EXP 5 210701224

Create tables in Hive and write queries to access the data in the table Aim:

To create tables in Hive and write queries to access the data in the table.

Procedure:

Step 1: Download the Hive from it's official website. Once the file get downloaded in your */downloads* folder extract this file with below command

tar -xvf apache-hive-2.1.1-bin.tar.gz

Step 2: Once you have downloaded the Hive now Install the latest version of MySQL java connector.

Then create a link between jar file and hive lib folder and copy jar to the lib folder.

sudo In -s /usr/share/java/mysql-connector-java.jar \$HIVE_HOME/lib/mysql-connector-java.jar

Step 3: Now start the Hadoop with the below command:

start-dfs.sh

start-yarn.sh

Step 4: Once your Hadoop gets started we will create Directories for the hive. Implement below commands in your terminal to make directories.

hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /user/hive/warehouse

hdfs dfs -mkdir -p /tmp/hive

Step 5: Now we will change permission for all this directory with below command.

hdfs dfs -chmod 777 /tmp/

hdfs dfs -chmod 777 /user/hive/warehouse

hdfs dfs -chmod 777 /tmp/hive

Step 6: Now we will install MySQL with below command.

sudo apt-get install mysql-server

Step 7: Create the Metastore Database after entering your MySQL terminal, implement all the below commands to do so (use **root** as password for SQL).

mysql> sudo mysql -u root -p

mysql> CREATE DATABASE metastore db;

mysql> USE metastore_db;

Change the username according to you and path also if it is different.

mysql> SOURCE /home/{user-name}/Documents/apache-hive-2.1.1-bin/scripts/metastore/upgrade/mysql/hive-schema-0.14.0.mysql.sql;

Step 8: Now make hive user and hive password with below command on *mysql* terminal.

mysql> CREATE USER 'hiveusr'@'%' IDENTIFIED BY 'hivepassword';

mysql> GRANT all on *.* to 'hiveusr'@localhost identified by 'hivepassword';

mysql> flush privileges;

Then type exit to quit the MySQL terminal.

mysql> exit

Step 9: Now go to *apache-hive-2.1.1-bin* then go to *conf* folder and rename hive-default.xml.template to *hive-site.xml* and hive-env.sh.template to *hive-env.sh*

Step 10: Now we start configuration for hive so go to *hive-site.xml* and change the following property.(use clrl+f to search property in a file)

A: ConnectionURL

<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionURL</name>

<value>jdbc:mysql://localhost/metastore db?createDatabaseIfNotExist=true

B: ConnectionUserName

```
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionUserName</name>
<value>hiveusr</value>
```

// Change username in value if you change it above.

C: ConnectionPassword

<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionPassword</name>

<value>hivepassword</value>

// change password in value if you change it above.

D: ConnectionDriverName

```
<name>javax.jdo.option.ConnectionDriverName</name>
<value>com.mysql.jdbc.Driver</value>
<description>MySQL JDBC driver class</description>
```

Step 11: Now open hive-env.sh and append your hadoop path inside it.

export HADOOP HOME=/home/dikshant/Documents/hadoop

```
52
53 # Folder containing extra ibraries required for hive compilation/execution can be controlled by:
54 # export HIVE_AUX_JARS_PATH=
55
56
57 export HADOOP_HOME=/home/dikshant/Documents/hadoop
```

Step 12: Also replace the below values in hive-site.xml (search property with ctrl+f and enter the name inside search box)

A: Replace this properties

With this property

B: Replace this property

With these properties

Step 13: Now the most important part is to set path for Hive in our *.bashrc* file, so open *.bashrc* with below command.

```
sudo gedit ~/.bashrc
```

Copy the Hive path shown in the below image and update it according to your hive path (if different).

```
#Hive Path
export HIVE_HOME=/home/dikshant/Documents/apache-hive-2.1.1-bin
export PATH=$PATH:$HIVE_HOME/bin
```

source ~/.bashrc

```
Step 14: Now run this below command to initialize schema for MySQL database.
schematool -initSchema -dbType mysql
Step 15: that's it now run hive shell by typing hive in terminal.
hive
Step 16:
 Create a Database
 Create a new database in Hive:
 hive>CREATE DATABASE financials;
Step 17:
 Switch to the newly created database:
 hive>use financials;
Step 18:
 Create a simple table in your database:
 hive>CREATE TABLE finance table( id INT, name STRING);
Step 19:
 You can insert sample data into the table:
 hive>INSERT INTO finance_tableVALUES (1, 'Alice'), (2, 'Bob'), (3, 'Charlie');
Step 20:
 Use SQL-like queries to retrieve data from your table:
 hive>CREATE VIEW myview AS SELECT name, id FROM finance_table;
Step 21:
 To see the data in the view, you would
 need to query the view
 hive>SELECT*FROM myview;
Step 22:
 To exit the Hive
 CLI, simply type:
 hive>quit;
```

OUTPUT:

Result:

Thus to create tables in Hive and write queries to access the data in the table is executed successfully.

