assume that the covariance matrix of the errors is correctly specified.

```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Create a scatter plot with the linear regression line
sns.regplot(x='reading_score', y='math_score', data=df_renamed)
```

```
# Add title and labels
plt.title('Linear Regression: Math Score vs. Reading Score')
plt.xlabel('Reading Score')
plt.ylabel('Math Score')
```

```
# Display the plot
plt.show()
```



```
from statsmodels.formula.api import ols

# Rename columns to remove spaces for easier use in formulas
df_renamed = df.rename(columns={'math score': 'math_score', 'reading
score': 'reading_score'})

# Define the linear regression model with the renamed columns
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 1.79e-241  
 Time: 07:52:35 Log-Likelihood:  
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 No. Observations: 1000 AIC:  
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              coef      std err          t      P>|t|      [0.025
0.975]
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Intercept      7.3576      1.338      5.498      0.000      4.732
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```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Create a scatter plot with the linear regression line
sns.regplot(x='reading_score', y='math_score', data=df_renamed)
```

```
# Add title and labels
plt.title('Linear Regression: Math Score vs. Reading Score')
plt.xlabel('Reading Score')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Math Score')
```

```
# Display the plot
```

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plt.show()
```



```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
```

```
import seaborn as sns
```

```
# Get the residuals from the fitted model
```

```
residuals = results.resid
```

```
# Create a scatter plot of residuals against the independent variable
```

```
sns.scatterplot(x=df_renamed['reading_score'], y=residuals)
```

```
# Add title and labels
```

```
plt.title('Residuals Plot: Math Score vs. Reading Score')
```

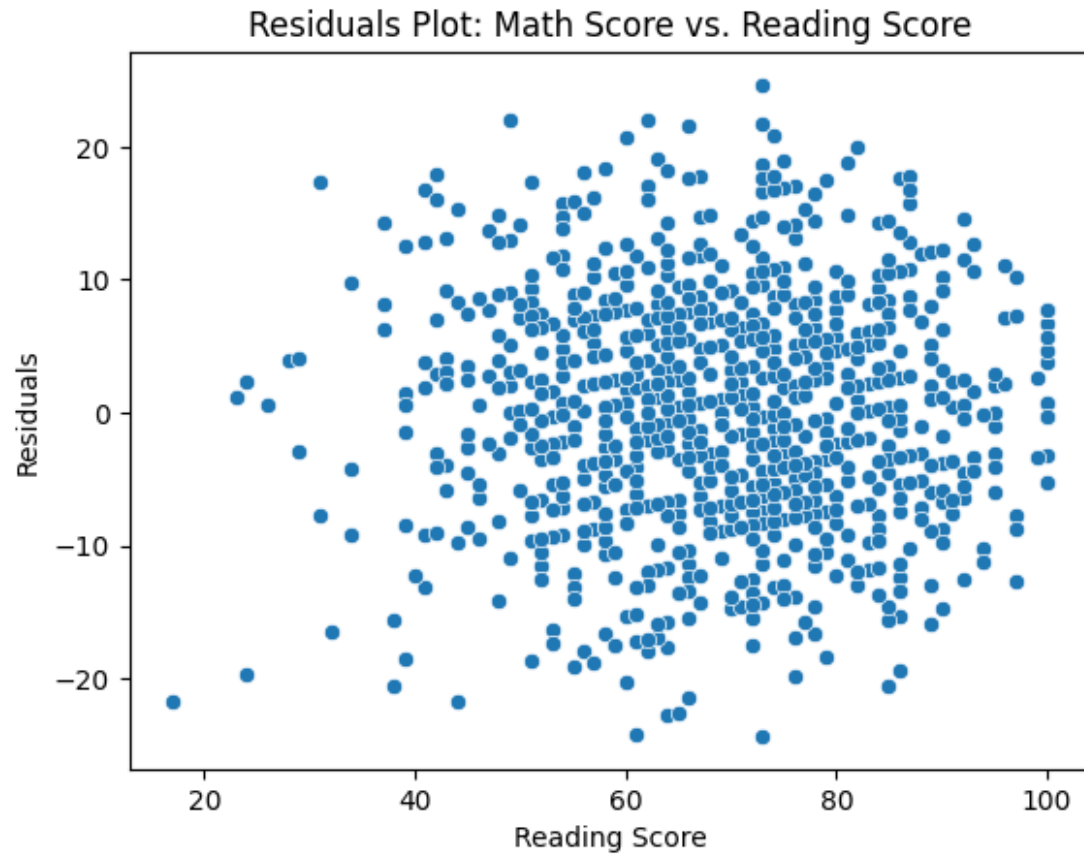
```
plt.xlabel('Reading Score')
```

```
plt.ylabel('Residuals')
```

```
# Display the plot
```

```
plt.show()
```





```
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
import seaborn as sns

# Create a histogram of the residuals
sns.histplot(residuals, kde=True)

# Add title and labels
plt.title('Distribution of Residuals')
plt.xlabel('Residuals')
plt.ylabel('Frequency')

# Display the plot
plt.show()
```

