



You Choose, We Do It
St. JOSEPH'S COLLEGE OF ENGINEERING
(An Autonomous Institution)
St. Joseph's Group of Institutions
OMR, Chennai - 119



Faculty of Information and Communication Engineering

REGULATIONS – 2021 CURRICULUM & SYLLABI #

B.E – ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

Choice based Credit System (CBCS)

I-VIII Semesters

Students admitted in the year 2021



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Vision and Mission of the Department:

Vision:

To become a world class renowned department where dissemination and application of knowledge in design and analysis of electronic circuits in the field of communication is delivered and to synergistically balance through relentless pursuit of student success towards the economic prosperity of the society and the world at large.

Mission:

- **Professionalism:** Achieve excellence in teaching, learning, and educational activities which ensure that each student has the opportunity to attain his or her fullest potential.
- **Core Competence:** Inculcate innovative skills, research aptitude, team-work, ethical practices in students so as to meet expectations of the industry as well as society.
- **Research:** Provide research and intellectual resources that address problems facing the industry and the world, while advancing the boundaries of disciplinary and multidisciplinary research and its applications.
- **Industrial Interaction:** Provide professional development opportunities for all by creating an open and accessible learning environment and incorporating appropriate technology through collaboration with industry.

PROGRAM EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES (PEOs)

- PEO1:** To enable graduates to pursue research, or have a successful career in academia or industries associated with Electronics and Communication Engineering, or as entrepreneurs.
- PEO 2:** To provide students with strong foundational concepts and also advanced techniques and tools in order to enable them to build solutions or systems of varying complexity.
- PEO 3:** To prepare students to critically analyze existing literature in an area of specialization and ethically develop innovative and research oriented methodologies to solve the problems identified.

PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POs)

Engineering Graduates will be able to:

1. **Engineering knowledge:** Apply the knowledge of mathematics, science, engineering fundamentals, and an engineering specialization to the solution of complex engineering problems.
2. **Problem analysis:** Identify, formulate, review research literature, and analyze complex engineering problems reaching substantiated conclusions using first principles of mathematics, natural sciences, and engineering sciences.
3. **Design/development of solutions:** Design solutions for complex engineering problems and design system components or processes that meet the specified needs with appropriate consideration for the public health and safety, and the cultural, societal, and environmental considerations.
4. **Conduct investigations of complex problems:** Use research-based knowledge and research methods including design of experiments, analysis and interpretation of data, and synthesis of the information to provide valid conclusions.
5. **Modern tool usage:** Create, select, and apply appropriate techniques, resources, and modern engineering and IT tools including prediction and modeling to complex engineering activities with an understanding of the limitations.

6. **The engineer and society:** Apply reasoning informed by the contextual knowledge to assess societal, health, safety, legal and cultural issues and the consequent responsibilities relevant to the professional engineering practice.
7. **Environment and sustainability:** Understand the impact of the professional engineering solutions in societal and environmental contexts, and demonstrate the knowledge of, and need for sustainable development.
8. **Ethics:** Apply ethical principles and commit to professional ethics and responsibilities and norms of the engineering practice.
9. **Individual and team work:** Function effectively as an individual, and as a member or leader in diverse teams, and in multidisciplinary settings.
10. **Communication:** Communicate effectively on complex engineering activities with the engineering community and with society at large, such as, being able to comprehend and write effective reports and design documentation, make effective presentations, and give and receive clear instructions.
11. **Project management and finance:** Demonstrate knowledge and understanding of the engineering and management principles and apply these to one's own work, as a member and leader in a team, to manage projects and in multidisciplinary environments.
12. **Life-long learning:** Recognize the need for, and have the preparation and ability to engage in independent and life-long learning in the broadest context of technological change.

PROGRAMME SPECIFIC OUTCOMES (PSOs)

PSO 1: To analyse, design and develop solutions by applying foundational concepts of electronics and communication engineering.

PSO 2: To apply design principles and best practices for developing quality products for scientific and business applications.

PSO 3: To adapt to emerging information and communication technologies (ICT) to innovate ideas and solutions to existing/novel problems.

Mapping of Programme Educational Objectives (PEOs) and the Program Outcomes (Pos):

PEOs	PROGRAM OUTCOMES (POS)											
	PO1	PO2	PO3	PO4	PO5	PO6	PO7	PO8	PO9	PO10	PO11	PO12
PEO1	3	3	3	2	3	3	3	-	-	3	3	3
PEO2	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	2	3	3	3
PEO3	2	2	-	-	3	3	3	3	3	3	3	3



B.E. ELECTRONICS AND COMMUNICATION ENGINEERING

REGULATIONS 2021

CHOICE BASED CREDIT SYSTEM

I - VIII SEMESTERS CURRICULA AND SYLLABI

SEMESTER I

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	HS1101	Communicative English	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	MA1102	Engineering Mathematics- I	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
3.	PH1103	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	CY1104	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	GE1105	Problem solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	GE1106	Engineering Graphics	ESC	6	2	0	4	4
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE1107	Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	BS1108	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	4	0	0	4	2
TOTAL				30	18	1	12	24

SEMESTER II

Sl. No	COUSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	HS1201	Professional English	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	MA1202	Engineering Mathematics - II	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
3.	PH1253	Physics for Electronics Engineering	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	GE1204	Environmental Science and Engineering	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1205	Circuit Analysis	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1206	Electronic Devices	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	GE1207	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	EC1208	Circuits and Devices Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
TOTAL				27		1	8	23

SEMESTER III

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	MA1352	Linear Algebra and Partial Differential Equations	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
2.	EC1302	Electronic Circuits - I	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1303	Signals and Systems	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1304	Digital Electronics	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1305	Electromagnetic Fields	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EE1351	Basic Electrical and Instrumentation Engineering	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
7.		Audit Course	AC	2	2	0	0	0
PRACTICALS								
8.	EC1307	Analog and Digital Circuits Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
9.	HS1310	Professional Skills Laboratory	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
TOTAL				27	21	1	6	22

SEMESTER IV

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	MA1451	Probability and Random Processes	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
2.	EC1402	Electronic Circuits- II	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1403	Communication Theory	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1404	Linear Integrated Circuits	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CS1302	Data Structures	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1406	Control Systems Engineering	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	EC1407	Circuits Design Simulation and Linear Integrated Circuits Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	CS1307	Data Structures Laboratory using C	ESC	4	0	0	4	2
TOTAL				27	19	1	8	23

SEMESTER V

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	EC1501	Digital Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1502	Discrete-Time Signal Processing	PCC	4	3	1	0	4
3.	EC1503	Communication Networks	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1504	Transmission lines and RF Systems	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.		Professional Elective -I	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.		Open Elective -I	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	EC1507	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	EC1508	Communication Systems Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
9.	EC1509	Communication Networks Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
10.	EC1510	Internship*	EEC	Two weeks				1
Total				31	19	1	12	26

* Students should undergo two weeks internship during IV semester vacation which will be evaluated during V semester

SEMESTER VI

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	EC1602	VLSI Design	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1603	Wireless Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1604	Antennas and Microwave Engineering	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1605	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.		Professional Elective –II	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
LAB INTEGRATED								
6.	EC1606	Digital Image Processing	PCC	5	3	0	2	4
PRACTICALS								
7.	EC1607	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	EC1608	VLSI Design Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
9.	EC1609	Mini Project	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
TOTAL				30	18	0	10	24
10.		Value Added Course**	One Week					1

**** The credits earned through VAC shall be over and above the total credits requirement prescribed in the curriculum for the award of the degree**

SEMESTER VII

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.	EC1701	Adaptive Learning Techniques	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1702	Optical Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1703	Embedded Systems and IoT	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1704	Adhoc and Wireless Sensor Networks	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.		Open Elective – II	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.		Professional Elective - III	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
7.	EC1707	Advanced Communication Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
8.	EC1708	Embedded Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
Total				26	18	0	08	22
9.	EC1709	Internship***	EEC	Two Weeks				1

*****Students should undergo two weeks internship during VI semester vacation which will be evaluated during VII semester and the credits through this internship shall be over and above the total credits requirement prescribed in the curriculum for the award of the degree**

SEMESTER VIII

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
THEORY								
1.		Professional Elective – IV	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.		Professional Elective - V	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
PRACTICALS								
3.	EC1803	Project work	EEC	20	0	0	20	10
Total				26	6	0	20	16

TOTAL NO. OF CREDITS: 180

CATEGORIZATION OF COURSES

HUMANITIES AND SOCIALSCIENCES INCLUDING MANAGEMENT COURSES (HSMC)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	HS1101	Communicative English	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	HS1201	Professional English	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	GE1204	Environmental Science and Engineering	HSMC	3	3	0	0	3

BASIC SCIENCE COURSES (BSC)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	MA1102	Engineering Mathematics- I	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
2.	PH1103	Engineering Physics	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CY1104	Engineering Chemistry	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	BS1108	Physics and Chemistry Laboratory	BSC	4	0	0	4	2
5.	MA1202	Engineering Mathematics-II	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
6.	PH1253	Physics for Electronics Engineering	BSC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	MA1352	Linear Algebra and Partial Differential Equations	BSC	4	3	1	0	4
8.	MA1451	Probability and Random Processes	BSC	4	3	1	0	4

ENGINEERING SCIENCE COURSES (ESC)

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	GE1105	Problem solving and Python Programming	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	GE1106	Engineering Graphics	ESC	6	2	0	4	4
3.	GE1107	Python Programming Laboratory	ESC	4	0	0	4	2
4.	GE1207	Engineering Practices Laboratory	ESC	4	0	0	4	2
5.	CS1302	Data Structures	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EE1351	Basic Electrical and Instrumentation Engineering	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	CS1307	Data Structures Laboratory using C	ESC	4	0	0	4	2

8.	EC1406	Control Systems Engineering	ESC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	EC1703	Embedded Systems and IoT	ESC	3	3	0	0	3

PROFESSIONAL CORE COURSES (PCC)

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	EC1205	Circuit Analysis	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1206	Electronic Devices	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1208	Circuits & Devices Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
4.	EC1302	Electronic Circuits- I	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1303	Signals and Systems	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1304	Digital Electronics	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	EC1305	Electromagnetic Fields	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	EC1307	Analog and Digital Circuits Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
9.	EC1402	Electronic Circuits- II	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1403	Communication Theory	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
11.	EC1404	Linear Integrated Circuits	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
12.	EC1407	Circuits Design Simulation and Linear Integrated Circuits Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
13.	EC1501	Digital Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
14.	EC1502	Discrete-Time Signal Processing	PCC	4	3	1	0	4
15.	EC1503	Communication Networks	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
16.	EC1504	Transmission lines and RF Systems	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
17.	EC1507	Digital Signal Processing Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
18.	EC1508	Communication Systems Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2

SI. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
19.	EC1509	Communication Networks Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
20.	EC1602	VLSI Design	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
21.	EC1603	Wireless Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
22.	EC1604	Antennas and Microwave Engineering	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
23.	EC1605	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
24.	EC1606	Digital Image Processing (Lab Integrated)	PCC	5	3	0	2	4
25.	EC1607	Microprocessors and Microcontrollers Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
26.	EC1608	VLSI Design Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
27.	EC1701	Adaptive Learning Techniques	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
28.	EC1702	Optical Communication	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
29.	EC1704	Adhoc and Wireless Sensor Networks	PCC	3	3	0	0	3
30.	EC1707	Advanced Communication Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2
31.	EC1708	Embedded Laboratory	PCC	4	0	0	4	2

PROFESSIONAL ELECTIVE COURSES (PEC)**SEMESTER V****ELECTIVE I**

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	EC1001	Medical Electronics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1002	Data Converters	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EI1864	Robotics and Automation	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1003	Compressive Sensing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	CS1303	Object Oriented Programming	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	IT1811	Information Theory and Coding	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	GE1002	Human Rights	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	CE1025	Disaster Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	MG1001	Principles of Management	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1004	Human Assist Devices	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER VI**ELECTIVE II**

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	CS1616	Cryptography and Information Security	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1005	Multimedia Compression and Communication	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1006	Wireless Networks	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1007	Array Signal Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1008	Advanced Digital Signal Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1009	MEMS and NEMS	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	EC1010	Optoelectronics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	EC1011	CMOS Analog IC Design	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	EC1012	Mixed Signal IC Design	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1013	Low Power VLSI Design	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER VII**ELECTIVE III**

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	EC1014	Space Time MIMO Wireless Communication	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1015	Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CS1729	Introduction to Operating Systems	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1016	Underwater Acoustics Signal Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1017	Advanced Wireless Communication	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1018	Underwater Imaging Systems and Image Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	EC1019	Wearable Devices	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	EC1020	5G Communication Technology	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	EC1021	Medical Imaging Systems	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1022	Wireless Broadband Networks	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
11.	EC1039	Industrial Automation	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER VIII**ELECTIVE IV**

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	EC1023	Photonic Networks	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1024	Satellite Communication	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	EC1025	IoT Enabled Systems Design	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	EC1026	Satellite Remote Sensing and Image Analysis	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	EC1027	Cognitive Radio	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1028	Industrial IoT and Industry 4.0	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	EC1029	Therapeutic Equipments	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	EC1030	ASIC and FPGA based system Design	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	EC1031	Body Area Networks	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1032	Drone Technologies	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

**SEMESTER VIII
ELECTIVE V**

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	EI1851	Fundamentals of Soft Computing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	EC1033	Speech and Audio Signal Processing	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	CS1827	Cloud Essentials	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	GE1003	Professional Ethics in Engineering	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	GE1004	Fundamentals of Nanoscience	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	EC1034	Video Analytics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
7.	EC1035	Computer Vision	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
8.	EC1036	Brain Computer Interface & Applications	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
9.	EC1037	Sensors, Actuators & Interface Electronics	PEC	3	3	0	0	3
10.	EC1038	Radar Technologies	PEC	3	3	0	0	3

OPEN ELECTIVE COURSES (OEC)

SEMESTER V

OPEN ELECTIVE I

	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	OMB104	Quality Management Science for	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	OEE102	Renewable Energy Sources	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	OEI103	Basics of Biomedical Instrumentation	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	OEE106	Energy Conservation and Management	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	OCE102	Introduction to Geographic Information System	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	OBT105	Introduction to Nanoscience and Nanotechnology	OEC	3	3	0	0	3

SEMESTER VII
OPEN ELECTIVE II

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	OME104	Industrial Safety Engineering	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
2.	OEI101	Sensors and Transducers	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
3.	OCS104	Fundamentals of Database Design	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
4.	OCS105	Data Analytics with R Programming	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
5.	OEI105	SCADA system and application Management	OEC	3	3	0	0	3
6.	OBT107	Introduction of Cell Biology	OEC	3	3	0	0	3

EMPLOYABILITY ENHANCEMENT COURSES (EEC)

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	HS1310	Professional Skills Laboratory	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
2.	EC1510	Internship	EEC	2 Weeks				1
3.	EC1609	Mini Project	EEC	2	0	0	2	1
4.	EC1803	Project Work	EEC	20	0	0	20	10

AUDIT COURSES (AC)

Sl. No	COURSE CODE	COURSE TITLE	CATEGORY	CONTACT PERIODS	L	T	P	C
1.	AD1001	Constitution of India	AC	2	2	0	0	0
2.	AD1002	Value Education	AC	2	2	0	0	0
3.	AD1003	Pedagogy Studies	AC	2	2	0	0	0
4.	AD1004	Stress Management by Yoga	AC	2	2	0	0	0
5.	AD1005	Personality Development Through Life Enlightenment Skills	AC	2	2	0	0	0
6.	AD1006	Unnat Bharat Abhiyan	AC	2	2	0	0	0
7.	AD1007	Essence of Indian Knowledge Tradition	AC	2	2	0	0	0
8.	AD1008	Sanga Tamil literature appreciation	AC	2	2	0	0	0

Value Added Course (VAC)

S.No	Course Code	Course Name
1	ECV101	Artificial Intelligence and Deep Learning
2	ECV102	Image Processing and Machine Learning using Computer vision
3	ECV103	Embedded systems and IoT using Node MCU
4	ECV104	PCB design & Enclosure design for High frequency Electronic Product
5	ECV105	Full stack Web Development
6	ECV106	Unmanned Aerial Vehicle and its Applications
7	ECV107	Cloud Computing
8	ECV108	Embedded C with RTOS and IoT
9	ECV109	LabView based Real Time Applications development using industrial Controller
10	ECV110	Robotics and its Applications

SUMMARY OF CURRICULUM

S.NO.	SUBJECT AREA	CREDITS AS PER SEMESTER								CREDITS TOTAL	Percentage (%)
		I	II	III	IV	V	VI	VII	VIII		
1.	HSMC	3	6	-	-	-	-	-	-	09	5
2.	BSC	12	7	4	4	-	-	-	-	27	15
3.	ESC	9	2	3	8	-	-	3	-	25	13
4.	PCC	-	8	14	11	19	20	13	-	85	47
5.	PEC	-	-	-	-	3	3	3	6	15	10
6.	OEC	-	-	-	-	3	-	3	-	06	3
7.	EEC	-	-	1	-	1	1	-	10	13	7
8.	AC	-	-	0	-	-	-	-	-	0	-
Total		24	23	22	23	26	24	22	16	180	

HS1101

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

L T P C

(Common for all Branches of B.E. / B. Tech
Programmes)

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To develop the basic reading and writing skills of first year engineering and technology students
- To help learners develop their listening skills, which will enable them listen to lectures and comprehend them by asking questions; seeking clarifications.
- To help learners develop their speaking skills and speak fluently in real contexts.
- To help learners develop vocabulary of a general kind by developing their reading skills

UNIT I SHARING INFORMATION RELATED TO ONESELF/ 9 **FAMILY & FRIENDS**

Reading– critical reading – finding key information in a given text – shifting facts from opinions - Writing - autobiographical writing - developing hints. Listening- short texts- short formal and informal conversations. Speaking- basics in speaking - introducing oneself - exchanging personal information- speaking on given topics & situations Language development– voices- Wh- Questions- asking and answering-yes or no questions– parts of speech. Vocabulary development-- prefixes- suffixes- articles - Polite Expressions.

UNIT II GENERAL READING AND FREE WRITING 9

Reading: Short narratives and descriptions from newspapers (including dialogues and conversations); Reading Comprehension Texts with varied question types - Writing – paragraph writing- topic sentence- main ideas- free writing, short narrative descriptions using some suggested vocabulary and structures –. Listening - long texts - TED talks - extensive speech on current affairs and discussions Speaking– describing a simple process – asking and answering questions - Language development – prepositions, clauses. Vocabulary development- guessing meanings of words in context – use of sequence words.

UNIT III GRAMMAR AND LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT 9

Reading- short texts and longer passages (close reading) & making a critical analysis of the given text Writing– types of paragraph and writing essays – rearrangement of jumbled sentences. Listening: Listening to ted talks and long speeches for comprehension. Speaking- role plays - asking about routine actions and expressing opinions. Language development- degrees of comparison- pronouns- Direct vs. Indirect Questions. Vocabulary development – idioms and phrases- cause & effect expressions, adverbs.

UNIT IV READING AND LANGUAGE DEVELOPMENT 9

Reading- comprehension-reading longer texts- reading different types of texts- magazines. Writing- letter writing, informal or personal letters-e-mails-conventions of personal email- Listening: Listening comprehension (IELTS, TOEFL and others). Speaking -Speakingabout friends/places/hobbies - Language development- Tenses- simple present-simple past- present continuous and past continuous- conditionals – if, unless, in case, when and others Vocabulary development- synonyms-antonyms- Single word substitutes- Collocations

UNIT V EXTENDED WRITING 9

Reading: Reading for comparisons and contrast and other deeper levels of meaning –Writing- brainstorming -writing short essays – developing an outline- identifying main and subordinate ideas- dialogue writing- Listening - popular speeches and presentations - Speaking - impromptu speeches & debates Language development-modal verbs- present/ past perfect tense - Vocabulary development-Phrasal verbs- fixed and semi-fixed expressions

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Board of Editors. Using English A Course book for Undergraduate Engineers and Technologists. Orient Black Swan Limited, Hyderabad: 2021.
2. Sanjay Kumar & Pushp Lata Communication Skills Second Edition, Oxford University Press: 2015.
3. Richards, C. Jack. Interchange Students' Book-2 New Delhi: CUP, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Bailey, Stephen. Academic Writing: A practical guide for students. New York: Rutledge, 2011.
2. Means, L. Thomas and Elaine Langlois. English & Communication For Colleges. Cengage Learning ,USA: 2007.
3. Redston, Chris & Gillies Cunningham Face 2 Face (Pre-intermediate Student's Book & Workbook) Cambridge University Press, New Delhi: 2005.
4. Comfort, Jeremy, et al. Speaking Effectively: Developing Speaking Skills for Business English. Cambridge University Press, Cambridge: Reprint 2011.
5. Dutt P. Kiranmai and Rajeevan Geeta Basic Communication Skills, Foundation Books: 2013.
6. John Eastwood et al : Be Grammar Ready: The Ultimate Guide to English Grammar, Oxford University Press: 2020.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- CO2 Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- CO3 Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- CO4 Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents
- CO5 Identify topics and formulate questions for productive inquiry

MA1102	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS –I	L	T	P	C
(Common for all branches of B.E. / B. Tech Programmes)		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES

- The goal of this course is to achieve conceptual understanding and to retain the best traditions of traditional calculus.
- The syllabus is designed to provide the basic tools of calculus mainly for the purpose of modeling the engineering problems mathematically and obtaining solutions.
- Matrix algebra is one of the powerful tools to handle practical problems arising in the field of engineering.
- This is a foundation course of single variable and multivariable calculus which plays an important role in the understanding of science, engineering, economics and computer science, among other disciplines.

UNIT I MATRICES **12**

Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors of a real matrix – Characteristic equation – Properties of Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors – Cayley-Hamilton theorem – Diagonalization of matrices – Reduction of a quadratic form to canonical form by orthogonal transformation – Nature of quadratic forms

UNIT II CALCULUS OF ONE VARIABLE **12**

Limit of a function - Continuity - Derivatives - Differentiation rules – Interval of increasing and decreasing functions – Maxima and Minima - Intervals of concavity and convexity.

UNIT III CALCULUS OF SEVERAL VARIABLES **12**

Partial differentiation – Homogeneous functions and Euler's theorem – Total derivative – Change of variables – Jacobians – Partial differentiation of implicit functions – Taylor's series for functions of two variables – Maxima and minima of functions of two variables – Lagrange's method of undetermined multipliers.

UNIT IV INTEGRAL CALCULUS

12

Definite and Indefinite integrals - Substitution rule - Techniques of Integration - Integration by parts, Trigonometric integrals, Trigonometric substitutions, Integration of rational functions by partial fraction, Integration of irrational functions - Improper integrals.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INTEGRALS

12

Double integrals – Change of order of integration – Double integrals in polar coordinates – Area enclosed by plane curves – Change of variables from Cartesian to polar in double integrals-Triple integrals – Volume of solids.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Grewal B.S., Higher Engineering MathematicsII, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 43rd Edition, 2014.
2. James Stewart, "Calculus: Early Transcendental", Cengage Learning, 7th Edition, New Delhi, 2015. [For Units II & IV - Sections 2.2, 2.3, 2.5, 2.7(Tangents problems only), 2.8, 3.1 to 3.6, 3.11, 4.1, 4.3, 5.1 (Area problems only), 5.2, 5.3, 5.4 (excluding net change theorem), 5.5, 7.2 - 7.4 and 7.8].

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Anton, H, Bivens, I and Davis, S, "Calculus", Wiley, 10th Edition, 2016.
2. Jain R.K. and Iyengar S.R.K., — Advanced Engineering MathematicsII, Narosa Publications, New Delhi, 3rd Edition, 2007.
3. Narayanan, S. and Manicavachagom Pillai, T. K., — Calculus" Volume I and II, S. Viswanathan Publishers Pvt. Ltd., Chennai, 2007.
4. Srimantha Pal and Bhunia, S.C, "Engineering Mathematics" Oxford University Press, 2015.
5. T. Veerarajan. Engineering Mathematics – I, McGraw Hill Education; First edition 2017.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Have a clear idea of matrix algebra pertaining to Eigenvalues and Eigenvectors in addition to dealing with quadratic forms.
- CO2 Understand the concept of limit of a function and apply the same to deal with continuity and derivative of a given function. Apply differentiation to solve maxima and minima problems, which are related to real world problems.
- CO3 Have the idea of extension of a function of one variable to several variables. Multivariable functions of real variables are inevitable in engineering.
- CO4 Understand the concept of integration through the fundamental theorem of calculus. Also acquire skills to evaluate the integrals using the techniques of substitution, partial fraction and integration by parts along with the knowledge of improper integrals.
- CO5 Do double and triple integration so that they can handle integrals of higher order which are applied in the engineering field.

OBJECTIVES

To make the students conversant with

- Elastic properties of materials and various moduli of elasticity.
- Principles of laser and fiber optics and its various technological applications.
- Thermal conduction in solids, heat exchangers and its applications in various devices.
- Quantum concepts to explain black body radiation, Compton effect and matter waves.
- Various crystal structures, Miller indices and crystal growth techniques.

UNIT I PROPERTIES OF MATTER**9**

Elasticity – Stress-strain diagram and its uses - factors affecting elastic modulus and tensile strength – torsional stress and deformations – twisting couple - torsion pendulum: theory and experiment - bending of beams - bending moment – cantilever: theory and experiment – uniform and non-uniform bending: theory and experiment – Practical applications of modulus of elasticity- I shaped girders - stress due to bending in beams.

UNIT II LASER AND FIBER OPTICS**9**

Lasers : population of energy levels, Einstein's A and B coefficients derivation – resonant cavity, optical amplification (qualitative) – Nd-YAG Laser-Semiconductor lasers: homojunction and heterojunction – Industrial and medical applications of Laser– Fiber optics: principle, numerical aperture and acceptance angle - types of optical fibres (material, refractive index, mode) – losses associated with optical fibers – Fabrication of Optical fiber-Double crucible method-fibre optic sensors: pressure and displacement-Industrial and medical applications of optical fiber- Endoscopy-Fiber optic communication system.

UNIT III THERMAL PHYSICS

9

Transfer of heat energy – thermal expansion of solids and liquids – expansion joints - bimetallic strips - thermal conduction, convection and radiation – heat conduction in solids – thermal conductivity – Rectilinear flow of heat-conduction through compound media (series and parallel)- Lee's disc method: theory and experiment - Radial flow of heat– thermal insulation – applications: heat exchangers, refrigerators, oven, Induction furnace and solar water heaters.

UNIT IV QUANTUM PHYSICS

9

Black body radiation – Planck's theory (derivation) – Compton effect: theory and experimental verification – wave particle duality – electron diffraction – concept of wave function and its physical significance – Schrödinger's wave equation – time independent and time dependent equations – particle in a one-dimensional rigid box – Electron microscope- tunnelling (qualitative) - scanning tunnelling microscope-Applications of electron microscopy.

UNIT V CRYSTAL PHYSICS

9

Single crystalline, polycrystalline and amorphous materials – single crystals: unit cell, crystal systems, Bravais lattices, directions and planes in a crystal, Miller indices – inter-planar distances coordination number and packing factor for SC, BCC, FCC, HCP and diamond structures – Graphite structure-crystal imperfections: point defects, line defects – Burger vectors, stacking faults – growth of single crystals: solution and melt growth techniques-Epitaxial growth-Applications of Single crystal (Qualitative).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Bhattacharya, D.K. & Poonam, T. "Engineering Physics". Oxford University Press, 2017.
2. Gaur, R.K. & Gupta, S.L. "Engineering Physics". Dhanpat Rai Publishers, 2012.
3. Pandey, B.K. & Chaturvedi, S. "Engineering Physics". Cengage Learning India, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Halliday, D., Resnick, R. & Walker, J. "Principles of Physics". Wiley, 2015.
2. Serway, R.A. & Jewett, J.W. "Physics for Scientists and Engineers". Cengage Learning, 2019.
3. Tipler, P.A. & Mosca, G. "Physics for Scientists and Engineers with Modern Physics". W.H. Freeman, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1 The elastic property and stress strain diagram, determination of rigidity modulus by torsional pendulum and Young's modulus by various methods.
- CO2 Principle of laser, Einstein's coefficients of laser action, semiconductor laser and its applications, optical fibers and their applications in sensors and communication system.
- CO3 The heat transfer through solids and the determination of thermal conductivity in a bad conductor by Lee's disc method and radial flow of heat.
- CO4 The quantum concepts and its use to explain black body radiation, Compton effect and wave equation for matter waves, tunnelling electron microscopy and its applications.
- CO5 The importance of various crystal structures, Miller indices and various growth techniques.

OBJECTIVES

To make the student conversant with the

- Principles of water characterization and treatment for industrial purposes.
- Principles and applications of surface chemistry and catalysis.
- Phase rule and various types of alloys
- Various types of fuels, applications and combustion
- Conventional and non-conventional energy sources and energy storage device

UNIT I WATER AND ITS TREATMENT 9

Hardness of water – Types – Expression of hardness – Units – Estimation of hardness by EDTA method – Numerical problems on EDTA method – Boiler troubles (scale and sludge, caustic embrittlement, boiler corrosion, priming and foaming) – Treatment of boiler feed water – Internal treatment (carbonate, phosphate, colloidal, sodium aluminate and calgon conditioning) – External treatment – Ion exchange process, Zeolite process – Desalination of brackish water by reverse Osmosis.

UNIT II SURFACE CHEMISTRY AND CATALYSIS 9

Surface chemistry : Types of adsorption – Adsorption of gases on solids – Adsorption of solute from solutions – Adsorption isotherms – Freundlich's adsorption isotherm – Langmuir's adsorption isotherm – Kinetics of uni-molecular surface reactions – Adsorption in chromatography – Applications of adsorption in pollution abatement using PAC.

Catalysis: Catalyst – Types of catalysis – Criteria – Contact theory – Catalytic poisoning and catalytic promoters – Industrial applications of catalysts – Catalytic converter – Auto catalysis – Enzyme catalysis – Michaelis-Menten equation.

UNIT III PHASE RULE AND ALLOYS 9

Phase rule: Introduction – Definition of terms with examples – One component system – Water system – Reduced phase rule – Thermal analysis and cooling curves – Two component systems – Lead-silver system – Pattinson process.

Alloys: Introduction – Definition – Properties of alloys – Significance of alloying – Functions and effect of alloying elements – Nichrome, Alnico, Stainless steel (18/8) – Heat treatment of steel – Non-ferrous alloys – Brass and bronze.

UNIT IV**FUELS AND COMBUSTION****9**

Fuels: Introduction – classification of fuels – Comparison of solid, liquid, gaseous fuels – Coal – Analysis of coal (proximate and ultimate) – Carbonization – Manufacture of metallurgical coke (Otto Hoffmann method) – Petroleum – Cracking – Manufacture of synthetic petrol (Bergius process, Fischer Tropsch Process) – Knocking – Octane number – Diesel oil – Cetane number – Compressed natural gas (CNG) – Liquefied petroleum gases (LPG) – Power alcohol and biodiesel.

Combustion of fuels: Introduction – Calorific value – Higher and lower calorific values – Theoretical calculation of calorific value – Ignition temperature – Spontaneous ignition temperature – Explosive range – Flue gas analysis by Orsat Method.

UNIT V**NON-CONVENTIONAL ENERGY SOURCES
AND STORAGE DEVICES****9**

Nuclear energy – Fission and fusion reactions – Differences – Chain reactions – Nuclear reactors – Classification of reactors – Light water nuclear reactor for power generation – Breeder reactor – Solar energy conversion – Solar cells – Wind energy – Fuel cells – Hydrogen-oxygen fuel cell .

Batteries – Types of batteries - Alkaline batteries – Lead-acid, Nickel-cadmium and Lithium batteries.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS**

1. P.C.Jain, Monica Jain, “Engineering Chemistry” 17th Ed., Dhanpat Rai Pub. Co., New Delhi, (2015).
2. S.S. Dara, S.S. Umare, “A text book of Engineering Chemistry” S.Chand& Co.Ltd., New Delhi(2020).
3. S. Vairam, P. Kalyani and Suba Ramesh, “Engineering Chemistry”, Wiley India (P) Ltd. NewDelhi, (2018).
4. P. Kannan, A. Ravikrishnan, “Engineering Chemistry”, Sri Krishna Hi-tech Publishing Company(P) Ltd., Chennai, (2009).

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. B.K.Sharma "Engineering Chemistry" Krishna Prakasan Media (P) Ltd., Meerut (2001).
2. B. Sivasankar "Engineering Chemistry" Tata McGraw–Hill Pub.Co.Ltd, New Delhi (2008).
3. Prasanta Rath, "Engineering Chemistry", Cengage Learning India (P) Ltd., Delhi, (2015).
4. Shikha Agarwal, "Engineering Chemistry–Fundamentals and Applications", Cambridge University, Press, Delhi, (2015).
5. A. Pahari, B. Chauhan, "Engineering Chemistry", Firewall Media, New Delhi., (2010)
6. A. Sheik Mideen, Engineering Chemistry, Airwalk Publications, Chennai (2018)

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students should be

- | | |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Able to understand impurities in industrial water, boiler troubles, internal and external treatment methods of purifying water. |
| CO2 | Able to understand concepts of absorption, adsorption, adsorption isotherms, application of adsorption for pollution abatement, catalysis and enzyme kinetics. |
| CO3 | Able to recognize significance of alloying, functions of alloying elements and types of alloys, uses of alloys, phase rule, reduced phase and its applications in alloying. |
| CO4 | Able to identify various types of fuels, properties, uses and analysis of fuels. They should be able to understand combustion of fuels, method of preparation of bio-diesel, synthetic petrol. |
| CO5 | Able to understand conventional, non-conventional energy sources, nuclear fission and fusion, power generation by nuclear reactor, wind, solar energy and preparation, uses of various batteries. |

OBJECTIVES

- To know the basics of algorithmic problem solving
- To write simple python programs
- To develop python program by using control structures and functions
- To use python predefined data structures
- To write file-based program

UNIT I**ALGORITHMIC PROBLEM SOLVING****9**

Algorithms, Building blocks of algorithms: statements, state, control flow, functions, Notation: pseudo code, flow chart, programming language, Algorithmic problem solving: Basic algorithms, flowcharts and pseudocode for sequential, decision processing and iterative processing strategies, Illustrative problems: find minimum in a list, insert a card in a list of sorted cards, guess an integer number in a range, Towers of Hanoi.

UNIT II**INTRODUCTION TO PYTHON****9**

Python Introduction, Technical Strength of Python, Python interpreter and interactive mode, Introduction to colab , pycharm and jupyter idle(s) ,Values and types: int, float, boolean, string, and list; Built-in data types, variables, Literals, Constants, statements, Operators: Assignment, Arithmetic, Relational, Logical, Bitwise operators and their precedence, Expressions, tuple assignment, Accepting input from Console, printing statements, Simple Python programs.

UNIT III**CONTROL FLOW, FUNCTIONS AND STRINGS****9**

Conditionals: Boolean values and operators, conditional (if), alternative (if-else), chained conditional (if-elif-else); Iteration: while, for; Loop manipulation using pass, break, continue, and else; Modules and Functions: function definition and use, flow of execution, parameters and arguments, local and

global scope, return values, function composition, recursion. Strings: string slices, immutability, string functions and methods, string module; Illustrative programs: square root, gcd, exponentiation, sum an array of numbers, linear search, binary search

UNIT IV LISTS, TUPLES, DICTIONARIES 9

Lists: Defining list and list slicing, list operations, list slices, list methods, list loop, list Manipulation, mutability, aliasing, cloning lists, list parameters, lists as arrays. Tuples: tuple assignment, tuple as return value, tuple Manipulation; Dictionaries: operations and methods; advanced list processing – list comprehension; Illustrative programs: selection sort, insertion sort, merge sort, histogram.

UNIT V FILES, MODULES, PACKAGES 9

Files and exception: Concept of Files, Text Files; File opening in various modes and closing of a file, Format Operators, Reading from a file, Writing onto a file, File functions- open(), close(), read(), readline(), readlines(), write(), writelines(), tell(), seek(), Command Line arguments; Errors and exceptions: handling exceptions; modules, packages; introduction to numpy, matplotlib. Illustrative programs: word count, copy a file.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Allen B. Downey, "Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist", 2nd edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O'Reilly Publishers, 2016

(<http://greenteapress.com/wp/thinkpython/>)

2. Guido van Rossum and Fred L. Drake Jr, — An Introduction to Python — Revised and updated for Python 3.2, Network Theory Ltd., 2011.
3. Reema Thareja, Python Programming: Using Problem Solving Approach, Oxford University Press, 2019.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. John V Guttag, —Introduction to Computation and Programming Using Python“, Revised and expanded Edition, MIT Press , 2013
2. Robert Sedgewick, Kevin Wayne, Robert Dondero, —Introduction to Programming in Python: An Inter-disciplinary Approach, Pearson India Education Services Pvt. Ltd., 2016.
3. Timothy A. Budd, —Exploring PythonII, Mc-Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd.,, 2015.
4. Kenneth A. Lambert, —Fundamentals of Python: First ProgramsII, CENGAGE Learning, 2012.
5. Charles Dierbach, —Introduction to Computer Science using Python: A Computational Problem-Solving Focus, Wiley India Edition, 2013.
6. Paul Gries, Jennifer Campbell and Jason Montojo, —Practical Programming: An Introduction.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Develop algorithmic solutions to simple computational problems |
| CO2 | Develop simple console application in python |
| CO3 | Develop python program by applying control structure and decompose program into functions. |
| CO4 | Represent compound data using python lists, tuples, and dictionaries. |
| CO5 | Read and write data from/to files in Python. |

GE1106

**ENGINEERING GRAPHICS
OBJECTIVES**

**L T P C
2 0 4 4**

- To develop graphic skills for communication of concepts, ideas and design of engineering products.
- To inculcate drawing practice in standardized form whenever technical drawing is needed.
- To expose them to existing national standards related to technical drawings.

CONCEPTS AND CONVENTIONS (Not for Examination)

Importance of graphics in engineering applications - Use of drafting instruments
- BIS conventions and specifications - Size, layout and folding of drawing sheets - Lettering and dimensioning.

UNIT - I PLANE CURVES AND FREEHAND SKETCHING 7 + 12

Basic Geometrical constructions, Curves used in engineering practices: Conics
- Construction of ellipse, parabola and hyperbola by eccentricity method -
Construction of cycloidal curves - construction of involutes of square and circle
- Drawing of tangents and normal to the above curves.

Visualization concepts and Free Hand sketching: Visualization principles -
Representation of Three-Dimensional objects - Layout of views- Freehand
sketching of multiple views from pictorial views of objects (Draw without using
drawing instruments)

UNIT - II PROJECTION OF POINTS, LINES AND PLANE SURFACE 6 + 12

Orthographic projection - principles-Principal planes - First angle projection-
projection of points. Projection of straight lines (only First angle projections)
inclined to both the principal planes - Determination of true lengths and true
inclinations by rotating line method and traces. Projection of planes (polygonal
and circular surfaces) inclined to both the principal planes by rotating object
method.

UNIT - III PROJECTION OF SOLIDS 5 + 12

Projection of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, cone and truncated solids when the axis is inclined to one of the principal planes when the solid is simply suspended by rotating object method.

UNIT - IV PROJECTION OF SECTIONED SOLIDS AND DEVELOPMENT OF SURFACES 5 + 12

Sectioning of simple solids like prisms, pyramids, cylinder, and cone in a simple vertical position when the cutting plane is inclined to one of the principal planes and perpendicular to the other - obtaining true shape of section.

Development of lateral surfaces of simple and sectioned solids - Prisms, pyramids cylinders and cones - Graphically finding the shortest distance connecting two points.

UNIT - V ISOMETRIC AND PERSPECTIVE PROJECTIONS 6 + 12

Principles of isometric projection - isometric scale - Isometric projections and isometric views of simple solids and truncated solids - Prisms, pyramids, cylinders, cones - combination of two solid objects in simple vertical positions. Perspective projection of simple solids - Prisms, pyramids and cylinders by visual ray method.

