# CS315: DATABASE SYSTEMS NOSQL AND BIG DATA SYSTEMS

#### Arnab Bhattacharya

arnabb@cse.iitk.ac.in

Computer Science and Engineering, Indian Institute of Technology, Kanpur http://web.cse.iitk.ac.in/~cs315/

> 2<sup>nd</sup> semester, 2019-20 Tue, Wed 12:00-13:15

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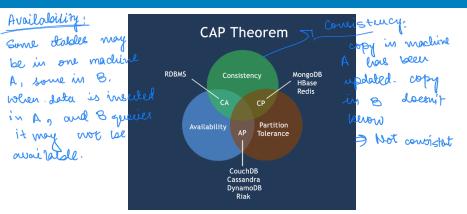
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- Later changed since RDBMS is too powerful to always ignore
- Nawsol

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- Not a theorem, but a hypothesis

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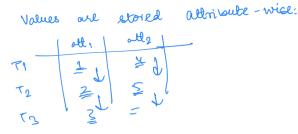
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- BASE is to counter <u>ACID</u>

## **Types**

- Main types of NoSQL data stores:
  - Columnar families
  - Key-value stores
  - Bigtable systems
  - Ocument databases
  - Graph databases

# Columnar Storage

- Instead of rows being stored together, columns are stored consecutively
- A single disk block (or a set of consecutive blocks) stores a single column family
- A column family may consist of one or multiple columns
- This set of columns is called a super column

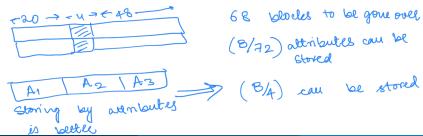


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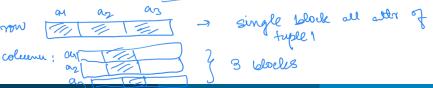
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  - Columnar relational models
  - Key-value stores and/or big tables

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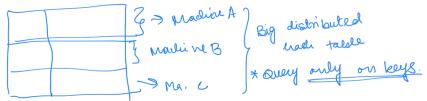
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- Example: Cassandra, CouchDB, Tokyo Cabinet, Redis

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Paralle computing
Map diff portions to diff machine, compute
and the reduce at one place.

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- Example: BigTable, HBase, Cassandra, HyperTable, SimpleDB

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- Popular document formats are XML, JSON, BSON, YAML
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- Example: Neo4J, HyperGraph, Infinite Graph, Titan, FlockDB

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- Trend is for NoSQL as cloud computing and big data relies on it
- Many NoSQL systems are increasingly using features of RDBMS
- New paradigm of scalability with transaction support is NewSQL

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- When data is bigger than most standard machines can store or most algorithms can handle
- + Depends on what is the application

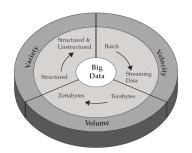
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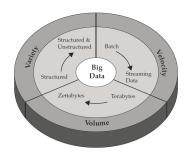
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  - Newer architectures
- Allows solving newer problems
  - Can also solve older problems better

## Properties of Big Data



- 3 V's: volume, variety, velocity
- Volume: When data is extremely large in size, how to load it, index it or query it
- Variety: Data can be <u>semi-structured</u> or <u>unstructured</u> as well; how to query
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- Increased capital Money ( Business )
- Increased business

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- Operations: Querying, indexing, analytics
  - Data mining, Information retrieval
  - Machine learning: Mahout on top of Hadoop

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