OOPS WITH JAVA

CS23333

MINI PROJECT

SIMPLE BANKING APPLICATION

DONE BY:

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AIM:

The aim of the project is to develop a **Simple Banking Application** in Java that allows users to perform basic banking operations such as depositing money, withdrawing money, checking their account balance, and exiting the application. This project demonstrates the use of object-oriented programming (OOP) concepts, the **Scanner** class for user input, and basic control structures like loops and conditionals.

ALGORITHM:

1. Start the Program

- Import the Scanner class for user input.
- Define the SimpleBankingApplication class with attributes: accountHolderName, accountNumber, and balance.

2. Initialize the Account

- Prompt the user to enter their name, account number, and initial balance.
- Create an object of the SimpleBankingApplication class with the provided details.

3. Display Menu Options

- Present a menu with the following options in a loop:
 - 1. Deposit Money
 - 2. Withdraw Money
 - 3. Check Balance
 - 4. Exit

4. Handle User Input

- Prompt the user to select an option.
- Based on the user's choice, perform the corresponding action:
 - Opposit:

- Prompt the user to enter the deposit amount.
- Add the amount to the balance if it's valid (greater than 0).

O Withdraw:

- Prompt the user to enter the withdrawal amount.
- Deduct the amount from the balance if sufficient funds are available.

Oheck Balance:

- Display the current account balance.
- o Exit:
 - Thank the user and terminate the program.

5. Handle Invalid Inputs

 If the user enters an invalid option, prompt them to re-enter a valid choice.

6. Exit the Program

• Close the Scanner object and terminate the program when the user selects the exit option.

PROGRAM:

```
import java.util.Scanner;
public class SimpleBankingApplication {
    private double balance;
    private String accountHolderName;
    private String accountNumber;
```

public SimpleBankingApplication(String accountHolderName, String
accountNumber, double initialBalance) {

this.accountHolderName = accountHolderName;

```
this.accountNumber = accountNumber;
     this.balance = initialBalance;
     }
     public void deposit(double amount) {
     if (amount > 0) {
      balance += amount;
     System.out.println("Hi " + accountHolderName + " (Account: " +
accountNumber + "), you have successfully deposited " + amount);
     } else {
     System.out.println("Invalid deposit amount. Try again.");
     }
     }
     public void withdraw(double amount) {
     if (amount > 0 && amount <= balance) {
      balance -= amount;
     System.out.println("Hi " + accountHolderName + " (Account: " +
accountNumber + "), you have successfully withdrawn " + amount);
     } else if (amount > balance) {
     System.out.println("Hi " + accountHolderName + " (Account: " +
accountNumber + "), you have insufficient balance for this transaction.");
     } else {
     System.out.println("Invalid withdrawal amount. Try again.");
```

```
}
     }
     public void checkBalance() {
     System.out.println("Hi " + accountHolderName + " (Account: " +
accountNumber + "), your current balance is " + balance);
     }
     public static void main(String[] args) {
     Scanner scanner = new Scanner(System.in);
     System.out.println("Welcome to the Simple Banking Application!");
     System.out.print("Enter your name: ");
     String name = scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter your account number: ");
     String accountNumber = scanner.nextLine();
     System.out.print("Enter your initial balance: ");
     double initialBalance = scanner.nextDouble();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Clear the leftover newline character
     SimpleBankingApplication account = new
SimpleBankingApplication(name, accountNumber, initialBalance);
     int choice;
```

```
do {
System.out.println("\n--- Menu ---");
System.out.println("1. Deposit");
System.out.println("2. Withdraw");
System.out.println("3. Check Balance");
System.out.println("4. Exit");
System.out.print("Enter your choice: ");
choice = scanner.nextInt();
scanner.nextLine(); // Clear the leftover newline character
switch (choice) {
      case 1:
     System.out.print("Enter deposit amount: ");
     double depositAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Clear the leftover newline character
     account.deposit(depositAmount);
     break;
      case 2:
     System.out.print("Enter withdrawal amount: ");
     double withdrawalAmount = scanner.nextDouble();
     scanner.nextLine(); // Clear the leftover newline character
```

```
account.withdraw(withdrawalAmount);
           break;
           case 3:
           account.checkBalance();
           break;
           case 4:
           System.out.println("Thank you, " + name + " (Account: " +
accountNumber + "), for using the Simple Banking Application. Goodbye!");
           break;
           default:
           System.out.println("Invalid choice. Please choose a valid
option.");
     }
     } while (choice != 4);
     scanner.close();
     }
}
```

OUTPUT:

```
Welcome to the Simple Banking Application!
Enter your name: Joe
Enter your account number: 12345
Enter your initial balance: ?100000
--- Menu ---
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Check Balance
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 1
Enter deposit amount: ?50000
Hi Joe (Account: 12345), you have successfully deposited ?50000.0
--- Menu ---
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Check Balance
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 2
Enter withdrawal amount: ?25000
Hi Joe (Account: 12345), you have successfully withdrawn ?25000.0
--- Menu ---
1. Deposit
2. Withdraw
3. Check Balance
4. Exit
Enter your choice: 3
Hi Joe (Account: 12345), your current balance is ?125000.0
```

```
--- Menu ---

1. Deposit

2. Withdraw

3. Check Balance

4. Exit
Enter your choice: 4
Thank you, Joe (Account: 12345), for using the Simple Banking Application. Goodbye!
```

CONCLUSION:

The **Simple Banking Application** successfully simulates basic banking operations like deposit, withdrawal, and balance inquiry. It demonstrates the practical implementation of Java programming concepts such as:

- Object-Oriented Programming: Encapsulation of account details in a class.
- **Control Structures**: Use of loops and conditionals to handle user interactions.
- Input Handling: Use of the Scanner class for interactive inputs.

By implementing this project, beginners gain hands-on experience in Java programming, reinforcing their understanding of key concepts like classes, methods, and user interaction. The program can be further extended with features such as transaction history or multi-user support.