TOTAL: 90 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Understand the fundamentals and standards of Engineering graphics.
- CO2 Perform freehand sketching of basic geometrical constructions and multiple views of Objects.
- CO3 Understand the concept of orthographic projections of lines and plane surfaces.
- CO4 Draw projections of the section of solids and development of surfaces.
- CO5 Visualize and to project isometric and perspective sections of simple solids.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Natarajan K.V., "A text book of Engineering Graphics", Dhanalakshmi Publishers, Chennai, Twenty ninth edition 2017
2. Venugopal K. and Prabhu Raja V., "Engineering Graphics", New Age International (P) Limited, 2011.
3. S. Ramachandran and K. Pandian, "Engineering Graphics" Airwalk Publications; 8th edition 2014

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Bhatt N.D. and Panchal V.M., "Engineering Drawing", Charotar Publishing House, 53rd Edition, 2019.
2. Basant Agarwal and Agarwal C.M., "Engineering Drawing", Tata McGraw Hill Publishing Company Limited, New Delhi, 2018.
3. Gopalakrishna K.R., "Engineering Drawing" (Vol. I&II combined), Subhas Stores, Bangalore, 2018.
4. Luzzader, Warren.J. and Duff, John M., "Fundamentals of Engineering Drawing with an introduction to Interactive Computer Graphics for Design and Production, Eastern Economy Edition, Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2005.
5. N S Parthasarathy and Vela Murali, "Engineering Graphics", Oxford University, Press, New Delhi, 2015.
6. Shah M.B., and Rana B.C., "Engineering Drawing", Pearson, 2nd Edition, 2009.

GE1107	PYTHON PROGRAMMING LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
(Common for all branches of B.E. / B. Tech Programmes)		0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES

- To write, test, and debug simple Python programs.
- To implement Python programs with conditionals and loops.
- Use functions for structuring Python programs.
- Represent compound data using Python lists, tuples, and dictionaries.
- Read and write data from/to files in Python.

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Write an algorithm and draw flowchart illustrating mail merge concept.
2. Write an algorithm, draw flowchart and write pseudo code for a real life or scientific or technical problems
3. Scientific problem-solving using decision making and looping.
 - Armstrong number, palindrome of a number, Perfect number.
4. Simple programming for one dimensional and two-dimensional arrays.
 - Transpose, addition, multiplication, scalar, determinant of a matrix
5. Program to explore string functions and recursive functions.
6. Utilizing 'Functions' in Python
 - Find mean, median, mode for the given set of numbers in a list.
 - Write a function dups to find all duplicates in the list.
 - Write a function unique to find all the unique elements of a list.
 - Write function to compute gcd, lcm of two numbers.
7. Demonstrate the use of Dictionaries and tuples with sample programs.
8. Implement Searching Operations: Linear and Binary Search.
 - To sort the 'n' numbers using: Selection, Merge sort and Insertion Sort.

9. Find the most frequent words in a text of file using command line arguments.
10. Demonstrate Exceptions in Python.
Applications: Implementing GUI using turtle, pygame.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Reema Thareja, Python Programming: Using Problem Solving Approach, Oxford University Press, 2019
2. Allen B. Downey , “ Think Python: How to Think Like a Computer Scientist”, Second Edition, Updated for Python 3, Shroff/O’Reilly Publishers, 2016.
3. Shroff “Learning Python: Powerful Object-Oriented Programming; Fifth edition, 2013.
4. David M.Baezly “Python Essential Reference”. Addison-Wesley Professional; Fourth edition, 2009.
5. David M. Baezly “Python Cookbook” O’Reilly Media; Third edition (June 1, 2013)

WEB REFERENCES

1. <http://www.edx.org>

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | Develop simple console applications through python with control structure and functions |
| CO2 | Use python built in data structures like lists, tuples, and dictionaries for representing compound data. |
| CO3 | Read and write data from/to files in Python and applications of python. |

BS1108

**PHYSICS AND CHEMISTRY
LABORATORY**

L T P C

(Common for all branches of B.E. /B. Tech Programmes) 0 0 4 2

OBJECTIVES

The students will be trained to perform experiments to study the following.

- The Properties of Matter
- The Optical properties, Characteristics of Lasers & Optical Fibre
- Electrical & Thermal properties of Materials
- Enable the students to enhance accuracy in experimental measurements.
- To make the student to acquire practical skills in the determination of water quality parameters through volumetric analysis
- Instrumental method of analysis such as potentiometry, conductometry and pHmetry

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS– PHYSICS

(A minimum of 5 experiments to be performed from the given list)

1. Determination of Young's modulus of the material of the given beam by Non-uniform bending method.
2. Determination of rigidity modulus of the material of the given wire using torsion pendulum.
3. Determination of wavelength of mercury spectra using Spectrometer and grating.
4. Determination of dispersive power of prism using Spectrometer.
5. (a) Determination of wavelength and particle size using a laser.
(b) Determination of numerical aperture and acceptance angle of an optical fibre.
(c) Determination of width of the groove of compact disc using laser

6. Determination of Young's modulus of the material of the given beam by uniform bending method.
7. Determination of energy band gap of the semiconductor.
8. Determination of coefficient of thermal conductivity of the given bad conductor using Lee's disc.

DEMONSTRATION EXPERIMENT

1. Determination of thickness of a thin sheet / wire – Air wedge method

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS – CHEMISTRY

(A minimum of 6 experiments to be performed from the given list)

1. Estimation of HCl using Na_2CO_3 as primary standard and determination of alkalinity
2. in water sample.
3. Determination of total, temporary & permanent hardness of water by EDTA method.
4. Determination of DO content of water sample by Winkler's method.
5. Determination of chloride content of water sample by argentometric method.
6. Estimation of copper content of the given solution by Iodometry.
7. Determination of strength of given hydrochloric acid using pH meter.
8. Determination of strength of acids in a mixture of acids using conductivity meter.
9. Estimation of iron content of the given solution using potentiometer.
10. Determination of molecular weight of polyvinyl alcohol using Ostwald viscometer.
11. Conductometric titration of strong acid vs strong base.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students should be

- CO1 Able to understand the concept about the basic properties of matter like stress, strain and types of moduli.
- Able to understand the concept of optics like reflection, refraction, diffraction by using spectrometer grating.
- CO2 Able to understand the thermal properties of solids, specific heat and some models for specific heat calculation.
- Able to understand the working principle of laser components and working of different laser system.
- Able to understand the phenomenon of light, applications of fibre optics.
- CO3 Able to understand the concept of determining the pH value by using pH meter.
- Able to understand the concept about the amount of chloride present in the given sample of water.
- CO4 Able to understand the concept of determining the emf values by using potentiometer.
- Able to understand the concept about the measurement of conductance of strong acid and strong base by using conductivity meter.
- CO5 Able to understand the amount of dissolved oxygen present in the water.
- Able to understand the concept of estimation of hardness of water by EDTA method.
- Able to understand the concept of estimation of alkalinity in water sample.

HS1201	PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH	L	P	T	C
(Common to all Branches)		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

The Course prepares second semester engineering and Technology students to:

- Develop strategies and skills to enhance their ability to read and comprehend Engineering and technology texts.
- Foster their ability to write convincing job applications and effective reports.
- Develop their speaking skills to make technical presentations, participate in group discussions.
- Strengthen their listening skill which will help them comprehend lectures and talks in their areas of specialization.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO PROFESSIONAL ENGLISH 9

Listening: Listening to technical talks with comprehension tasks - Speaking—conversation methods in real life occurrences using expressions of different emotions and imperative usages- Reading – reading short technical texts from journals- newspapers- Writing- purpose statements – extended definitions – writing instructions – checklists-recommendations- Vocabulary Development- technical vocabulary Language Development – tenses- subject verb agreement - compound words.

UNIT II READING AND STUDY SKILLS 9

Listening-Listening Comprehension of a discussion on a technical topic of common interest by three or four participants (real life as well as online videos). -Speaking – describing a process- Reading: Practice in chunking and speed reading - Paragraphing- Writing- interpreting charts, graphs- Vocabulary Development: Important foreign expressions in Use, homonyms, homophones, homographs-easily confused words Language Development- impersonal passive voice, numerical adjectives.

UNIT III TECHNICAL WRITING AND GRAMMAR 9

Listening—listening to conversation—effective use of words and their sound aspects, stress, intonation & pronunciation- Speaking – mechanics of presentations -Reading: Reading longer texts for detailed understanding. (GRE/IELTS practice tests); Writing-Describing a process, use of sequence words- Vocabulary Development- sequence words- Informal vocabulary and

UNIT IV	REPORT WRITING	9
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UNIT V	GROUP DISCUSSION AND JOB APPLICATIONS	9
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TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

1. Board of editors. Fluency in English A Course book for Engineering and Technology. Orient Blackswan, Hyderabad: 2020.
2. Barun K Mitra, Effective Technical Communication Oxford University Press : 2006.
3. Sudharshana.N.P and Saveetha. C. English for Technical Communication. Cambridge University Press: New Delhi, 2016.

1. Raman, Meenakshi and Sharma, Sangeetha- Technical Communication Principles and Practice. Oxford University Press: New Delhi, 2014.
2. Kumar, Suresh. E. Engineering English. Orient Blackswan: Hyderabad, 2015
3. Booth-L. Diana, Project Work, Oxford University Press, Oxford: 2014.

4. Grussendorf, Marion, English for Presentations, Oxford University Press, Oxford: 2007
5. Means, L. Thomas and Elaine Langlois, English & Communication For Colleges. Cengage Learning, USA: 2007.
6. Caroline Meyer & Bringi dev, Communicating for Results Oxford University Press: 2021.
7. Aruna Koneru, Professional Speaking Skills, Oxford University Press :2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Speak clearly, confidently, comprehensibly, and communicate with one or many listeners using appropriate communicative strategies.
- CO2 Write cohesively and coherently and flawlessly avoiding grammatical errors, using a wide vocabulary range, organizing their ideas logically on a topic.
- CO3 Read different genres of texts adopting various reading strategies.
- CO4 Listen/view and comprehend different spoken discourses/excerpts in different accents
- CO5 Identify topics and formulate questions for productive inquiry.

MA1202	ENGINEERING MATHEMATICS – II	L	T	P	C
(Common to branches of B.E / B.Tech Programmes except AI&DS and AI&ML)		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES

- This course is designed to cover topics such as Differential Equations, Vector Calculus, Complex Analysis and Laplace Transform.
- The various methods of complex analysis and Laplace transforms can be used for efficiently solving the problems that occur in various branches of engineering disciplines.

UNIT I ORDINARY DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS 12

Higher order linear differential equations with constant coefficients - Method of variation of parameters– Homogenous equation of Euler's and Legendre's type – System of simultaneous first order linear differential equations with constant coefficients.

UNIT II VECTOR CALCULUS 12

Gradient and directional derivative – Divergence and curl - Vector identities – Irrotational and Solenoidal vector fields – Line integral over a plane curve – Surface integral - Volume integral - Green's, Gauss divergence and Stoke's theorems – Verification and simple application in evaluating line, surface and volume integrals.

UNIT III COMPLEX VARIABLES 12

Analytic functions – Necessary and sufficient conditions for analyticity in Cartesian and polar coordinates (C-R equations) - Properties – Harmonic conjugates – Construction of analytic function (Milne-Thomson method) – Conformal mapping – Standard transformations $W = Z + C$, CZ , $1/Z$ - Bilinear transformation.

UNIT IV COMPLEX INTEGRATION 12

Cauchy's integral theorem –Cauchy's integral formula – Taylor's and Laurent's series – Singularities – Residues – Cauchy's Residue theorem – Application of residue theorem for evaluation of real integrals – Use of circular contour and semi-circular contour(excluding poles on the real line).

UNIT V**LAPLACE TRANSFORMS****12**

Existence conditions – Transforms of elementary functions – Transform of unit step function and unit impulse function - Basic properties - Shifting theorems – transforms of derivatives and integrals – Transform of periodic functions - Inverse transforms using properties, partial fractions and Convolution theorem – Application to solution of linear second order ordinary differential equations with constant coefficients.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Grewal B.S., Higher Engineering Mathematics, Khanna Publishers, New Delhi, 44th Edition, 2018.
2. Kreyszig Erwin, Advanced Engineering Mathematics, John Wiley and Sons, 10th Edition, New Delhi, 2016.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Bali N., Goyal M. and Watkins C., Advanced Engineering Mathematics, Firewall Media (An imprint of Lakshmi Publications Pvt., Ltd.), New Delhi, 7th Edition, 2017.
2. Jain R.K. and Iyengar S.R.K., Advanced Engineering Mathematics , Narosa Publications, New Delhi , 3rd Edition, 2007.
3. O'Neil, P.V. Advanced Engineering Mathematics , Cengage Learning India Pvt., Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.
4. Sastry, S.S, Engineering Mathematics, Vol. I & II, PHI Learning Pvt. Ltd, 4th Edition, New Delhi, 2014.
5. T. Veerarajan. Engineering Mathematics – II, McGraw Hill Education; First edition 2017.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 The students will be imbued with techniques in solving ordinary differential equations that arises in most of the engineering problems
- CO2 The students will be acquainted with the concepts of vector calculus like Gradient, Divergence, Curl, Directional derivative, Irrotational vector and Solenoidal vector. The course gives an understanding of Vector integration, needed for problems in all engineering disciplines.
- CO3 The students will develop an understanding of the standard techniques of complex variable and mapping so as to enable the student to apply them with confidence, in application areas such as heat conduction, elasticity, fluid dynamics and flow of electric current.
- CO4 The student will be exposed to the concept of Cauchy's integral theorem, Taylor and Laurent expansions, Singular points, Application of residue theorem to evaluate complex integrals.
- CO5 Students will understand the purpose of using transforms to create new domain which can give easier ways to handle the problem that is being investigated.

PH1253	PHYSICS FOR ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING	L	P	T	C
EIE branches)	(Common to EEE, ECE and	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

Enable the students to

- Understand the transport properties of conducting materials and their modeling using classical and quantum theories,
- Acquire knowledge in semiconductors and their applications in various devices
- Grasp the principles of magnetic and dielectric materials and their applications
- Understand the functioning of optical materials for
- Understand the basics of quantum structures, properties of nano materials and their applications.

UNIT I CONDUCTING MATERIALS 9

Classical free electron theory - Expression for electrical conductivity - Thermal conductivity, expression - Wiedemann-Franz law - Success and failures - electrons in metals - Particle in a three dimensional box - degenerate states - Fermi-Dirac statistics - Density of energy states - Electron in periodic potential: Bloch theorem - metals and insulators - Energy bands in solids - tight binding approximation - Electron effective mass - concept of hole.

UNIT II PHYSICS OF SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES 9

Intrinsic Semiconductors - Energy band diagram - direct and indirect band gap semiconductors - Carrier concentration in intrinsic semiconductors - extrinsic semiconductors - carrier concentration in n- type & p-type semiconductors - carrier transport: velocity-electric field relations - drift and diffusion transport - Einstein's relation - Hall effect and devices - Zener and avalanche breakdown in p-n junction diode - Zener diode as voltage regulator - Ohmic contacts - tunnel diode - Schottky diode - MOS Capacitor.

UNIT III MAGNETIC AND DIELECTRIC MATERIALS 9

Origin of magnetic moment - Bohr magneton - Microscopic and macroscopic classification of magnetic materials : diamagnetic, paramagnetic and ferromagnetic materials - Domain theory - Hysteresis (based on domain theory) - soft and hard magnetic materials - Ferrites - applications. Dielectric materials: Polarization processes - internal field - Clausius-Mosotti relation - dielectric loss - dielectric breakdown.

UNIT IV OPTICAL MATERIALS 9

Classification of optical materials - carrier generation and recombination processes - Absorption, emission and scattering of light in metals, insulators and semiconductors (concepts only) - photo current in p-n junction diode - solar cell - photo detectors - LED - Organic LED - excitons - quantum confined Stark effect - quantum dot laser, quantum well laser.

UNIT V NANO ELECTRONIC DEVICES 9

Introduction - electron density in bulk material - size dependence of Fermi energy - quantum confinement - quantum structures - Density of states in quantum well, quantum wire and quantum dot structures - resonant tunneling - quantum interference effects - mesoscopic structures - Coulomb blockade effects - Single electron phenomena and Single electron Transistor - magnetic semiconductors - spintronics, Spintronic Devices: Spin Valve, Spin FET- Carbon nanotubes: Types ,Preparation-CVD, Properties and applications.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Ben Streetman and Sanjay Banerjee Solid State Electronic Devices ,Prentice Hall , 6th Edition, 2005.
2. Donald Neaman , Dhrubes Biswas , Semiconductor Physics and Devices (SIE) 4th Edition ,2017
3. Umesh K Mishra & Jasprit Singh, "Semiconductor Device Physics and Design",Springer, 2008
4. Adaptation by Balasubramanian, R, Callister "Material Science and Engineering", Wiley India Pvt.Ltd., 2nd Edition, 2014.
5. Mani.P , "Physics for Electronics Engineering", Dhanam Publishers

, 2017.

6. Salivahanan,S., Rajalakshmi,A., Karthie,S., Rajesh,N.P., “Physics for Electronics Engineering and Information Science”, McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Traugott Fischer , “Materials Science for Engineering Students” ,1st Edition,Elsevier , 2009
2. Budinski, K.G. & Budinski, M.K. “Engineering Materials Properties and Selection”, Prentice Hall, 2009.
3. Rogers, B., Adams, J.& Pennathur, S.“Nanotechnology: Understanding Small Systems”. CRC Press,2014
4. Hanson, G.W. “Fundamentals of Nanoelectronics”. Pearson Education,2009
5. Kwok Ng, Simon Sze, and Yiming Li ,” Physics of Semiconductor Devices”, 2006.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1 Gain knowledge on classical and quantum free electron theories and formation of energy band structures.
- CO2 Gain knowledge on semiconducting devices and its applications.
- CO3 Acquire knowledge on magnetic and dielectric materials and their applications.
- CO4 Understand the relationship of optoelectronic materials and their applications.
- CO5 Acquire knowledge about the nano structures and its applications.

EC1205	CIRCUIT ANALYSIS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic concepts of DC and AC circuits behavior
- To study the transient and steady state response of the circuits subjected to step and sinusoidal excitations.
- To introduce different methods of circuit analysis using Network theorems, duality and topology.

UNIT I BASIC CIRCUITS ANALYSIS AND NETWORK TOPOLOGY 12

Ohm's Law – Kirchhoff's laws – Mesh current and node voltage method of analysis for D.C and A.C.circuits - Network terminology - Graph of a network - Incidence and reduced incidence matrices – Trees –Cut sets - Fundamental cut sets - Cut set matrix – Tie sets - Link currents and Tie set schedules - Twig voltages and Cut set schedules, Duality and dual networks

UNIT II NETWORK THEOREMS FOR DC AND AC CIRCUITS 12

Network theorems -Superposition theorem, Thevenin's theorem, Norton's theorem, Reciprocity theorem, Millman's theorem, and Maximum power transfer theorem ,application of Network theorems- Network reduction: voltage and current division, source transformation – star delta conversion.

UNIT III RESONANCE AND COUPLED CIRCUITS 12

Resonance - Series resonance - Parallel resonance - Variation of impedance with frequency –Variation in current through and voltage across L and C with frequency – Bandwidth - Q factor -Selectivity. Self-inductance - Mutual inductance - Dot rule - Coefficient of coupling - Analysis of multilinking coupled circuits - Series, Parallel connection of coupled inductors - Single tuned coupled circuits.

UNITIV TRANSIENT ANALYSIS 12

Natural response-Forced response - Transient response of RC, RL and RLC circuits to excitation by Step Signal, Impulse Signal and exponential sources - Complete response of RC, RL and RLC Circuits to sinusoidal excitation.

UNIT V TWO PORT NETWORKS

12

Two port networks, Z parameters, Y parameters, Transmission (ABCD) parameters, Hybrid (H) Parameters, Interconnection of two port networks, Symmetrical properties of T and π networks.

TOTAL:60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H. Hayt, Jr. Jack E. Kemmerly and Steven M. Durbin, "Engineering Circuit Analysis" , McGraw Hill Science Engineering, Eighth Edition, 11th Reprint 2016.
2. Joseph Edminister and Mahmood Nahvi, "Electric Circuitsll, Schaum's Outline Series", TataMcGraw Hill Publishing Company, New Delhi, Fifth Edition Reprint 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles K. Alexander, Mathew N.O. Sadiku, "Fundamentals of Electric Circuits", Fifth Edition, McGraw Hill, 9th Reprint 2015.
2. A.Bruce Carlson, "Circuits: Engineering Concepts and Analysis of Linear Electric Circuits", Cengage Learning, India Edition 2nd Indian Reprint 2009.
3. Allan H.Robbins, Wilhelm C.Miller, "Circuit Analysis Theory and Practice", Cengage Learning, Fifth Edition, 1st Indian Reprint 2013.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1** To Develop the capacity and analyze electrical circuits, apply the circuit theorems in real time.
- CO2** To impart knowledge on solving circuits using network theorems.
- CO3** To introduce the phenomenon of resonance in coupled circuits.
- CO4** To educate on obtaining the transient response of circuits.
- CO5** To model any device using two port networks.

EC1206	ELECTRONIC DEVICES	L	P	T	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To acquaint the students with the construction, theory and operation of the basic electronic devices such as PN junction diode, Bipolar and Field-effect Transistors, Power control devices, LED, LCD and other Opto-electronic devices.

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR DIODE 9

PN junction diode, Current equations, Energy Band diagram, Diffusion and drift current densities, forward and reverse bias characteristics, Transition and Diffusion Capacitances, Switching Characteristics, Breakdown in PN Junction Diodes.

UNIT II BIPOLAR JUNCTION TRANSISTORS 9

NPN -PNP -Operations-Early effect-Current equations – Input and Output characteristics of CE, CB, CC - Hybrid - π model - h-parameter model, Ebers Moll Model- Gummel Poon-model, Multi-Emitter Transistor.

UNIT III FIELD EFFECT TRANSISTORS 9

JFETs – Drain and Transfer characteristics,-Current equations-Pinch off voltage and its significance- MOSFET- Characteristics- Threshold voltage - Channel length modulation, D-MOSFET, E-MOSFET- Characteristics – Comparison of MOSFET with JFET.

UNIT IV SPECIAL SEMICONDUCTOR DEVICES 9

Metal-Semiconductor Junction- MESFET, FINFET, PINFET, CNTFET, DUAL GATE MOSFET, Schottky barrier diode-Zener diode-Varactor diode –Tunnel diode- Gallium Arsenide device, LASER diode, LDR.

UNIT V POWER DEVICES AND DISPLAY DEVICES 9

UJT, SCR, Diac, Triac, Power BJT- Power MOSFET- DMOS-VMOS. LED, LCD, Phototransistor, Opto Coupler, Solar cell, CCD.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Donald A Neaman, "Semiconductor Physics and Devices", Fourth Edition, Tata Mc GrawHillInc. 2012.
2. Salivahanan. S, Suresh Kumar. N, Vallavaraj. A, "Electronic Devices and circuits", Third Edition, Tata McGraw- Hill, 2008.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Robert Boylestad and Louis Nashelsky, "Electron Devices and Circuit Theory" Pearson Prentice Hall, 10th edition, July 2008.
2. R.S.Sedha, " A Text Book of Applied Electronics" S.Chand Publications, 2006.
3. Yang, "Fundamentals of Semiconductor Devices", McGraw Hill International Edition, 1978.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | To analyze the operation and characteristics of the PN junction diode. |
| CO2 | To analyze the operation and characteristics of Bipolar junction transistor (BJT). |
| CO3 | To understand and analyze the Field-effect transistor – JFET, MOSFET. |
| CO4 | To study and analyze the special semiconductor devices like MESFET, FINFET, PINFET, CNTFET, Varactor diode, Tunnel Diode, GaAs Devices, LASER, and LDR Diode. |
| CO5 | To understand the basic concepts of Power and Display devices |

GE1204	ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE AND ENGINEERING	L	P	T	C
	(Common to All branches)				
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To study the inter relationship between living organisms and environment.
- To appreciate the importance of environment by assessing its impact on the human world; envision the surrounding environment, its functions and its value.
- To find and implement scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to environmental problems.
- To study the integrated themes and biodiversity, natural resources, pollution control and waste management.
- To study the dynamic processes and understand the features of the earth's interior and surface.

UNIT I ENVIRONMENT, ECOSYSTEM AND 11 **BIODIVERSITY**

Definition, scope and importance of environment – Need for public awareness – Role of Individual in Environmental protection – Concept of an ecosystem – Structure and function of an ecosystem – Producers, consumers and decomposers – Energy flow in the ecosystem – Food chains, food webs and ecological pyramids – Ecological succession – Types, characteristic features, structure and function of forest, grass land, desert and aquatic (ponds, lakes, rivers, oceans, estuaries) ecosystem.

Biodiversity – Definition – Genetic, species and ecosystem diversity – Value of biodiversity – Consumptive use, productive use, social, ethical, aesthetic and option values – Biodiversity at global, national and local levels – India as a mega diversity nation – Hot spots of biodiversity – Threats to biodiversity–Habitat loss, poaching of wild life, human-wildlife conflicts – Wildlife protection act and forest conservation act – Endangered and endemic species – Conservation of biodiversity – In-situ and ex-situ conservation of biodiversity.

UNIT II ENVIRONMENTAL POLLUTION 9

Definition – Causes, effects and control measures of: (a) Air pollution (b) Water pollution (c) Soil pollution (d) Marine pollution (e) Noise pollution (f) Thermal pollution (g) Nuclear hazards – Solid waste management: causes, effects and control measures of municipal solid wastes – Problems of e-waste – Role of an individual in prevention of pollution – Pollution case studies – Disaster management – Floods, earthquake, cyclone, tsunami and landslides – Field study of local polluted site – Urban / Rural / Industrial / Agricultural.

UNIT III NATURAL RESOURCES 9

Forest resources: Uses and over-exploitation – Deforestation – Case studies – Timber extraction, mining, dams and their effects on forests and tribal people – Water resources – Use and overutilization of surface and ground water, floods, drought, conflicts over water – Dams: benefits and problems – Mineral resources: Uses and exploitation – Environmental effects of extracting and using mineral resources – Case studies – Food resources: World food problems – Changes caused by agriculture and overgrazing – Effects of modern agriculture: fertilizer–pesticide problems, water logging, salinity – Case studies – Energy resources: Growing energy needs – Renewable and non renewable energy sources – Use of alternate energy sources – Case studies – Land resources: Land as a resource – Land degradation, man induced landslides, soil erosion and desertification – Role of an individual in conservation of natural resources – Equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles – Field study of local area to document environmental assets – River / Forest / Grassland / Hill / Mountain.

UNIT IV SOCIAL ISSUES AND THE ENVIRONMENT 8

From unsustainable to sustainable development – Urban problems related to energy – Water conservation, rain water harvesting, watershed management – Resettlement and rehabilitation of people; its problems and concerns, case studies – Role of non-governmental organization – Environmental ethics – Issues and possible solutions – Climate change – Global warming – Acid rain, Ozone layer depletion – Nuclear accidents and holocaust – Case studies – Wasteland reclamation – Consumerism and waste products – Principles of Green Chemistry – Environment protection act – Air (Prevention and Control of Pollution) Act – Water (Prevention and control of Pollution) Act – Wildlife protection Act – Forest conservation Act – Enforcement machinery involved in environmental legislation– Central and state pollution control boards– National Green Tribunal – Public awareness.

UNIT V HUMAN POPULATION AND THE ENVIRONMENT 8

Population growth – Variation among nations – Population explosion – Family welfare programme – Environment and human health – Human rights – Value education – HIV / AIDS – COVID 19 – Women and child welfare – Role of information technology in environment and human health – Case studies

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Benny Joseph, 'Environmental Science and Engineering', Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, (2014).
2. Gilbert M. Masters, 'Introduction to Environmental Engineering and Science', 2nd edition, Pearson Education, (2004).
3. Dr. A. Sheik Mideen and S.Izzat Fathima, "Environmental Science and Engineering", Airwalk Publications, Chennai, (2018).

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Dharmendra S. Sengar, 'Environmental law', Prentice hall of India Pvt Ltd, New Delhi, (2007).
2. Erach Bharucha, "Textbook of Environmental Studies", Universities Press (I) Pvt, Ltd, Hyderabad, (2015).
3. G. Tyler Miller, Scott E. Spoolman, "Environmental Science", Cengage Learning India Pvt. Ltd, Delhi, (2014).
4. R. Rajagopalan, 'Environmental Studies - From Crisis to Cure', Oxford University Press, (2005).
5. Anubha Kaushik , C.P. Kaushik, "Perspectives in Environmental Studies", New Age International Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, (2004).
6. Frank R. Spellman, "Handbook of Environmental Engineering", CRC Press, (2015).

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students should be able

- | | |
|-----|--|
| CO1 | To obtain knowledge about environment, ecosystems and biodiversity. |
| CO2 | To take measures to control environmental pollution. |
| CO3 | To gain knowledge about natural resources and energy sources. |
| CO4 | To find and implement scientific, technological, economic and political solutions to the environmental problems. |
| CO5 | To understand the impact of environment on human population and human health. |

OBJECTIVES:

To provide exposure to the students with hands on experience on various basic engineering practices in Civil, Mechanical, Electrical and Electronics Engineering.

GROUP A (CIVIL & MECHANICAL)**I CIVIL ENGINEERING PRACTICE 13****Buildings:**

- a) Study of plumbing and carpentry components of residential and industrial buildings. Safety aspects.

Plumbing Works:

- (a) Study of pipeline joints, its location and functions: valves, taps, couplings, unions, reducers, elbows in household fittings.
- (b) Study of pipe connections requirements for pumps and turbines.
- (c) Preparation of plumbing line sketches for water supply and sewage works.
- (d) Hands-on-exercise:

Basic pipe connections – Mixed pipe material connection – Pipe connections with different joining components.
- (e) Demonstration of plumbing requirements of high-rise buildings.

Carpentry using Power Tools only:

- (a) Study of the joints in roofs, doors, windows and furniture.
- (b) Hands-on-exercise:

Wood work, joints by sawing, planing and cutting.

II MECHANICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE 18

Welding:

- (a) Preparation of butt joints, lap joints and T- joints by Shielded metal arc welding.
- (b) Gas welding practice

Basic Machining:

- (a) Simple Turning and Taper turning
- (b) Drilling Practice

Sheet Metal Work:

- (a) Forming & Bending:
- (b) Model making – Trays and funnels.
- (c) Different type of joints.

Machine assembly practice:

- (a) Study of centrifugal pump
- (b) Study of air conditioner

Demonstration on:

- (a) Smithy operations, upsetting, swaging, setting down and bending.
Example – Exercise – Production of hexagonal headed bolt.
- (b) Foundry operations like mould preparation for gear and step cone pulley.
- (c) Fitting – Exercises – Preparation of square fitting and V – fitting models.

GROUP B (ELECTRICAL & ELECTRONICS)

III	ELECTRICAL ENGINEERING PRACTICE	13
1.	Residential house wiring using switches, fuse, indicator, lamp and energy meter.	
2.	Fluorescent lamp wiring.	
3.	Stair case wiring	
4.	Measurement of electrical quantities – voltage, current, power & power factor in RLC circuit.	
5.	Measurement of energy using single phase energy meter.	
6.	Measurement of resistance to earth of an electrical equipment.	
IV	ELECTRONICS ENGINEERING PRACTICE	16
1.	Study of Electronic components and equipments – Resistor, colour coding measurement of AC signal parameter (peak-peak, RMS period, frequency) using CR.	
2.	Study of logic gates AND, OR, EX-OR and NOT.	
3.	Generation of Clock Signal.	
4.	Soldering practice – Components Devices and Circuits – Using general purpose PCB.	
5.	Measurement of ripple factor of HWR and FWR.	

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1	Fabricate carpentry components and pipe connections including plumbing works.
CO2	Use welding equipments to join the structures, carry out the basic machining operations, and make the models using sheet metal works
CO3	Illustrate on centrifugal pump, air conditioner, operations of smithy, foundry and fittings

CO4 Carry out basic home electrical works and appliances, measure the electrical quantities

CO5 Elaborate on the electronic components and gates, soldering practices.

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS:

1. CIVIL

1. Assorted components for plumbing consisting of metallic pipes, plastic pipes, flexible pipes, couplings, unions, elbows, plugs and other fittings. 15 Sets.

2. Carpentry vice (fitted to work bench) 15 Nos.

3. Standard woodworking tools 15 Sets.

4. Models of industrial trusses, door joints, furniture joints 5 each

5. Power Tools: (a) Rotary Hammer 2 Nos

(b) Demolition Hammer 2 Nos

(c) Circular Saw 2 Nos

(d) Planer 2 Nos

(e) Hand Drilling Machine 2 Nos

(f) Jigsaw 2 Nos

2. MECHANICAL

1. Arc welding transformer with cables and holders 5 Nos.

2. Welding booth with exhaust facility 5 Nos.

3. Welding accessories like welding shield, chipping hammer, wire brush, etc. 5 Sets.

4. Oxygen and acetylene gas cylinders, blow pipe and other welding outfit. 2 Nos.

5. Centre lathe 2 Nos.

6. Hearth furnace, anvil and smithy tools 2 Sets.

7. Moulding table, foundry tools 2 Sets.
8. Power Tool: Angle Grinder 2 Nos
9. Study-purpose items: centrifugal pump, air-conditioner One each.
3. **ELECTRICAL**
 1. Assorted electrical components for house wiring 15 Sets
 2. Electrical measuring instruments 10 Sets
 3. Study purpose items: Iron box, fan and regulator, emergency lamp 1 each
 4. Megger (250V/500V) 1 No.
 5. Power Tools: (a) Range Finder 2 Nos
 - (b) Digital Live-wire detector 2 Nos
4. **ELECTRONICS**
 1. Soldering guns 10 Nos.
 2. Assorted electronic components for making circuits 50 Nos.
 3. Small PCBs 10 Nos.
 4. Multimeters 10 Nos.
 5. Study purpose items: Telephone, FM radio, low-voltage power supply

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the characteristics of basic electronic devices such as Diode, BJT, FET, SCR
 - To understand the working of RL, RC and RLC circuits
 - To gain hand on experience in Thevenin & Norton theorems, KVL & KCL, and Superposition Theorems.
1. Characteristics of PN Junction Diode
 2. Zener diode Characteristics and Regulator using Zener diode
 3. Common Emitter input-output Characteristics
 4. Common Base input-output Characteristics
 5. FET Characteristics
 6. SCR Characteristics
 7. Clipper and Clamper & FWR
 8. Verifications of Thevenin & Norton theorem
 9. Verifications of KVL & KCL
 10. Verifications of Super Position Theorem
 11. Verifications of maximum power transfer & reciprocity theorem
 12. Determination of Resonance Frequency of Series & Parallel RLC Circuits
 13. Transient analysis of RL and RC circuits

LABORATORY REQUIREMENTS

BC 107, BC 148, 2N2646, BFW10	-	25 each
1N4007, Zener diodes	-	25 each
Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors	-	sufficient quantities
Bread Boards	-	15 Nos.
CRO (30MHz)	-	15 Nos.
Function Generators (3MHz)	-	10 Nos.
Dual Regulated Power Supplies (0 – 30V)	-	10 Nos.

TOTAL: 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- Analyze the characteristics of basic electronic devices
- Design RL and RC circuits
- Verify Thevenin's & Norton's theorem KVL & KCL, and Super Position Theorems

MA1352	LINEAR ALGEBRA AND PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL EQUATIONS	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF PARTIAL DIFFERENTIAL 12
EQUATIONS

Solutions of one-dimensional wave equation, Solutions of one-dimensional heat equation, Steady state solution of two-dimensional heat equation.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Friedberg S.H, Insel A.J. and Spence L, Linear Algebra, Fifth edition, Pearson, 2018.
2. B.S. Grewal, Higher engineering mathematics, Khanna publishers, New Delhi 44th edition, 2017.
3. Strang G, Linear algebra for everyone, Wellesley Cambridge press, first edition, 2020.

REFERENCES:

1. Burden, R.L. and Faires, J.D, "Numerical Analysis", 9th Edition, Cengage Learning, 2016.
2. James, G. "Advanced Modern Engineering MathematicsII, Pearson Education, 2007.
3. Kolman, B. Hill, D.R., "Introductory Linear Algebra", Pearson Education, New Delhi, First Reprint, 2009.
4. Kumaresan, S. "Linear Algebra – A Geometric Approach", Prentice – Hall of India, New Delhi, Reprint, 2010.
5. Lay, D.C. "Linear Algebra and its Applications", 5th Edition, Pearson Education, 2015.
6. O'Neil, P.V. "Advanced Engineering Mathematics", Cengage Learning, 2007.
7. Strang, G. "Linear Algebra and its applications", Thomson (Brooks), New Delhi, 2005.

- CO1** Find the basis and dimension of vector space
- CO2** Find the matrix of linear transformation and orthonormal basis of inner product space.
- CO3** Understand how to solve various types of partial differential equations.
- CO4** Find the Fourier series of periodic functions.
- CO5** Solve one and two dimensional heat flow and one dimensional wave equations by Fourier series techniques.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the DC biasing methods of transistors and verify its performance.
- To design and analyze single stage and multistage BJT amplifier circuits.
- To design & analyze the small signal JFET & MOSFET amplifiers.
- To analyze the frequency response of small signal JFET & MOSFET amplifiers.
- To design, analyze and troubleshoot the fault analysis of the regulated DC power supplies.

UNIT I BIASING OF DISCRETE BJT, JFET AND MOSFET 9

BJT– Need for biasing - DC Load Line and Bias Point – DC analysis of Transistor circuits - Various biasing methods of BJT – Bias Circuit Design - Thermal stability - Stability factors - Bias compensation techniques using Diode, thermistor and sensistor - JFET - DC Load Line and Bias Point - Various biasing methods of JFET - JFET Bias Circuit Design - MOSFET Biasing.

UNIT II BJT AMPLIFIERS 9

Small Signal analysis of CE, CC and CB amplifiers using Hybrid- π equivalent circuits - AC Load Line Analysis- Darlington Amplifier –Miller's Theorem- Bootstrap technique - Cascade, Cascode configurations - Differential amplifier, Basic BJT differential pair – Small signal analysis and CMRR

UNIT III SINGLE STAGE FET, MOSFET AMPLIFIERS 9

Small Signal equivalent circuit of FET and MOSFET - Analysis of CS, CD and CG amplifiers using Hybrid π equivalent circuits - Basic FET differential pair- BiCMOS circuits.

UNIT IV FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF AMPLIFIERS 9

Amplifier frequency response – Frequency response of transistor amplifiers with circuit Capacitors – BJT frequency response – short circuit current gain - cut off frequency – f_{α} , f_{β} and unity gain bandwidth – Miller effect on

capacitors - frequency response of FET – High frequency analysis of CE and MOSFET CS amplifier.

UNIT V POWER SUPPLIES AND ELECTRONIC DEVICE 9

TESTING

Linear mode power supply - Rectifiers - Filters - Half-Wave Rectifier Power Supply - Full-Wave Rectifier Power Supply - Voltage regulators: Voltage regulation - Linear series, shunt and switching Voltage Regulators - Over voltage protection - BJT and MOSFET – Switched mode power supply (SMPS) - Power Supply Performance and Testing - Troubleshooting and Fault Analysis.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Donald. A. Neamen, Electronic Circuits Analysis and Design, 3rd Edition, Mc-Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2010. (Unit I-IV)
2. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nasheresky, —Electronic Devices and Circuit Theoryll, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2013. (Unit V)

REFERENCES:

1. Millman J, Halkias.C.and Sathyabrada Jit, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 4th Edition, Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2015.
2. Salivahanan and N. Suresh Kumar, Electronic Devices and Circuits, 4th Edition,Mc Graw Hill Education (India) Private Ltd., 2017.
3. Floyd, Electronic Devices, Ninth Edition, Pearson Education, 2012.
4. David A. Bell, Electronic Devices & Circuits, 5th Edition, Oxford University Press,2008
5. Anwar A. Khan and Kanchan K. Dey, A First Course on Electronics, PHI, 2006.
6. Rashid M, Microelectronics Circuits, Thomson Learning, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- CO1** acquire knowledge about different BJT and FET biasing circuits.
- CO2** analyze the performance of small signal BJT, multistage and Differential amplifiers.
- CO3** analyze the performance of single stage FET, MOSFET amplifiers.
- CO4** analyze the performance of Frequency response characteristics of BJT and FET and MOSFET amplifiers.
- CO5** design and troubleshoot the regulated DC power supplies

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic properties of signal & systems and the various methods of classification
- To learn Laplace Transform & Fourier transform and their properties
- To know Z transform & DTFT and their properties
- To characterize LTI systems in the Time domain and various Transform domains.

