

# **PROGRAM TITLE 1**

## **8-PUZZLE PROBLEM**

### **AIM:**

To write a python program to solve 8-puzzle problem.

### **PROCEDURE:**

#### **1. PuzzleNode Class:**

- Represents a node in the search space.
- Contains the current state of the puzzle, a reference to the parent node, the move made to reach this state, the cost of reaching this state from the initial state, and the heuristic value.

#### **2. Manhattan Distance Heuristic:**

- The Manhattan distance is used as a heuristic to estimate the cost of reaching the goal state from the current state.
- It calculates the sum of the horizontal and vertical distances between the current positions of each tile and their goal positions.

#### **3. get\_successors Function:**

- Generates successor nodes by exploring possible moves (up, down, left, right) from the current state.
- Ensures that successor states are valid and not previously visited.

#### **4. solve\_8\_puzzle Function:**

- Implements the A\* search algorithm to find the solution.
- Uses a priority queue to explore nodes with lower estimated costs first.
- Continues until the goal state is reached or the search space is exhausted.

#### **5. find\_empty\_tile Function:**

- Helper function to find the position of the empty tile (0) in the puzzle state.

#### **6. get\_solution\_path Function:**

- Constructs the solution path by backtracking from the goal node to the initial node.

#### 7. **Print State Function:**

- Helper function to print the state of the puzzle.

### **CODING:**

```
import copy
```

```
from heapq import heappush, heappop
```

```
n = 3
```

```
row = [1, 0, -1, 0] col
```

```
= [0, -1, 0, 1]
```

```
class priorityQueue:
```

```
    def __init__(self):
```

```
        self.heap = []
```

```
    def push(self, k):
```

```
        heappush(self.heap, k)
```

```
    def pop(self):
```

```
        return heappop(self.heap)
```

```

    def empty(self):
if not self.heap:
return True    else:
    return False

```

```

class node:

```

```

    def __init__(self, parent, mat, empty_tile_pos,
        cost, level):
self.parent = parent

```

```

    self.mat = mat

```

```

    self.empty_tile_pos = empty_tile_pos

```

```

    self.cost = cost

```

```

    self.level = level

```

```

    def __lt__(self, nxt):
        return self.cost < nxt.cost

```

```

def calculateCost(mat, final) -> int:

```

```

    count = 0    for i in
range(n):        for j in
range(n):        if
((mat[i][j]) and

```

```

        (mat[i][j] != final[i][j])):

    count += 1

return count

def newNode(mat, empty_tile_pos, new_empty_tile_pos,
            level, parent, final) -> node:
    new_mat = copy.deepcopy(mat)

    x1 = empty_tile_pos[0]    y1 = empty_tile_pos[1]    x2 =
new_empty_tile_pos[0]    y2 = new_empty_tile_pos[1]    new_mat[x1][y1],
new_mat[x2][y2] = new_mat[x2][y2], new_mat[x1][y1]

    cost = calculateCost(new_mat, final)

    new_node = node(parent, new_mat, new_empty_tile_pos,
                    cost, level)

    return new_node

def printMatrix(mat):
    for i in range(n):
        for j in range(n):

            print("%d " % (mat[i][j]), end=" ")

    print()

```

```
def isSafe(x, y):    return x >= 0 and x < n and  
y >= 0 and y < n
```

```
def printPath(root):  
    if root == None:  
        return  
  
    printPath(root.parent)  
    printMatrix(root.mat)    print()
```

```
def solve(initial, empty_tile_pos, final):  
    pq = priorityQueue()
```

```
        cost = calculateCost(initial, final)  
    root = node(None, initial,  
empty_tile_pos, cost, 0)
```

```
    pq.push(root)
```

```
    while not pq.empty():
```

```
        minimum = pq.pop()
```

```
        if minimum.cost == 0:  
            printPath(minimum)
```

```
return
```

```
    for i in range(4):        new_tile_pos = [  
minimum.empty_tile_pos[0] + row[i],  
minimum.empty_tile_pos[1] + col[i], ]  
  
        if isSafe(new_tile_pos[0], new_tile_pos[1]):  
child = newNode(minimum.mat,  
minimum.empty_tile_pos,  
new_tile_pos,                minimum.level +  
1,                minimum, final, )  
  
        pq.push(child)
```