UNIT I CLASSIFICATION OF SIGNALS AND SYSTEMS 9

Introduction, Continuous-Time signals, Discrete-Time signals, Step, Ramp, Pulse, Impulse, Sinusoidal, Exponential, Classification of CT and DT signals - Periodic and Aperiodic signals, Deterministic and Random signals, Symmetric and asymmetric signals, Energy and Power signals, Continuous-Time systems, Discrete-Time systems-Basic system properties – Static and Dynamic systems, Linear and Nonlinear systems, Time-variant and Time invariant systems, Causal and Non-causal systems, Stable and Unstable systems.

UNIT II ANALYSIS OF CONTINUOUS TIME SIGNALS 9

Fourier series representation of continuous-Time periodic signals, Convergence of Fourier Series, Gibb's phenomenon. Fourier series representation of Discrete-Time periodic signals, Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, Representation of Aperiodic signals using Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, The Fourier Transform for Periodic Signals, Properties of the Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, Inverse Fourier Transform, The Laplace Transform, The Region of Convergence for Laplace Transforms, Properties of the Laplace Transform, Inverse Laplace Transform

**UNIT III ANALYSIS OF LINEAR TIME INVARIANT- 9
CONTINUOUS TIME SYSTEMS**

LTI systems characterized by Linear Constant Coefficient Differential Equations using the Laplace Transform, System Function, Impulse Response, Step response and response with initial conditions, System Function Algebra and Block Diagram Representation, Interconnection of systems, Convolution integral Representation of LTI systems, LTI systems characterized by Linear Constant Coefficient Differential Equations using

Continuous-Time Fourier Transform, Frequency Response, Impulse Response, Step response and response.

UNIT IV ANALYSIS OF DISCRETE-TIME SIGNALS 9

Sampling theorem, Sampling theorem for Band limited signals, The Effect of under sampling: Aliasing, The Discrete-Time Fourier Transform - Representation of Aperiodic signals using Discrete-Time Fourier Transform, The Fourier Transform for Periodic Signals, Properties of the Discrete-Time Fourier Transform, Inverse Fourier Transform, The z-Transform, The Region of Convergence for the z- Transform, Properties of the z- Transform, Inverse z-Transform

UNIT V LINEAR TIME INVARIANT-DISCRETE TIME SYSTEMS 9

LTI systems characterized by Linear Constant Coefficient Difference Equations using the z-Transform, System Function, Impulse Response, Step response and response with initial conditions, System Function Algebra and Block Diagram Representation, Interconnection of systems, Convolution sum Representation of LTI systems, LTI systems characterized by Linear Constant Coefficient Difference Equations using Discrete-Time Fourier Transform, Frequency Response, Impulse Response, Step response and response.

**TOTAL : 45
PERIODS**

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Allan V.Oppenheim, S.Wilsky and S.H.Nawab, "Signals and Systems", Pearson, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. B. P. Lathi, "Principles of Linear Systems and Signals", Second Edition, Oxford, 2009.
2. R.E.Zeimer, W.H.Tranter and D.Ronald Fannin, "Signals and Systems : Continuous and Discrete", Fourth Edition Pearson, 2007.
3. Simon Haykin and Barry Van Veen "Signals & Systems", Second Edition Wiley 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To be able to determine the classification of systems based on their properties
- CO2** Apply the Laplace transform and continuous-time Fourier transform of continuous-time signals.
- CO3** Apply the Laplace transform and continuous-time Fourier transform of continuous-time systems.
- CO4** Apply the z-Transform and discrete-time Fourier transform of discrete-time signals.
- CO5** Apply the z-Transform and discrete-time Fourier transform of discrete-time systems.

OBJECTIVES:

- To present the Digital fundamentals, Boolean algebra and its applications in digital systems
- To familiarize with the design of various combinational digital circuits using logic gates
- To introduce the analysis and design procedures for synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits
- To explain the various semiconductor memories and related technology
- To introduce the electronic circuits involved in the making of logic gates

UNIT I**DIGITAL FUNDAMENTALS****9**

Number Systems – Decimal, Binary, Octal, Hexadecimal, 1' s and 2' s complements, Codes – Binary, BCD, Excess 3, Gray, Alphanumeric codes, Boolean theorems, Logic gates, Universal gates, Sum of products and product of sums, Minterms and Maxterms, Karnaugh map Minimization and Quine-McCluskey method of minimization.

UNIT II**COMBINATIONAL CIRCUIT DESIGN****9**

Design of Half and Full Adders, Half and Full Subtractors, Binary Parallel Adder – Carry look ahead Adder, BCD Adder, Multiplexer, Demultiplexer, Magnitude Comparator, Decoder, Encoder, Priority Encoder, Parity generator and checker, Code converter.

UNIT III**SYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS****9**

Flip flops – SR, JK, T, D, Master/Slave FF – operation and excitation tables, Triggering of FF, Analysis and design of clocked sequential circuits – Design of sequence detector –Design- Moore/Mealy models, state minimization, state assignment, circuit implementation – Design of Counters- Ripple Counters, Ring Counters, Shift registers, Universal Shift Register.

UNIT IV ASYNCHRONOUS SEQUENTIAL CIRCUITS 9

Stable and Unstable states, output specifications, cycles and races, state reduction, race free assignments, Hazards, Essential Hazards, Pulse mode sequential circuits, Design of Hazard free circuits.

UNIT V MEMORY DEVICES AND DIGITAL 9
INTEGRATED CIRCUITS

Basic memory structure – ROM -PROM – EPROM – EEPROM –EAPROM, RAM – Static and dynamic RAM - Programmable Logic Devices – Programmable Logic Array (PLA) - Programmable Array Logic (PAL) – Field Programmable Gate Arrays (FPGA) - Implementation of combinational logic circuits using PLA, PAL.Digital integrated circuits: Logic levels, propagation delay, power dissipation, fan-out and fan- in, noise margin, logic families and their characteristics-RTL, TTL, ECL, CMOS.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M. Morris Mano and Michael D. Ciletti, —Digital DesignII, 5th Edition, Pearson, 2014.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles H.Roth. —Fundamentals of Logic DesignII, 6th Edition, Thomson Learning, 2013.
2. Thomas L. Floyd, —Digital FundamentalsII, 10th Edition, Pearson Education Inc, 2011
3. S.Salivahanan and S.Arivazhagan—Digital ElectronicsII, 1st Edition, Vikas Publishing House pvt Ltd, 2012.
4. Anil K.Maini —Digital ElectronicsII, Wiley, 2014.
5. A.Anand Kumar —Fundamentals of Digital CircuitsII, 4th Edition, PHI Learning Private Limited 2016
6. Soumitra Kumar Mandal — Digital ElectronicsII, McGraw Hill Education Private Limited, 2016.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Use digital electronics in the present contemporary world
- CO2** Design various combinational digital circuits using logic gates
- CO3** Do the analysis and design procedures for synchronous and asynchronous sequential circuits
- CO4** Use the semiconductor memories and related technology
- CO5** Use electronic circuits involved in the design of logic gates

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain basic mathematical understanding of vector algebra
- To gain conceptual and basic mathematical understanding of Electric and Magnetic fields in free space and in materials
- To understand the coupling between electric and magnetic fields through Faraday's law, displacement current and Maxwell's equations
- To understand wave propagation in lossless and in lossy media
- To be able to solve problems based on the above concepts

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO VECTOR ANALYSIS 9

Electromagnetic model, Units and constants, Review of vector algebra, Rectangular, cylindrical and spherical coordinate systems, Line, surface and volume integrals, Gradient of a scalar field, Divergence of a vector field, Divergence theorem, Curl of a vector field, Stoke's theorem, Null identities, Helmholtz's theorem

UNIT II ELECTROSTATICS 9

Electric field, Coulomb's law, Gauss's law and applications, Electric potential, Electric flux density and dielectric constant, Conductors in static electric field, Dielectrics in static electric field, Current density, Ohm's law, Continuity equation, Boundary conditions, Capacitance, Parallel, cylindrical and spherical capacitors, Electrostatic energy, Poisson's and Laplace's equations

UNIT III MAGNETOSTATICS 9

Lorentz force equation, Law of no magnetic monopoles, Ampere's law, Vector magnetic potential, Biot-Savart law and applications, Magnetic field intensity and idea of relative permeability, Magnetic circuits, Behaviour of magnetic materials, Boundary conditions, Inductance and inductors, Magnetic energy, Magnetic forces and torques

UNIT IV TIME-VARYING FIELDS AND MAXWELL'S EQUATIONS 9

Faraday's law, Displacement current and Maxwell-Ampere law, Maxwell's equations, Potential functions, Electromagnetic boundary conditions, Wave equations and solutions, Time-harmonic fields

UNIT V PLANE ELECTROMAGNETIC WAVES 9

Plane waves in lossless media, Plane waves in lossy media (low-loss dielectrics and good conductors), Group velocity, Electromagnetic power flow and Poynting vector, Normal incidence at a plane conducting boundary, Normal incidence at a plane dielectric boundary

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. William H Hayt and Jr John A Buck, "Engineering Electromagnetics" , Tata Mc Graw-Hill Publishing Company Ltd, New Delhi, 2008.
2. D.K. Cheng, Field and wave electromagnetics, 2nd ed., Pearson (India), 1989
3. Sadiku MH, "Principles of Electromagnetics", Oxford University Press Inc, New Delhi, 2009.

REFERENCES:

1. John D Kraus and Daniel A Fleisch, "Electromagnetics with Applications", Mc Graw Hill Book Co, 2005
2. Karl E Longman and Sava V Savov, "Fundamentals of Electromagnetics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2006
3. Ashutosh Pramanic, "Electromagnetism", Prentice Hall of India , New Delhi, 2006.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To Understand the basics of vector algebra and its significance in coordinate systems
- CO2** To analyse electric field, electric potential and behaviour of conductors, dielectrics in static electric fields
- CO3** To analyse magnetic field, magnetic potential and behaviour of magnetic materials in static magnetic fields
- CO4** To analyse the relation between the electric fields and magnetic fields under time varying fields using Maxwell's and Wave Equations
- CO5** To understand the wave propagation in conductors and dielectrics

EE1351

**BASIC ELECTRICAL AND
INSTRUMENTATION ENGINEERING**

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- Operation of Three phase electrical circuits and power measurement
- To understand concepts of AC machines.
- To learn basic measurement concepts.
- To learn the concepts of electronic measurements.
- To learn about importance of digital instruments in measurements

UNIT I AC CIRCUITS AND POWER SYSTEMS 9

Three phase power supply – Star connection – Delta connection – Balanced and Unbalanced Loads- Power equation – Star Delta Conversion – Three Phase Power Measurement – Transmission & Distribution of electrical energy – Over head Vs Underground system – Protection of power system – types of tariff – power factor improvement

UNIT II TRANSFORMER 9

Introduction – Single phase transformer construction and principle of operation – EMF equation of transformer-Transformer no-load phasor diagram — Transformer on-load phasor diagram — Equivalent circuit of transformer – Regulation of transformer –Transformer losses and efficiency- All day efficiency –auto transformers.

UNIT III INDUCTION MACHINES AND SYNCHRONOUS MACHINES 9

Principle of operation of three-phase induction motors – Construction –Types – Equivalent circuit – Construction of single-phase induction motors – Types of single phase induction motors – Double revolving field theory – starting methods – Principles of alternator – Construction details – Types – Equation of induced EMF – Voltage regulation. Methods of starting of synchronous motors – Torque equation – V curves – Synchronous motors.

UNIT IV BASICS OF MEASUREMENT AND 9 INSTRUMENTATION

Static and Dynamic Characteristics of Measurement – Errors in Measurement – Classification of Transducers – Variable resistive – Strain gauge, thermistor RTD – transducer – Variable Capacitive Transducer – Capacitor Microphone – Piezo Electric Transducer – Variable Inductive transducer – LVDT, RVDT

UNIT V ANALOG AND DIGITAL INSTRUMENTS 9

DVM, DMM – Storage Oscilloscope. Comparison of Analog and Digital Modes of operation, Application of measurement system, Errors. Measurement of R, L and C, Wheatstone, Kelvin, Maxwell, Anderson, Schering and Wien bridges Measurement of Inductance, Capacitance, Effective resistance at high frequency, Q-Meter.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D P Kothari and I.J Nagarath, "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, Third Reprint ,2016.
2. Giorgio Rizzoni, "Principles and Applications of Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2010.
3. S.K.Bhattacharya "Basic Electrical and Electronics Engineering", Pearson India, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Del Toro , "Electrical Engineering Fundamentals", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2015.
2. Leonard S Bobrow, " Foundations of Electrical Engineering", Oxford University Press, 2013.
3. Rajendra Prasad , "Fundamentals of Electrical engineering", Prentice Hall of India, 2006.
4. Mittle N., "Basic Electrical Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 24th reprint 2016.
5. A.E.Fitzgerald, David E Higginbotham and Arvin Grabel, "Basic Electrical Engineering", McGraw Hill Education(India) Private Limited, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Understand the concept of three phase electrical circuits and power measurement.
- CO2** Understand the concepts in transformers.
- CO3** Understand the concepts of AC machines.
- CO4** Understand the basic measurement and instrumentation based devices.
- CO5** Understand the relevance of digital instruments in measurements.

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Study the Frequency response of CE, CB and CC Amplifier
- Learn the frequency response of CS Amplifiers
- Study the Transfer characteristics of differential amplifier
- Perform experiment to obtain the bandwidth of single stage and multistage amplifiers
- Perform SPICE simulation of Electronic Circuits
- Design and implement the Combinational and sequential logic circuits

LIST OF ANALOG EXPERIMENTS:

1. Design of Regulated Power supplies
2. Frequency Response of CE, CB, CC and CS amplifiers
3. Darlington Amplifier
4. Cascode and Cascade amplifiers
5. Determination of bandwidth of single stage and multistage amplifiers
6. Analysis of BJT with Fixed bias and Voltage divider bias using Spice / Multisim
7. Analysis of FET, MOSFET with fixed bias, self-bias and voltage divider bias using simulation software like Spice/ Multisim
8. Analysis of Cascode and Cascade amplifiers using Spice/ Multisim
9. Analysis of Frequency Response of BJT and FET using Spice/ Multisim

LIST OF DIGITAL EXPERIMENTS:

1. Design and Implementation of Half adder, Full adder, Half subtractor and Full subtractor
2. Design and implementation of BCD to Excess-3, Excess-3 to BCD, Binary to Gray and Gray to Binary code converters
3. Design and implementation of 4 bit binary Adder/ Subtractor using IC 7483
4. Design and implementation of encoder and decoder using logic gates
5. Design and implementation of Multiplexer and De-multiplexer using logic gates
6. Construction and verification of 4 bit ripple counter and Mod-10 Ripple counters
7. Design and implementation of 3-bit synchronous up/down counter
8. Implementation of Shift Registers (i) SISO,(ii)SIPO,(iii) PIPO

EQUIPMENTS FOR ANALOG LAB

CRO/DSO (30MHz) - 15 Nos.

Signal Generator /Function Generators - 15 Nos.
(3 MHz)

Dual Regulated Power Supplies (0 – - 15 Nos.
30V)

Standalone desktop PCs with SPICE - 15 Nos.
software

Transistor/FET (BJT-NPN-PNP and - 50 Nos.
NMOS/PMOS)

Components and Accessories: Resistors, Capacitors, Inductors, diodes,
Zener Diodes, Bread Boards, Transformers

SPICE Circuit Simulation Software: (any public domain or commercial software)

EQUIPMENTS FOR DIGITAL LAB

Dual power supply/ single mode power supply	- 15 Nos.
IC Trainer Kit	- 15 Nos.
Bread Boards	- 15 Nos.
Seven segment display	- 15 Nos.
Multimeter	- 15 Nos.
ICs	- each 50 Nos.

7400/ 7402 / 7404 / 7486 / 7408 / 7432 /
7483 / 74150 / 74151 / 74147 / 7445 /
7476/7491/ 555 / 7494 / 7447 / 74180 /
7485 / 7473 / 74138 / 7411 / 7474

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Design and Test BJT/JFET amplifiers, cascade and cascode amplifiers
- CO2** Measure CMRR in differential Amplifiers
- CO3** Design and Test rectifiers, filters and regulated power supplies
- CO4** Simulate and analyze amplifiers circuits using Pspice/Multisim
- CO5** Design and Test the digital logic Circuits

HS1310

**PROFESSIONAL SKILLS
LABORATORY**

L	T	P	C
0	0	2	1

OBJECTIVES:

- Enhance the Employability and Career Skills of students
- Orient the students towards grooming as a professional
- Make them Employable Graduates
- Develop their confidence and help them attend interviews successfully.

UNIT I

6

Introduction to Soft Skills- Hard skills & soft skills - employability and career Skills—Grooming as a professional with values—Making an Oral Presentation—Planning and preparing a model presentation; Organizing the presentation to suit the audience and context; Connecting with the audience during presentation; Projecting a positive image while speaking; Emphasis on effective body language-General awareness of Current Affairs.

UNIT II

6

Self-Introduction-organizing the material - Introducing oneself to the audience – introducing the topic – answering questions – individual presentation practice— Making a Power Point Presentation -- Structure and format; Covering elements of an effective presentation; Body language dynamics. Making an Oral Presentation—Planning and preparing a model presentation; Organizing the presentation to suit the audience and context; Connecting with the audience during presentation; Projecting a positive image while speaking; Emphasis on effective body language

UNIT III

6

Introduction to Group Discussion— Participating in group discussions – understanding group dynamics - brainstorming the topic -- questioning and clarifying –GD strategies- Structure and dynamics of a GD; Techniques of effective participation in group discussion; Preparing for group discussion; Accepting others' views / ideas; Arguing against others' views or ideas, etc

UNIT IV

6

Basics of public speaking; Preparing for a speech; Features of a good speech; Speaking with a microphone. (Famous speeches may be played as model speeches for learning the art of public speaking). Interview etiquette – dress code – body language – attending job interviews– telephone/skype interview -one to one interview & panel interview –Job Interviews: purpose and process; How to prepare for an interview; Language and style to be used in an interview; Types of interview questions and how to answer them.

UNIT V

6

Recognizing differences between groups and teams- managing time managing stress- networking professionally- respecting social protocols understanding career management-developing a long- term career plan making career changes

TOTAL : 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Butterfield, Jeff Soft Skills for Everyone. Cengage Learning: New Delhi, 2015
2. E. Suresh Kumar et al. Communication for Professional Success.
3. Raman, Meenakshi and Sangeeta Sharma. Professional Communication. Oxford University Press: Oxford, 2014
4. S. Hariharan et al. Soft Skills. MJP Publishers: Chennai, 2010
5. Interact English Lab Manual for Undergraduate Students, Orient BlackSwan: Hyderabad, 2016.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Make effective presentations
- CO2** Participate confidently in Group Discussions
- CO3** Attend job interviews and be successful in them.
- CO4** Develop adequate Soft Skills required for the workplace
- CO5** Develop their speaking skills to enable them to speak fluently in real contexts

MA1451	PROBABILITY AND RANDOM PROCESSES	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide necessary basic concepts in probability and random processes for applications such as random signals, linear systems in communication engineering.
- To understand the basic concepts of one and two dimensional random variables and to introduce some standard distributions applicable to engineering which can describe real life phenomenon.
- To understand the basic concepts of random processes which are widely used in IT fields.
- To understand the concept of correlation and spectral densities.
- To understand the significance of linear systems with random inputs.

UNIT I RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Discrete and Continuous random variables – Moments – Moment generating functions – Binomial, Poisson, Geometric, Uniform, Exponential and Normal distributions.

UNIT II TWO – DIMENSIONAL RANDOM VARIABLES 12

Joint distributions – Marginal and conditional distributions – Covariance – Correlation and Linear regression

UNIT III RANDOM PROCESSES 12

Classification – Stationary process – Markov process - Poisson process – Random telegraph process.

UNITIV CORRELATION AND SPECTRAL DENSITIES 12

Auto correlation functions – Cross correlation functions – Properties – Power spectral density – Cross spectral density – Properties.

UNIT V LINEAR SYSTEMS WITH RANDOM INPUTS 12

Linear time invariant system – System transfer function – Linear systems with random inputs – Auto correlation and Cross correlation functions of input and output.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Ibe, O.C., "Fundamentals of Applied Probability and Random Processes ", 2nd Edition, Academic press, 2014.
2. Peebles, P.Z., "Probability, Random Variables and Random Signal Principles ", 4th Edition, New Delhi, McGraw Hill Education, 2017.

REFERENCES:

1. Cooper. G.R., McGillem. C.D., "Probabilistic Methods of Signal and System Analysis", Oxford University Press, New Delhi, 3rd Indian Edition, 2012.
2. Hwei Hsu, "Schaum's Outline of Theory and Problems of Probability, Random Variables and Random Processes ", Tata McGraw Hill Edition, New Delhi, 2004.
3. Miller. S.L. and Childers. D.G., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing and Communications ", Academic Press, 2004.
4. Stark. H. and Woods. J.W., "Probability and Random Processes with Applications to Signal Processing ", Pearson Education, Asia, 3rd Edition, 2002.
5. Yates. R.D. and Goodman. D.J., "Probability and Stochastic Processes", Wiley India Pvt. Ltd., Bangalore, 2nd Edition, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Able to get the exposure to random variable and well founded the knowledge of
standard distributions which can be described real life phenomena.
- CO2** Able to handle situations involving more than one random variable and functions.
- CO3** Able to acquire skills and knowledge of applications of random phenomena with respect to time in probabilistic manner.

CO4 Able to find the relation between two or more random variables, the nature of relationship and degree of relationship.

CO5 Able to find the functional relationship between the input, output signals and able to analyze the response of random inputs to linear time invariant systems.

EC1402	ELECTRONIC CIRCUITS- II	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To Study and analyse the negative feedback amplifiers
- To Study and analyse the positive feedback amplifiers
- To design and analyse the performance of Tuned amplifiers
- To design and construct wave shaping circuits
- To Study and analyse the performance of power amplifiers and DC converters

UNIT I FEEDBACK AMPLIFIERS AND STABILITY 9

Feedback Concepts – gain with feedback – effect of feedback on gain stability, distortion, bandwidth, input and output impedances; topologies of feedback amplifiers – analysis of series-series, series-shunt, shunt-shunt and shunt-series feedback amplifiers-stability problem-Gain and Phase-margins-Frequency compensation.

UNIT II OSCILLATORS 9

Barkhausen criterion for oscillation –Analysis of RC oscillators: Phase shift, Wien bridge - Analysis of LC- oscillators: Hartley, Colpitt's & Clapp oscillators-Armstrong Oscillator and crystal oscillators – Oscillator amplitude stabilization

UNIT III TUNED AMPLIFIERS 9

Coil losses, unloaded and loaded Q of tank circuits, small signal tuned amplifiers –Analysis of capacitor coupled single tuned amplifier – Effect of cascading single tuned amplifiers on bandwidth – Double Tuned Amplifier (Characteristics Study) - Stagger tuned amplifiers - Stability of tuned

amplifiers – Neutralization – Broad band neutralization : Hazeltine & Neutrodyne neutralization methods- Narrow band neutralization

UNIT IV WAVE SHAPING AND MULTIVIBRATOR 9
CIRCUITS

RC integrator and differentiator circuits – Diode clippers and clippers – Multivibrators: Collector coupled Astable, Monostable & Bistable multivibrators -Triggering methods of Bistable and Monostable multivibrators - Schmitt Trigger- UJT relaxation oscillator.

UNIT V POWER AMPLIFIERS AND DC CONVERTERS 9

Power amplifiers- class A-Class B-Class AB-Class C- Temperature Effect - Distortions in Power Amplifier – DC-DC Converters : Buck, Boost and Buck-Boost- Quantitative analysis only

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sedra and Smith, "Micro Electronic Circuits", Sixth Edition, Oxford University Press, 2011. (UNIT I, III,IV,V)
2. Jacob Millman, "Microelectronics", McGraw Hill, 2nd Edition, Reprinted, 2009. (UNIT I,II,IV,V)

REFERENCES:

1. Robert L. Boylestad and Louis Nasheresky, "Electronic Devices and Circuit Theory", 10th Edition, Pearson Education / PHI, 2008
2. David A. Bell, "Electronic Devices and Circuits", Fifth Edition, Oxford University Press, 2008.
3. Millman J. and Taub H., "Pulse Digital and Switching Waveforms", TMH, 2000.
4. Rao B. Visvesvara "Electronic Circuits-II" Pearson Education India 2018
5. S Salivahanan, N Suresh Kumar "Electronic Circuits – II" McGraw Hill India 2018

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Analyze different types of negative feedback amplifiers design and Stability
- CO2** Analyze different types of sinusoidal oscillators design
- CO3** Analyze the characteristics of different types of tuned amplifiers and its Stability
- CO4** Understand the design and characteristics of different types of wave shaping circuits
- CO5** Analyze the performance of power amplifiers and also investigate the performance of DC convertors

EC1403	COMMUNICATION THEORY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of various amplitude modulations and their spectral characteristics.
- To analyze the concepts of angle modulation.
- To understand random processes and their characteristics.
- To know the effect of noise on communication systems.
- To study the limits set by Information Theory.

UNIT I AMPLITUDE MODULATION 9

Amplitude Modulation- DSBSC, SSB, VSB – Modulation index, Spectra, Power relations and Bandwidth – AM Generation – Square law and Switching modulator, DSBSC Generation – Balanced and Ring Modulator, SSB Generation – Filter, Phase Shift and Third Methods, VSB Generation – Filter Method, Hilbert Transform, Pre-envelope & complex envelope –comparison of different AM techniques, Superheterodyne Receiver-FDM

UNIT II ANGLE MODULATION 9

Phase and frequency modulation, Narrow Band and Wide band FM – Modulation index, Spectra, Power relations and Transmission Bandwidth – FM modulation –Direct and Indirect methods, FM Demodulation – FM to AM conversion, FM Discriminator – PLL as FM Demodulator.

UNIT III RANDOM PROCESS 9

Random variables, Random Process, Stationary Processes, Mean, Correlation & Covariance functions, Power Spectral Density, Ergodic Processes, Gaussian Process, Transmission of a Random Process through a LTI filter.

UNIT IV NOISE CHARACTERIZATION 9

Noise sources – Noise figure, noise temperature and noise bandwidth – Noise in cascaded systems. Representation of Narrow band noise – In-phase and quadrature, Envelope and Phase – Noise performance analysis in AM & FM systems – Threshold effect, Pre-emphasis and de-emphasis for FM.

UNIT V INFORMATION THEORY 9

Discrete Memoryless source, Information, Entropy, Mutual Information – Discrete Memoryless channels – Binary Symmetric Channel, Channel Capacity – Hartley – Shannon law – Source coding theorem – Shannon – Fano & Huffman codes.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. J.G.Proakis, M.Salehi, “Fundamentals of Communication Systems”, Pearson Education 2006.
2. S. Haykin, “Digital Communications”, John Wiley, 2005.

REFERENCES:

1. B.P.Lathi, “Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems”, 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press, 2007.
2. B.Sklar, “Digital Communications Fundamentals and Applications”, 2nd Edition Pearson Education 2007
3. H P Hsu, Schaum Outline Series – “Analog and Digital Communications” TMH 2006
4. Couch.L., “Modern Communication Systems”, Pearson, 2001.
5. D.Roody, J.Coolen, Electronic Communications, 4th edition PHI 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Design AM communication systems
- CO2** Design Angle modulated communication systems
- CO3** Apply the concepts of Random Process to the design of Communication systems
- CO4** Analyze the noise performance of AM and FM systems
- CO5** Configure Source coding schemes

EC1404	LINEAR INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the basic building blocks of linear integrated circuits
- To learn the linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers
- To introduce the theory and applications of waveform generators, and PLL
- To learn the theory of ADC and DAC
- To introduce the concepts of some special function ICs

UNIT I	BASICS OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS	9
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Current mirror and current sources, Current sources as active loads, Voltage sources, Voltage References, BJT Differential amplifier with active loads, Basic information about op-amps – Ideal Operational Amplifier - General operational amplifier stages -and internal circuit diagrams of IC 741, DC and AC performance characteristics, slew rate, Open and closed loop configurations.

UNIT II	APPLICATIONS OF OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIERS	9
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Sign Changer, Scale Changer, Phase Shift Circuits, Voltage Follower, V-to-I and I-to-V converters, adder, subtractor, Instrumentation amplifier, Integrator,

Differentiator, Logarithmic amplifier, Antilogarithmic amplifier, Comparators, Schmitt trigger, Precision rectifier, peak detector, clipper and clamper, Low-pass, high-pass and band-pass Butterworth filters.

UNIT III WAVEFORM GENERATORS AND PLL 9

Sine-wave generators, Multivibrators and Triangular wave generator, Saw-tooth wave generator, ICL8038 function generator, Operation of the basic PLL, Closed loop analysis, Voltage controlled oscillator, Monolithic PLL IC 565, application of PLL for AM detection, FM detection, FSK modulation and demodulation and Frequency synthesizing and clock synchronisation.

UNIT IV ANALOG TO DIGITAL AND DIGITAL TO 9
ANALOG CONVERTERS

Analog and Digital Data Conversions, D/A converter – specifications - weighted resistor type, R-2R Ladder type, Voltage Mode and Current-Mode R - 2R Ladder types - switches for D/A converters, high speed sample-and-hold circuits, A/D Converters – specifications - Flash type - Successive Approximation type - Single Slope type – Dual Slope type - A/D Converter using Voltage-to-Time Conversion - Over-sampling A/D Converters, Sigma – Delta converters.

UNIT V SPECIAL FUNCTION ICs 9

Timer IC 555, IC Voltage regulators – Three terminal fixed and adjustable voltage regulators - IC 723 general purpose regulator - Monolithic switching regulator, Low Drop – Out(LDO) Regulators - Switched capacitor filter IC MF10, Frequency to Voltage and Voltage to Frequency converters, Isolation Amplifier, Optocoupler and fibre optic IC.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D.Roy Choudhry, Shail Jain, "Linear Integrated Circuits", New Age International Pvt. Ltd., 2018, Fifth Edition. (Unit I – V)
2. Sergio Franco, "Design with Operational Amplifiers and Analog Integrated Circuits", 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw-Hill, 2016 (Unit I – V)

REFERENCES:

1. Ramakant A. Gayakwad, "OP-AMP and Linear ICs", 4th Edition, Prentice Hall / Pearson Education, 2015.
2. Robert F.Coughlin, Frederick F.Driscoll, "Operational Amplifiers and Linear Integrated Circuits", Sixth Edition, PHI, 2001.
3. B.S.Sonde, "System design using Integrated Circuits" , 2nd Edition, New Age Pub, 2001.
4. Gray and Meyer, "Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits", Wiley International,5th Edition, 2009.
5. William D.Stanley, "Operational Amplifiers with Linear Integrated Circuits", Pearson Education,4th Edition,2001.
6. S.Salivahanan & V.S. Kanchana Bhaskaran, "Linear Integrated Circuits", TMH,2nd Edition, 4th Reprint, 2016.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Analyse the internal structure of operational amplifiers
- CO2** Design linear and non-linear applications of operational amplifiers.
- CO3** Able to generate waveforms using operational amplifiers and design applications of PLL
- CO4** Able to design ADC and DAC using operational amplifiers
- CO5** Able to explain the concepts of special function ICs

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the concepts of ADTs.
- To learn linear data structures like lists, stacks, and queues.
- To learn Non-linear tree data structures.
- To apply Graph structures
- To understand sorting, searching and hashing algorithms

UNIT I LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – LIST 9

Abstract Data Types (ADTs) – List ADT – array-based implementation – linked list implementation — singly linked lists- circularly linked lists- doubly-linked lists – applications of lists –Polynomial Manipulation – All operations (Insertion, Deletion, Merge, Traversal).

UNIT II LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – STACKS, 9
QUEUES

Stack ADT – Operations – Applications – Evaluating arithmetic expressions- Conversion of Infix to postfix expression – Queue ADT – Operations – Circular Queue – Priority Queue – deQueue – applications of queues.

UNIT III NON-LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – TREES 9

Tree ADT – tree traversals – Binary Tree ADT – expression trees – applications of trees – binary search tree ADT –Threaded Binary Trees- AVL Trees – B-Tree – B+ Tree – Heap – Applications of heap.

UNIT IV NON-LINEAR DATA STRUCTURES – GRAPHS 9

Definition – Representation of Graph – Types of graph – Breadth-first traversal – Depth-first traversal – Topological Sort – Bi-connectivity –Graph Algorithms – Shortest Path Algorithms: Dijkstra's Algorithm – All pair shortest Path Algorithms: Floyds warshall Algorithm – Minimum Spanning Tree: Prim's Algorithm – Kruskal's Algorithm – Applications of Graph.

UNIT V SEARCHING, SORTING AND HASHING 9
TECHNIQUES

Searching- Linear Search – Binary Search. Sorting – Bubble sort – Selection sort – Insertion sort – Shell sort – Radix sort - Merge sort – Quick sort. Hashing- Hash Functions – Separate Chaining – Open Addressing – Rehashing – Extendible Hashing.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Michael T. Goodrich, Roberto Tamassia, Michael H. Goldwasser, Data Structures and Algorithms in Python, Wiley, 2013.
2. Bradley N. Miller, David L. Ranum, “ Problem Solving with Algorithms and Data Structures using Python “ , Second Edition, 2013.
3. Rance D. Necaie, Data Structures and Algorithms Using Python, John Wiley & Sons, 2011.

REFERENCES:

1. Mark Allen Weiss, "Data Structures and Algorithm Analysis in C", Second Edition, Pearson Education, 1996
2. Reema Thareja, —Data Structures Using C, Second Edition , Oxford University Press, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Implement abstract data types for linear data structures.
- CO2** Apply the different linear data structures to problem solutions.
- CO3** Implement abstract data types for non-linear data structures.
- CO4** Apply Graph data structure for the real world problems.
- CO5** Critically analyze the various sorting, searching algorithms and hash functions that result in a collision free scenario for data storage and retrieval.

EC1406	CONTROL SYSTEMS ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the components and their representation of control systems
- To learn various methods for analyzing the time response, frequency response and stability of the systems.
- To learn the various approach for the state variable analysis.

UNIT I SYSTEMS COMPONENTS AND THEIR REPRESENTATION 9

Control System: Terminology and Basic Structure-Feed forward and Feedback control theory-Electrical and Mechanical Transfer Function Models-Block diagram Models-Signal flow graphs models-DC and AC servo Systems-Synchronous -Multivariable control system

UNIT II TIME RESPONSE ANALYSIS 9

Transient response-steady state response-Measures of performance of the standard first order and second order system-effect on an additional zero and an additional pole-steady error constant and system- type number-PID control-Analytical design for PD, PI,PID control systems

UNIT III FREQUENCY RESPONSE AND SYSTEM ANALYSIS 9

Closed loop frequency response-Performance specification in frequency domain-Frequency response of standard second order system- Bode Plot - Polar Plot- Nyquist plots-Design of compensators using Bode plots-Cascade lead compensation-Cascade lag compensation-Cascade lag-lead compensation.

UNIT IV CONCEPTS OF STABILITY ANALYSIS 9

Concept of stability-Bounded - Input Bounded - Output stability-Routh stability criterion-Relative stability-Root locus concept-Guidelines for sketching root locus-Nyquist stability criterion.

State variable representation-Conversion of state variable models to transfer functions-Conversion of transfer functions to state variable models-Solution of state equations-Concepts of Controllability and Observability-Stability of linear systems-Equivalence between transfer function and state variable representations-State variable analysis of digital control system-Digital control design using state feedback.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. M.Gopal, "Control System – Principles and Design", Tata McGraw Hill, 4th Edition, 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. J.Nagrath and M.Gopal, "Control System Engineering", New Age International Publishers, 5 th Edition, 2007.
2. K. Ogata, "Modern Control Engineering", 5th edition, PHI, 2012.
3. S.K.Bhattacharya, "Control System Engineering", 3rd Edition, Pearson, 2013.
4. Benjamin.C.Kuo, "Automatic control systems", Prentice Hall of India, 7th Edition, 1995.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Identify the various control system components and their representations.
- CO2** Analyze the various time domain parameters.
- CO3** Analysis the various frequency response plots and its system.
- CO4** Apply the concepts of various system stability criterions.
- CO5** Design various transfer functions of digital control system using state variable models

	CIRCUITS DESIGN	L	T	P	C
EC1407	SIMULATION AND LINEAR				
	INTEGRATED CIRCUITS	0	0	4	2
	LABORATORY				

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain hands on experience in designing electronic circuits
- To learn simulation software used in circuit design
- To learn the fundamental principles of amplifier circuits
- To differentiate feedback amplifiers and oscillators.
- To differentiate the operation of various multivibrators

DESIGN AND ANALYSIS OF THE FOLLOWING CIRCUITS

1. Series and Shunt feedback amplifiers-Frequency response, Input and output impedance calculation
2. RC Phase shift oscillator and Wien Bridge Oscillator
3. Hartley Oscillator and Colpitts Oscillator
4. Single Tuned Amplifier
5. RC Integrator and Differentiator circuits
6. Astable and Monostable Multivibrators
7. Clippers and Clampers
8. Integrator and Differentiator.
9. Instrumentation amplifier.
10. Active low-pass, High-pass and band-pass filters.
11. Astable & Monostable multivibrators using Op-amp
12. Schmitt Trigger using op-amp.
13. Phase shift and Wien bridge oscillators using Op-amp.
14. Astable and Monostable multivibrators using NE555 Timer.
15. Study of SMPS

SIMULATION USING SPICE (Using Transistor)

1. Tuned Collector Oscillator
2. Twin-T Oscillator /Wein Bridge Oscillator
3. Double and Stagger tuned Amplifiers
4. Bistable Multivibrator
5. Schmitt Trigger circuit with Predictable hysteresis
6. Monostable multivibrator with emitter timing and base timing
7. Analysis of Power Amplifier
8. Active low-pass, High-pass and band-pass filters using Op-amp
9. Astable and Monostable multivibrators using NE555 Timer

LAB REQUIREMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS / 2 STUDENTS PER EXPERIMENT:

S.NO EQUIPMENTS

1	CRO (Min 30MHz)	- 15 Nos.
2	Signal Generator /Function Generators (2 MHz)	- 15 Nos.
3	Dual Regulated Power Supplies (0 – 30V)	- 15 Nos.
4	Digital Multimeter	- 15 Nos.
5	Digital LCR Meter	- 2 Nos.
6	Standalone desktops PC	- 15 Nos
7	Transistor/FET (BJT-NPN-PNP and NMOS/PMOS)	- 50 Nos

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Analyze various types of feedback amplifiers
- CO2** Design various types of oscillators.
- CO3** Design tuned amplifiers,
- CO4** Design wave-shaping circuits and multivibrators
- CO5** Design and simulate feedback amplifiers, oscillators, tuned amplifiers,

CS1307	DATA STRUCTURES LABORATORY USING C	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the concepts of primitive data structures.
- To understand the process in linear and non-linear data structures.
- To introduce the concepts of sorting, searching and hashing.

1. IMPLIMENTATION OF LIST

Write C programs to

- Array implementation of Stack ADTs
- Array implementation of Queue ADTs.

2. LIST ADT

Array implementation of List ADT.

3. IMPLEMENTATION OF STACK AND QUEUE

Write C programs to

- Design and implement Single Linked List.
- Design and implement Stack and its operations using List.
- Design and implement Queue and its operations using List.

4. APPLICATIONS OF LINEAR DATA STRUCTURE

Write C programs to

- Design and implement polynomial ADT using list
- Uses Stack operations to convert infix expression into postfix expression.
- Uses Stack operations for evaluating the postfix expression.

5. IMPLEMENTATION OF TREE

- Write a C program to Design and implement binary search tree.

6. IMPLEMENTATION OF ADVANCED TREE

- Design and Implement AVL tree using Templates.
- Design and Implement heap tree using Templates.

7. IMPLEMENTATION OF SHORTEST PATH ALGORITHMS

Write C programs for the following:

- a. Design and Implement Dijkstra's algorithm
- b. Design and Implement Floyd Warshall algorithm.

8. IMPLEMENTATION OF MINIMUM SPANNING TREE

Write C programs for the following:

- a. Design and Implement Kruskal's algorithm.
- b. Design and Implement Prim's algorithm.

9. GRAPH TRAVERSAL & SORTING

Write C programs to implement the following algorithms:

- a. Depth first search.
- b. Breadth first search.
- c. Topological Sorting

10. SORTING &SEARCHING AND HASH TABLE IMPLEMENTATION

- a. Write C programs for implementing the following sorting techniques to arrange a list of integers in ascending order.

i. Insertion sort

i. Selection sort

r. Quick sort

r. Merge sort

- b. Write C programs for implement linear search and binary search.
- c. Write C programs for implement Hashing – any two collision techniques

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Write functions to implement linear and non-linear data structure operations
- CO2** Suggest appropriate linear / non-linear data structure operations for solving a given problem
- CO3** Apply appropriate hash functions that result in a collision free scenario for data storage and retrieval

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the principles of Information coding Techniques
- To study the various waveform coding schemes
- To learn the various baseband transmission schemes
- To understand the various band pass signaling schemes
- To know the fundamentals of channel coding

UNIT I INFORMATION THEORY 9

Discrete Memoryless source, Information, Entropy, Mutual Information - Discrete Memoryless channels – Binary Symmetric Channel, Channel Capacity - Hartley - Shannon law – Source coding theorem - Shannon - Fano & Huffman codes.

UNIT II WAVEFORM CODING & REPRESENTATION 9

Prediction filtering and DPCM - Delta Modulation - ADPCM & ADM principles- Linear Predictive Coding- Properties of Line codes- Power Spectral Density of Unipolar / Polar RZ & NRZ – Bipolar NRZ – Manchester

UNIT III BASEBAND TRANSMISSION & RECEPTION 9

ISI – Nyquist criterion for distortion less transmission – Pulse shaping – Correlative coding -Eye pattern – Receiving Filters- Matched Filter, Correlation receiver, Adaptive Equalization

UNIT IV DIGITAL MODULATION SCHEME 9

Geometric Representation of signals - Generation, detection, PSD & BER of Coherent BPSK, BFSK & QPSK - QAM - Carrier Synchronization - Structure of Non-coherent Receivers - Principle of DPSK.

UNIT V ERROR CONTROL CODING 9

Channel coding theorem - Linear Block codes - Hamming codes - Cyclic codes - Convolutional codes - Viterbi Decoder.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. S. Haykin, "Digital Communications", John Wiley, 2005

REFERENCES:

1. B. Sklar, "Digital Communication Fundamentals and Applications", 2nd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009
2. B.P.Lathi, "Modern Digital and Analog Communication Systems" 3rd Edition, Oxford University Press 2007.
3. H P Hsu, Schaum Outline Series "Analog and Digital Communications", TMH 2006
4. J.G Proakis, "Digital Communication", 4th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill Company, 2001.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Design and implement different source coding techniques and the limits of channel
- CO2** Design and analysis of adaptive quantized schemes and different line code schemes
- CO3** Design and implement base band transmission schemes.
- CO4** Analyze the spectral characteristics of band pass signalling schemes and their noise performance
- CO5** Design error control coding schemes

EC1502	DISCRETE-TIME SIGNAL PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
		3	1	0	4

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn discrete Fourier transform, properties and its application to linear filtering
- To know the characteristics of IIR filters and learn the design of infinite impulse response filters for filtering undesired signals
- To know the characteristics of FIR filters and learn the design of finite impulse response filters for filtering undesired signals
- To understand Finite word length effects
- To study the concept of Multirate signal processing and applications

UNIT I DISCRETE FOURIER TRANSFORM 9

Review of signals and systems- Discrete Fourier Transform (DFT) - Deriving DFT from DTFT, properties of DFT — Circular convolution - Filtering long data sequences - Overlap save and Overlap add method. Fast computation of DFT - Radix-2 Decimation-in-time Fast Fourier transform (DIT-FFT), Decimation-in-frequency Fast Fourier transform (DIF-FFT), Linear filtering using FFT.

UNIT II INFINITE IMPULSE RESPONSE FILTER DESIGN 9

Structures of IIR Filter — Analog filter design - Butterworth filter, Chebyshev filter — Design of Discrete time IIR filter from analog filter-Impulse Invariance method, Bilinear transformation, Approximation of derivatives – Frequency transformation in the analog domain.

UNIT III FIR FILTER DESIGN 9

Structures of FIR Filter- Design of Linear phase FIR filter — Fourier Series method - Windowing techniques (Rectangular, Hamming, Hanning) and Frequency sampling method.

UNIT IV FINITE WORDLENGTH EFFECTS 9

Fixed point and Floating point number representations –Quantization-Truncation and Rounding errors - Finite word length effects in digital Filters- Quantization noise — Coefficient quantization error — Product quantization error — Overflow error — round off noise power - limit cycle

oscillations due to product round off and overflow errors – Principle of scaling.

UNIT V MULTIRATE DSP AND ITS APPLICATIONS

9

Multirate signal processing: Decimation, Interpolation, Sampling rate conversion by a rational factor — Adaptive Filters: Introduction, Applications of adaptive filters -Adaptive noise cancellation, Adaptive equalizer, Adaptive echo canceller, Sub band coding.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John G. Proakis & Dimitris G. Manolakis, "Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms & Applications", Fourth Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall, 2007.
2. S. Haykin, "Digital Communications", John Wiley, 2005

REFERENCES:

1. Monson H, Hayes, "Statistical Digital Signal Processing and Modeling", John Wiley and Sons Inc., New York, Indian Reprint, 2007.
2. Sanjit K. Mitra, "Digital Signal Processing – A Computer Based Approach", Tata McGraw Hill, 2007.
3. A.V. Oppenheim, R.W. Schaffer and J.R. Buck, "Discrete-Time Signal Processing", 8th Indian Reprint, Pearson, 2004.
4. Andreas Antoniou, "Digital Signal Processing", Tata McGraw Hill, 2006.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Able to analyze the signal performance in frequency domain using DFT
- CO2** Able to design IIR filters using different transformation techniques.
- CO3** Able to design FIR filters using different methods and also investigate its structure realization.
- CO4** Able to analyze finite word length effects for real time implementation
- CO5** Able to analyze the Multirate Signal Processing and applications of Adaptive filters

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand various network architectures, physical media, channel access techniques and the related link level protocols.
- To understand the evolving nature of access techniques in wired and wireless media and IP addressing.
- To explain the routing protocols, switch basics and Global Internet and analyze the Multicast Addressing and Multicast Routing.
- To get the knowledge about the transport layer protocols, Congestion control and avoidance in networks and QoS issues.
- To understand the various types of Application layer protocols such as SMTP, POP3, IMAP, MIME, HTTP, Web services, DNS, SNMP.

UNIT I	FUNDAMENTALS & LINK LAYER	9
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Overview of Data Communications- Networks – Building Network and its types– Overview of Internet - Protocol Layering - OSI Model – Physical Layer –Introduction to Data Link Layer - Link layer Addressing- Error Detection and Correction

UNIT II MEDIA ACCESS & INTERNETWORKING 9

Overview of Data link Control - Media access - Random, Controlled and channelization, IEEE Standards IEEE 802.3, IEEE 802.4, IEEE 802.5 - Wireless LANs – Bluetooth – Bluetooth Low Energy – WiFi – 6LowPAN– Zigbee. Network layer services – Packet Switching – IPV4 Address – Network layer protocols (ICMP, IGMP)

UNIT III ROUTING 9

Routing - Unicast Routing – Algorithms – Protocols – Multicast Routing and its basics – Overview of Intradomain and interdomain protocols – Overview of IPv6 Addressing – Transition from IPv4 to IPv6

UNIT IV TRANSPORT LAYER 9

Introduction to Transport layer –Protocols- User Datagram Protocols (UDP) and Transmission Control Protocols (TCP) –Services – Features – TCP Connection - TCP Congestion Control - Congestion avoidance (DECbit, RED) – QoS – Application requirements.

UNIT V APPLICATION LAYER 9

Application Layer Paradigms – World Wide Web and HTTP - DNS- - Electronic Mail (SMTP, POP3, IMAP, MIME) – Introduction to Peer to Peer Networks – Network Security – Firewalls- Network management protocol

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Behrouz A. Forouzan, "Data communication and Networking", Fifth Edition, Tata McGraw – Hill, 2013 (UNIT I –V)

REFERENCES:

1. James F. Kurose, Keith W. Ross, "Computer Networking - A Top-Down Approach Featuring the Internet", Seventh Edition, Pearson Education, 2016.
2. Nader. F. Mir, "Computer and Communication Networks", Pearson Prentice Hall Publishers, 2nd Edition, 2014.
3. Ying-Dar Lin, Ren-Hung Hwang, Fred Baker, "Computer Networks: An Open Source Approach", Mc Graw Hill Publisher, 2011.
4. Larry L. Peterson, Bruce S. Davie, "Computer Networks: A Systems Approach", Fifth Edition, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Identify the components required to build different types of networks and the functionality of each layer
- CO2** Understand the functionality of Layer2 for given application
- CO3** Understand IPV4 and IPV6 network configuration
- CO4** Trace the flow of information from one end to another end in the network
- CO5** Understand the use of various Application layer Protocols

OBJECTIVES:

- To introduce the various types of transmission lines and its characteristics.
- To give thorough understanding about high frequency line, power and impedance measurements.
- To impart technical knowledge in impedance matching using smith chart.
- To introduce wave behaviour along uniform guiding structures.
- To get acquaintance with RF filter and amplifier design.

UNIT I TRANSMISSION LINE THEORY**9**

General theory of Transmission lines- Characteristic impedance, propagation constant, attenuation and phase constants, wavelength, velocity of propagation; General Solution of transmission line- Calculation of current, voltage, power delivered and efficiency of transmission; Calculation of Input and Transfer impedance- Open and short circuited lines; The Infinite line; Waveform distortion-Conditions for Distortion less line; Loading and different methods of loading; Line not terminated with Z_0 - reflection coefficient, reflection factor and reflection loss.

UNIT II HIGH FREQUENCY TRANSMISSION LINES**9**

Transmission line equations at radio frequencies; Parameters of the open - wire line and Coaxial cable at high frequencies, Constants for the line of zero dissipation; Voltage and current on the dissipation-less line; Standing Waves, Nodes, Standing Wave Ratio; Input impedance- dissipation-less line, open circuited lines, short circuited lines, eighth-wave line, half wave line, quarter-wave line; Power and impedance measurement on lines, Smith chart- Measurement of impedance, admittance, reflection coefficient, VSWR, insertion loss, return loss and attenuation using Smith chart.

**UNIT III IMPEDANCE MATCHING IN HIGH FREQUENCY
 LINES**

9

Impedance matching- Quarter wave transformer, Matching with Lumped Elements, Single stub matching, Double stub matching; Design of Impedance matching networks using smith chart: Lumped element (L – section) matching, Single stub matching and Double stub matching.

UNIT IV WAVEGUIDES

9

Overview of Maxwell's Equation and Wave Equations, General Wave behavior along uniform guiding structures: Transverse Electric (TE) Waves, Transverse Magnetic (TM) Waves, Transverse Electromagnetic (TEM) Waves. General solutions for TE, TM and TEM waves- parallel plate waveguide, rectangular waveguide, and circular waveguide. Characteristics of wave guide: guide wavelength, cut off wave length, cut off frequency, wave impedance, phase constant, phase velocity, group velocity, power and attenuation.

UNIT V RF SYSTEM DESIGN CONCEPTS

9

Active RF components: Semiconductor basics in RF, bipolar junction transistors, RF field effect transistors, High electron mobility transistors, Basic concepts of RF design, Mixers, Low noise amplifiers, voltage control oscillators, Power amplifiers, transducer power gain and stability considerations.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John D Ryder, "Networks, lines and fields", 2nd Edition, Prentice Hall India, 2015.
2. Mathew M. Radmanesh, "Radio Frequency & Microwave Electronics", Pearson Education Asia, Second Edition, 2002.
3. David M. Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", 2012, 4th edition, Wiley, India.
4. E.C.Jordan and K.G. Balmain, "Electromagnetic Waves and Radiating Systems Prentice Hall of India", 2006.

REFERENCES:

1. Reinhold Ludwig and Powel Bretchko, "RF Circuit Design – Theory and Applications", Pearson Education Asia, First Edition, 2001.
2. D. K. Misra, "Radio Frequency and Microwave Communication Circuits- Analysis and Design", John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
3. G.S.N Raju, "Electromagnetic Field Theory and Transmission Lines", Pearson Education, First edition 2005.
4. David K. Cheng, "Field and Wave Electromagnetics", 2nd edition, Pearson, Noida, India, 2014.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Explain the characteristics of transmission lines and its losses.
- CO2** Analyze the characteristics of a dissipation less transmission line.
- CO3** Design impedance matching networks for unmatched lines and learn the importance of Smith chart in the above application.
- CO4** Able to analyze transmission of electromagnetic waves in unguided and guided media.
- CO5** Able to design RF system transceiver employing active RF components.

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To perform basic signal processing operations such as Linear convolution, Circular convolution, Auto-correlation, Cross-correlation and Frequency analysis in MATLAB.
- To implement FIR and IIR filters in MATLAB and DSP processor
- To implement up-sampling and down-sampling in DSP processor

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS: MATLAB / EQUIVALENT SOFTWARE PACKAGE

1. Generation of elementary Discrete-Time sequences
2. Linear and Circular convolutions
3. Auto-correlation and Cross-correlation
4. Frequency Analysis using DFT
5. Design of FIR filters (LPF/HPF/BPF/BSF) and demonstrate the filtering operations
6. Design of Butterworth and Chebyshev IIR filters (LPF/HPF/BPF/BSF) and demonstrate the filtering operations

DSP PROCESSOR BASED IMPLEMENTATION

1. Linear convolution
2. Circular convolution
3. Design and demonstration of FIR Filter for Low-pass, High-pass, Band-pass and Band-stop filtering
4. Design and demonstration of Butterworth and Chebyshev IIR Filters for Low-pass, High -pass, Band-pass and Band-stop filtering
5. Implement an Up-sampling and Down-sampling operation in DSP Processor

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Perform basic signal processing operations such as Linear convolution, Circular convolution, Autocorrelation, Cross-correlation and Frequency analysis using MATLAB
- CO2** Design FIR and IIR filters using MATLAB
- CO3** Implement linear and circular convolution in DSP processor
- CO4** Design and implement FIR and IIR filters in DSP processor for performing filtering operation over real-time signals
- CO5** Implement Up-sampling and Down-sampling in DSP processor

EC1508

**COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS
LABORATORY**

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To visualize the effect of sampling and TDM in a transceiver
- To implement AM & FM modulation and demodulation
- To implement Line Coding, PCM & DM
- To simulate Digital Modulation schemes
- To simulate Error control coding schemes

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Signal Sampling and reconstruction
2. Time Division Multiplexing
3. AM Modulator and Demodulator
4. FM Modulator and Demodulator
5. Pulse Code Modulation and Demodulation
6. Delta Modulation and Demodulation
7. Line coding schemes
8. Simulation of ASK, FSK, and BPSK generation schemes
9. Simulation of DPSK, QPSK and QAM generation schemes
10. Simulation of signal constellations of BPSK, QPSK and QAM
11. Simulation of ASK, FSK and BPSK detection schemes
12. Simulation of Linear Block and Cyclic error control coding schemes
13. Simulation of Convolutional coding scheme
14. Simulation of error performance of ASK, FSK, BPSK, QPSK, DPSK and QAM
15. Communication link simulation

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LAB Requirements for a Batch of 30 students (3 students per experiment):

- i) Kits for Signal Sampling, TDM, AM, FM, PCM, DM and Line Coding Schemes
- ii) CROs/DSOs – 15 Nos, Function Generators – 15 Nos.
- iii) MATLAB or Octave or LabVIEW or any equivalent software package for simulation experiments
- iv) PCs - 15 Nos

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Simulate & validate the various functional modules of a communication system
- CO2** Demonstrate their knowledge in base band signaling schemes through implementation of digital modulation schemes
- CO3** Apply various channel coding schemes & demonstrate their capabilities towards the improvement of the noise performance of communication system
- CO4** Compare and contrast the error performance of various digital modulation schemes
- CO5** Simulate end-to-end communication Link

EC1509

**COMMUNICATION NETWORKS
LABORATORY**

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Learn to communicate between two desktop computers
- Learn to implement the different protocols
- Be familiar with IP Configuration
- Be familiar with the various routing algorithms
- Be familiar with simulation tools

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

1. Implementation of Error Detection / Error Correction Techniques
2. Implementation of Stop and Wait Protocol and sliding window
3. Implementation and study of Goback-N and selective repeat protocols
4. Implementation of High Level Data Link Control
5. Implementation of IP Commands such as ping, Traceroute, nslookup.
6. Implementation of IP address configuration.
7. To create scenario and study the performance of network with CSMA / CA protocol and compare with CSMA/CD protocols.
8. Implementation of distance vector routing algorithm
9. Implementation of Link state routing algorithm
10. Implementation of Encryption and Decryption Algorithms using any programming language

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS

SOFTWARE

- C / Python / Java / Equivalent Compiler
- MATLAB SOFTWARE (Few experiments can be practiced with MATLAB)
- Network simulator like NS2/ NS3 / Glomosim/OPNET/

30 Equivalent HARDWARE

- Standalone Desktops **30 Nos**

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Communicate between two desktop computers
- CO2** Implement the different protocols
- CO3** Implementation of IP Configuration
- CO4** Implement and compare the various routing algorithms
- CO5** Implement algorithms simulation tool.

EC1605

**MICROPROCESSORS AND
MICROCONTROLLERS**

L T P C
3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the Architecture of 8086 microprocessor.
- To learn the design aspects of I/O and Memory Interfacing circuits.
- To interface microprocessors with supporting chips.
- To study the Architecture of 8051 microcontroller.
- To design a microcontroller MSP430 based system

UNIT I 8086 MICROPROCESSOR 9

Introduction to 8086 – Microprocessor architecture – Addressing modes – Instruction set- Assembler directives – 8086 Signals – Basic configurations of 8086 - Minimum and Maximum mode – Assembly language programming – Interrupts and interrupt service routines.

UNIT II 8086 INTERFACING 9

Parallel communication interface (8255) – Serial communication interface (8251) – D/A Interface and Waveform generation – A/D Interface – Timer (8253) – Keyboard /display controller (8279) –Assembly language programming

UNIT III 8051 MICROCONTROLLER 9

Microprocessor Vs Micro Controller – Von Neumann Vs Harvard Architecture – Architecture of 8051 – Memory Organization – Special Function Registers (SFRs) – Instruction set – Addressing modes – Interrupts – Timers – Serial Port – External Memory Interface – Stepper Motor Interface- Assembly language programming .

UNIT IV MSP430 - 16 BIT MICROCONTROLLER 9

MSP430 RISC CPU architecture – Clock system – Memory subsystem – Addressing Modes – Instruction set – On chip peripherals.

Low power features of MSP430 – Power Management Module – Functions, Interrupts, and Low-Power Modes - Clock request feature – Mixing scheme of the MSP430 pins – Programming using C and assembly language - Debugging through Emulation Vs Simulation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

By the end of this course, the student should be able

CO1: To understand the Architecture of 8086 microprocessor

CO2: To learn the design aspects of I/O and Memory Interfacing

CO3: To understand the Architecture of 8051 Microcontroller

CO4: To understand the architecture of MSP430 microcontroller and its onboard Peripherals

CO5: To design and implement MSP430 microcontroller based systems

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A.K.Ray, K.M.Bhurchandi, "Advanced Microprocessors and Peripherals " 3rd edition, Tata McGrawHill,2012
2. Mohamed Ali Mazidi, Janice Gillispie Mazidi, Rolin McKinlay, "The 8051 Microcontroller and Embedded Systems: Using Assembly and C" , Second Edition, Pearson education, 2011. (UNIT IV-V)
3. Kenneth J.Ayala, "The 8051 Microcontroller-Architecture, Programming and Applications" West Publishing company, 3rd edition.
4. John Davies, "MSP430 Microcontroller Basics", Elsevier, 2008.

OBJECTIVES:

- Study the fundamentals of CMOS circuits & its characteristics and CMOS Fabrication Technologies.
- Learn the design and realization of combinational digital circuits.
- Learn the design and realization of sequential digital circuits.
- Architectural choices and performance tradeoffs involved in designing and realizing the circuits in CMOS technology are discussed
- Learn the different FPGA architectures and testability of VLSI circuits.

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO MOS TRANSISTOR	9
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Introduction to VLSI Design, MOS Transistor, CMOS logic, Inverter, CMOS Fabrication Technologies, Layout Design Rules, Gate Layouts, Stick Diagrams, Long-Channel I-V Characteristics, C-V Characteristics, Non ideal I-V Effects, DC Transfer characteristics, RC Delay Model, Elmore Delay, Linear Delay Model, Logical effort, Parasitic Delay, Delay in Logic Gate, Scaling.

UNIT II COMBINATIONAL MOS LOGIC CIRCUITS 9

Circuit Families: Introduction, Static CMOS, Ratioed Circuits, Cascode Voltage Switch Logic, Dynamic Circuits, Pass Transistor Logic, Transmission Gates, Domino, Dual Rail Domino, CPL, DCVSPG, DPL. Power: Dynamic Power, Static Power, Low power design principles, Low Power Architecture.

UNIT III SEQUENTIAL CIRCUIT DESIGN 9

Static latches and Registers, Dynamic latches and Registers, Pulse Registers, Sense Amplifier Based Register, Pipelining, Schmitt Trigger, Monostable Sequential Circuits, Astable Sequential Circuits. Timing Issues: Timing Classification of Digital System, Synchronous Design.

UNIT IV	DESIGN OF ARITHMETIC BUILDING BLOCKS AND SUBSYSTEM	9
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Arithmetic Building Blocks: Data Paths, Adders, Multipliers, Shifters, ALUs, power and speed tradeoffs. Designing Memory and Array structures: Memory

Architectures and Building Blocks, Memory Core, Memory Peripheral Circuitry.

UNIT V FPGA ARCHITECTURES AND TESTING 9

FPGA Building Block Architectures, FPGA Interconnect Routing Procedures. Testing: Introduction, Manufacturing Test Principles, Design for Testability: Ad Hoc Testing, Scan Design, BIST, IDDQ Testing, Design for Manufacturability, Boundary Scan

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Neil H.E. Weste, David Money Harris, "CMOS VLSI Design: A Circuits and Systems Perspective", 4th Edition, Pearson , 2017 (UNIT I,II,V)
2. Jan M. Rabaey ,AnanthaChandrakasan, Borivoje. Nikolic, "Digital Integrated Circuits: A Design perspective", Second Edition , Pearson , 2016.(UNIT III,IV)

REFERENCES:

1. M.J. Smith, "Application Specific Integrated Circuits", Addison Wesley, 1997
2. Sung-Mo kang, Yusuf leblebici, Chulwoo Kim CMOS Digital Integrated Circuits: Analysis Design",4th edition McGraw Hill Education,2013
3. Wayne Wolf, "Modern VLSI Design: System On Chip", Pearson Education, 2007
4. R.Jacob Baker, Harry W.LI, David E.Boyee, "CMOS Circuit Design, Layout & Simulation", Prentice Hall of India 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Realize the concepts of digital building blocks using MOStransistor.
- CO2** Design combinational MOS circuits and powerstrategies.
- CO3** Design and construct Sequential Circuits and Timingsystems.

CO4 Design arithmetic building blocks and memory subsystems.

CO5 Apply and implement FPGA design flow and testing.

EC1603	WIRELESS COMMUNICATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the characteristic of wireless channel
- To understand the design of a cellular system
- To study the various digital signalling techniques
- To understand multipath mitigation techniques
- To understand the concepts of MIMO system

UNIT I WIRELESS CHANNELS 9

Large scale path loss – Path loss models: Free Space and Two-Ray models
-Link Budget design – Small scale fading- Parameters of mobile multipath channels – Time dispersion parameters-Coherence bandwidth – Doppler spread & Coherence time, fading due to Multipath time delay spread – flat fading – frequency selective fading – Fading due to Doppler spread – fast fading – slow fading.

UNIT II CELLULAR ARCHITECTURE 9

Multiple Access techniques - FDMA, TDMA, CDMA – Capacity calculations– Cellular concept- Frequency reuse - channel assignment- hand off- interference & system capacity-trunking & grade of service – Coverage and capacity improvement.

UNIT III DIGITAL SIGNALING FOR FADING CHANNELS 9

Structure of a wireless communication link, Principles of Offset-QPSK, $\pi/4$ -DQPSK, Minimum Shift Keying, Gaussian Minimum Shift Keying, Error performance in fading channels, OFDM principle – Cyclic prefix, Windowing, PAPR.

UNIT IV MULTIPATH MITIGATION TECHNIQUES**9**

Equalization – Adaptive equalization, Linear and Non-Linear equalization, Zero forcing and LMS Algorithms. Diversity – Micro and Macro diversity, Diversity combining techniques, Error probability in fading channels with diversity reception, Rake receiver.

UNIT V MULTIPLE INPUT MULTIPLE OUTPUT SYSTEMS**9**

MIMO systems – spatial multiplexing -System model - Channel state information-capacity in flat-fading and non-fading channels-Impact of the channel diversity- Linear precoding.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Rappaport,T.S., —Wireless communicationsII, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2010.(UNIT I, II, IV)
2. Andreas.F. Molisch, —Wireless CommunicationsII, John Wiley – India, 2006. (UNIT III,V)

REFERENCES:

1. Andrea Goldsmith,-Wireless Communication , Cambridge University Press, 2011
2. Aditya K Jagannatham, - Principles of Modern Wireless Communication Systems, Theory and Practice, McGraw Hill Education,2016
3. Van Nee, R. and Ramji Prasad, —OFDM for wireless multimedia communications, Artech House, 2000
4. David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, —Fundamentals of Wireless Communication, Cambridge University Press, 2005.
5. Upena Dalal, —Wireless Communication, Oxford University Press, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Characterize a wireless channel and evolve the system design specifications
- CO2** Design a cellular system based on resource availability and traffic demands
- CO3** Identify suitable signalling scheme for the wireless channel and system under consideration
- CO4** Identify suitable multipath mitigation techniques to improve performance
- CO5** Analyse and design MIMO systems

EC1604	ANTENNAS AND	L	T	P	C
	MICROWAVE ENGINEERING	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To enable the student to understand the basic principles in antenna and microwave system design.
- To enhance the student knowledge in the area of various antenna designs.
- To enhance the student knowledge in the area of microwave components and antenna for practical applications

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MICROWAVE SYSTEMS AND ANTENNAS 9

Microwave frequency bands, Physical concept of radiation, Near- and far-field regions, Fields and Power Radiated by an Antenna, Antenna Pattern Characteristics, Antenna Gain and Efficiency, Aperture Efficiency and Effective Area, Antenna Noise Temperature and G/T, Friis transmission equation, Link budget and link margin, Noise Characterization of a microwave receiver.

UNIT II ANTENNA RADIATION MECHANISMS AND DESIGN ASPECTS 9

Retarded potentials, Radiation Mechanisms of Linear Wire antennas: Half-wave dipole, Quarter-wave monopole; Loop antennas; Aperture antennas: Horn Antennas, Slot Antennas, Reflector antennas; Microstrip antennas; Frequency independent antennas: Spiral antennas, Log-Periodic Dipole Array – Design considerations and applications.

UNIT III ANTENNA ARRAYS AND APPLICATIONS 9

Two-element array, Array factor, Pattern multiplication, uniformly spaced arrays with uniform and non-uniform excitation amplitudes, Smart antennas.

UNIT IV PASSIVE AND ACTIVE MICROWAVE DEVICES 9

Microwave Passive components: Directional Coupler, Power Divider, Magic Tee, attenuator, resonator; Principles of Microwave Semiconductor Devices: Gunn Diodes, IMPATT diodes, Schottky Barrier diodes, PIN diodes; Microwave tubes: Klystron, TWT, Magnetron.

UNIT V MICROWAVE DESIGN PRINCIPLES 9

Impedance Matching, Microwave Filter Design, RF and Microwave Amplifier Design, Microwave Power amplifier Design, Low Noise Amplifier Design, Microwave Mixer Design, Microwave Oscillator Design.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. John D Krauss, Ronald J Marhefka and Ahmad S. Khan, "Antenna and Wave Propagation: Fourth Edition, Tata McGraw –Hill, 2006. (UNIT I, II, III)
2. David M.Pozar, "Microwave Engineering", Fourth Edition, Wiley India, 2012. (UNIT I, IV, V).

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Constantine A.Balanis,"Antenna Theory Analysis and Design", Third edition, John Wiley India Pvt Ltd., 2005.
2. R.E.Collin, "Fundamentals for Microwave Engineering", Second edition, IEEE Press, 2001.
3. Samuel Y. Liao, "Microwave Devices and Circuits", Third edition, Pearson Education India, 2003.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Understand the theoretical principles and basic of Microwave evaluate the Antenna parameters.
- CO2** Design and assess the performance of different types of Antennas.
- CO3** Understand and acquire knowledge about Antenna and Array and its application.
- CO4** Ability to analyze the microwave active and passive components such as Power dividers, hybrid junctions and understand the operational concepts of microwave vacuum tubes-based oscillators and amplifiers.
- CO5** Ability to Design a Microwave amplifier and oscillator system for practical application specifications.

EC1606	DIGITAL IMAGE PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
	(LAB INTEGRATED)	3	0	2	4

OBJECTIVES

- To become familiar with digital image fundamentals and basics of MATLAB
- To get exposed to simple image enhancement techniques in Spatial and Frequency domain and understand their operations through MATLAB
- To learn concepts of degradation function and restoration techniques.
- To study image segmentation and corresponding programs using MATLAB
- To become familiar with image representation, description and object recognition methods and the corresponding programs using MATLAB

UNIT I DIGITAL IMAGE FUNDAMENTALS 9+2

Steps in Digital Image Processing – Elements of Visual Perception-Image Sampling and Quantization – Relationships between pixels -Color image fundamentals - RGB, HSI models, Two-dimensional mathematical preliminaries, 2D transforms - DFT, DCT.

Lab Component

Fundamentals of MATLAB programming

- Reading, writing and displaying an image.
- Different types of images.

UNIT II IMAGE ENHANCEMENT 9+8

Spatial Domain: Gray level transformations – Histogram processing – Basics of Spatial Filtering– Smoothing and Sharpening Spatial Filtering, Frequency Domain: Introduction to Fourier Transform– Smoothing and Sharpening

frequency domain filters – Ideal, Butterworth and Gaussian filters, Homomorphic filtering, Color image enhancement.

Lab Component

Implement the following in Matlab

- Gray Level Transformation and Histogram calculation of an image.
- Linear and Non-linear Spatial Filtering of an image.
- DFT filtering of an image.

UNIT III IMAGE RESTORATION

9+2

Image Restoration - Degradation model, Properties, Noise models – Mean Filters – Order Statistics – Adaptive filters – Band reject Filters – Band pass Filters – Notch Filters – Optimum Notch Filtering – Inverse Filtering – Wiener filtering

Lab Component

Implement the following in MATLAB

- Inverse and Wiener Filtering of images.

UNIT IV IMAGE SEGMENTATION

9+8

Edge detection, Edge linking via Hough transform – Thresholding - Region based segmentation –Region growing – Region splitting and merging – Morphological processing- Erosion and dilation, Segmentation by morphological watersheds – basic concepts – Dam construction – Watershed segmentation algorithm.

Lab Component

Implement the following in MATLAB

- Edge detection.
- Otsu and Canny edge detection.
- Morphological operators
- Watershed Segmentation Algorithm.

UNIT V IMAGE REPRESENTATION, DESCRIPTION AND 9+10 OBJECT DETECTION

Representation – Descriptors – Principal Components – Topological feature, Texture - Patterns and Pattern Classes – Recognition based on Decision theoretic approach – Structural Methods

Lab Component

Implement the following in MATLAB

- Boundary and Regional descriptors
- Principal Component extraction of an image
- Minimum Distance Classifier
- Design and implement a simple image-based application.
- MATLAB program for representation, description and object recognition

TOTAL: 75 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, ‘Digital Image Processing’, Pearson, Third Edition, 2010.
2. Anil K. Jain, ‘Fundamentals of Digital Image Processing’, Pearson, 2002.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Kenneth R. Castleman, ‘Digital Image Processing’, Pearson, 2006.
2. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, Steven Eddins, ‘Digital Image Processing using MATLAB’, Pearson Education, Inc., 2011.
3. D,E. Dudgeon and RM. Mersereau, ‘Multidimensional Digital Signal Processing’, Prentice Hall Professional Technical Reference, 1990.
4. William K. Pratt, ‘Digital Image Processing’, John Wiley, New York, 2002

5. Milan Sonka et al 'Image processing, analysis and machine vision',
Brookes/Cole, Vikas Publishing House, 2nd edition, 1999

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To become familiar with digital image fundamentals and basics of MATLAB
- CO2** To get exposed to simple image enhancement techniques in Spatial and Frequency domain and understand their operations through MATLAB
- CO3** To learn concepts of degradation function and restoration techniques.
- CO4** To study the image segmentation and the corresponding programs using MATLAB
- CO5** To become familiar with image representation, description and object recognition methods

EC1607	MICROPROCESSORS AND MICROCONTROLLERS LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		4	0	0	2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To Introduce concepts of 8086 and 8051 Assembly Language Programming
- To write and execute ALP for arithmetic and logical operations in 8086 and 8051
- To acquire knowledge of interfacing 8086 and 8051 with I/O devices
- To program Timers/Counters and Serial ports of 8051
- To introduce C programming for MSP430 in Code Composer Studio

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:

8086 Programs using kits

1. Basic arithmetic and Logical operations
2. Code conversion and Decimal arithmetic operations
3. Matrix operations
4. String manipulations
5. Sorting and Searching

Peripherals and Interfacing

1. Traffic light controller Interface
2. Stepper motor control Interface
3. Key board and Display Interface
4. Parallel interface
5. A/D and D/A interface
6. Timer Interface

8051 Programs and Interfacing

1. Basic arithmetic and Logical operations
2. Square and Cube program, 2's complement of a number, Unpacked BCD to ASCII
3. 8051 Timer/Counter Programming
4. 8051 Parallel and Serial Port Programming
5. Stepper motor control Interface

MSP430 Programs and Interfacing using CCS

1. Arithmetic Instructions – Addition, subtraction, multiplication and division
2. Square, Cube
3. ADC & DAC Interface
4. Stepper motor control interface to MSP

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30

HARDWARE

- 8086 development kits - 30 nos
- Interfacing Units - Each 5 nos
- 8051 Microcontroller kit - 30 nos
- MSP430 Microcontroller kit – 10 Nos
- PC (INTEL 7) – 10 Nos.

SOFTWARE:

- Code Composer Studio (IDE for MSP430 Experiments)

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Write and execute 8086 Assembly Language Programs for Arithmetic and Logical operations
- CO2** Interface different I/Os with 8086 Microprocessor and 8051 Microcontroller
- CO3** Write and execute 8051 Assembly Language Programs for Arithmetic and Logical operations
- CO4** To perform Serial port and Timer/Counter Programming in 8051
- CO5** Write and execute C programs for Arithmetic, Logical operations and Interfacing using MSP430 Microcontroller

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- To learn Hardware Descriptive Language(Verilog/VHDL)
- To learn the fundamental principles of VLSI circuit design in digital and analog domain
- To familiarize fusing of logical modules on FPGAs
- To provide hands on design experience with professional design (EDA) platforms
- To provide hands on design experience to implement IOT based applications using FPGA

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS:**Part I: Digital System Design using HDL & FPGA (24 Periods)**

1. Design an Adder (Min 8 Bit) using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
2. Design a Multiplier (4 Bit Min) using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
3. Design an ALU using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
4. Design a Universal Shift Register using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
5. Design Finite State Machine (Moore/Mealy) using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
6. Design Memories using HDL. Simulate it using Xilinx/Altera Software and implement by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
7. Compare pre synthesis and post synthesis simulation for experiments 1 to 6.

Requirements: Xilinx ISE/Altera Quartus/ equivalent EDA Tools along with Xilinx/Altera/equivalent FPGA Boards

Part II: Digital Circuit Design (24 Periods)

1. Design and simulate a CMOS inverter using digital flow
2. Design and simulate a CMOS Basic Gates & Flip-Flops
3. Design and simulate a 4-bit synchronous counter using a Flip-Flops Manual/ Automatic Layout Generation and Post Layout Extraction for experiments 7 to 9
4. Analyze the power, area and timing for experiments 7 to 9 by performing Pre Layout and Post Layout Simulations by Xilinx/Altera FPGA
5. Compare pre synthesis and post synthesis simulation for experiments 1 to 6.

Requirements: Xilinx ISE/Altera Quartus/ equivalent EDA Tools along with Xilinx/Altera/equivalent FPGA Boards

Part-III Analog Circuit Design (12 Periods)

1. Design and Simulate a CMOS Inverting Amplifier.
2. Design and Simulate basic Common Source, Common Gate and Common Drain Amplifiers.
3. Analyze the input impedance, output impedance, gain and bandwidth for experiments 10 and 11 by performing Schematic Simulations.
4. Design and simulate simple 5 transistor differential amplifier. Analyze Gain,
5. Bandwidth and CMRR by performing Schematic Simulations.

Requirements: Cadence/Synopsis/ Mentor Graphics/Tanner/equivalent EDA Tools

Part-IV Implementation of IOT applications using FPGA (12 Periods)

1. Measurement and Analysis: Develop the acceleration and vibration measurement of an object and generate the analysis report.
2. Real-Time Tank Level Control: Prototype the RT tank level observation and automatic pump control using sensors and actuators.
3. Remote Monitoring using IoT: Monitor the ambient light intensity and transfer the data to the cloud using IOT protocol.

Requirements: NI myRIO FPGA board and Lab View software tool

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30

S.NO	EQUIPMENT	REQUIRED
1.	Xilinx ISE/Altera Quartus/ equivalent EDA Tools	10 User License
2.	Xilinx/Altera/equivalent FPGA Boards	10 nos.
3.	Cadence/Synopsis/Mentor Graphics/Tanner/equivalent EDA Tools	10 User License
4.	Personal Computer	30 Nos.

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Write HDL code for basic as well as advanced digital integrated circuit
- CO2** Import the logic modules into FPGA Boards
- CO3** Synthesize Place and Route the digital IP's
- CO4** Design, Simulate and Extract the layouts of Digital & Analog IC Blocks using EDA
- CO5** Design and develop IOT based real time applications using FPGA & Lab View software tool

OBJECTIVES

- To understand the basic concepts of Machine Learning.
- To learn Regression algorithms and their applications.
- To learn Supervised Classification algorithms, Ensemble techniques and their applications.
- To understand unsupervised learning and EM algorithms.
- To acquire knowledge about ANN and Deep Learning.

UNIT I LEARNING FROM DATA**9**

Machine Learning – Types of Machine Learning – Supervised Learning – Unsupervised Learning – Reinforcement Learning- Basic Concepts in Machine Learning – Machine Learning Process – CRISP DM, Testing Machine Learning Algorithms– Errors, Performance metrics- overfitting, under fitting and generalization - Bias -Variance Trade off, no free lunch theorem-Turning Data into Probabilities: Centrality theorem, distributions – Bayes Theorem.

UNIT II REGRESSION FOR PREDICTIVE MODELING**9**

Linear Models for Regression – Linear Basis Function Models –Bias-Variance Decomposition – Bayesian Linear Regression – Common Regression Algorithms: Simple Linear Regression – Multiple Linear Regression- Applications of Regression Models

UNIT III CLASSIFICATION AND ENSEMBLE TECHNIQUES**9**

Classification – Linear Models for Classification – Discriminant Functions – Probabilistic Generative Models – Probabilistic Discriminative Models.

Common Classification Algorithms: Logistic Regression, k-Nearest Neighbours – Naive Bayes Classifiers – Decision Trees – Random Forest model – Support Vector Machines- Ensemble Learning: Voting - Bagging– Boosting. Applications of Classification Models

UNIT IV SELF-ORGANIZING DATA ANALYSIS

9

Mixture Models and Expectation Maximization (EM) — Dirichlet Process
Mixture Models- K-Means Clustering– Spectral Clustering – Hierarchical
Clustering.