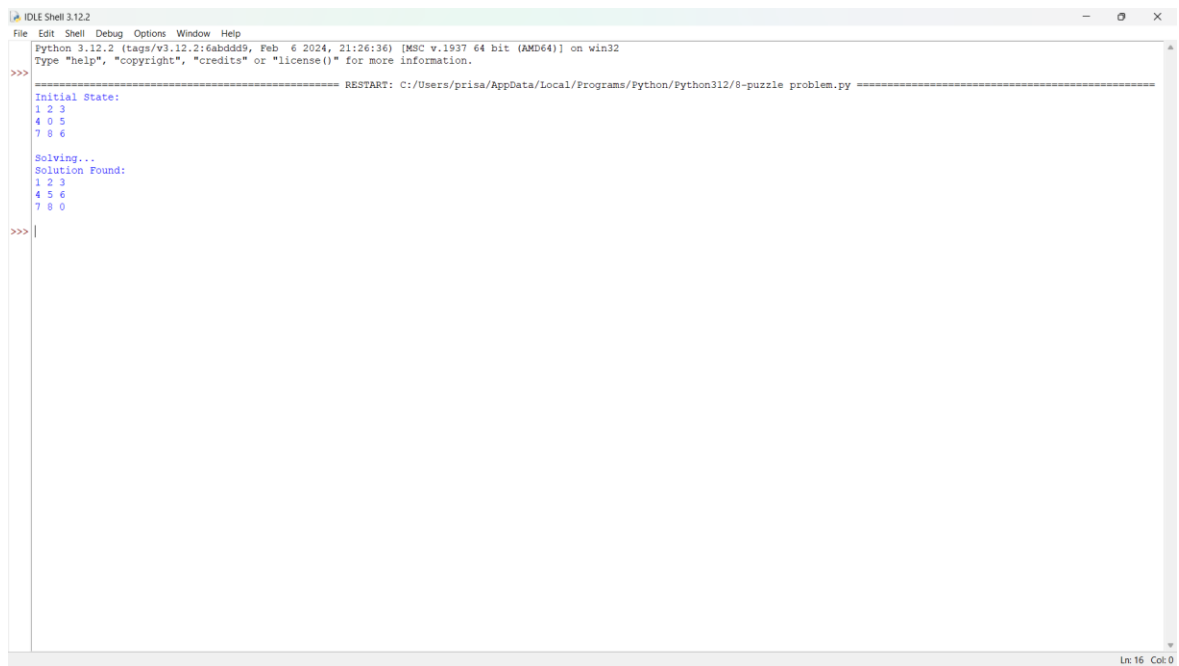
```
initial = [[1, 2, 3],  
[5, 6, 0],  
[7, 8, 4]]
```

```
final = [[1, 2, 3],  
[5, 8, 6],  
[0, 7, 4]]
```

```
empty_tile_pos = [1, 2]
```

```
solve(initial, empty_tile_pos, final)
```

## OUTPUT:



```
Python 3.12.2 (tags/v3.12.2:6abddd9, Feb 6 2024, 21:26:36) [MSC v.1937 64 bit (AMD64)] on win32
Type "help", "copyright", "credits" or "license()" for more information.
>>>
===== RESTART: C:/Users/prisa/AppData/Local/Programs/Python/Python312/8-puzzle problem.py =====
Initial State:
1 2 3
4 0 5
7 8 6

Solving...
Solution Found:
1 2 3
4 5 6
7 8 0

>>> |
```

## RESULT:

Hence the program been successfully executed and verified.