Curse of Dimensionality – Dimensionality Reduction – Linear Discriminate
Analysis (LDA)- Principal Component Analysis (PCA)

UNIT V BUILDING ADAPTIVE SYSTEMS WITH DEEP 9 LEARNING

Neuron - Perceptron learning - Activation functions- Models of a neuron:
shallow networks to deep networks, feed-forward neural networks – Multi-
layer feedforward neural network, back propagation algorithm - convergence
of back-propagation - Gradient descent algorithm, Convolutional Neural
Network.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Ethem Alpaydin, —Introduction to Machine Learning, Third Edition,
Prentice Hall of India, 2015.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Christopher Bishop, —Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning,
Springer, 2006.
2. Kevin P. Murphy, —Machine Learning: A Probabilistic Perspective,
MIT Press, 2012.
3. Stephen Marsland, —Machine Learning – An Algorithmic
Perspective, Second Edition, CRC Press, 2014.
4. Tom Mitchell, —Machine Learning, McGraw-Hill, 2017.
5. Trevor Hastie, Robert Tibshirani, Jerome Friedman, —The
Elements of Statistical Learning, Second Edition, Springer, 2008.
6. Fabio Nelli, —Python Data Analytics with Pandas, Numpy, and
Matplotlib, Second Edition, Apress, 2018.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1 Gain knowledge about basic concepts of Machine Learning Techniques**
- CO2 Understand and Apply Regression Algorithms for various applications**
- CO3 Understand Supervised Learning Classification models and Analyze Ensemble Techniques**
- CO4 Understand various Unsupervised Learning Algorithms**
- CO5 Design deep neural network models**

OBJECTIVES:

- To study about the various optical fiber modes, configuration and classification of optical fibers
- To understand the transmission characteristics of optical fibers
- To learn about the various optical sources, detectors and transmission techniques
- To explore various idea about optical fiber measurements and various coupling techniques
- To enrich the knowledge about optical communication systems and networks

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO OPTICAL FIBERS	9
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Introduction-general optical fiber communication system-basic optical laws and definitions-Total Internal Reflection-Acceptance Angle- Numerical Aperture-Skew Ray optical modes and configurations-mode analysis for optical propagation through fibers-modes in planar wave guide-modes in cylindrical optical fiber-transverse electric and transverse magnetic modes-fiber materials-fiber fabrication techniques-fiber optic cables-classification of optical fiber-single mode fiber-graded index fiber.

UNIT II	TRANSMISSION	CHARACTERISTIC	OF	9
	OPTICAL FIBER			

Attenuation-absorption—scattering losses-bending losses-core and cladding losses-signal dispersion—inter symbol interference and bandwidth-intra model dispersion-material dispersion- waveguide dispersion-polarization mode dispersion-intermodal dispersion-dispersion optimization of single mode fiber-characteristics of single mode fiber-R-I Profile- cutoff wave length-dispersion calculation-mode field diameter.

UNIT III OPTICAL SOURCES AND DETECTORS 9

Sources: Intrinsic and extrinsic material-direct and indirect band gaps-LED-LED structures-surface emitting LED-Edge emitting LED-quantum efficiency and LED power-light source materials-modulation of LED-LASER diodes-modes and threshold conditions-Rate equations-external quantum efficiency-resonant frequencies-structures and radiation patterns-single mode laser-external modulation-temperature effect. Detectors: PIN photo detector-Avalanche photo diodes-Photo detector noise-noise sources-SNR-detector response time-Avalanche multiplication noise-temperature effects-comparisons of photo detectors.

UNIT IV OPTICAL RECEIVER, MEASUREMENTS AND COUPLING 9

Fundamental receiver operation-preamplifiers-digital signal transmission-error sources-Front end amplifiers-digital receiver performance-probability of error-receiver sensitivity-quantum limit. Optical power measurement-attenuation measurement-dispersion measurement-Fiber Numerical Aperture Measurements- Fiber cut- off Wave length Measurements- Fiber diameter measurements-Source to Fiber Power Launching-Lensing Schemes for Coupling Management-Fiber to Fiber Joints-LED Coupling to Single Mode Fibers-Fiber Splicing-Optical Fiber connectors.

UNIT V OPTICAL COMMUNICATION SYSTEMS AND NETWORKS 9

System design consideration Point-to-Point link design-Link power budget-rise time budget, WDM-Passive DWDM Components-Erbium Doped Fiber Amplifier(EDFA)-Elements of optical networks-SONET/SDH-Optical Interfaces-SONET/SDH Rings and Networks-High speed light wave Links-OADM configuration-Optical ETHERNET-Soliton

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. P Chakrabarti, 'Optical Fiber Communication', McGraw Hill Education (India)Private Limited, 2016 (UNIT I, II, III)
2. Gred Keiser, 'Optical Fiber Communication', McGraw Hill Education (India) Private Limited. Fifth Edition, Reprint 2013. (UNIT I, IV, V)

REFERENCES:

1. John M.Senior, 'Optical fiber communication', Pearson Education, second edition.2007.
2. Rajiv Ramaswami, 'Optical Networks', Second Edition, Elsevier , 2004.
3. J.Gower, 'Optical Communication System', Prentice Hall of India, 2001.
4. Govind P.Agrawal, 'Fiber-optic communication systems', Third edition, John Wiley & sons, 2004.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Realize basic elements in optical fibers, different modes and configurations.
- CO2** Analyze the transmission characteristics associated with dispersion and polarization techniques.
- CO3** Design optical sources and detectors with their use in optical communication system.
- CO4** Construct fiber optic receiver systems, measurements and coupling techniques.
- CO5** Design optical communication systems and its networks.

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the concepts of embedded system design and analysis
- Learn the architecture and programming of ARM processor
- Be exposed to the basic concepts of embedded programming
- Learn the concepts of IOT

UNIT I	INTRODUCTION TO EMBEDDED SYSTEM DESIGN	9
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Complex systems and microprocessors– Embedded system design process
- Design methodologies- Design flows - Requirement Analysis –
Specifications-System analysis and architecture design – Quality Assurance
techniques- Distributed embedded systems – MPSoCs and shared memory
multiprocessors –Design example: Model train controller.

UNIT II	ARM ARCHITECTURE AND PERIPHERAL INTERFACING	9
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ARM Architecture Versions – ARM Architecture – Instruction Set – Stacks and Subroutines – Features of the LPC 214X Family – Peripherals – The Timer Unit – Pulse Width Modulation Unit – UART – Block Diagram of ARM9 and ARM Cortex M3 MCU

UNIT III	EMBEDDED PROGRAMMING AND OPERATING SYSTEM	9
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Components for embedded programs- Models of programs- Assembly, linking and loading – compilation techniques- Program level performance analysis – Software performance optimization – Program level energy and power analysis and optimization – Analysis and optimization of program size- Program validation and testing-Introduction – Multiple tasks and Multiple processes – Multirate systems- Pre-emptive real-time operating systems- Priority based scheduling-Evaluating operating system performance – Example Real time operating systems-POSIX-Windows CE.

9

UNIT V COMMUNICATION PROTOCOLS FOR EMBEDDED AND IOT 9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

1. Marilyn Wolf, —Computers as Components - Principles of Embedded Computing System DesignII, Third Edition —Morgan Kaufmann Publisher (An imprint from Elsevier), 2012.
2. Arshdeep Bahga, Vijay Madisetti, “Internet of Things, A Hands-on-Approach”, 1st Edition, Universities press Pvt. Ltd., India, 2015.
3. Daniel Minoli, “Building the Internet of Things with IPv6 and MIPv6, 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons”, Inc, USA, 2013

1. Adrian McEwen and Hakim Cassimally, "Designing the Internet of Things", 1st Edition, John Wiley & Sons Ltd, UK, 2014
2. Peter Waher, "Learning Internet of Things", 1st Edition, Packt Publishing Ltd, UK, 2015.
3. Charles Bell, "Beginning Sensor Networks with Arduino and Raspberry Pi", 1st Edition, Apress Publishers, USA, 2013.
4. Raj Kamal, Internet of Things, Architecture and Design Principles, McGraw-Hill, 2017

COURSE OUTCOMES:

By the end of this course, the student should be able to:

- CO1** Understand the Embedded System Design Process
- CO2** Describe the architecture and programming of ARM processor
- CO3** Outline the concepts of embedded system programming and operating system
- CO4** Explain the basic concepts of IOT
- CO5** Model Networked systems with basic protocols

EC1704	AD HOC AND WIRELESS SENSOR	L	P	T	C
	NETWORKS	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- Learn Ad hoc network and Sensor Network fundamentals
- Understand the different routing protocols
- Have an in-depth knowledge on sensor network architecture and design issues
- Understand the transport layer and security issues possible in Ad hoc and Sensor networks
- Have an exposure to mote programming platforms and tools

UNIT I AD HOC NETWORKS – INTRODUCTION AND 9 **ROUTING PROTOCOLS**

Introduction to Wireless Networks- Infrastructure and Infrastructure less networks, Key definitions of adhoc networks, , advantages of ad-hoc network, Elements of Ad hoc Wireless Networks, unique constraints and challenges, Issues in Ad hoc wireless networks, Example commercial applications of Ad hoc networking, Ad hoc wireless Internet, Issues in Designing a Routing Protocol for Ad Hoc Wireless Networks, Classifications of Routing Protocols, Table Driven Routing Protocols - Destination Sequenced Distance Vector (DSDV), On-Demand Routing protocols –Ad hoc On-Demand Distance Vector Routing (AODV).

UNIT II SENSOR NETWORKS – INTRODUCTION & 9 **ARCHITECTURES**

Challenges for Wireless Sensor Networks, Enabling Technologies for Wireless Sensor Networks, WSN application examples, Single-Node Architecture - Hardware Components, Energy Consumption of Sensor Nodes, Network Architecture - Sensor Network Scenarios, Transceiver Design Considerations, Optimization Goals and Figures of Merit.

UNIT III WSN NETWORKING CONCEPTS AND 9 **PROTOCOLS**

MAC Protocols for Wireless Sensor Networks, Low Duty Cycle Protocols And Wakeup Concepts - S-MAC, The Mediation Device Protocol, Contention based protocols - PAMAS, Schedule based protocols – LEACH, IEEE 802.15.4 MAC protocol, Routing Protocols Energy Efficient Routing, Challenges and Issues in Transport layer protocol.

UNIT IV SENSOR NETWORK SECURITY 9

Network Security Requirements, Issues and Challenges in Security Provisioning, Network Security Attacks, Layer wise attacks in wireless sensor networks, possible solutions for jamming, tampering, black hole attack, flooding attack. Key Distribution and Management. Reliability requirements in sensor networks.

UNIT V SENSOR NETWORK PLATFORMS AND 9
TOOLS

Sensor Node Hardware – Berkeley Motes, Programming Challenges, Node-level software platforms – TinyOS, nesC, CONTIKIOS, Node-level Simulators – nS2 and its extension to sensor networks, COOJA, TOSSIM, Case Study: Intelligent Traffic monitoring - Target detection and tracking - Contour/edge detection - Field sampling.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. C. Siva Ram Murthy and B. S. Manoj, —Ad Hoc Wireless Networks Architectures and Protocols, Prentice Hall, PTR, 2004. (UNIT I)
2. Holger Karl , Andreas willig, —Protocol and Architecture for Wireless Sensor Networks, John wiley publication, Jan 2006.(UNIT II-V)

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Feng Zhao, Leonidas Guibas, —Wireless Sensor Networks: an information processing approach, Elsevier publication, 2004.
2. Charles E. Perkins, —Ad Hoc Networkingll, Addison Wesley, 2000.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Know the basics of Ad hoc networks and Wireless Sensor Networks
- CO2** Apply this knowledge to identify the suitable routing algorithm based on the network and user requirement
- CO3** Apply the knowledge to identify appropriate physical and MAC layer protocols
- CO4** Understand the transport layer and security issues possible in Ad hoc and sensor networks.
- CO5** Be familiar with the OS used in Wireless Sensor Networks and build basic modules

EC1707

**ADVANCED COMMUNICATION
LABORATORY**

L	T	P	C
0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand the working principle of optical sources, detector, fibers
- Develop understanding of simple optical communication link
- Understand the measurement of BER, Pulse broadening
- Understand and capture an experimental approach to digital wireless communication
- Understand actual communication waveforms that will be sent and received across wireless Channel

LIST OF OPTICAL EXPERIMENTS

1. Measurement of bending and fiber attenuation losses.
2. Numerical Aperture calculation of Fiber.
3. DC Characteristics of LED and PIN Photo diode.

LIST OF WIRELESS COMMUNICATION EXPERIMENTS

1. Wireless Channel Simulation including fading and Doppler effects
2. Simulation of Channel Estimation, Synchronization & Equalization techniques
3. Analysing Impact of Pulse Shaping and Matched Filtering using Software Defined Radios
4. OFDM Signal Transmission and Reception using Software Defined Radios

LIST OF MICROWAVE EXPERIMENTS

1. Reflex Klystron Characteristics
2. S matrix characterization of E, H and hybrid TEEs
3. Radiation Pattern Measurement of Horn Antenna
4. VSWR and Impedance Measurement
5. Characterization of Directional Couplers, Isolators, Circulators

6. Gunn Diode Characteristics
7. Microwave IC – Filter Characteristics

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS 3 STUDENTS PER EXPERIMENT:

S.NO	NAME OF THE EQUIPMENT	REQUIRED
1	Trainer kit for carrying out LED and PIN diode characteristics, Digital multi meter, optical power meter	2 Nos
2	Trainer kit for determining the mode characteristics, losses in optical fiber	2 Nos
3	Trainer kit for analyzing Analog and Digital link performance, 2 Mbps PRBS Data source, 10 MHz signal generator, 20 MHz Digital storage Oscilloscope	2 Nos
4	Kit for measuring Numerical aperture and Attenuation of fiber	2 Nos
5	Advanced Optical fiber trainer kit for PC to PC communication, BER Measurement, Pulse broadening.	2 Nos
5	MM/SM Glass and plastic fiber patch chords with ST/SC/E2000 connectors	2 sets
6	LEDs with ST / SC / E2000 receptacles – 650 / 850 nm	2 sets
7	PIN PDs with ST / SC / E2000 receptacles – 650 / 850 nm	2 sets
8	Digital Communications Teaching Bundle (LabVIEW/MATLAB/Equivalent software tools)	10 Users
9	Transmit/receive pair of NI USRP-2920 transceivers (502 MHz to 2.2 GHz)	2 Nos

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Analyze the performance of simple optical link by measurement of losses
- CO2** Analyze the Eye Pattern, Pulse broadening of optical fiber and the impact on BER
- CO3** Estimate the Wireless Channel Characteristics and Analyze the performance of Wireless Communication System
- CO4** Test microwave and optical components. Understand the intricacies in Microwave System design.

CO5 Analyse the radiation of pattern of antenna.

EC1708	EMBEDDED LABORATORY	L	T	P	C
		0	0	4	2

OBJECTIVES:

The students should be made to:

- To learn the working of ARM processor
- To understand the Building Blocks of Embedded Systems
- To learn the concept of interfacing
- To write programs to interface I/O s with processor
- To Study the interrupt performance

LIST OF EXPERIMENTS

1. Study of ARM Evaluation system
2. Flashing of LEDS.
3. Interfacing LED and SWITCHES.
4. Interfacing ADC and DAC.
5. Interfacing stepper motor and temperature sensor.
6. Interfacing real time clock and serial port.
7. Interfacing PWM.
8. Interfacing keyboard and LCD.
9. Interfacing EPROM and interrupt
10. Interrupt performance characteristics of ARM and FPGA
11. Implementing zigbee protocol with ARM

TOTAL : 60 PERIODS

LIST OF EQUIPMENT FOR A BATCH OF 30 STUDENTS (3 students per batch)

1. Embedded trainer kits with ARM board 10Nos
2. Embedded trainer kits suitable for wireless communication 10Nos
3. Adequate quantities of Hardware, software and consumables

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Write programs in ARM for a specific application
- CO2** Write programs for interfacing keyboard, display, motor and sensor.
- CO3** Interface A/D and D/A convertors with ARM system.
- CO4** To analyze the performance of interrupt characteristics of ARM and FPGA and
- CO5** To formulate a mini project using embedded system.

EC1001

MEDICAL ELECTRONICS

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To gain knowledge about the various physiological parameters both electrical and non-electrical and the methods of recording and also the method of transmitting these parameters
- To study about the various assist devices used in the hospitals
- To gain knowledge about equipment used for physical medicine and the various recently developed diagnostic and therapeutic techniques.

UNIT I ELECTRO-PHYSIOLOGY AND BIO-POTENTIAL RECORDING 9

Sources of bio medical signals, Bio-potentials, Bio potential electrodes, biological amplifiers, ECG, EEG, EMG, PCG, typical waveforms and signal characteristics

UNIT II BIO-CHEMICAL AND NON ELECTRICAL PARAMETER MEASUREMENT 9

PH, PO₂, PCO₂, Colorimeter, Blood flow meter, Cardiac output, respiratory, blood pressure, temperature and pulse measurement, Blood Cell Counters.

UNIT III ASSIST DEVICES 9

Cardiac Pacemakers, DC Defibrillator, Dialyser, Ventilators, Magnetic Resonance Imaging Systems, Ultrasonic Imaging Systems.

UNIT IV PHYSICAL MEDICINE AND BIOTELEMETRY 9

Diathermies- Shortwave, Ultrasonic and Microwave type and their applications, Surgical Diathermy, Biotelemetry.

UNIT V RECENT TRENDS IN MEDICAL INSTRUMENTATION 9

Medical Information systems, Telemedicine, Insulin Pumps, Radio pill, Endo microscopy, Brain machine interface, IoT healthcare, Lab on a chip.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOK:

1. Leslie Cromwell, —Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurementll, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2007. (UNIT I – V)

REFERENCES:

1. Khandpur, R.S., —Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentationll, TATA Mc Graw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. John G.Webster, —Medical Instrumentation Application and Designll, 3rd Edition, Wiley IndiaEdition,2007
3. Joseph J.Carr and John M.Brown, —Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technologyll, John Wiley and Sons, New York,2004.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Know the human body electro-physiological parameters and recording of bio-potentials
- CO2** Comprehend the non-electrical physiological parameters and their measurement body temperature, blood pressure, pulse, blood cell count, blood flow meter etc
- CO3** Interpret the various assist devices used in the hospitals viz. pacemakers, defibrillators,dialyzers and ventilators
- CO4** Comprehend physical medicine methods eg. ultrasonic, shortwave, microwave
surgical diathermies , and bio-telemetry principles and methods
- CO5** Know about recent trends in medical instrumentation

OBJECTIVES

- To design MOS circuits applied for various building blocks of data conversion stages namely Anti aliasing filters, Quantization Noise
- To design D/A converters, sample and hold circuits
- To design CMOS realization of various comparator architecture and switched capacitor amplifiers
- To, study the various CMOS design considerations of ADC architectures used in practice including SAR, Pipeline, Flash ADCs
- To study the general design principles design sigma delta converters

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Quantization noise, anti aliasing filters, gain and offset errors, definitions of INL and DNL, SNR, SFDR, ENOB of ADC/DACs, finite duration pulse aperture effects, transistor matching, Bandgap reference design.

UNIT II D/A CONVERTER DESIGN, SAMPLE AND HOLD CIRCUITS**9**

Current Steering DACs, current cell design issues. Properties of MOS Switches, charge injection, bootstrapping, sampling jitter, thermal noise, Quantization noise and nonlinearity effects.

UNIT III COMPARATOR DESIGN**9**

Comparator architectures, metastability and yield, Clock feed through effects, switched capacitor amplifiers and offset cancellation.

UNIT IV ADC/DAC ARCHITECTURES**9**

SAR, Flash, Pipeline and time interleaved ADC topologies and their CMOS realizations issues. Error correction procedures for ADCs.

UNIT V OVER SAMPLING CONVERTERS**9**

Delta sigma modulators, alternative modulator architectures, quantization and noise shaping, decimation filtering, implementation of Delta sigma modulators, delta sigma DACs

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Marcel Pelgrom, "Analog to Digital Conversion", Springer Verlag, 2nd Edition, 2013.
2. Shanthi Pavan, Richard Schreier, Gabor C. Temes , "Understanding Delta-Sigma Data Converters", Willey –IEEE Press, 2 nd Edition, 2017

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Franco Malobreti "Data Converters", Springer Verlag, 2007
2. VLSI Data Conversion Circuits EE658 recorded lectures available at <http://www.ee.iitm.ac.in/~nagendra/videolecture>

COURSEOUTCOMES:

- CO1** To carry out the design of the various building blocks used in mixed signal (A/D and D/A converters) CMOS IC Design
- CO2** To carry out the design of the D/A converter and sample and hold circuits
- CO3** To carry out the design of the comparator circuits
- CO4** To carry out the CMOS design of D/A and A/D converter architectures
- CO5** To carry out the design of oversampling converters- Delta sigma modulators

EI1864	ROBOTICS AND AUTOMATION	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made:

- To study the various parts of robots and fields of robotics.
- To study the various kinematics and inverse kinematics of robots.
- To study the Euler, Lagrangian formulation of Robot dynamics.
- To study the trajectory planning for robot.
- To study the control of robots for some specific applications.
- To educate on various path planning techniques
- To introduce the dynamics and control of manipulators

UNIT I BASIC CONCEPTS 9

Definition and origin of robotics – different types of robotics – various generations of robots – degrees of freedom – Robot classifications and specifications- Asimov's laws of robotics – dynamic stabilization of robots - Introduction about Robotic languages.

UNIT II POWER SOURCES, SENSORS AND ACTUATORS 9

Hydraulic, pneumatic and electric drives: Design and control issues – determination of HP of motor and gearing ratio – variable speed arrangements – path determination – micro machines in robotics – machine vision – ranging – laser – acoustic – magnetic, fiber optic and tactile sensors.

UNIT III MANIPULATORS AND GRIPPERS DIFFERENTIAL MOTION 9

Construction of manipulators – manipulator dynamics and force control – electronic and pneumatic manipulator control circuits – end effectors – U various types of grippers – design considerations.

UNIT IV KINEMATICS AND PATH PLANNING

9

Linear and angular velocities-Manipulator Jacobian-Prismatic and rotary joints– Inverse -Wrist and arm singularity - Static analysis - Force and moment Balance
Solution kinematics problem – robot programming languages

UNIT V DYNAMICS AND CONTROL AND APPLICATIONS

9

Lagrangian mechanics-2DOF Manipulator-Lagrange Euler formulation-
Dynamic model – Manipulator control problem-Linear control schemes-PID
control scheme-Force control of robotic manipulator. Mutiple robots – machine
interface – robots in manufacturing and non- manufacturing applications – robot
cell design – selection of robot.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mikell P. Weiss G.M., Nagel R.N., Odraj N.G., Industrial Robotics, McGraw-Hill Singapore, 2015.
2. Saeed. B. Niku, Introduction to Robotics, Analysis, system, Applications, Pearson educations, 2002

REFERENCES:

1. Deb. S.R., Robotics technology and flexible Automation, John Wiley, USA 1992.
2. Asfahl. C.R., Robots and manufacturing Automation, John Wiley, USA 1992.
3. Klafter. R.D., Chimielewski T.A., Negin M., Robotic Engineering – An integrated approach, Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 1994.
4. R.K. Mittal and I.J.Nagrath, Robotics and Control, Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 4th Reprint, 2005.
5. John.J.Craig, Introduction to Robotics Mechanics and Control, Third edition, Pearson Education,2009.
6. Issac Asimov, I Robot, Ballantine Books, New York, 1986.

EC1003	COMPRESSIVE SENSING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To present the basic theory and ideas showing when it is possible to reconstruct sparse or nearly sparse signals from under sampled data
- To expose students to recent ideas in modern convex optimization allowing rapid signal recovery
- To give students a sense of real time applications that might benefit from compressive sensing ideas

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO COMPRESSED SENSING 9

Introduction; Motivation; Mathematical Background; Traditional Sampling; Traditional Compression; Conventional Data Acquisition System; Drawbacks of Transform coding; Compressed Sensing (CS).

UNIT II SPARSITY AND SIGNAL RECOVERY 9

Signal Representation; Basis vectors; Sensing matrices; Restricted Isometric Property; Coherence; Stable recovery; Number of measurements.

UNIT III RECOVERY ALGORITHMS 9

Basis Pursuit algorithm: L1 minimization; Matching pursuit: Orthogonal Matching Pursuit(OMP), Stagewise OMP, Regularized OMP, Compressive Sampling Matching Pursuit (CoSaMP); Iterative Thresholding algorithm: Hard thresholding, Soft thresholding; Model based : Model based CoSaMP, Model based HIT.

UNIT IV COMPRESSIVE SENSING FOR WSN 9

Basics of WSN; Wireless Sensor without Compressive Sensing; Wireless Sensor with Compressive Sensing; Compressive Wireless Sensing: Spatial compression in WSNs, Projections in WSNs, Compressed Sensing in WSNs.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF COMPRESSIVE SENSING 9

Compressed Sensing for Real-Time Energy-Efficient Compression on Wireless Body Sensor Nodes; Compressive sensing in video surveillance; An Application of Compressive Sensing for Image Fusion; Single-Pixel Imaging via Compressive Sampling.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Radha S, Hemalatha R, Aasha Nandhini S, —Compressive Sensing for Wireless Communication: Challenges and Opportunities, River publication, 2016. (UNIT I-V)
2. Mark A. Davenport, Marco F. Duarte, Yonina C. Eldar and Gitta Kutyniok, —Introduction to Compressed Sensing, in Compressed Sensing: Theory and Applications,
3. Y. Eldar and G.Kutyniok, eds., Cambridge University Press, 2011 (UNIT I)

REFERENCES:

1. Duarte, M.F.; Davenport, M.A.; Takhar, D.; Laska, J.N.; Ting Sun; Kelly, K.F.; Baraniuk, R.G.; , "Single-Pixel Imaging via Compressive Sampling," Signal Processing Magazine, IEEE, vol.25, no.2, pp.83-91, March 2008.
2. Tao Wan.; Zengchang Qin.; , —An application of compressive sensing for image fusion, CIVR '10 Proceedings of the ACM International Conference on Image and Video Retrieval, Pages 3-9.
3. H. Mamaghanian , N. Khaled , D. Atienza and P. Vanderghenst "Compressed sensing for real-time energy-efficient ecg compression on wireless body sensor nodes", IEEE Trans. Biomed. Eng., vol. 58, no. 9, pp.2456 -2466 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Appreciate the motivation and the necessity for compressed sensing technology.
- CO2** Familiar about the recent ideas in modern convex optimization allowing rapid signal recovery
- CO3** Able to reconstruct sparse or nearly sparse signals from under sampled data
- CO4** Able to extend wireless sensor network with and without compressive sensing
- CO5** Design a new algorithm or modify an existing algorithm for different application areas in wireless sensor network.

OBJECTIVES

- Analyze the necessity for Object Oriented Programming paradigm over structured programming and become familiar with the fundamental concepts in OOP like encapsulation, Inheritance and Polymorphism
- Design an object-oriented system, GUI components and multithreaded processes as per needs and specifications
- To provide a Strong foundation for advanced programming using Object Oriented Programming Concepts.

UNIT I JAVA FUNDAMENTALS**9**

Programming Language types and paradigms – Object Oriented Programming Concepts- History of Java - Java buzzwords- JVM architecture – Java Source File Structure – Naming Convention – Data Types – Literals in Java- Scope and life time of variables – Operators in Java- Control Statements in Java - Array – String and StringBuffer

UNIT II OBJECT-ORIENTED PROGRAMMING, INTERFACES AND INHERITANCE**9**

Working with Objects - Implementing Classes - Object Construction - Static Variables and Methods – Packages - Nested Classes – Abstract Class - Interfaces – Static, Default and Private Methods – Local and Anonymous Classes – Inheritance – Extending a class - Object: The Cosmic Superclass – Wrapper classes.

UNIT III EXCEPTIONS, COLLECTIONS AND STREAMS**9**

Exceptions – exception hierarchy – throwing and catching exceptions – built-in exceptions, creating own exceptions, Stack Trace Elements. Input / Output Basics – Streams – Byte streams and Character streams – Reading and Writing Console – Reading and Writing Files.

UNIT IV CONCURRENT PROGRAMMING AND GUI 9
PROGRAMMING

Threads – Multithreaded Programming – Thread Creation – Life Cycle – Thread Priorities - Synchronization of Threads - Event Handling: Event Listeners, Delegation event model, handling mouse and keyboard events, Adapter classes. Swing: Introduction, Limitations of AWT, MVC Architecture, Components, Containers, Exploring Swing Components - Handling menus, Layout Manager – Layout Management types – Border, Grid, Flow, Card and Grid Bag.

UNIT V JAVA SERVER TECHNOLOGIES AND NETWORK 9
PROGRAMMING

Introduction to Servlet - Servlet Life Cycle - The Servlet API - Developing and Deploying Servlets - Exploring Deployment - Networking Basics – Exploring java.net classes and interfaces, InetAddress, TCP/IP Client and Server Sockets – Cookies and Datagrams.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Herbert schildt , “The complete reference”, 11th Edition, Tata Mc Graw Hill, New Delhi. 2018.
2. Cay S. Horstmann, “Core Java SE 9 for the Impatient”, 2nd Edition, Addison-Wesley, 2017 .
3. Paul Deitel, Harvey M. Deitel, “Java How to Program”, 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. T. Budd, “An Introduction to Object Oriented Programming”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2009.
2. Y. Daniel Liang , “Introduction to Java programming”, 7th Edition, Pearson education, 2010.
3. C Xavier , “Java Programming – A Practical Approach”, Tata McGraw-Hill Edition, 2011.
4. K. Arnold and J. Gosling, “The Java programming language”, 3rd Edition, Pearson Education, 2000.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** understand the fundamental ideas behind the object-oriented approach to programming
- CO2** To inculcate concepts of inheritance to create new classes from existing one & design the classes needed given a problem specification
- CO3** Able to create the good application with proper Exception Handling Mechanisms.
- CO4** A modern coverage of concurrent programming that focuses on high-level synchronization constructs and the concept of event handling used in GUI.
- CO5** An in-depth exposure to the object-oriented programming paradigm, which builds upon programming experience gained in computer science classes.

IT1811	INFORMATION THEORY AND CODING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- Understand error–control coding.
- Understand encoding and decoding of digital data streams.
- Be familiar with the methods for the generation of these codes and their decoding techniques.
- Be aware of compression and decompression techniques.
- Learn the concepts of multimedia communication.

UNIT I INFORMATION THEORY 9

Information – Entropy, Information rate, classification of codes, Kraft McMillan inequality, Source coding theorem, Shannon-Fano coding, Huffman coding, Extended Huffman coding - Joint and conditional entropies, Mutual information - Discrete memoryless channels – BSC, BEC – Channel capacity, Shannon limit.

UNIT II SOURCE CODING: TEXT, AUDIO AND SPEECH 9

Text: Adaptive Huffman Coding, Arithmetic Coding, LZW algorithm – Audio: Perceptual coding, Masking techniques, Psychoacoustic model, MEG Audio layers I,II,III, Dolby AC3 - Speech: Channel Vocoder, Linear Predictive Coding

UNIT III SOURCE CODING: IMAGE AND VIDEO 9

Image and Video Formats – GIF, TIFF, SIF, CIF, QCIF – Image compression: READ, JPEG – Video Compression: Principles-I,B,P frames, Motion estimation, Motion compensation, H.261, MPEG standard

UNIT IV ERROR CONTROL CODING: BLOCK CODES 9

Definitions and Principles: Hamming weight, Hamming distance, Minimum distance decoding - Single parity codes, Hamming codes, Repetition codes - Linear block codes, Cyclic codes - Syndrome calculation, Encoder and decoder – CRC

UNIT V ERROR CONTROL CODING: CONVOLUTIONAL CODES 9

Convolutional codes – code tree, trellis, state diagram - Encoding – Decoding:
Sequential search and Viterbi algorithm – Principle of Turbo coding

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. R Bose, "Information Theory, Coding and Crptography", TMH 2007
2. Fred Halsall, "Multimedia Communications: Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards", Pearson Education Asia, 2002

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. K Sayood, "Introduction to Data Compression" 3/e, Elsevier 2006
2. S Gravano, "Introduction to Error Control Codes", Oxford University Press 2007
3. Amitabha Bhattacharya, "Digital Communication", TMH 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Design an application with error-control
- CO2** Use compression and decompression techniques
- CO3** Apply the concepts of multimedia communication
- CO4** Apply the concepts of error control coding: block codes
- CO5** Apply the concepts of error control coding: convolutional codes

OBJECTIVES

- To sensitize the Engineering students to various aspects of Human Rights.
- To educate on the evolution of human rights movement.
- To create awareness and understanding on the international deliberations towards human rights.
- To educate on constitutional rights and provisions related to human rights in India.
- Create awareness on support organisations in Human Rights in India.

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION**9**

Human Rights- Meaning, origin and development; Notion and classification of Rights - Natural, Moral and Legal Rights, Civil and Political rights, economic, social and cultural rights, collective/ Solidarity rights.

UNIT- II EVOLUTION OF HUMAN RIGHTS MOVEMENT**9**

Evolution of the concept of Human rights- Magna Carta, Geneva Convention of 1864, Universal Declaration of Human rights 1948; Theories of Human rights.

UNIT-III INTERNATIONAL PERSPECTIVES**9**

Theories and perspective of UN Laws; UN Agencies to monitor and compliance.

UNIT IV HUMAN RIGHTS IN INDIA**9**

Human Rights in India; Constitutional Provisions/ Guarantees.

UNIT V HUMAN RIGHTS SUPPORT ORGANISATION**9**

Human Rights of Disadvantaged People - Women, Children, Displaced persons and Disabled persons, including aged and HIV infected people; Implementation of Human Rights - National and State Human Rights Commission; Judiciary; Role of NGO's, Media, Educational Institutions, Social Movements.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Kapoor S.K., "Human Rights under International law and Indian laws", Central law agency, Allahabad, 2014.
2. Chandra U., "Human Rights", Allahabad law agency, Allahabad, 2014.
3. Upendra Baxi, The future of Human Rights, Oxford University Press, New Delhi.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO):

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Understand the definition and types of human rights
- CO2 Understand the evolution and theories of human rights
- CO3 Understand the theories and perspectives of human rights
- CO4 Know about human rights in India
- CO5 Know about human rights of people of various classes and implementation of human rights

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide students an exposure to disasters, their significance and types.
- To ensure that students begin to understand the relationship between vulnerability, disasters, disaster prevention and risk reduction.
- To gain a preliminary understanding of approaches of Disaster Risk Reduction (DRR).
- To enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country and
- To develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DISASTERS 9

Definition: Disaster, Hazard, Vulnerability, Resilience, Risks – Disasters: Types of disasters – Earthquake, Landslide, Flood, Drought, Fire etc - Classification, Causes, Impacts including social, economic, political, environmental, health, psychosocial, etc.- Differential impacts- in terms of caste, class, gender, age, location, disability - Global trends in disasters: urban disasters, pandemics, complex emergencies, Climate change- Dos and Don'ts during various types of Disasters.

UNIT II APPROACHES TO DISASTER RISK REDUCTION 9
(DRR)

Disaster cycle - Phases, Culture of safety, prevention, mitigation and preparedness community based DRR, Structural- nonstructural measures, Roles and responsibilities of- community, Panchayati Raj Institutions/Urban Local Bodies (PRIs/ULBs), States, Centre, and other stakeholders- Institutional Processes and Framework at State and Central Level- State Disaster Management Authority(SDMA) – Early Warning System – Advisories from Appropriate Agencies.

UNIT III INTER-RELATIONSHIP BETWEEN DISASTERS AND 9
DEVELOPMENT

Factors affecting Vulnerabilities, differential impacts, impact of Development projects such as dams, embankments, changes in Land-use etc.- Climate Change Adaptation- IPCC Scenario and Scenarios in the context of India - Relevance of indigenous knowledge, appropriate technology and local resources.

UNIT IV DISASTER RISK MANAGEMENT IN INDIA 9

Hazard and Vulnerability profile of India, Components of Disaster Relief: Water, Food, Sanitation, Shelter, Health, Waste Management, Institutional arrangements (Mitigation, Response and Preparedness, Disaster Management Act and Policy - Other related policies, plans, programmes and legislation – Role of GIS and Information Technology Components in Preparedness, Risk Assessment, Response and Recovery Phases of Disaster – Disaster Damage Assessment.

UNIT V DISASTER MANAGEMENT: APPLICATIONS AND 9
CASE STUDIES AND FIELD WORKS

Landslide Hazard Zonation: Case Studies, Earthquake Vulnerability Assessment of Buildings and Infrastructure: Case Studies, Drought Assessment: Case Studies, Coastal Flooding: Storm Surge Assessment, Floods: Fluvial and Pluvial Flooding: Case Studies; Forest Fire: Case Studies, Man Made disasters: Case Studies, Space Based Inputs for Disaster Mitigation and Management and field works related to disaster management.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Singhal J.P. —Disaster Managementll, Laxmi Publications, 2010. ISBN-10: 9380386427 ISBN13: 978-9380386423
2. Tushar Bhattacharya, —Disaster Science and Managementll, McGraw Hill India Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012. ISBN-10: 1259007367, ISBN-13: 978-1259007361]
3. Gupta Anil K, Sreeja S. Nair. Environmental Knowledge for Disaster Risk Management, NIDM, New Delhi, 2011

4. Kapur Anu Vulnerable India: A Geographical Study of Disasters, IIAS and Sage Publishers, New Delhi, 2010.

REFERENCES:

1. Govt. of India: Disaster Management Act , Government of India, New Delhi, 2005
2. Government of India, National Disaster Management Policy,2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Differentiate the types of disasters, causes and their impact on environment and society
- CO2** Assess vulnerability and various methods of risk reduction measures as well as mitigation
- CO3** Enhance awareness of institutional processes in the country
- CO4** Develop rudimentary ability to respond to their surroundings with potential disaster response in areas where they live, with due sensitivity
- CO5** Draw the hazard and vulnerability profile of India, Scenarios in the Indian context, Disaster damage assessment and management.

MG1001	PRINCIPLES OF MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To enable the students to study the evolution of Management.
- To study the functions and principles of management.
- To learn the application of the principles in an organization.
- To acquire the skills of effective leadership and communication.
- To gain the knowledge of tools and techniques for an effective managerial skill.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MANAGEMENT AND ORGANIZATIONS 9

Definition of Management – Science or Art – Manager Vs Entrepreneur – Types of managers – managerial roles and skills – Evolution of Management – Scientific, human relations, system and contingency approaches – Types of Business organization – Sole proprietorship, partnership, company – Public and private sector enterprises – Organization culture and Environment – Current trends and issues in Management.

UNIT II PLANNING 9

Nature and purpose of planning – Planning process – Types of planning – Objectives – Setting objectives – Policies – Planning premises – Strategic Management – Planning Tools and Techniques – Decision making steps and process.

UNIT III ORGANIZING 9

Nature and purpose – Formal and informal organization – Organization chart – Organization structure – Types – Line and staff authority – Departmentalization – Delegation of authority – Centralization and decentralization – Job Design – Human Resource Management – HR Planning, Recruitment, selection, Training and Development, Performance Management, Career planning and management.

9

UNIT V CONTROLLING

9

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

1. JAF Stoner, Freeman R.E and Daniel R Gilbert “Management”, 6th Edition, Pearson Education, 2004.
2. Stephen P. Robbins & Mary Coulter, “Management”, Prentice Hall (India), Pvt. Ltd., 15th Edition, 2020.

1. Harold Koontz & Heinz Weihrich, "Essentials of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 10th Edition, 2015.
2. Robert Kreitner & Mamata Mohapatra, "Management", Biztantra, 2008.
3. Stephen A. Robbins & David A. Decenzo & Mary Coulter, "Fundamentals of Management", 11th Edition, Pearson Education, 2017.
4. Tripathy PC & Reddy PN, "Principles of Management", Tata McGraw Hill, 6th Edition 2017.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Ability to understand the various terms and definitions related to management and organization.
- CO2** Ability to acquire the skill of planning and various strategies of management in an organization.
- CO3** Ability to understand the various hierarchies of management and also get an insight into an HR values in an organization management.
- CO4** Ability to acquire the skills of leadership and understand the importance of communication to run an organization effectively.
- CO5** Ability to analyse the risk related to budget and methods to handle the risk with help of technology to manage an organization.

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the role and importance of an Artificial Heart Lung system
- To study various mechanical techniques that help a non-functioning heart
- To learn the functioning of the unit that clears urea from the blood
- To study about Ventilators and Hearing Aids
- To study about recent techniques used in modern clinical applications

UNIT I HEART LUNG MACHINE AND ARTIFICIAL HEART 9

Condition to be satisfied by the H/L System. Different types of Oxygenators, Pumps, Pulsatile and Continuous Types, Monitoring Process, Shunting, The Indication for Cardiac Transplant, Driving Mechanism, Blood Handling System, Functioning and different types of Artificial Heart. Case study.

UNIT II CARDIAC ASSIST DEVICES 9

Assisted through Respiration, Right and left Ventricular Bypass Pump, Open Chest and Closed Chest type, Intra Aortic Balloon Pumping, Prosthetic Cardiac valves, Principle of External Counter pulsation techniques. Case study.

UNIT III ARTIFICIAL KIDNEY 9

Indication and Principle of Haemodialysis, Membrane, Dialysate, types of filter and membranes, Different types of haemodialyzers, Monitoring Systems, Wearable Artificial Kidney, Implanting Type.

UNIT IV RESPIRATORY AND HEARING AIDS 9

Ventilator and its types-Intermittent positive pressure, Breathing Apparatus Operating Sequence, Electronic IPPB unit with monitoring for all respiratory parameters. Types of Deafness, Hearing Aids, SISI, masking techniques, wearable devices for hearing correction.

Transcutaneous electrical nerve stimulator, Classification of Visual Impairments, Prevention and cure of visual impairments, Haptic Devices

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Gray E Wnek, Gray L Browlin – Encyclopedia of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering –Marcel Dekker Inc New York 2004.
2. John. G . Webster – Bioinstrumentation - John Wiley & Sons (Asia) Pvt Ltd - 2004
3. Joseph D.Bronzino, The Biomedical Engineering Handbook, Third Edition: Three Volume Set, CRC Press, 2006

REFERENCES:

1. Andreas.F. Von racum, “Hand book of bio material evaluation”, Mc-Millan publishers, 1980.
2. Gray E Wnek, Gray L Browlin, “Encyclopedia of Biomaterials and Biomedical Engineering” Marcel Dekker Inc New York 2004.
3. D.S. Sunder, “Rehabilitation Medicine”, 3rd Edition, Jaypee Medical Publication, 2010

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Explain the principles and construction of an artificial heart.
- CO2** Understand various mechanical techniques that improve therapeutic technology.
- CO3** Explain the functioning of a Dialyzer.
- CO4** Describe tests to assess hearing loss and develop wearable devices for the same.
- CO5** Analyze and research on electrical stimulation and Haptic Devices.

OBJECTIVES

- ❖ To define security attacks, services and mechanisms.
- ❖ To understand block ciphering techniques and number theory.
- ❖ To understand public-key cryptography and hash functions.
- ❖ To define cryptographic data integrity algorithms and mutual trust.
- ❖ To discuss various security practices and system security measures.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Computer Security Concepts – The OSI Security Architecture - Security Attacks, Services and Mechanisms - Model for network security – Classical Encryption Techniques: Substitution Techniques, Transposition Techniques, Steganography – Legal and Ethical Aspects.

UNIT II BLOCK CIPHERS & NUMBER THEORY 9

Data Encryption Standard-Block cipher principles-block cipher modes of operation-Advanced Encryption Standard (AES)-Triple DES-Blowfish-RC5 algorithm.

Number theory: Prime Numbers, Fermat's and Euler's Theorem, Testing for Primality, The Chinese Remainder Theorem.

UNIT III PUBLIC KEY CRYPTOGRAPHY & HASH FUNCTIONS 9

Principles of public key cryptosystems-The RSA algorithm-Key management - Diffie Hellman Key exchange- Elliptic curve arithmetic-Elliptic curve cryptography.

Authentication requirement – Authentication function – MAC – Hash function – Security of hash function and MAC –MD5 - SHA - HMAC – CMAC

UNIT IV DIGITAL SIGNATURES & SECURITY PRACTICE 9

Digital signature and authentication protocols – DSS – Entity Authentication: Biometrics, Passwords, Challenge Response protocols- El Gamal – Schnorr – X.509 Certificates - User Authentication- Kerberos.

UNIT V E-MAIL, IP, WEB & SYSTEM SECURITY

9

Electronic Mail security: PGP, S/MIME – IP security – Web Security: Requirements, Secure Socket Layer (SSL) and Transport Layer Security (TLS) – System Security: Intruders – Malicious software – viruses – Firewalls.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. William Stallings, Cryptography and Network Security: Principles and Practice, PHI 5th Edition, 2011.
2. Behrouz A.Forouzan, Introduction to Cryptography and Network Security, McGraw-Hill Ferouzan Networking Series, 2008.

REFERENCES:

1. Shyamala C K, N Harini and Dr T R Padmanabhan: Cryptography and Network Security, Wiley India Pvt. Ltd.
2. Charlie Kaufman, Radia Periman and Mike Speciner, Network Security: private Communication in a public World, Prentice Hall, ISBN 0-13-046019-2
3. William Stallings, “Network Security Essentials Applications and Standards”, 2nd edition, Pearson Education, 2003.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1 Describe the key security requirements of confidentiality, Integrity and availability.

CO2 Apply the different cryptographic operations of block ciphering techniques.

CO3 Examines of public key cryptosystem and hash functions.

CO4 Describe the various cryptographic data integrity algorithms and various aspects of key management and distribution.

CO5 Understand various network Security practices and System level security issues.

EC1005	MULTIMEDIA COMPRESSION AND COMMUNICATION	L	T	P	C
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OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the compression schemes for audio and voice
- To understand the compression schemes image and video
- To understand the compression schemes for text
- To understand the QoS issues in multimedia network
- To know the communication protocols for multimedia networking

UNIT I AUDIO COMPRESSION 9

Sampling and Quantization of Speech (PCM) - Adaptive differential PCM - Delta Modulation - Vector Quantization- Linear predictive coding (LPC) - Code excited Linear predictive Coding (CELP)

UNIT II IMAGE AND VIDEO COMPRESSION 9

Graphics Interchange format- Tagged image file format-Digitized documents-Digitized pictures-JPEG-Video Encoding-Motion estimation –Overview of H.263 and MPEG-2.

UNIT III TEXT COMPRESSION 9

Static and Dynamic Huffman coding – Arithmetic coding –Lempel-Ziv coding – LZW coding

UNIT IV GUARANTEED SERVICE MODEL 9

Best Effort service model – Network Performance Parameters – Quality of Service and metrics -Scheduling and Dropping policies – FQ and its variants – Random Early Detection – Admission Control – Resource Reservation – RSVP - Traffic Shaping Algorithms – An Overview of QoS Architectures- Intserv, Diffserv architectures

UNIT V MULTIMEDIA COMMUNICATION 9

Stream characteristics for Continuous media – Temporal Relationship – Object Stream Interactions, Media Levy, Media Synchronization – Models for Temporal Specifications – Streaming of Audio and Video – Jitter removal – Fixed playout and Adaptive playout – Recovery from packet loss – RTSP– Multimedia Communication Standards – RTP/RTCP – SIP and H.323

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Fred Halsall, —Multimedia communication- Applications, Networks, Protocols and Standards, Pearson education, 2007.

REFERENCES:

1. Tay Vaughan, —Multimedia Making it work , McGraw-Hill Osborne Media, 2006.
2. Kurose and W. Ross, —Computer Networking —A Top Down Approach, Pearson education 3rd ed, 2005.
3. KR. Rao, Z S Bojkovic, D A Milovanovic, —Multimedia Communication Systems: Techniques, Standards, and Networks, Pearson Education 2007
4. R. Steinmetz, K. Nahrstedt, —Multimedia Computing, Communications and Applications, Pearson Education, First ed, 1995.
5. Nalin K Sharda, Multimedia Information Networking', Prentice Hall of India, 1999
6. Aura Ganz, Zvi Ganz and Kitti Wongthawaravat, Multimedia Wireless Networks: Technologies, Standards and QoS', Prentice Hall, 2003.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Design audio compression techniques
- CO2** Configure image and video compression techniques
- CO3** Design text compression techniques
- CO4** Select suitable service model for specific application
- CO5** Configure multimedia communication network

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made:

- To understand the concept about Wireless networks, protocol stack and standards
- To understand and analyse the network layer solutions for Wireless networks
- To study about fundamentals of 3G Services, its protocols and applications
- To have in depth knowledge on internetworking of WLAN and WWAN
- To learn about evolution of 4G Networks, its architecture and applications

UNIT I**WIRELESS LAN****9**

Introduction-WLAN technologies - IEEE802.11- System architecture- protocol architecture- 802.11b, 802.11a – Hiper LAN: WATM, BRAN- HiperLAN2 – Bluetooth: Architecture - WPAN – IEEE 802.15.4 - Wireless USB, Zigbee, 6LoWPAN - Wireless HART

UNIT II**MOBILE NETWORK LAYER****9**

Introduction - Mobile IP: IP packet delivery, Agent discovery, tunneling and encapsulation, IPV6-Network layer in the internet- Mobile IP session initiation protocol - mobile ad-hoc network: Routing: Destination Sequence distance vector, IoT: CoAP

UNIT III**3G OVERVIEW****9**

Overview of Terrestrial Radio access network-UMTS Core network Architecture: UMTS, 3GPP, Architecture, User equipment, CDMA2000 - Overview- Radio and Network components, Network structure, Radio Network, TD-CDMA, TD – SCDMA.

UNIT IV**4G NETWORKS****9**

Introduction – 4G vision – 4G features and challenges - Applications of 4G – 4G Technologies: Multicarrier Modulation, Smart antenna techniques, IMS Architecture, LTE, Advanced Broadband Wireless Access and Services, MVNO.

Introduction to 5G, vision and challenges, 5G NR – New Radio – air interface of 5G, radio access, Ultra-Dense Network Architecture and Technologies for 5G-Filter-bank based multi-carrier (FBMC), Universal filtered multi carrier (UFMC), Generalized frequency division multicarrier (GFDM)- Principles, Transceiver Block diagram-MIMO in LTE, Theoretical background, Single user MIMO, Multi-user MIMO, Capacity of massive MIMO: a summary, Basic forms of massive MIMO implementation.

TOTAL:45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jochen Schiller, II Mobile CommunicationsII, Second Edition, Pearson Education 2012.(Unit I,II,III)
2. Vijay Garg, —Wireless Communications and networkingII, First Edition, Elsevier 2007.(Unit-IV)
3. Afif Osseiran, Jose.F.Monserat and Patrick Marsch, "5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology", Cambridge University Press, 2016.(Unit V)

REFERENCES:

1. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold and Per Beming, "3G Evolution HSPA and LTE for Mobile Broadband, Second Edition, Academic Press, 2008.
2. Anurag Kumar, D.Manjunath, Joy kuri, —Wireless Networking, First Edition, Elsevier 2011.
3. Xiang, W; Zheng, K; Shen, X.S; "5G Mobile Communications", Springer, 2016
4. Saad Z Asif, "5G Mobile Communication, Concepts and Challenges", CRC Press
5. Thomas L. Marzetta , Erik G. Larsson , Hong Yang , Hien Quoc Ngo, "Fundamentals of Massive MIMO", Cambridge University Press, 2018.

EC1007	ARRAY SIGNAL PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To know the basics of antenna array fundamentals and principles of the random process.
- To understand the spatial sampling and different types of sensor arrays.
- To understand the spatial domain frequency representation, analysis and processing.
- To understand the various statistical techniques for signal parameter estimation.
- To study different applications of the Array signal processing.

UNIT I ARRAY PROCESSING FUNDAMENTALS 9

Antenna parameters, Basic Antenna elements, Array Fundamentals - Element pattern, Directivity, Power Gain, Polarization, Array pattern, Array gain, Effective array aperture, Random process - Autocorrelation and power spectral density - properties, Noise in communication.

UNIT II SPATIAL SIGNALS AND SENSOR ARRAYS 9

Signals in space and time, Spatial frequency, Direction vs. frequency, Wave fields, Far-field and Near-field signals, Spatial sampling, Nyquist criterion, Sensor arrays - Uniform linear arrays, planar and random arrays, Array transfer (steering) vector, Array steering vector for ULA, Broadband arrays.

UNIT III SPATIAL FREQUENCY 9

Aliasing in the spatial frequency domain, Spatial Frequency Transform, Spatial spectrum, Spatial Domain Filtering, Beamforming, Spatially white signal.

UNIT IV DIRECTION OF ARRIVAL ESTIMATION 9

Array correlation matrix, Non-parametric methods - Beamforming and Capon methods, Resolution of Beamforming method, Subspace methods - MUSIC, Minimum Norm and ESPRIT techniques, Spatial Smoothing.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF ARRAY SIGNAL PROCESSING 9

RADAR, Sonar, Seismic, Acoustics, Wireless Communications and networks and Radio Astronomy signal processing applications.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dan E. Dudgeon and Don H. Johnson, "Array Signal Processing: Concepts and Techniques", Prentice-Hall, 1993 (UNIT II, III and V)
2. Frank Gross, "Smart Antennas for Wireless Communication with MATLAB", New York: McGraw Hill, 2005 (UNIT I and IV)

REFERENCES:

1. Simon Haykin and K. J. Ray Liu, "Handbook of Array Signal Processing and Sensor Networks", Wiley, 2009.
2. Harry L. Van Trees, "Optimum Array Processing: Part IV of Detection, Estimation, and Modulation Theory", Wiley, 2002.
3. Prabhakar S. Naidu, "Sensor Array Signal Processing", CRC Press, 2nd edition, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Able to understand the principle of spatial sampling and spatial aliasing in array signal processing.
- CO2** Able to design sensor array-based signal acquisition systems.
- CO3** Able to analyze the sensor array signals in the spatial domain.
- CO4** Able to develop signal parameter estimation and beamforming methods.
- CO5** Able to know about the widespread applications of array signal processing.

OBJECTIVES

- To learn and understand the concepts of stationary and non-stationary random signals and analysis & characterization of discrete-time random processes
- To enunciate the significance of estimation of power spectral density of random processes
- To introduce the principles of optimum filters such as Wiener and Kalman filters
- To introduce the principles of adaptive filters and their applications to communication engineering
- To introduce the concepts of multi-resolution analysis

UNIT I DISCRETE- RANDOM PROCESSES 9

Random variables - ensemble averages a review, random processes – ensemble averages, autocorrelation and autocovariance matrices, ergodic random process, white noise, filtering random processes, spectral factorization, special types of random processes - AR, MA, ARMA.

UNIT II SPECTRUM ESTIMATION 9

Bias and consistency, Non-parametric methods - Periodogram, modified-Periodogram - performance analysis. Bartlett's method, Welch's method, Blackman-Tukey method. Performance comparison. Parametric methods - autoregressive (AR) spectrum estimation - autocorrelation method, Prony's method, solution using Levinson Durbin recursion.

UNIT III OPTIMUM FILTERS 9

Wiener filters - FIR Wiener filter - discrete Wiener Hopf equation, Applications - filtering, linear prediction. IIR Wiener filter - causal and non-causal filters. Recursive estimators - discrete Kalman filter.

UNIT IV ADAPTIVE FILTERS 9

Principles and properties of adaptive filters - FIR adaptive filters. Adaptive algorithms - steepest descent algorithm, the LMS algorithm - convergence. Applications of adaptive filtering - noise cancellation, channel equalization.

Short-time Fourier transform - Heisenberg uncertainty principle. Principles of multi-resolution analysis - sub-band coding, the continuous and discrete wavelet transform - properties. Applications of wavelet transform - noise reduction, image compression.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Monson H. Hayes, "Statistical digital signal processing and modeling", John Wiley and Sons Inc. New York, Indian reprint 2008. (UNIT I-IV)
2. P. P. Vaidyanathan, "Multirate systems and filter banks", Prentice Hall Inc. 1993 (UNIT V)

REFERENCES:

1. John G. Proakis & Dimitris G. Manolakis, —Digital Signal Processing – Principles, Algorithms & Applications, Fourth Edition, Pearson Education / Prentice Hall, 2007.
2. Sophoncles J. Orfanidis, "Optimum signal processing", McGraw Hill, 2000

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1** Articulate and apply the concepts of special random processes in practical applications
- CO2** Choose appropriate spectrum estimation techniques for a given random process
- CO3** Apply optimum filters appropriately for a given communication application
- CO4** Apply appropriate adaptive algorithm for processing non-stationary signals
- CO5** Apply and analyse wavelet transforms for signal and image processing based applications

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the concepts of micro and nano electromechanical devices.
- To know the fabrication process of Microsystems.
- To know the design concepts of micro sensors and micro actuators.
- To introduce the concepts of quantum mechanics and nano systems.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO MEMS AND NEMS 9

New trends in Engineering and Science: Micro and Nano scale systems. Introduction to Design of MEMS and NEMS, Overview of Nano and Microelectromechanical Systems, Applications of Micro and Nanoelectromechanical systems, Materials for MEMS and NEMS: Silicon, silicon compounds, polymers, metals.

UNIT II MEMS FABRICATION TECHNOLOGIES 9

Photolithography, Ion Implantation, Diffusion, Oxidation, CVD, PECVD, Sputtering, Etching techniques: Dry and wet etching, electrochemical etching, Micromachining: Bulk Micromachining, Surface Micromachining, LIGA.

UNIT III MICRO SENSORS 9

MEMS Sensors: Design of Acoustic wave sensors, Vibratory gyroscope, Capacitive Pressuresensors, Case study: Piezoelectric energy harvester

UNIT IV MICRO ACTUATORS 9

Design of Actuators: Actuation using thermal forces, Actuation using shape memory Alloys, Actuation using piezoelectric crystals, Actuation using Electrostatic forces, Case Study: RF Switch.

UNIT V NANO DEVICES 9

Atomic Structures and Quantum Mechanics, Shrodinger Equation, ZnO nanorods based NEMS device: Gas sensor.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Marc Madou, —Fundamentals of Microfabrication, CRC press 1997.
2. Stephen D. Senturia, Micro system Design , Kluwer Academic Publishers,2001.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Tai Ran Hsu , MEMS and Microsystems Design and Manufacture ,Tata Mcraw Hill, 2002.
2. Chang Liu, —Foundations of MEMSII, Pearson education India limited, 2006,
3. Sergey Edward Lyshevski, —MEMS and NEMS: Systems, Devices, and StructuresII CRC Press, 2002.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Ability to understand the operation of micro devices, micro systems and their applications.
- CO2** Ability to design the micro devices, micro systems using the MEMS fabrication process.
- CO3** Gain knowledge of basic approaches for various sensor designs.
- CO4** Gain knowledge of basic approaches for various actuator designs.
- CO5** Develop experience on micro/nano systems for photonics.

OBJECTIVES

- To review basic semiconductor theory.
- To introduce the concepts of LED.
- To teach the principle of stimulated emission and devices based on it.
- To equip the student with the knowledge of Photovoltaics and display devices.
- To introduce the knowledge of optoelectronic modulators.

UNIT I SEMICONDUCTOR THEORY 9

Basic quantum mechanics, semiconductor statistics, carrier transport, optical processes, and junction theory, Properties of simple and compound semiconductors, Optical absorption, Optical recombination, Recombination and carrier lifetime.

UNIT II LIGHT EMITTING DIODES 9

Energy Bands. Direct and Indirect Bandgap Semiconductors: E-k Diagrams. pn Junction Principles. The pn Junction Band Diagram. Light Emitting Diodes. LED Materials. Heterojunction High Intensity LEDs. LED Characteristics. LEDs for Optical Fiber Communications, White LED for display and lighting applications.

UNIT III STIMULATED EMISSION DEVICES 9

Stimulated Emission and Photon Amplification. Stimulated Emission Rate and Einstein Coefficients. Optical Fiber Amplifiers. LASER Oscillation Conditions. Principle of the Laser Diode. Heterostructure Laser Diodes. Rate Equation- Characteristics. Light Emitters for Optical Fiber Communications. Quantum Well and Quantum dot Devices. Vertical Cavity Surface Emitting Lasers (VCSELs). Optical Laser Amplifiers.

UNIT IV PHOTOVOLTAICS AND DISPLAY DEVICES 9

Photovoltaic Device Principles. pn Junction Photovoltaic I-V Characteristics. Solar Cells Materials, Devices and Efficiencies. Photo Luminescence, Cathode Luminescence, Electro Luminescence, Injection Luminescence, Liquid crystal displays, Reflective and Trans reflective types, TFT displays, Plasma displays, LED TV.

UNIT V POLARIZATION AND MODULATION OF LIGHT**9**

Polarization. Light Propagation in an Anisotropic Medium: Birefringence. Electro-Optic Effects.. Acousto-Optic Modulator. Magneto-Optic Effects. Integrated Optical Modulators Electro- absorption modulators. Non-Linear Optics and Second Harmonic Generation.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS**

1. S. O. Kasap, "Optoelectronics and Photonics: Principles and Practices", Pearson, 2013.
2. Michael Parker, "Physics of optoelectronics", CRC press, 2018.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. P. N. Prasad, "Nanophotonics", John Wiley & Sons, 2004.
2. Deng-Ke Yang , Shin Tson Wu, "Fundamentals of Liquid Crystal Devices", Revised edition, John Wiley and sons, 2015.
3. Saleh and Teich, "Fundamentals of Photonics", Wiley Interscience, 2nd Edition, 2013.
4. J. Singh, "Electronic and Optoelectronic Properties of Semiconductor Structures Cambridge university press, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Understand various kinds of semiconductor materials used in optoelectronics
- CO2** Understand the mechanisms of light absorption and emission in p-n junctions
- CO3** Understand the principles of stimulated emission devices.
- CO4** Understand about various photo voltaics and display devices.
- CO5** Understand the process and use of polarization and modulation of light.

EC1011	CMOS ANALOG IC DESIGN	L	T	P	C
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OBJECTIVES:

- To study the fundamentals of analog circuits and MOS device models
- To gain knowledge on various configurations of MOS transistors and feedback concepts
- To study the characteristics of noise and frequency response of the amplifier
- To learn the concepts of Op-Amp frequency compensation,
- Capacitor switches and PLLs

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO ANALOG IC DESIGN AND CURRENT MIRRORS 9

Concepts of Analog Design-General consideration of MOS devices–MOS I/V Characteristics–Second order effects – OS device models. Basic current mirrors, Cascode current mirrors- Active current mirrors- Large and Small signal analysis-Common mode properties.

UNIT II AMPLIFIERS AND FEEDBACK 9

Basic Concepts–Common source stage-Source follower-Common gate stage-Cascode stage. Single ended and differential operation-Basic Differential pair-Common mode response- Differential pair with MOS loads-Gilbert Cell. Feedback- General Consideration of feedback circuits- Feedback topologies- Effect of loading-Effect of feedback on Noise.

UNIT III FREQUENCY RESPONSE OF AMPLIFIERS AND NOISE 9

General considerations-Miller Effect and Association of Poles with Nodes, Common source stage-Source followers-Common gate stage-Cascode stage-Differential pair. Noise-Statistical characteristics of noise- Types of noise-Representation of noise in circuits-Noise in single stage amplifiers- Noise in differential pairs- Noise Bandwidth.

UNIT IV OPERATIONAL AMPLIFIER STABILITY AND FREQUENCY COMPENSATION 9

General Considerations-One and Two Stage Op Amps-Gain Boosting-Comparison-Common mode feedback-Input range limitations-Slew rate-Power Supply Rejection-Noise in Op Amps- General consideration of stability and frequency compensation-Multi pole system-Phase margin- Frequency compensation-Compensation of two stage op Amps- Other compensation techniques.

UNIT V SWITCHED CAPACITOR CIRCUITS AND PLLS 9

General Considerations- Sampling switches-Switched Capacitor Amplifiers- Switched Capacitor Integrator- Switched Capacitor Common mode feedback. Phase Locked Loops-Simple PLL- Charge pump PLLs- Non ideal Effects in PLLs- Delay locked loops- its Applications.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Behzad Razavi,-Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits II,Tata Mc Graw Hill, 2001,33rd re-print,2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Phillip Allen and Douglas Holmberg-CMOS Analog Circuit Design II Second Edition, Oxford University Press, 2004.
2. Paul R. Gray, Paul J. Hurst, Stephen H. Lewis, Robert G. Meyer, Analysis and Design of Analog Integrated Circuits, 5th Edition, Wiley, 2009
3. Grebene,-Bipolar and MOS Analog Integrated circuit design, John Wiley & sons, Inc., 2003

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Realize the concepts of Analog MOS devices and current mirror circuits.
- CO2** Design different configuration of Amplifiers and feedback circuits.
- CO3** Analyze the characteristics of frequency response of the amplifier and its noise.
- CO4** Analyze the performance of the stability and frequency compensation techniques of Op- Amp Circuits.
- CO5** Construct switched capacitor circuits and PLLs

OBJECTIVES:

- Study the mixed signal of submicron CMOS circuits
- Understand the various integrated based filters and topologies
- Learn the data converters architecture, modeling and signal to noise ratio
- Study the integrated circuit of oscillators and PLL

UNIT I SUBMICRON CMOS CIRCUIT DESIGN 9

Introduction to analog VLSI and mixed signal issues in CMOS technologies MOS transistor. Submicron CMOS: Overview and Models, CMOS process flow, Capacitors and Resistors. Digital circuit design: The MOSFET Switch, Delay Elements, An Adder. Analog Circuit Design: Biasing, Op-Amp Design, Circuit Noise.

UNIT II INTEGRATOR BASED CMOS FILTERS 9

Integrator Building Blocks- low pass filter, Active RC integrators, MOSFET-C Integrators, g_m - C integrators, Discrete time integrators. Filtering Topologies: The Bilinear transfer function, The Biquadratic transfer function, Filters using Noise shaping.

UNIT III DATA CONVERTER ARCHITECTURES 9

DAC Architectures- Resistor string, R-2R ladder Networks, Current Steering, Charge Scaling DACs, Cyclic DAC, and Pipeline DAC. ADC Architectures- Flash, Multi-stage flash ADC, Pipeline ADC, Integrating ADC's, Successive Approximation ADC.

UNIT IV DATA CONVERTER MODELING AND SNR 9

Sampling and Aliasing: A modeling approach, Impulse sampling, The sample and Hold, Quantization noise. Data converter SNR: An overview, Clock Jitter, Improving SNR using Averaging, Decimating filter for ADCs, Interpolating filter for DACs, Band pass and High pass sinc filters - Using feedback to improve SNR.

UNIT V**SPECIALIZED IC'S AND PLL****9**

Specialized IC's: 555 Timer-Monostable, multivibrator, astable multivibrator, LC oscillators, Voltage Controlled Oscillators. Simple PLL, Charge pumps PLLs, Non ideal effects in PLLs, Delay Locked Loops.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. D. A. Johns and K. Martin, Analog Integrated Circuit Design, Wiley Student Edition, 2002.
2. P. R. Gray and R. G. Meyer, Analysis and design of Analog Integrated circuits 4th Edition, Wiley Student Edition, 2001.

REFERENCES:

1. CMOS Mixed Signal Circuit Design by R. Jacob Baker, Wiley India, IEEE Press, reprint 2008.
2. CMOS Circuit Design, Layout and Simulation by R. Jacob Baker, Wiley India, IEEE Press, Second Edition, reprint 2009.
3. Design of Analog CMOS Integrated Circuits by Behzad Razavi, McGraw Hill, 33rd Re- print, 2016.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Apply the concepts for mixed signal MOS circuit
- CO2** Analyze the characteristics of IC based CMOS filters.
- CO3** Design of various data converter architecture circuits.
- CO4** Analyze the signal to noise ratio and modeling of mixed signals.
- CO5** Design of oscillators and phase lock loop circuit.

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made to:

- Understand physics of power dissipation in an IC.
- Understand various power optimization techniques for computing circuits.
- Identify suitable techniques to reduce the power dissipation and design memory circuits with low power dissipation.
- Understand power analysis and power estimation methods.
- Understand concepts of synthesis and software design for low power.

UNIT I POWER DISSIPATION IN CMOS 9

Physics of power dissipation in CMOS FET devices – Hierarchy of limits of power – Sources of power consumption – Static Power Dissipation, Active Power Dissipation - Designing for Low Power, Circuit Techniques for Leakage Power Reduction - Basic principle of low power design.

UNIT II POWER OPTIMIZATION 9

Logic level power optimization – Circuit level low power design – Standard Adder Cells, CMOS Adders Architectures-BiCMOS adders - Low Voltage Low Power Design Techniques, Current Mode Adders -Types of Multiplier Architectures, Braun, Booth and Wallace Tree Multipliers and their performance comparison.

UNIT III DESIGN OF LOW POWER CMOS CIRCUITS 9

Computer arithmetic techniques for low power system – low voltage low power static Random access and dynamic Random access memories – low power clock, Inter connect and layout design – Advanced techniques – Special techniques.

UNIT IV POWER ESTIMATION 9

Power Estimation techniques – logic power estimation – Simulation power analysis – Probabilistic power analysis.

**UNIT V SYNTHESIS AND SOFTWARE DESIGN FOR LOW 9
POWER**

Synthesis for low power – Behavioural level transform – software design for low power.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kaushik Roy and S.C.Prasad, "Low power CMOS VLSI circuit design", Wiley, 2000.
2. Gary Yeap, "Practical low power digital VLSI design", Kluwer, 1998.

REFERENCES:

1. AbdelatifBelaouar, Mohamed.I.Elmasry, "Low power digital VLSI design", Kluwer, 1995.
2. A.P.Chandrasekaran and R.W.Broadersen, "Low power digital CMOS design", Kluwer,1995.
3. DimitriosSoudris, C.Pignet, Costas Goutis,"Designing CMOS Circuits for Low Power"Kluwer, 2002.
4. James B.Kulo, Shih-Chia Lin, "Low voltage SOI CMOS VLSI devices and Circuits", John Wiley and sons, inc. 2001.
5. J.B.Kulo and J.H Lou, "Low voltage CMOS VLSI Circuits", Wiley 1999.
6. Kiat-send Yeo, Kaushik Roy "Low-Voltage, Low-power VLSI Subsystem", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of course, students will be able to

- CO1:** Identify sources of power consumption in VLSI circuits
- CO2:** Design power optimized computing circuits.
- CO3:** Use suitable techniques to reduce the power dissipation and design memory circuits with low power dissipation.
- CO4:** Analyze and estimate power in VLSI circuits
- CO5:** Synthesize VLSI circuits and develop software code for low power consumption.

OBJECTIVES

- To acquire the knowledge on various modulation and coding schemes for space-time wireless communications.
- To understand the capacity of multiple antenna channels in wireless communications.
- To understand the concept of spatial diversity in wireless communications.
- To understand transmission and decoding techniques associated with wireless communications.
- To understand the combination of multi-user system and multiple-antenna techniques.

UNIT I MULTIPLE ANTENNA PROPAGATION AND ST 9
CHANNEL CHARACTERIZATION

Wireless channel, Scattering model in macrocells, Channel as a ST random field, Scattering functions, Antenna array topology, Degenerate channels, reciprocity and its implications, Channel definitions, Physical scattering model, Fading measurements, ST multiuser and ST interference channels, ST channel estimation.

UNIT II CAPACITY OF MULTIPLE ANTENNA CHANNELS 9

Capacity of frequency flat deterministic MIMO channel: Channel unknown to the transmitter, Channel known to the transmitter, capacity of random MIMO channels, Influence of rician fading, fading correlation, XPD and degeneracy on MIMO capacity, Capacity of frequency selective MIMO channels.

UNIT III SPATIAL DIVERSITY 9

Diversity gain, Receive antenna diversity, Transmit antenna diversity, Diversity order and channel variability, space and path diversity, Indirect transmit diversity, Diversity of a space-time- frequency selective fading

channel.

UNIT IV MULTIPLE ANTENNA CODING AND RECEIVERS 9

Coding and interleaving architecture, ST coding for frequency flat channels, ST coding for frequency selective channels, Iterative MIMO receivers, exploiting channel knowledge at the transmitter: linear pre-filtering, optimal pre-filtering for maximum rate, optimal pre-filtering for error rate minimization, selection at the transmitter, Exploiting imperfect channel knowledge.

UNIT V ST OFDM AND MIMO MULTIUSER DETECTION 9

SISO-OFDM modulation, MIMO-OFDM modulation, Signaling and receivers for MIMO OFDM, MIMO MAC, MIMO- BC, Performance of MIMO-MU, MIMO-MU with OFDM.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. A. Paulraj, Rohit Nabar, Dhananjay Gore., "Introduction to Space Time Wireless Communication Systems", Cambridge University Press, 2003.
2. Sergio Verdu, "Multi User Detection", Cambridge University Press, 2011.

REFERENCES: Don Tarrieri, "Principles of Spread Spectrum Communication Systems", Springer, Third edition, 2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To be able to design and analyze the channel characterization.
- CO2** To be able to calculate capacity of MIMO systems.
- CO3** To be able to design and analyze the order diversity and channel variability.
- CO4** To be able to analyze the multiple antenna coding and receivers.
- CO5** To be able to analyze the MIMO multi user detection.

EC1015	ELECTROMAGNETIC INTERFERENCE AND COMPATIBILITY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To understand basic concepts of Electromagnetic Interference and Compatibility
- To learn Coupling mechanism
- To design and study the different methods used to prevent interference.
- To teach the importance of Electromagnetic Compatible designs
- To explain the existing standards for Electromagnetic Compatibility

UNIT I EMI/EMC CONCEPTS 9

EMI-EMC definitions; Sources and Victims of EMI; Conducted and Radiated EMI Emission and Susceptibility; Case Histories; Radiation Hazards to humans.

UNIT II EMI COUPLING PRINCIPLES 9

Conducted, radiated and transient coupling; Common ground impedance coupling; Common mode and ground loop coupling; Differential mode coupling; Near field cable to cable coupling; Field to cable coupling; Power mains and Power supply coupling; Transient EMI, ESD.

UNIT III EMI CONTROL 9

Shielding; EMI Filters; Grounding; Bonding; Isolation transformer; Transient suppressors; EMI Suppression Cables.

UNIT IV EMC DESIGN FOR CIRCUITS AND PCBS 9

Noise from Relays and Switches; Nonlinearities in Circuits; Cross talk in transmission line and cross talk control; Component selection and mounting; PCB trace impedance; Routing; Power distribution decoupling; Zoning; Grounding; VIAs; Terminations.

UNIT V EMI MEASUREMENTS AND STANDARDS 9

Open area test site; TEM cell; EMI test shielded chamber and shielded ferrite lined anechoic chamber; Line impedance stabilization networks; EMI Rx and spectrum analyzer; Civilian standards - CISPR, FCC, IEC, EN; Military standards-MIL461E/462.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. V.P.Kodali, —Engineering EMC Principles, Measurements and Technologies, IEEE Press, New York, 1996.
2. Henry W.Ott., Noise Reduction Techniques in Electronic Systems, A Wiley Inter Science Publications, John Wiley and Sons, New York, 1988.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. C.R.Paul, Introduction to Electromagnetic Compatibility, John Wiley and Sons, Inc, 1992.
2. Bernhard Keiser, —Principles of Electromagnetic Compatibility, 3rd Ed, Artech house, Norwood, 1986.
3. Don R. J. White Consultant Incorporate, —Handbook of EMI/EMC, Vol I-V, 1988.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- | | |
|-----|---|
| CO1 | Identify the various types and mechanisms of Electromagnetic Interference |
| CO2 | Study the different methods by which interference can occur. |
| CO3 | Propose a suitable EMI mitigation technique |
| CO4 | Learn the importance of Electromagnetic Compatible designs |
| CO5 | Describe the various EMC Standards and methods to measure them |

Working Set , Dirty page/Dirty bit , Demand paging, Page Replacement policies

UNIT IV FILE AND I/O MANAGEMENT

9

Mass Storage system – Overview of Mass Storage Structure, Disk Structure, Disk Scheduling and Management, swap space management; File-System Interface - File concept, Access methods, Directory Structure, Directory organization, File Sharing and Protection; File System Implementation- File System Structure, Directory implementation, Allocation Methods, Free Space Management, Efficiency and Performance, Recovery; I/O Systems – I/O Hardware, Application I/O interface, Kernel I/O subsystem, Streams, Performance.

UNIT V CASE STUDY

9

Linux System - Design Principles, Kernel Modules, Process Management, Scheduling, Memory Management, Input-Output Management, File System, Inter-process Communication; Mobile OS - iOS and Android - Architecture and SDK Framework, Media Layer, Services Layer, Core OS Layer, File System.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1.Abraham Silberschatz, Peter Baer Galvin and Greg Gagne, —Operating System Concepts, 9th Edition, John Wiley and Sons Inc., 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. RamazElmasri, A. Gil Carrick, David Levine, —Operating Systems – A Spiral ApproachII, Tata McGraw Hill Edition, 2010.
2. William Stallings, “Operating Systems – Internals and Design Principles”, 7 th Edition, Prentice Hall, 2011.
3. AchyutS.Godbole, AtulKahate, —Operating SystemsII, McGraw Hill Education, 2016.
4. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, —Modern Operating SystemsII, 4th Edition, Pearson Education, 2014.
5. D M Dhamdhere, “Operating Systems: A Concept-Based Approach”,

Second Edition, Tata McGraw-Hill Education

6. Daniel P Bovet and Marco Cesati, —Understanding the Linux kernel, 3rd edition, O'Reilly, 2005.
7. Neil Smyth, —iPhone iOS 4 Development Essentials – Xcodell, Fourth Edition, Payload media, 2011.
8. <http://nptel.ac.in/>.
9. William Stallings, Operating Systems: Internals and Design Principles, Pearson, 9 th Edition (2018).

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Analyze various scheduling algorithms.
- CO2** Understand deadlock, prevention and avoidance algorithms.
- CO3** Compare and contrast various memory management schemes.
- CO4** Understand the functionality of file systems.
- CO5** Perform administrative tasks on Linux Servers and Compare iOS and Android

EC1016	UNDERWATER ACOUSTICS SIGNAL PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To understand the characteristics of Underwater Channel
- To understand the principles of SONAR
- To understand the challenges in underwater signal processing

UNIT I UNDERWATER ACOUSTIC CHANNEL 9

Underwater Channel Characterization – Sound Transmission Losses- Acoustic Characteristics of surface layer-Ambient Noise in the ocean- Correlation properties of Ambient Noise.

UNIT II SONAR 9

Basics of SONAR- correlation and ambiguities-Wideband Synthetic Aperture SONAR processing-Discrete Spatial arrays-Beam steering- Target Angle Estimation –Array Shading:

UNIT III TARGET DETECTION 9

Passive Acoustic signatures of Ships and Submarines-Target strength for Active Systems Hypothesis testing- receiver operating Characteristics- estimation of signal Parameters.

UNIT IV STATISTICAL PROCESSING & ADAPTIVE SPATIAL FILTERING 9

Monostatic Sounding of Single point Targets-Target strength estimation from Echo ensemble Optimum Filter for Maximum SNR-High Resolution Beam Forming.

UNIT V UNDERWATER ACOUSTIC COMMUNICATION 9

Underwater Bio Telemetry System -system Design principle-Speech Coding and Decoding Transmission and Detection of speech.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Robert S.H. Istepanian and MilicaStojanovic, Underwater Acoustic Digital signal processing & communication system, Kluwer academic Publisher, 2002
2. William S. Burdic, Underwater Acoustic Systems, Prentice Hall Inc., 2002.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1** Able to analyze the characteristics of underwater acoustic channel
- CO2** Analyze the characteristics of SONAR processing
- CO3** To be able to analyze the performance of underwater signal processing systems
- CO4** Able to analyze and estimate the target strength using statistical means
- CO5** Able to design underwater signal processing systems

OBJECTIVES:

- To expose the students to the importance of improving capacity of wireless channel using MIMO
- To enable understanding of channel impairment mitigation using space-time block and Trellis codes
- To teach advanced MIMO system like layered space time codes, MU-MIMO System and MIMO-OFDM systems

UNIT I	CAPACITY OF WIRELESS CHANNELS	9
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The crowded spectrum, need for high data rate, MIMO systems – Array Gain, Diversity Gain, Data Pipes, Spatial MUX, MIMO System Model. MIMO System Capacity – channel known at the TX, Channel unknown to the TX – capacity of deterministic channels, Random channels and frequency selective channels.

UNIT II	RADIO WAVE PROPAGATION	9
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Radio wave propagation – Macroscopic fading- free space and out door, small scale fading. Fading measurements – Direct pulse measurements, spread spectrum correlation channel sounding frequency domain channelsounding, Antenna Diversity – Diversity combining methods.

UNIT III	SPACE TIME BLOCK CODES	9
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Delay Diversity scheme, Alamoti space time code – Maximum likelihood decoding maximum ratio combining. Transmit diversity space time block codes for real signal constellation and complex signal constellation - decoding of STBC.

UNIT IV	SPACE TIME TRELIS CODES	9
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Space time coded systems, space time code word design criteria, design of space time T C on slow fading channels, design of STTC on Fast Fading channels, performance analysis in slow and fast fading channels, effect of imperfect channel estimation and Antenna correlation on performance, comparison of STBC & STTC.

LST transmitter – Horizontal and Vertical LST receiver – ML Rx, Zero forcing Rx; MMSE Rx, SIC Rx, ZF V-blast Rx- MMSE V-blast Rx, Iterative Rx - capacity of MIMO – OFDM systems

– Capacity of MIMO multi user systems.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Mohinder Jankiraman, Space-time codes and MIMO systems, Artech House, Boston, London. www.artechhouse.com, ISBN 1-58053-865-7-2004
2. Paulraj Rohit Nabar, Dhananjay Gore, Introduction of space time wireless communication systems, Cambridge University Press, 2003.
3. David Tse and Pramod Viswanath, —Fundamentals of Wireless Communication Cambridge University Press, 2005
4. Sergio Verdu — Multi User Detection Cambridge University Press, 1998

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Comprehend and appreciate the significance and role of this course in the present contemporary world
- CO2** Apply the knowledge about the importance of MIMO in today's communication
- CO3** Appreciate the various methods for improving the data rate of wireless communication system
- CO4** Design system with STBC and STTC
- CO5** Design wireless communication systems and investigate further researches in relevant topics

EC1018	UNDERWATER IMAGING SYSTEMS AND IMAGE PROCESSING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamental components of optical imaging
- To understand the challenges involved in Underwater imaging
- To understand the fundamental of Ocean Acoustics
- To Understand the principle of underwater signal processing
- To Learn the SONAR systems and various applications

UNIT I FUNDAMENTAL COMPONENTS OF OPTICAL IMAGE 9 **PROCESSING SYSTEM**

Fundamentals and application of image processing, Human and Computer Vision, Introduction on Digital Camera: Focal length, Aperture, Shutter Speed, Spatial Resolution, Underwater lights and its importance, Halogen, LED, Colour Temperature, lumens, Beam angle. Image File format: JPEG, PNG, TIFF, BMP, GIF.

UNIT II OPTICAL IMAGE PROCESSING 9

Light Propagation in the Water medium and Image Formation, Sampling and Quantization, Geometric Transformation, Interpolation, Image Reconstruction, Spatial Filtering, Defogging, Color Correction, Morphology, Image segmentation, Pattern Recognition Challenges involved in underwater optical imaging, Underwater Image Datasets.

UNIT III FUNDAMENTALS OF UNDERWATER ACOUSTICS 9

Acoustic waves, Acoustic pressure, Velocity and density, Frequency and wavelength, Intensity and power, Logarithmic notation- Decibels, absolute references and levels, Source Level, Basics of propagation losses, Target Strength, Back scattering, Acoustic noise, Multiple paths, Doppler effect, Time characteristics of echoes, Active and passive sonar equations, Underwater electro acoustic transducers- projectors and hydrophones, General Structure of SONAR systems.

UNIT IV SONAR SIGNAL PROCESSING**9**

Spatial Signals-Signals in space and time, Co-ordinate systems, propagating waves, Wave number- frequency space, Finite continuous apertures, Spatial sampling, Directivity, Beamforming, Time and frequency domain beamforming, Array gain, Angular resolution, transmitting signals, Narrowband Vs Chirp, Matched filtering, Range resolution, Time Varying Gain (TVG), Signal intensity to image conversion.

UNIT V DIFFERENT TYPES OF SONAR SYSTEMS**9**

Passive and active sonars, Single beam echo sounder, Multi beam echo sounder, Sub-bottom profiler, Sediment profiler, Side scan sonar, Synthetic aperture sonar, forward looking sonar.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. Bernd Jahne, "Digital Image processing, Sixth Edition, Springer, 2005
2. William S Burdic, Underwater Acoustic Systems, Prentice Hall Inc., 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Tinku&Ajoy K. Ray,"Image Processing principles & Applications, First Edition, WileyInterscience,2005
2. Xavier Lurton,"An Introduction to Underwater Acoustics (Principles and applications), Second Edition, Springer,2010
3. Don H. Johnson and Dan E. Dudgeon,"Array Signal Processing: Concepts and Techniques, First Edition, Prentice Hall,1993
4. Harry L. Van Trees,"Optimum Array Processing, First Edition, Wiley-Interscience,2002
5. Richard O. Nielsen,"Sonar Signal Processing, First Edition, Artech House,1991 6. A. D. Waite,"SONAR for Practicing Engineers, Third Edition, Wiley,2002

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1** Understand the techniques of underwater imaging
- CO2** Understand the fundamentals of underwater acoustics and ambient noise
- CO3** Understand array processing techniques for underwater imaging applications
- CO4** Design of Filters and impedance matching circuits
- CO5** Know about SONAR systems and its applications

OBJECTIVES

- To identify the motivation, guiding principles, and challenges of Wearable Computing.
- To provide the basic understanding of measurement and instrumentation systems.
- To introduce the concept of the reactive sensors and self-generating sensors.
- To impart the importance of smart sensors, sensor interface standards for wearable device applications and to provide a brief overview of the wearable technology and its impact on social life.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO WEARABLE SYSTEMS AND SENSORS 9

Wearable Systems- Introduction, Need for Wearable Systems, Drawbacks of Conventional Systems for Wearable Monitoring, Applications of Wearable Systems, Types of Wearable Systems, Components of wearable Systems. Sensors for wearable systems-Inertia movement sensors, Respiration activity sensor, Impedance plethysmography, Wearable ground reaction force sensor.

UNIT II SIGNAL PROCESSING & ENERGY HARVESTING FOR WEARABLE DEVICES 9

Wearability issues -physical shape and placement of sensor, Technical challenges – sensor design, signal acquisition, sampling frequency for reduced energy consumption, Rejection of irrelevant information. Power Requirements- Solar cell, Vibration based, Thermal based, Human body as a heat source for power generation, Hybrid thermoelectric photovoltaic energy harvests, Thermopiles.

UNIT III WIRELESS HEALTH SYSTEMS 9

Need for wireless monitoring, Definition of Body area network, BAN and Healthcare, Technical Challenges- System security and reliability, BAN Architecture – Introduction, Wireless communication Techniques.

UNIT IV SMART TEXTILE**9**

Introduction to smart textile- Passive smart textile, active smart textile. Fabrication Techniques-Conductive Fibres, Treated Conductive Fibres, Conductive Fabrics, Conductive Inks. Case study smart fabric for monitoring biological parameters – ECG, respiration.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF WEARABLE SYSTEMS**9**

Medical Diagnostics, Medical Monitoring-Patients with chronic disease, Hospital patients, Elderly patients, neural recording, Gait analysis, Sports Medicine.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS**

1. Annalisa Bonfiglio and Danilo De Rossi, Wearable Monitoring Systems, Springer, 2011
2. Zhang and Yuan-Ting, Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems, Springer, 2013
3. Edward Sazonov and Micheal R Neuman, Wearable Sensors: Fundamentals, Implementation and Applications, Elsevier, 2014
4. Mehmet R. Yuce and Jamil Y. Khan, Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation applications, Pan Stanford Publishing Pte.Ltd, Singapore, 2012

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Sandeep K.S, Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee and Krishna Kumar Venkatasubramanian, Body Area Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability, Cambridge University Press, 2013.
2. Guang-Zhong Yang, Body Sensor Networks, Springer, 2006.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1:** Describe the concepts of wearable system.
- CO2:** Explain the energy harvestings in wearable device.
- CO3:** Use the concepts of BAN in health care.
- CO4:** Illustrate the concept of smart textile
- CO5:** Compare the various wearable devices in healthcare system

EC1020	5G COMMUNICATION TECHNOLOGY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To understand the evolution of cellular networks and the road map for 5G, including key standards and specifications.
- To familiarize students with the design principles of the 5G NR air interface, including spectrum allocation, modulation schemes, and multiplexing techniques.
- To provide insights into advanced concepts such as MIMO, beamforming, and 5G radio access network architecture.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO 5G STANDARDS AND 5G USE CASES 09

Evolution of Cellular Networks (1G to 5G) - AMPS, GSM, GPRS and EDGE, UMTS, LTE, and LTE-A; Road map for 5G - 5G Standards and Specifications - Key capabilities for IMT 2020, Usage Scenarios; 5G Use Cases – eMBB, URLLC & mMTC, Technical Performance Requirements, 3GPP and 3GPP Releases, 3GPP 5G Architecture - Service-Based System Architecture and Reference Point System Architecture.

UNIT II 5G NR AIR INTERFACE DESIGN 09

5G NR Spectrum – FR1 & FR2, Radio Propagation Issues for mm Waves, Numerology for the Carrier, Frame Structure, Modulation Schemes – ASK, FSK, BPSK, QPSK, QAM and $\pi/2$ -BPSK, 5G-NR Waveforms - OFDM, CP-OFDM, DFT-S-OFDM, WOLA, FBMC, UFMC and GFDM, Multiplexing Techniques – FDD and TDD Modes, Multiple Access Techniques – OFDMA, SC-FDMA, RMTA, MUSA and NOMA, Channel Coding – LDPC and Polar Coding, HARQ.

UNIT III MIMO AND BEAMFORMING 09

Multiple-Input/Multiple-Output (MIMO) Antennas, MIMO Principles - Spatial diversity and Spatial multiplexing, SU-MIMO, Multiple-User MIMO – UL MU-MIMO and DL MU-MIMO, Advanced Cellular Antennas; Beamforming - Basic Principles and Beam Management, Beamforming Types – Analog, Digital and

Hybrid Beamforming, FD-MIMO, mMIMO, Comparison between SISO, SU - MIMO, MU – MIMO and mMIMO.

UNIT IV 5G RADIO ACCESS NETWORK

09

Overall RAN Architecture, RAN Interfaces, EN-DC Overall Architecture, RAN–Core Functional Split, RAN Channel Structure and signals - Logical Channels, Transport Channels and Physical Channels; RAN Protocol Architecture for user plane and control plane traffic – PHY, MAC, RLC, PDCP, SDAP/RRC - RRC State Transition Model (RRC Inactive, RRC Idle and RRC Connected) and NAS, Channel Structure, RAN – Core Network Interface Protocol Architecture, Xn Interface Protocol Architecture, NG RAN Transport Network - Possible CU, DU, and RU Combinations, vRAN, Cell Acquisition, Random Access, Link Adaptation, Data Transmission and Reception.

UNIT V 5G CORE NETWORK AND B5G

09

Core Network Requirements, Core Network Functional Architecture, Quality of Service, Network Slicing, Registration Management, Connection Management, Session Management, Policy and Charging, Software-Defined Networking, Network Functions Virtualization, SDN and NFV Support for 5G, Multi-Access Edge Computing and 5G, 5G-Advanced and Journey to 6G.

TEXT BOOKS

1. Dr. William Stallings, "5G Wireless - A Comprehensive Introduction", Addison-Wesley Professional, June 2021.
2. Christopher Cox, "An Introduction to 5G - The New Radio, 5G Network and Beyond", Wiley, December 2020.
3. Douglas H. Morais, "Key 5G Physical Layer Technologies - Enabling Mobile and Fixed Wireless Access", Springer, 2020.
4. Mojtaba Vaezi, Zhiguo Ding, H. Vincent Poor, "Multiple Access Techniques for 5G Wireless Networks and Beyond", Springer, 2019.
5. Jun Xu and Yifei YuanChannel, "Channel Coding in 5G New Radio", CRC Press, 2023.

REFERENCES:

1. Jyrki T. J. Penttinen, "5G Explained", Wiley, April 2019.
2. Harri Holma & Antti Toskala and Takehiro Nakamura, "5G Technology - 3GPP Evolution to 5G-Advanced", Second Edition, Wiley, February 2024.
3. Shyam Varan Nath, Ananya Simlai and Oğuzhan Kara, "Mastering 5G Network Design, Implementation, and Operations", Packt Publishing, June 2023.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1:** Understand the evolution of cellular networks to 5G, including standards and key capabilities. Analyze 5G use cases and scenarios, such as eMBB, URLLC, and mMTC.
- CO2:** Explain 5G NR air interface design, covering spectrum considerations, modulation schemes, and multiple access techniques.
- CO3:** Demonstrate understanding of MIMO principles and beamforming techniques in 5G systems, including SU-MIMO, MU-MIMO and mMIMO.
- CO4:** Analyze the architecture and protocols of the 5G Radio Access Network (RAN), including channel structure and RAN–Core functional split.
- CO5:** Describe the functional architecture of the 5G Core Network, including quality of service, network slicing, SDN, NFV, and advancements towards 5G-Advanced and 6G.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the generation of X-ray and its uses in Medical imaging
- To describe the principle of Computed Tomography.
- To know the techniques used for visualizing various sections of the body.
- To learn the principles of different radio diagnostic equipment in Imaging.
- To discuss the radiation therapy techniques and radiation safety

UNIT I X RAYS**9**

Nature of X-rays- X-Ray absorption – Tissue contrast. X- Ray Equipment (Block Diagram) – X-Ray Tube, the collimator, Bucky Grid, power supply, Digital Radiography - discrete digital detectors, storage phosphor and film scanning, X-ray Image Intensifier tubes – Fluoroscopy – Digital Fluoroscopy. Angiography, cine Angiography. Digital subtraction Angiography. Mammography.

UNIT II COMPUTED TOMOGRAPHY**9**

Principles of tomography, CT Generations, X- Ray sources- collimation- X- Ray detectors – Viewing systems – spiral CT scanning – Ultra fast CT scanners. Image reconstruction techniques – back projection and iterative method

UNIT III MAGNETIC RESONANCE IMAGING MRI**9**

Fundamentals of magnetic resonance- properties of electromagnetic waves: speed, amplitude, phase, orientation and waves in matter - Interaction of Nuclei with static magnetic field and Radio frequency wave- rotation and precession – Induction of magnetic resonance signals – bulk magnetization – Relaxation processes T1 and T2. Block Diagram approach of MRI system – system magnet (Permanent, Electromagnet and Superconductors), generations of gradient magnetic fields, Radio Frequency coils (sending and receiving), shim coils, Electronic components, fMRI.

UNIT IV NUCLEAR IMAGING

9

Radioisotopes- alpha, beta, and gamma radiations. Radio Pharmaceuticals. Radiation detectors – gas filled, ionization chambers, proportional counter, GM counter and scintillation Detectors, Gamma camera – Principle of operation, collimator, photomultiplier tube, X-Y positioning circuit, pulse height analyzer. Principles of SPECT and PET

UNIT V RADIATION THERAPY AND RADIATION SAFETY

9

Radiation therapy – linear accelerator, Telegamma Machine. SRS – SRT – Recent Techniques in radiation therapy – 3D CRT – IMRT – IGRT and Cyber knife – radiation measuring instruments Dosimeter, film badges, Thermo Luminescent dosimeters – electronic dosimeter – Radiation protection in medicine – radiation protection principles

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course the student will be able to:

- CO1:** Describe the working principle of the X-ray machine and its application.
- CO2:** Illustrate the principle of computed tomography
- CO3:** Interpret the technique used for visualizing various sections of the body using MRI
- CO4:** Demonstrate the applications of radionuclide imaging.
- CO5:** Analyze different imaging techniques and choose appropriate imaging equipment for better diagnosis and outline the methods of radiation safety.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Isaac Bankman, I. N. Bankman , Handbook Of Medical Imaging: Processing and Analysis(Biomedical Engineering),Academic Press,2000
2. Jacob Beutel (Editor), M. Sonka (Editor), Handbook of Medical Imaging, Volume 2. Medical Image Processing and Analysis, SPIE Press 2000

3. Khin Wee Lai, Dyah Ekashanti Octorina Dewi "Medical Imaging Technology", Springer Singapore, 2015

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Khandpur R.S, "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw – Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Dougherty, Geoff (Ed.), "Medical Image Processing - Techniques and Applications ", Springer-Verlag New York, 2011.

EC1022	WIRELESS BROADBAND NETWORKS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

The student should be made:

- To understand the concept about Wireless networks, protocol stack and standards
- To understand and analyse the network layer solutions for Wireless networks
- To study about fundamentals of 3G Services, its protocols and applications
- To learn about evolution of 4G Networks, its architecture and applications
- To explore the architecture of 5G, 5G Modulation Schemes and to analyse the concept of MIMO and other research areas in 5G

UNIT I WIRELESS LAN 9

Introduction-WLAN technologies: - IEEE802.11: System architecture, protocol architecture, 802.11b, 802.11a, 802.11ax – Hiper LAN: WATM, BRAN, HiperLAN2 – Bluetooth: Architecture, WPAN – IEEE 802.15.4, Wireless USB, Zigbee, 6LoWPAN, WirelessHART

UNIT II MOBILE NETWORK LAYER 9

Introduction - Mobile IP: IP packet delivery, Agent discovery, tunneling and encapsulation, IPV6-Network layer in the internet- Mobile IP session initiation protocol - mobile ad-hoc network: Routing: Destination Sequence distance vector, IoT: CoAP

UNIT III 3G OVERVIEW 9

Overview of UTM S Terrestrial Radio access network-UMTS Core network Architecture: 3GPP Architecture, User equipment, CDMA2000 overview- Radio and Network components, Network structure, Radio Network, TD-CDMA, TD – SCDMA

UNIT IV 4G NETWORKS 9

Introduction – 4G vision – 4G features and challenges - Applications of 4G – 4G Technologies: Multicarrier Modulation, Smart antenna techniques, IMS Architecture, LTE, Advanced Broadband Wireless Access and Services, MVNO.

UNIT V 5G NETWORKS 9

Introduction to 5G, vision and challenges, 5G NR – New Radio – air interface of 5G, radio access, 5G Use Cases – eMBB, URLLC, mMTC, Ultra-Dense Network Architecture and Technologies for 5G-Filter-bank based multi-carrier (FBMC), Universal filtered multi carrier (UFMC), Generalized frequency division multicarrier (GFDM)- Principles, 5G RAN and Core Network – NSA and SA deployments, Transceiver Block diagram-MIMO in LTE, Theoretical background, Single user MIMO, Multi-user MIMO, Capacity of massive MIMO: a summary, Basic forms of massive MIMO implementation.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- CO1:** Understand wireless LAN technologies
- CO2:** Know about the internet protocol
- CO3:** Conversant with the 3G networks and its architecture
- CO4:** Design and implement wireless network environment for any application using latest wireless protocols and standards
- CO5:** Conversant with the latest 5G networks and its architecture

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Jochen Schiller, Mobile CommunicationsII, Second Edition, Pearson Education 2012.
2. Vijay Garg, —Wireless Communications and networkingII, First Edition, Elsevier 2007.
3. Afif Osseiran, Jose.F.Monserat and Patrick Marsch, "5G Mobile and Wireless Communications Technology", Cambridge University Press, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. Erik Dahlman, Stefan Parkvall, Johan Skold and Per Beming, "3G Evolution HSPA and LTE for Mobile Broadbandll, Second Edition, Academic Press, 2008.
2. Anurag Kumar, D.Manjunath, Joy kuri, —Wireless Networking, First Edition, Elsevier 2011.
3. Xiang, W; Zheng, K; Shen, X.S; "5G Mobile Communications", Springer, 2016
4. Saad Z Asif, "5G Mobile Communication,Concepts and Challenges", CRC Press
5. Thomas L. Marzetta , Erik G. Larsson , Hong Yang , Hien Quoc Ngo, "Fundamentals of Massive MIMO", Cambridge University Press, 2018.

COURSE OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamentals of industrial automation and its applications.
- To Learn about different types of sensors and actuators used in industrial environments.
- To Gain proficiency in PLC programming and ladder logic design
- To Design and implement HMI interfaces for industrial control systems.
- To Explore various industrial communication protocols such as Modbus, Profibus, and Ethernet/IP.

UNIT - I Introduction to Industrial Automation**9**

Introduction - fundamental concepts, historical evolution of automation technology, Principles and strategies of automation, Basic elements of an automated system, Impact on manufacturing processes -Applications of automation in industries - automotive, aerospace, and pharmaceuticals.

UNIT -II Sensors and Actuators**9**

Sensors and Transducers – Principles, Classifications, Characteristics and applications of sensors used in industrial environment: proximity sensors, temperature sensors, pressure sensors and smart sensors- Selection criteria for sensors – Sensors applications: Automotive, Home appliance and sensors for industrial environment. Actuators: Definition, types and selection of actuators, Role of actuators- solenoids, motors and valves controlling physical processes.

UNIT - III Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs)**9**

Programmable Logic Controllers (PLCs): Principles and functionalities - Architecture, I/O modules, PLC programming languages: Ladder Logic and Function Block Diagram, practical exercises in PLC programming, case

UNIT - IV	Human-Machine Interface (HMI)	9
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UNIT - V	Industrial Communication Protocols	9
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TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

1. Krishna Kant, "Computer Based Industrial Control", Prentice-Hall Of India Pvt Limited 2nd edition, 2011.
2. D. Patranabis,"Sensors and Transducers", 2nd edition, PHI Learning Private Limited,2004.
3. Petruzella, F.D., "Programmable Logic Controllers", 5th Edition, McGraw-Hill Education, 2016.
4. Bill Hollifield, Dana Oliver, Ian Nimmo, Eddie Habibi, "The High Performance HMI Handbook: A Comprehensive Guide to Designing, Implementing and Maintaining Effective HMIs for Industrial Plant Operations", Plant Automation Services, 2008
5. Steve Mackay, Edwin Wrijut, Deon Reynders, John Park, "Practical Industrial Data Networks Design, Installation and Troubleshooting" Newnes Publication. Elsevier First Edition. 2004

1. D. Popovic and V.P.Bhatkar, "Distributed computer control for industrial Automation" Marcel Dekker, Inc., Newyork ,1990.

2. Bela G.Liptak, "Instrument Engineers' Handbook, Process Measurement and Analysis", 4th Edition, Vol. 1, ISA/CRC Press, 2003.
3. W. Bolton, "Programmable Logic Controllers", sixth Edition , Newnes, 2015
4. Mikell P Groover, "Automation Production Systems and Computer-Integrated Manufacturing" Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2001.
5. Andrew S. Tanenbaum, David J. Wetherall, "Computer Networks", Prentice Hall of India Pvt. Ltd., 5th Edition. 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1: Understand industrial automation principles and applications.

CO2: Select and integrate sensors and actuators effectively.

CO3: Program PLCs proficiently using various languages.

CO4: Design and program HMIs for efficient system control.

CO5: Utilize industrial communication protocols for data exchange.

OBJECTIVES

- To enable the student to understand the importance of the backbone infrastructure for our present and future communication needs and familiarize them with the architectures and the protocol stack in use.
- To give thorough understanding about high frequency line, power and impedance measurements
- To enable the student to understand the differences in the design of data plane and the control plane and the routing, switching and the resource allocation methods and the network management and protection methods in vogue.
- To expose the student to the advances in networking and switching domains and the future trends.

UNIT I OPTICAL SYSTEM COMPONENTS 9

Light Propagation in optical fibers — Loss & bandwidth, System limitations, Nonlinear effects; Solitons; Optical Network Components— Couplers, Isolators & Circulators, Multiplexers & Filters, Optical Amplifiers, Switches, Wavelength Converters.

UNIT II OPTICAL NETWORK ARCHITECTURES 9

Introduction to Optical Networks; SONET / SDH, Metropolitan-Area Networks, Layered Architecture; Broadcast and Select Networks— Topologies for Broadcast Networks, Media- Access Control Protocols, Wavelength Routing Architecture.

UNIT III WAVELENGTH ROUTING NETWORKS 9

The optical layer, Optical Network Nodes, Routing and wavelength assignment, Traffic Grooming in Optical Networks, Architectural variations - Linear Light wave networks, Logically Routed Networks.

UNIT IV PACKET SWITCHING AND ACCESS NETWORKS 9

Photonic Packet Switching— OTDM, Multiplexing and Demultiplexing, Synchronization, Broadcast OTDM networks, Switch-based networks, Contention Resolution Access Networks— Network Architecture overview, Optical Access Network Architectures and OTDM networks.

Transmission System Engineering— System model, Power penalty-transmitter, receiver, Optical amplifiers, crosstalk, dispersion, Wavelength stabilization, Overall design considerations, Control and Management — Network management functions, Configuration management, Performance management, Fault management, Optical safety, Service interface.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Photonics Optoelectronics (pb2017) Kakani S.L . Cbs publications
2. Photonics : Optical Electronics in Modern Communications – by Variv Second Edition

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Rajiv Ramaswami and Kumar N. Sivarajan, —Optical Networks: A Practical Perspective II, Harcourt Asia Pte Ltd., Second Edition 2004.
2. C.SivaRam Moorthy and Mohan Gurusamy, —WDM Optical Networks: Concept, Design and Algorithms II, Prentice Hall of India, 1st Edition, 2002.
3. P.E.Green, Jr., —Fiber Optic Networks II, Prentice Hall, NJ, 1993.
4. Biswanath Mukherjee, Optical WDM Networks II, Springer Series, 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1 Use the backbone infrastructure for our present and future communication needs
- CO2 Analyze the architectures and the protocol stack
- CO3 Compare the differences in the design of data plane, control plane, routing
- CO4 Acquiring knowledge in switching and accessing of Optical Networks
- CO5 Able to design RF system transceiver employing active RF components

EC1024	SATELLITE	L	T	P	C
	COMMUNICATION	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the basics of satellite orbits
- Understand the satellite segment and earth segment
- Analyze the various methods of satellite multiple access methods
- Understand the applications of satellites
- Understand the basics of satellite Networks

UNIT I SATELLITE ORBITS 9

Orbits and launching methods of satellite: Kepler's Laws, Newton's law, orbital parameters, orbital perturbations, station keeping, Look Angle Determination- Limits of visibility- eclipse-Sub satellite point –Sun transit outage-Launching Procedures - launch vehicles and propulsion.

UNIT II SPACE SEGMENT 9

Spacecraft Technology- Structure, Primary power, Attitude and Orbit control, Thermal control and Propulsion, communication Payload and supporting subsystems, Telemetry, Tracking and command-Transponders-The Antenna Subsystem- antenna polarization, polarization of satellite signals.

UNIT III SATELLITE LINK DESIGN 9

Basic link analysis, Interference analysis, Rain induced attenuation and interference, Ionospheric characteristics, Link Design with and without frequency reuse.

UNIT IV	SATELLITE ACCESS AND CODING METHODS	9
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Modulation and Multiplexing: Voice, Data, Video, Analog – digital transmission system, Digital video Broadcast, multiple access: FDMA, TDMA, CDMA, DAMA Assignment Methods, compression – encryption, Coding Schemes.

UNIT V	SATELLITE APPLICATIONS	9
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INTELSAT Series, INSAT, VSAT- Calculation of link margins for a VSAT star network. Mobile satellite services: GSM, GPS, INMARSAT, LEO, MEO, Satellite Navigational System, Satellite radio broadcasting. GPS Position Location Principles, Differential GPS, Direct Broadcast satellites (DBS/DTH), installation of DBS-TV antennas.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dennis Roddy, —Satellite Communicationll, 4th Edition, Mc Graw Hill International, 2006.
2. Timothy, Pratt, Charles, W. Bostain, Jeremy E.Allnutt, "Satellite Communication", 2nd Edition, Wiley Publications,2002.

REFERENCES:

1. Wilbur L. Pritchard, Hendri G. Suyder houd, Robert A. Nelson, "Satellite Communication Systems Engineering", Prentice Hall/Pearson, 2007.
2. N.Agarwal, "Design of Geosynchronous Space Craft", Prentice Hall, 1986.
3. Bruce R. Elbert, "The Satellite Communication Applications", Hand Book,Artech House Bostan London, 1997.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1:** Analyze the satellite orbits.
- CO2:** Analyze the earth segment and space segment.
- CO3:** Analyze the satellite Link design.
- CO4:** Understand Various multiple access techniques.
- CO5:** Design various satellite applications.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of IoT.
- To acquire knowledge about the various protocols of IoT.
- To familiarize themselves with various communication techniques and networking.
- To know the implementation of IoT with different tools.
- To understand the various applications and case studies in IoT.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO INTERNET OF THINGS 9

Internet of Things-Rise of the machines – Evolution of IoT – Web 3.0 view of IoT – Definition and characteristics of IoT – Physical Design- Logical Design, IoT Enabling Technologies – IoT Architecture – Fog, Edge and Cloud in IoT – Functional blocks of an IoT ecosystem – Sensors, Actuators, Smart Objects and Connecting Smart Objects- IoT levels and deployment templates – A panoramic view of IoT applications.

UNIT II MIDDLEWARE AND PROTOCOLS OF IOT 9

Middleware technologies for IoT system (IoT Ecosystem Overview – Horizontal Architecture Approach for IoT Systems – SOA based IoT Middleware) Middleware architecture of RFID,WSN,SCADA,M2M – Interoperability challenges of IoT -Protocols for RFID,WSN,SCADA,M2M Zigbee, KNX,B ACNet, MODBUS - Challenges Introduced by 5G in IoT Middleware(Technological Requirements of 5G Systems - Perspectives and a Middleware Approach Toward 5G (COMPaaS Middleware) – Resource management in IoT.

UNIT III COMMUNICATION AND NETWORKING 9

IoT Access Technologies: Physical and MAC layers, topology and Security of IEEE 802.15.4, 802.15.4g, 802.15.4e, 1901.2a, 802.11ah and LoRaWAN – Network Layer: IP versions, Constrained Nodes and Constrained Networks – Optimizing IP for IoT: From 6LoWPAN to 6Lo, Routing over Low Power and Lossy Networks – Application Transport Methods: Supervisory

Control and Data Acquisition –Application Layer Protocols: CoAP and MQTT- Data aggregation& dissemination.

UNIT IV IOT IMPLEMENTATION TOOLS 9

Introduction to Python, Introduction to different IoTtools, Developing applications through IoT tools, Developing sensor based application through embedded system platform, Implementing IoT concepts with python, Implementation of IoT with Raspberry Pi.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS AND CASE STUDIES 9

Home automations - Smart cities – Environment – Energy – Retail – Logistics – Agriculture – Industry - Health and life style – participatory sensing - Data Analytics for IoT– Software & Management Tools for IoT Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs - Cloud for IoT - Amazon Web Services for IoT.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Honbo Zhou, "Internet of Things in the cloud:A middleware perspective", CRC press, 2012.
2. Vijay Madisetti and ArshdeepBahga, "Internet of Things (A Hands-onApproach)", VPT, 1st Edition, 2014.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Pethuru Raj and Anupama C. Raman, "The Internet of Things: Enabling Technologies, Platforms, and Use Cases", CRC Press.
2. Constandinos X. Mavromoustakis, George Mastorakis, Jordi Mongay Batalla, "Internet of Things (IoT) in 5G Mobile Technologies" Springer International Publishing Switzerland 2016.
3. Dieter Uckelmann, Mark Harrison, Florian Michahelles, "Architecting the Internet of Things" Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

- CO1:** Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strength and limitations of IoT.
- CO2:** Identify the architecture, infrastructure models of IoT.
- CO3:** Analyze the networking and how the sensors are communicated in IoT .
- CO4:** Analyze and design different models for IoT implementation.
- CO5:** Identify and design the new models for market strategic interaction.

EC1026 SATELLITE REMOTE SENSING AND IMAGE L T P C
ANALYSIS

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To describe the electromagnetic remote sensing process and the data capturing mechanisms of satellite data.
- To analyze the performance of different image enhancement techniques.
- To analyze the performance of different feature extraction and classification techniques.
- To understand the different satellite data fusion and compression techniques.
- To understand the principles of microwave remote sensing techniques.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO REMOTE SENSING 9

Remote Sensing -Definition, Process, Types, Radiation principles. Spectral reflectance curve- EMR interactions with atmosphere, earth surface features. Satellite Data: Satellite Image Characteristics, Types of Resolutions. Data capturing mechanisms: Along track scanning, across track scanning.

UNIT II SATELLITE IMAGE ENHANCEMENT TECHNIQUES 9

Image Preprocessing- Geometric Correction, Radiometric Correction. Satellite Image Enhancement: Radiometric Enhancement - Histogram Based Enhancements, Density Slicing, Stretching, Geometric Enhancement- Neighborhood Operations, Template Operators.

UNIT III FEATURE EXTRACTION AND CLASSIFICATION 9

Types of Feature Extraction- Statistical, Structural and Spectral based approaches. Types of Classification –Supervised and Unsupervised Classification Algorithms.

UNIT IV SATELLITE IMAGE FUSION AND IMAGE 9
COMPRESSION

Data Fusion: Feature Space fusion, Spatial domain fusion, Scale space fusion. Data Compression: Compression by coding, Fractal Compression, Wavelet Compression.

UNIT V MICROWAVE REMOTE SENSING

9

Microwave remote sensing, Side Looking Radar Systems, Synthetic Aperture Radar, Radar Image Characteristics, Radar Image Interpretation techniques, Microwave Radiometers, Microwave Scanners.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Thomas M.Lillesand, Ralph W.Kiefer, "Remote Sensing and Image Interpretation", Fifth Edition, 2004.
2. Robert A. Schowengerdt, Remote Sensing Models & Methods For Image Processing, III Edition, 2004.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. J. A. Richards "Remote Sensing Digital Image Analysis: An Introduction", Second Revised Edition, 1993.
2. John R. Jensen, "Remote Sensing Of The Environment – An Earth Resource Perspective", Pearson Education Series, 2003.
3. Rafael C. Gonzalez, Richard E. Woods, "Digital Image Processing" (3rd Edition), Prentice Hall, 2007.
4. Basudeb Bhatta, Remote Sensing and GIS, Oxford University Press, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, the students will gain knowledge on

CO1: Able to understand electromagnetic remote sensing process and the data capturing mechanisms of satellite data.

CO2: Analyse the performance of different image enhancement techniques.

CO3: Analyse the performance of different feature extraction and classification techniques.

CO4: Able to understand the different satellite data fusion and compression techniques.

CO5: Able to understand the principles of microwave remote sensing techniques.

EC1027	COGNITIVE RADIO	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the evolving software defined radio and cognitive radio techniques and their essential functionalities
- To study the basic architecture and standard for cognitive radio
- To understand and design different algorithms for spectrum sensing and dynamic spectrum access
- To understand the physical, MAC and Network layer design of cognitive radio
- To expose the student to evolving applications and advanced features of cognitive radio

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SOFTWARE-DEFINED RADIO 9
AND COGNITIVE RADIO

Evolution of Software Defined Radio and Cognitive radio: goals, benefits, definitions, architectures, relations with other radios, issues, enabling technologies, radio frequency spectrum and regulations.

UNIT II COGNITIVE RADIO ARCHITECTURE 9

Cognition cycle – orient, plan, decide and act phases, Organization, SDR as a platform for Cognitive Radio – Hardware and Software Architectures, Overview of IEEE 802.22 standard for broadband wireless access in TV bands.

UNIT III SPECTRUM SENSING AND DYNAMIC SPECTRUM 9
ACCESS

Introduction – Primary user detection techniques – energy detection, feature detection, matched filtering, cooperative detection and other approaches, Fundamental Tradeoffs in spectrum sensing, Spectrum Sharing Models of Dynamic Spectrum Access - Unlicensed and Licensed Spectrum Sharing, Fundamental Limits of Cognitive Radio..

UNIT IV MAC AND NETWORK LAYER DESIGN FOR 9
COGNITIVE RADIO

MAC for cognitive radios – Polling, ALOHA, slotted ALOHA, CSMA, CSMA / CA, Network layer design – routing in cognitive radios, flow control and error control techniques.

UNIT V ADVANCED TOPICS IN COGNITIVE RADIO 9

Overview of security issues in cognitive radios, auction based spectrum markets in cognitive radio networks, public safety and cognitive radio, cognitive radio for Internet of Things.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Alexander M. Wyglinski, Maziar Nekovee, Thomas Hou, —Cognitive Radio Communications and NetworksII, Academic Press, Elsevier, 2010. (Unit I to IV)
2. Huseyin Arslan (Ed.), —Cognitive Radio, Software Defined Radio, and Adaptive Wireless Systems, Springer, 2007. (Unit V)

REFERENCES:

1. Bruce Fette, —Cognitive Radio TechnologyII, Newnes, 2006.
2. Kwang-Cheng Chen, Ramjee Prasad, — Cognitive Radio NetworksII, John Wiley and Sons, 2009.

3. Ezio Biglieri, Professor Andrea J. Goldsmith, Dr Larry J. Greenstein, Narayan B. Mandayam, H. Vincent Poor, —Principles of Cognitive Radioll , Cambridge University Press, 2012.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** Gain knowledge on the design principles on software defined radio and cognitive radio.
- CO2:** Explain the basic standards of cognitive radio.
- CO3:** Develop the ability to design and implement algorithms for cognitive radio spectrum sensing and dynamic spectrum access.
- CO4:** Build experiments and projects with real time wireless applications.
- CO5:** Apply the knowledge of advanced features of cognitive radio for real world applications.

EC1028	INDUSTRIAL IOT AND INDUSTRY 4.0	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

controlling output, reading input from pins. Controlling Hardware- Connecting LED, Buzzer, Switching High Power devices with transistors, Controlling AC Power devices with Relays, Controlling servo motor, speed control of DC Motor, unipolar and bipolar Stepper motors; Sensors- Light sensor, temperature sensor with thermistor, voltage sensor, ADC and DAC, Temperature and Humidity Sensor DHT11, Motion Detection Sensors, Wireless Bluetooth Sensors, Level Sensors, USB Sensors, Embedded Sensors, Distance Measurement with ultrasound sensor.

UNIT IV CLOUD SERVICES USED IN IOT DEVELOPMENT 9 **PLATFORM**

Configuration of the cloud platform, Sending data from the IOT nodes to the gateways using different communication options; Transferring data from gateway to the cloud; IoT Cloud Storage Models & Communication APIs - Exploring the web services like mail, Messaging (SMS) and Twitter etc.; Tracking of cloud data as per the requirement; Google Cloud service architect; AWS cloud Services architect; Microsoft Azure cloud services Architect; - Amazon Web Services for IoT.

UNIT V CHALLENGES AND REAL - WORLD 9 **APPLICATIONS OF IOT**

Antenna design and placement, Chip-package system development, Power electronics, electromagnetic interference/compatibility (EMI/EMC), Electronics reliability; Battery simulation. Applications - Asset management, Industrial automation, smart grid, Commercial building automation, Smart cities.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Internet of Things - A Hands-on Approach, Arshdeep Bahga and Vijay Madisetti, Universities Press, 2015, ISBN: 9788173719547

2. Getting Started with Raspberry Pi, Matt Richardson & Shawn Wallace, O'Reilly (SPD), 2014, ISBN: 9789350239759

REFERENCES

1. Raspberry Pi Cookbook, Software and Hardware Problems and solutions, Simon Monk, O'Reilly (SPD), 2016, ISBN 9789352133895
2. N. Ida, Sensors, Actuators and Their Interfaces, SciTech Publishers, 2014.
3. Peter Waher, 'Learning Internet of Things', Packt Publishing, 2015
3. Editors Ovidiu Vermesan

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Understand the building blocks of IoT technology and explore the vast spectrum of IoT applications

CO2: Use processors & peripherals to design & build IoT hardware

CO3: Assess, select, and customize technologies for IoT application

CO4: Connect numerous IOT applications with the physical world of humans and real life problem solving

CO5: Design and implement IOT applications that manage big data

EC1029	THERAPEUTIC EQUIPMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the principles of cardiac assist devices and the Types of Ventilators
- To comprehend the working of different Methods of Diathermy
- To understand the principle and working of Body Care Equipment
- To Understand the principle of Biomedical lasers and their Applications
- To enable the students to gain knowledge on the working of therapeutic clinical equipment

UNIT I CARDIAC AND RESPIRATORY THERAPY 9 **EQUIPMENT**

Cardiac Pacemaker: Internal and External Pacemaker– Programmable pacemakers. Cardiac Defibrillators: AC and DC Defibrillator- Internal and External Defibrillators .Types of Ventilators – Pressure, Volume, and Time controlled. Basic principles of electromechanical, pneumatic and electronic ventilators, Patient Cycle Ventilators, Ventilator testing. Humidifiers, Nebulizers, Inhalators.

UNIT II BIOMECHANICAL THERAPEUTIC EQUIPMENT 9

Electrodiagnosis, Therapeutic radiation, Electrotherapy, Electrodes, Stimulators for Nerve and Muscle, Functional Electrical Stimulation. peripheral nerve stimulator, ultrasonic stimulators,

Stimulators for pain and relief - Inferential Therapy Unit, TENS. GAIT Assessment and Therapy. Continuous Passive Motion unit, Cervical / Lumber Traction Machine -Traction Table.

UNIT III BODY CARE EQUIPMENT 9

Skin Treatment: Ultrasonic spot remove, vacuum therapy unit, Skin tightening, Wrinkle Reduction, Facial and Rejuvenation. Principle and

operation of endoscopy- Parts of an endoscope - Types of endoscopy with applications.

UNIT IV	DENTAL CARE EQUIPMENT	9
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Dental Chair - Dental Hand pieces and Accessories: Evolution of rotary equipment, Low-speed handpiece, High-speed handpiece, Hand piece maintenance. Vacuum and Pneumatic techniques: Vacuum techniques, Oral evacuation systems, Vacuum pump, Pneumatic techniques, Dental compressor. Decontamination Unit and constant fumigation unit. Dental Radiography: Dental X-ray Machine.

UNIT V HEAT & PHOTON THERAPY EQUIPMENT 9

Principle, working and modes of operation of Short wave diathermy, Microwave diathermy, Ultrasonic diathermy, Lithotripsy - Principle and operation of extra corporeal shock wave lithotripter and ultrasonic lithotripter. Basic principles of Biomedical LASERS: Applications of lasers in medicine, CO₂ laser, He-Ne laser, Nd-YAG and Ruby laser.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Khandpur. R.S., "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation". Second Edition. Tata McGrawHill Pub. Co., Ltd. 2003.
2. John.G.Webster. "Medical Instrumentation, Application and Design". Fourth Edition. Wiley & sons, Inc., NewYork. 2009.

REFERENCES

1. Leslie Cromwell, Fred. J. Weibell & Erich. A.P feiffer. "Biomedical Instrumentation and Measurements". Second Edition. Prentice Hall Inc.2000.
2. John Low & Ann Reed. "Electrotherapy Explained, Principles and Practice". Second Edition. Butterworth Heinemann Ltd. 2000.
3. Joseph. J. Carr, John Michael Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology", Prentice Hall and Technology, 2008.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Suggest suitable therapeutic devices for ailments related to cardiology, pulmonology, neurology, etc.,
- CO2:** Comprehend the principles of body care equipment.
- CO3:** Understand the operation of dental care equipment.
- CO4:** Analyze the different types of therapies for suitable applications.
- CO5:** Appreciate the application of lasers in biomedical applications.

EC1030	ASIC & FPGA BASED SYSTEM DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study the design flow of different types of ASIC.
- To familiarize the different types of programming technologies and logic devices.
- To gain knowledge about partitioning, floor planning, placement and routing including circuit extraction of ASIC.
- To learn the architecture of different types of FPGA.
- To understand the applications of FPGA and SoC Design.

UNIT I OVERVIEW OF ASIC AND PLD 9

Types of ASICs - Design flow – CAD tools used in ASIC Design – Programming Technologies: Antifuse – static RAM – EPROM and EEPROM technology, Programmable Logic Devices: ROMs and EPROMs – PLA –PAL. Gate Arrays – CPLDs and FPGAs.

UNIT II ASIC PHYSICAL DESIGN 9

System partition -partitioning - partitioning methods – interconnect delay models and measurement of delay - floor planning - placement – Routing: global routing - detailed routing - special routing – circuit extraction - DRC

UNIT III LOGIC SYNTHESIS, SIMULATION AND TESTING 9

Design systems - Logic Synthesis - Half gate ASIC -Schematic entry. Verilog and logic synthesis -VHDL and logic synthesis - types of simulation –DFT- boundary scan test - fault simulation - automatic test pattern generation.

UNIT IV FIELD PROGRAMMABLE GATE ARRAYS 9

FPGA Design: FPGA Physical Design Tools -Technology mapping - Placement & routing - Register transfer (RT)/Logic Synthesis - Controller/Data path synthesis - Logic minimization. FPGA Applications- Embedded system design using FPGAs, DSP using FPGAs.

System-On-Chip Design - SoC Design Flow, Platform-based and IP based SoC Designs, Basic Concepts of Bus-Based Communication Architectures. High performance algorithms for ASICs/ SoCs as case studies: Canonical Signed Digit Arithmetic, Knowledge Crunching Machine, Distributed Arithmetic, High performance digital filters for sigma-delta ADC.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. David A.Hodges, Analysis and Design of Digital Integrated Circuits (3/e), MGH 2004
2. H.Gerez, Algorithms for VLSI Design Automation, John Wiley, 1999
3. Jan. M. Rabaey et al, Digital Integrated Circuit Design Perspective (2/e), PHI 2003
4. M.J.S. Smith : Application Specific Integrated Circuits, Pearson, 2003
5. J. Old Field, R.Dorf, Field Programmable Gate Arrays, John Wiley& Sons, New york.
6. P.K.Chan & S. Mourad, Digital Design using Field Programmable Gate Array, Prentice Hall.
7. Sudeep Pasricha and NikilDutt, On-Chip Communication Architectures System on Chip Interconnect, Elsevier, 2008
8. S.Trimberger, Edr., Field Programmable Gate Array Technology, Kluwer Academic Pub.
9. S.Brown,R.Francis, J.Rose, Z.Vransic, Field Programmable GateArray, Kluwer Pub.
10. Richard FJinder , "Engineering Digital Design,"Academic press

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Understand architectures of ASIC and programmable logic devices
- CO2:** Understand various ASIC Physical Design
- CO3:** To analyse the Synthesis, Simulation and Testing of systems using VHDL and Verilog HDL
- CO4:** Develop the FPGA based system for various applications
- CO5:** Discuss the design issues of SOC.

EC1031	BODY AREA NETWORKS	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the BAN architecture and sensors for wearable devices.
- To know the hardware requirement of BAN.
- To understand the BAN communication and networking technologies.
- To study the interference and security aspects of BAN.
- To know the implementation of UWB WBAN and applications.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

BAN architecture-Technical challenges- sensor design, biocompatibility, energy supply, optimal node placement, number of nodes, system security and reliability, sensors for wearable devices - implementation issues.

UNIT II HARDWARE FOR BAN 9

Processor-Low Power MCUs, Mobile Computing MCUs, Integrated processor with radio transceiver, Memory, Antenna - PCB antenna, Wire antenna, Ceramic antenna, External antenna, Sensor Interface, Power sources- Batteries and fuel cells for sensor nodes.

UNIT III WIRELESS COMMUNICATION AND NETWORK 9

RF communication in Body, Antenna design and testing, Propagation, Base Station-Network topology-stand alone BAN, Wireless personal area network technologies-IEEE 802.15.1, IEEE P802.15.13, IEEE 802.15.14, Zigbee.

UNIT IV COEXISTENCE ISSUES WITH BAN 9

Interferences – Intrinsic - Extrinsic, Effect on transmission, Countermeasures on physical layer and data link layer, Regulatory issues - Medical Device regulation in USA and Asia, Security and Self-protection-Bacterial attacks, Virus infection, Secured protocols, Self-protection.

UWB hardware development – PHY layer – advantages and limitations -
Design and Implementation – UWB WBAN applications

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Sandeep K.S. Gupta, Tridib Mukherjee, Krishna Kumar Venkata Subramanian, "Body Area Networks Safety, Security, and Sustainability", Cambridge University Press, 2013
2. Mehmet R. Yuce, Jamil Y.Khan, "Wireless Body Area Networks Technology, Implementation, and Applications", Pan Stanford Publishing Pte. Ltd., Singapore, 2012

REFERENCES:

1. Zhang, Yuan-Ting, "Wearable Medical Sensors and Systems", Springer, 2013.
2. Guang-Zhong Yang(Ed.), "Body Sensor Networks", Springer, 2006.
3. Annalisa Bonfiglio, Danilo De Rossi, "Wearable Monitoring Systems", Springer, 2011.
4. Huan-Bang Li, Kamya Yekeh Yazdandoost, Bin Zhen, "Wireless body area networks", River Publishers, 2010.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Comprehend and appreciate the significance and role of this course in the present contemporary world.
- CO2:** Design a BAN for appropriate application in medicine.
- CO3:** Assess the efficiency of communication and the security parameters.
- CO4:** Understand the need for medical device regulation and regulations followed in various regions.
- CO5:** Understand the UWB WBAN implementation.

EC1032

DRONE TECHNOLOGIES

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of drone concepts.
- To learn and understand the fundamentals of design, fabrication and programming of drone.
- To impart the knowledge of a flying and operation of drone.
- To know about the various applications of drone.
- To understand the safety risks and guidelines of fly safely.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DRONE TECHNOLOGY 9

Drone Concept -Vocabulary Terminology- History of drone - Types of current generation of drones based on their method of propulsion- Drone technology impact on the businesses -Drone business through entrepreneurship- Opportunities/applications for entrepreneurship and employability.

UNIT II DRONE DESIGN, FABRICATION AND PROGRAMMING 9

Classifications of the UAV -Overview of the main drone parts- Technical characteristics of the parts -Function of the component parts -Assembling a drone- The energy sources- Level of autonomy- Drones configurations -The methods of programming drone- Download program - Install program on computer- Running Programs- Multi rotor stabilization- Flight modes -Wi-Fi connection.

UNIT III DRONE FLYING AND OPERATION 9

Concept of operation for drone -Flight modes- Operate a small drone in a controlled environment- Drone controls Flight operations –management tool –Sensors-Onboard storage capacity -Removable storage devices- Linked mobile devices and applications.

UNIT IV DRONE COMMERCIAL APPLICATIONS 9

Choosing a drone based on the application -Drones in the insurance sector- Drones in delivering mail, parcels and other cargo- Drones in agriculture-

Drones in inspection of transmission lines and power distribution -Drones in filming and panoramic picturing.

UNIT V FUTURE DRONES AND SAFETY

9

The safety risks- Guidelines to fly safely -Specific aviation regulation and standardization- Drone license- Miniaturization of drones- Increasing autonomy of drones -The use of drones in swarms

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Daniel Tal and John Altschuld, "Drone Technology in Architecture, Engineering and Construction: A Strategic Guide to Unmanned Aerial Vehicle Operation and Implementation", 2021 John Wiley & Sons, Inc.
2. Terry Kilby and Belinda Kilby, "Make:Getting Started with Drones", Maker Media, Inc, 2016.

REFERENCES:

1. John Baichtal, "Building Your Own Drones: A Beginners' Guide to Drones, UAVs, and ROVs", Que Publishing, 2016.
2. Završnik, "Drones and Unmanned Aerial Systems: Legal and Social Implications for Security and Surveillance", Springer, 2018.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1:** Know about a various type of drone technology, drone fabrication and programming.
- CO2:** Execute the suitable operating procedures for functioning a drone.
- CO3:** Select appropriate sensors and actuators for Drones.
- CO4:** Develop a drone mechanism for specific applications.
- CO5:** Create the programs for various drones.

EI1851	FUNDAMENTALS OF SOFT COMPUTING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Laurance Fausett, Englewood cliffs, N.J., 'Fundamentals of Neural Networks', Pearson Education, 1992.
2. Timothy J. Ross, 'Fuzzy Logic with Engineering Applications', Tata McGraw Hill, 1997.
3. S.N.Sivanandam and S.N.Deepa, Principles of Soft computing, Wiley India Edition, 2nd Edition, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Simon Haykin, 'Neural Networks', Pearson Education, 2003.
2. John Yen & Reza Langari, 'Fuzzy Logic – Intelligence Control & Information', Pearson Education, New Delhi, 2003
3. M.Gen and R.Cheng, Genetic algorithms and Optimization, Wiley Series in Engineering Design and Automation, 2000.
4. Hagan, Demuth, Beale, " Neural Network Design", Cengage Learning, 2012.
5. N.P.Padhy, " Artificial Intelligence and Intelligent Systems", Oxford, 2013.
6. William S.Levine, "Control System Advanced Methods," The Control Handbook CRC Press, 2011.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** To understand the fundamental theory and concepts of neural networks, Identify different neural network architectures, algorithms, applications and their limitations
- CO2:** To understand appropriate learning rules for each of the architectures and learn several neural network paradigms and its applications
- CO3:** To comprehend the fuzzy logic and the concept of fuzziness involved in various systems and fuzzy set theory.
- CO4:** To apply Fuzzy logic concepts to engineering problems
- CO5:** To understand basics of Evolution algorithm and swarm intelligence

EC1033

**SPEECH AND AUDIO SIGNAL
PROCESSING**

**L T P C
3 0 0 3**

OBJECTIVES:

- To study basic concepts of processing speech and audio signals
- To study and analyze various M-band filter-banks for audio coding
- To understand audio coding based on transform coders.
- To study time and frequency domain speech processing methods
- To study predictive analysis of speech

UNIT I MECHANICS OF SPEECH AND AUDIO 9

Introduction - Review of Signal Processing Theory-Speech production mechanism – Nature of Speech signal – Discrete time modelling of Speech production – Classification of Speech sounds – Phones – Phonemes – Phonetic and Phonemic alphabets – Articulatory features. Absolute Threshold of Hearing - Critical Bands- Simultaneous Masking, Masking-Asymmetry, and the Spread of Masking- Nonsimultaneous Masking - Perceptual Entropy - Basic measuring philosophy -Subjective versus objective perceptual testing - The perceptual audio quality measure (PAQM) - Cognitive effects in judging audio quality.

**UNIT II TIME-FREQUENCY ANALYSIS:
FILTER BANKS AND TRANSFORMS 9**

Introduction - Analysis-Synthesis Framework for M-band Filter Banks- Filter Banks for Audio Coding: Design Considerations - Quadrature Mirror and Conjugate Quadrature Filters - Tree-Structured QMF and CQF M-band Banks - Cosine Modulated “Pseudo QMF” M-band Banks -Cosine Modulated Perfect Reconstruction (PR) M-band Banks and the Modified Discrete Cosine Transform (MDCT) - Discrete Fourier and Discrete Cosine Transform - Pre-echo Distortion- Pre-echo Control Strategies

UNIT III AUDIO CODING AND TRANSFORM CODERS 9

Lossless Audio Coding – Lossy Audio Coding - ISO-MPEG-1A, 2A, 2A-Advanced, 4A Audio Coding -Optimum Coding in the Frequency Domain - Perceptual Transform Coder –Brandenburg – Johnston Hybrid Coder - CNET Coders Adaptive Spectral Entropy Coding –Differential Perceptual Audio Coder

- DFT Noise Substitution -DCT with Vector Quantization -MDCT with Vector Quantization

UNIT IV TIME AND FREQUENCY DOMAIN METHODS

FOR SPEECH PROCESSING

9

Time domain parameters of Speech signal – Methods for extracting the parameters :Energy, Average Magnitude – Zero crossing Rate – Silence Discrimination using ZCR and energy Short Time Fourier analysis – Formant extraction – Pitch Extraction using time and frequency domain methods Homomorphic Speech Analysis: Cepstral analysis of Speech – Formant and Pitch Estimation – Homomorphic Vocoder

UNIT V PREDICTIVE ANALYSIS OF SPEECH

9

Formulation of Linear Prediction problem in Time Domain – Basic Principle – Auto correlation method – Covariance method – Solution of LPC equations – Cholesky method – Durbin's Recursive algorithm – lattice formation and solutions – Comparison of different methods – Application of LPC parameters – Pitch detection using LPC parameters – Formant analysis – VELP – CELP

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. B.Gold and N.Morgan, "Speech and Audio Signal Processing", Wiley and Sons, 2000
2. L.R.Rabiner and R.W.Schaffer, "Digital Processing of Speech Signals", Prentice Hall,1978.
3. Mark Kahrs, Karlheinz Brandenburg, "Applications of Digital Signal Processing to Audio And Acoustic", Kluwer Academic Publishers
4. UdoZölzer, "Digital Audio Signal Processing", Second Edition, A John Wiley& sons Ltd
5. Lawrence Rabiner, Biiing and– Hwang Juang and B.Yegnanarayana "Fundamentals of Speech Recognition", Pearson Education, 2009
6. Claudio Becchetti and Lucio Prina Ricotti, "Speech Recognition", John Wiley and Sons,1999

7. Donglos O shanhnessy "Speech Communication: Human and Machine ", 2nd Ed. University press 2001.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To understand basic mechanics of speech and audio
- CO2** To explain different filter bank and transform analysis in time-frequency domain
- CO3** To evaluate audio coding and transform coders
- CO4** To discuss about time and frequency domain methods for speech processing
- CO5** To explain predictive analysis of speech

OBJECTIVES

- To understand the concept of cloud computing.
- To learn about the concepts of virtualization and virtual machines.
- To understand the principles of cloud architecture, models and storage.
- To learn about the resource provisioning and security issues in the cloud environment.
- To understand the emergence of cloud as the next generation computing paradigm.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Introduction to Cloud Computing – Definition of Cloud – Evolution of Cloud Computing – Underlying Principles of Parallel and Distributed Computing – Cloud Characteristics –Benefits and Disadvantages of Cloud Computing- Elasticity in Cloud – On-demand Provisioning

UNIT II VIRTUALIZATION BASICS**9**

Virtual Machine Basics –Taxonomy of Virtual Machines-Hypervisor-Key Concepts- Virtualization Structure--Implementation Levels of Virtualization - Virtualization Types: Full Virtualization-Para Virtualization– Hardware Virtualization— Virtualization of CPU, Memory and I/O Devices.

UNIT III CLOUD ARCHITECTURE, SERVICES AND STORAGE**9**

Cloud Architecture: System Models for Distributed and Cloud Computing – NIST Cloud Computing Reference Architecture – Cloud Deployment Models – Cloud Service Models– Architectural Design Challenges – Cloud Storage – Storage-as-a-Service – Advantages of Cloud Storage – Cloud Storage Providers – S3.

UNIT IV RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AND SECURITY IN CLOUD**9**

Inter Cloud Resource Management – Resource Provisioning and Resource Provisioning Methods – Global Exchange of Cloud Resources – Security

Overview – Cloud Security Challenges – Software-as-a-Service Security – Security Governance – Virtual Machine Security – IAM – Security Standards.

UNIT V CLOUD ADVANCEMENT TECHNOLOGIES

9

Hadoop – Map Reduce – Virtual Box –Google App Engine –Amazon AWS-- Microsoft Azure- Cloud Software Environments - Eucalyptus – Open Stack.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Kai Hwang, Geoffrey C. Fox, Jack G. Dongarra, “Distributed and Cloud Computing, From Parallel Processing to the Internet of Things”, Morgan Kaufmann Publishers, 2012.
2. Rajkumar Buyya, Christian Vecchiola, S. Thamarai Selvi, —Mastering Cloud Computing, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2013.
3. Ritting house, John W., and James F. Ransome, “Cloud Computing: Implementation, Management, And Security”, CRC Press, 2017

REFERENCES :

1. Toby Velte, Anthony Velte, Robert Elsenpeter, “Cloud Computing – A Practical Approach, Tata Mcgraw Hill, 2009.
2. James E. Smith,Ravi Nair,“Virtual Machines:Versatile Platforms for Systems and Processes”,Elsevier/Morgan Kaufmann,2005.
3. George Reese, “Cloud Application Architectures: Building Applications and Infrastructure in the Cloud: Transactional Systems for EC2 and Beyond (Theory in Practice), O'Reilly, 2009.
4. <https://docs.openstack.org/train/install/>
5. <https://aws.amazon.com/documentdb/>

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

CO1 Articulate the main concepts, key technologies, strengths and

limitations of cloud computing.

- CO2** Apply the concept of virtualization and its types.
- CO3** Understand the architecture of compute and storage cloud, service and delivery models.
- CO4** Explain the core issues of cloud computing such as resource management and security.
- CO5** Install and use current cloud technologies and choose the appropriate technologies, approaches for implementation.

OBJECTIVES

- To create awareness on professional ethics and human values
- To create awareness on engineering ethics providing basic knowledge about engineering ethics, variety of moral issues, inquiry and virtues.
- To provide basic familiarity about engineers as responsible experimenters and codes of ethics
- To inculcate knowledge and exposure on safety, risk and rights of an employee
- To have an adequate knowledge about global issues in multi-national companies

UNIT – I HUMAN VALUES 9

Morals, values and Ethics; Integrity; Work ethics; Service learning; Civic virtue; Respect for others; Living peacefully, Caring, Sharing, Honesty, Courage, Valuing time, Cooperation, Commitment, Empathy, Self-confidence, Character; Spirituality; Introduction to Yoga and meditation for professional excellence and stress management.

UNIT – II ENGINEERING ETHICS 9

Senses of 'Engineering Ethics' – Variety of moral issues, Types of inquiry, Moral dilemmas, Moral Autonomy, Kohlberg's theory; Gilligan's theory; Consensus and Controversy; Models of professional roles; Theories about right action; Self-interest; Customs and Religion; Uses of Ethical Theories.

UNIT – III ENGINEERING AS SOCIAL EXPERIMENTATION 9

Engineering as Experimentation – Engineers as responsible Experimenters; Codes of Ethics; Balanced Outlook on Law.

UNIT – IV SAFETY, RESPONSIBILITIES AND RIGHTS

9

Safety and Risk – Assessment of Safety and Risk, Risk Benefit Analysis and Reducing Risk; Respect for Authority; Collective Bargaining; Confidentiality; Conflicts of Interest; Occupational Crime; Professional Rights; Employee Rights; Intellectual Property Rights (IPR), Discrimination.

UNIT – V GLOBAL ISSUES

9

Multinational Corporations; Environmental Ethics; Computer Ethics; Weapons Development; Engineers as Managers – Consulting Engineers, Engineers as Expert Witnesses and Advisors; Moral Leadership; Code of Conduct; Corporate Social Responsibility.

TOTAL 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Mike W. Martin and Roland Schinzinger, "Ethics in Engineering", Tata McGraw Hill, New Delhi, 2003.
2. Govindarajan M, Natarajan S, Senthil Kumar V. S, "Engineering Ethics", Prentice Hall of India, New Delhi, 2004.

REFERENCES:

1. Charles B. Fleddermann, "Engineering Ethics", Pearson Prentice Hall, New Jersey, 2004.
2. Charles E. Harris, Michael S. Pritchard and Michael J. Rabins, "Engineering Ethics – Concepts and Cases", Cengage Learning, 2012.
3. John R Boatright, "Ethics and the Conduct of Business", Pearson Education, New Delhi, 8th edition, 2017.
4. Edmund G Seebauer and Robert L Barry, "Fundamentals of Ethics for Scientists and Engineers", Oxford University Press, Oxford, 2001.
5. Laura P. Hartman and Joe Desjardins, "Business Ethics: Decision Making for Personal Integrity and Social Responsibility" Mc Graw Hill education, India Pvt. Ltd, New Delhi, 2013.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1** To define the dimensions or senses of engineering ethics and describe the various theories of moral development.
- CO2** To describe the similarities and contrast of engineering experiments Vs scientific experiments and to define the code of ethics of various professional societies.
- CO3** To understand significance of safety and risk assessment when developing engineering products.
- CO4** To understand the social responsibilities and intellectual property rights of engineers.
- CO5** To understand the process of how a multinational company works and to describe about the role of engineers in computer ethics, environment ethics, and weapons development.

GE1004	FUNDAMENTALS OF NANOSCIENCE	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE:

To learn about basis of nanomaterial science, preparation method, types and application.

UNIT – I INTRODUCTION 9

Nanoscale Science and Technology- Implications for Physics, Chemistry, Biology and Engineering- Classifications of nanostructured materials- quantum dots, nano wires-ultra-thin films multi layered materials. Length Scales involved and effect on properties: Mechanical, Electronic, Optical, Magnetic and Thermal properties. Introduction to properties and motivation for study (qualitative only).

UNIT - II GENERAL METHODS OF PREPARATION 9

Bottom-up Synthesis-Top-down Approach: Co-Precipitation, Ultrasonication, Mechanical Milling, Colloidal routes, Self-assembly, Vapour phase deposition, MOCVD, Sputtering, Evaporation, Molecular Beam Epitaxy, Atomic Layer Epitaxy, MOMBE.

UNIT - III NANOMATERIALS 9

Nanoforms of Carbon - Buckminster fullerene- graphene and carbon nanotube, Single wall carbon Nanotubes (SWCNT) and Multi wall carbon nanotubes (MWCNT)- methods of synthesis(arc-growth, laser ablation, CVD routes, Plasma CVD), structure-property Relationships applications- Nanometal oxides-ZnO, TiO₂, MgO, ZrO₂, NiO, nanoalumina, CaO, AgTiO₂, Ferrites, Nanoclays functionalization and applications-Quantum wires, Quantum dots-preparation, properties and applications.

UNIT - IV CHARACTERIZATION TECHNIQUES 9

X-ray diffraction technique, Scanning Electron Microscopy - environmental techniques, Transmission Electron Microscopy including high-resolution imaging, Surface Analysis techniques- AFM, SPM, STM, SNOM, ESCA, SIMS-Nano indentation

Nano InfoTech: Information storage- nanocomputer, molecular switch, super chip, nanocrystal, Nano biotechnology: nanoprobe in medical diagnostics and biotechnology, Nano medicines, Targeted drug delivery, Bioimaging - Micro Electro Mechanical Systems (MEMS), Nano Electro Mechanical Systems (NEMS)- Nanosensors, nano crystalline silver for bacterial inhibition, Nanoparticles for sunbarrier products - In Photostat, printing, solar cell, battery.

TOTAL 45 PERIODS**TEXT BOOKS:**

1. A.S. Edelstein and R.C. Cammearata, eds., "Nanomaterials: Synthesis, Properties and Applications", Institute of Physics Publishing, Bristol and Philadelphia, 1996.
2. N John Dinardo, "Nanoscale Characterisation of surfaces & Interfaces", 2nd edition, Weinheim Cambridge, Wiley-VCH, 2000.

REFERENCES:

1. G Timp, "Nanotechnology", AIP press/Springer, 1999.
2. Akhlesh Lakhtakia, "The Hand Book of Nano Technology, Nanometer Structure, Theory, Modeling and Simulations". Prentice-Hall of India (P) Ltd, New Delhi, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

- CO1** Ability to understand the concept of Nano scale Science and Technology and various types of nano materials.
- CO2** Ability to acquire knowledge in general methods of preparation of nano materials.
- CO3** Ability to understand the Nano forms of Carbon and methods of synthesis
- CO4** Ability to acquire knowledge in characteristic nanomaterial on various technique.
- CO5** Ability to gain knowledge on various application of nano materials.

EC1034

VIDEO ANALYTICS

L	T	P	C
3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the need for video Analytics
- To understand the basic configuration of video analytics
- To understand the functional blocks of a video analytic system
- To understand how video analytics is used for security
- To get exposed to the various applications of video analytics

UNIT I

VIDEO ANALYTIC COMPONENTS

9

Need for Video Analytics-Overview of video Analytics- Foreground extraction- Feature extraction classifier - Pre-processing- edge detection- smoothening- Feature space-PCA-FLD-SIFT features

UNIT II

FOREGROUND EXTRACTION

9

Background estimation- Averaging- Gaussian Mixture Model- Optical Flow based- Image Segmentation- Region growing- Region splitting-Morphological operations- erosion-Dilation Tracking in a multiple camera environment

UNIT III

CLASSIFIERS

9

Neural networks (back propagation) - Deep learning networks- Fuzzy Classifier- Bayesian classifier-HMM based classifier

UNIT IV

VIDEO ANALYTICS FOR SECURITY

9

Abandoned object detection- human behavioral analysis -human action recognition- perimeter security crowd analysis and prediction of crowd congestion

Customer behavior analysis - people counting- Traffic rule violation detection- traffic congestion identification for route planning- driver assistance- lane change warning

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Graeme A. Jones (Editor), Nikos Paragios (Editor), Carlo S. Regazzoni (Editor) Video-Based Surveillance Systems: Computer Vision and Distributed Processing , Kluwer academic publisher, 2001
2. Nilanjan Dey (Editor), Amira Ashour (Editor) and Suvojit Acharjee (Editor), Applied Video Processing in Surveillance and Monitoring Systems (IGI global) 2016
3. Zhihao Chen (Author), Ye Yang (Author), Jingyu Xue (Author), Liping Ye (Author), Feng Guo (Author), The Next Generation of Video Surveillance and Video Analytics: The Unified Intelligent Video Analytics Suite, CreateSpace Independent Publishing Platform, 2014
4. Caifeng Shan (Editor), Fatih Porikli (Editor), Tao Xiang (Editor), Shaogang Gong (Editor) Video Analytics for Business Intelligence, Springer, 2012

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1:** To understand the components used for video analytics
- CO2:** To analyze the classifiers used for video analytics design
- CO3:** To study the design of video analytic algorithms for security applications
- CO4:** To study the design of video analytic algorithms for business intelligence
- CO5:** To analyze the design of custom made video analytics system for the given target application

EC1035

COMPUTER VISION

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the fundamental concepts related to Image formation and processing.
- To learn feature detection, matching and detection
- To become familiar with feature based alignment and motion estimation
- To develop skills on 3D reconstruction
- To understand image based rendering and recognition

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO IMAGE FORMATION AND PROCESSING 9

Computer Vision - Geometric primitives and transformations - Photometric image formation - The digital camera - Point operators - Linear filtering - More neighbourhood operators - Fourier transforms - Pyramids and wavelets - Geometric transformations - Global optimization.

UNIT II FEATURE DETECTION, MATCHING AND SEGMENTATION 9

Points and patches - Edges - Lines - Segmentation - Active contours - Split and merge - Mean shift and mode finding - Normalized cuts - Graph cuts and energy-based methods- Medical Image Segmentation.

UNIT III FEATURE-BASED ALIGNMENT & MOTION ESTIMATION 9

2D and 3D feature-based alignment - Pose estimation - Geometric intrinsic calibration - Triangulation - Two-frame structure from motion - Factorization - Bundle adjustment - Constrained structure and motion - Translational alignment - Parametric motion - Spline-based motion - Optical flow - Layered motion.

UNIT IV 3D RECONSTRUCTION 9

Shape from X - Active range finding - Surface representations - Point-based representations- Volumetric representations - Model-based reconstruction - Recovering texture maps and albedosos.

UNIT V IMAGE-BASED RENDERING AND RECOGNITION 9

View interpolation Layered depth images - Light fields and Lumigraphs - Environment mattes - Video-based rendering- Video based animation – Video textures-Object detection - Face recognition – Eigen faces – Active appearance and 3D shape model- Instance recognition - Category recognition - Context and scene understanding- Recognition databases and test sets.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Richard Szeliski, “Computer Vision: Algorithms and Applications”, Springer- Texts in Computer Science, Second Edition, 2022.
2. Computer Vision: A Modern Approach, D. A. Forsyth, J. Ponce, Pearson Education, Second Edition, 2015.

REFERENCES:

1. Richard Hartley and Andrew Zisserman, Multiple View Geometry in Computer Vision, Second Edition, Cambridge University Press, March 2004.
2. Christopher M. Bishop; Pattern Recognition and Machine Learning, Springer, 2006
3. E. R. Davies, Computer and Machine Vision, Fourth Edition, Academic Press, 2012

COURSE OUTCOMES:

At the end of this course, the students will be able to:

- CO1:** understand basic knowledge about image formation and processing.
- CO2:** understand about feature detection, matching and detection algorithms.
- CO3:** describe a feature-based based image alignment, segmentation and motion estimations.
- CO4:** describe 3D image reconstruction techniques
- CO5:** design and develop image-based rendering and recognition applications.

	BRAIN COMPUTER INTERFACE AND APPLICATIONS	L	T	P	C
EC1036		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basic concepts of brain computer interface
- To Learn the various electrophysiological sources
- To study the various signal acquisition methods
- To study the signal processing methods used in BCI
- To Learn the various applications of BCI

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO BCI 9

Fundamentals of BCI – Structure of BCI system – Classification of BCI – Invasive, Non-invasive and Partially invasive BCI , EEG, ECoG, MEG, fMRI. EEG signal acquisition - Signal Pre-processing – Artifacts removal.

UNIT II ELECTROPHYSIOLOGICAL SOURCES 9

Sensorimotor activity – Mu rhythm, Movement Related Potentials – Slow Cortical Potentials-P300 - Visual Evoked Potential - Activity of Neural Cells - Multiple Neuro mechanisms.

UNIT III FEATURE EXTRACTION METHODS 9

Time/Space Methods – Fourier Transform, PSD – Wavelets – Parametric Methods – AR, MA,ARMA models – Principal Component Analysis (PCA), Independent Component Analysis (ICA), – Linear and Non-Linear Features.

UNIT IV FEATURE TRANSLATION METHODS 9

Linear Discriminant Analysis – Support Vector Machines - Regression – Vector Quantization– Gaussian Mixture Modeling – Hidden Markov Modeling – Neural Networks.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS OF BCI 9

Functional restoration using Neuroprosthesis - Functional Electrical Stimulation, Visual Feedback and control - External device control, Case

study: Brain actuated control of mobile Robot, Emotion detection, P300 Mind Speller.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXTBOOKS:

1. Bernhard Graimann, Brendan Allison, Gert Pfurtscheller, "Brain-Computer Interfaces:
2. Revolutionizing Human-Computer Interaction", Springer, 2010.
3. Rajesh.P.N.Rao, Brain-Computer Interfacing: An Introduction, Cambridge University Press, First edition, 2013
4. Jonathan Wolpaw, Elizabeth Winter Wolpaw, Brain Computer Interfaces: Principles and practice, Oxford University Press, USA, Edition 1, January 2012.

REFERENCES:

1. R. Spehlmann, "EEG Primer", Elsevier Biomedical Press, 1981.
2. Arnon Kohen, "Biomedical Signal Processing", Vol I and II, CRC Press Inc, Boca Rato, Florida, 1986.
3. Bishop C.M., "Neural Networks for Pattern Recognition", Oxford, Clarendon Press, 1995.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

CO1: Describe BCI system and its major categorization

CO2: Analyze event related potentials and sensory motor rhythms.

CO3: Compute features suitable for BCI.

CO4: Design classifier modelling for a BCI system.

CO5: Apply BCI across diverse applications.

EC1037	Sensors, Actuators & Interface Electronics	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- Understand the purpose and techniques of signal conditioning
- Sensors based on the variation of the electric resistance
- Gain knowledge in self-generating sensors.
- Study different types of actuators and their usage.
- Study State-of-the-art digital and other sensing methods

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION TO MEASUREMENT SYSTEMS 9

Introduction to measurement systems: general concepts and terminology, Classification of sensor, general input-output configuration, methods of correction. Analog signal conditioning: Principles, passive circuits, Operational Amplifier circuits, Digital signal conditioning: Digital fundamentals, converters, Data-Acquisition Systems.

UNIT -II RESISTIVE AND REACTIVE SENSORS 9

Resistive sensors: potentiometers, strain gauges, resistive temperature detectors, magneto resistors, Light-Dependent Resistors (LDRs), Signal conditioning for resistive sensors, capacitive sensors, inductive sensors, Electromagnetic sensors, Signal conditioning for reactance-based sensors.

UNIT - III SELF-GENERATING SENSORS 9

Self-generating sensors: thermoelectric sensors, piezoelectric sensors, pyroelectric sensors, photovoltaic sensors, electrochemical sensors, Signal conditioning for self-generating sensors: chopper and low-drift amplifiers, offset and drifts amplifiers, electrometer and transimpedance amplifiers, charge amplifiers, noise in amplifiers.

UNIT - IV ACTUATORS DRIVE CHARACTERISTICS AND APPLICATIONS 9

Final control operation, Signal conversions: Analog electrical signals, Digital electrical signals, Pneumatic signals, Industrial electronics: SCR, TRIAC, Actuators: Electrical actuators, Pneumatic actuators, Hydraulic actuators. Control Elements: Mechanical, Electrical and Fluid Valves.

UNIT – V DIGITAL SENSORS AND OTHER SENSING METHODS 9

Digital sensors: position encoders, variable frequency sensors – quartz digital thermometer, vibrating wire strain gages, vibrating cylinder sensors, saw sensors, digital flow meters. Direct sensor – Microcontroller Interfacing, Communication Systems for Sensors. Sensors based on semiconductor junctions, MOSFET, CCD imaging sensors, ultrasonic sensors, fiber-optic sensors, Biosensors.

TOTAL: 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. D. Johnson, “Process Control Instrumentation Technology”, John Wiley and Sons.6th Edition, 2000.
2. Ramon Pallas-Areny, John G. Webster, Sensors and signal conditioning, John Wiley & Sons, INC, 2nd Edition, 2001
3. Nathan Ida, Sensors, Actuators, and their Interfaces-A Multidisciplinary Introduction, SciTech publishing, Edison, NJ, 2014

REFERENCES:

1. Graham Brooker, Introduction to Sensors for ranging and imaging, Yesdee, 2009.
2. Kevin James, PC Interfacing and Data acquisition, Elsevier, 2011.
3. D.Patranabis, “Sensors and Transducers”, TMH 2003.
4. E.O. Doebelin, “Measurement System : Applications and Design”, McGraw Hill Publications
5. Andrzej M. Pawlak Sensors and Actuators in Mechatronics Design and Applications, 2006.
6. Sensors and Actuators: Control System Instrumentation, Clarence W. de Silva CRC Press, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Design signal conditioning system to convert a given input variation into a required output.
- CO2** Classify sensors by the physical quantity being measured and develop signal conditioning circuits.
- CO3** Implement signal conditioning system using self-generating sensors for various applications.
- CO4** Select suitable actuators for various applications.
- CO5** Develop Microcontroller based interfacing systems and communication systems.

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand the basics of Radar and Radar equation
- To study the types of Radar
- To understand the tracking of Radar
- To understand the various signal processing in Radar
- To understand the Subsystems in Radar and Navigational aids

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO RADAR EQUATION 9

The Origins of Radar, Radar principles, Basic Block Diagram, Radar classifications based on Frequencies, Wave form and application, Radar Fundamentals: Detection, Range, velocity, The simple form of the Radar Equation, Pulsed Radar equation, Detection of Signals in Noise- Receiver Noise, Signal-to-Noise Ratio, Probabilities of Detection and False Alarm, Integration of Radar Pulses, Radar Cross Section of Targets, Transmitter Power, Pulse Repetition Frequency, Antenna Parameters, System losses.

UNIT II CW, MTI AND PULSE DOPPLER RADAR 9

CW and Frequency Modulated Radar, Doppler and MTI Radar- Delay Line Cancellers, Staggered Pulse Repetition Frequencies, Doppler Filter Banks, Digital MTI Processing, Moving Target 163 Detector, Limitations to MTI Performance, MTI from a Moving Platform (AMIT), Pulse Doppler Radar.

UNIT III TRACKING RADAR 9

Tracking with Radar, Monopulse Tracking, Conical Scan, Sequential Lobing, Limitations to Tracking Accuracy, Low-Angle Tracking - Comparison of Trackers, Track while Scan (TWS) Radar- Target prediction, state estimation, Measurement models, alpha – beta tracker, Kalman Filtering, Extended Kalman filtering.

UNIT IV RADAR SIGNAL PROCESSING 9

Radar Signal Processing Fundamentals, Detection strategies, Optimal detection, Threshold detection, Constant False alarm rate detectors,

UNIT V	RADAR TRANSMITTERS AND RECEIVERS, NAVIGATIONAL AIDS	9
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TOTAL 45 PERIODS

1. Habibur Rahman, Fundamental Principles of Radar, CRC press, Taylor and Francis, 2019.
2. M. R. Richards, J. A. Scheer, W. A. Holm, Editors "Principles of Modern Radar, Basic Principles", SciTech Publishing, 2012

1. Nathansan, "Radar design principles-Signal processing and environment", PHI, 2nd Edition, 2007.
2. M.I. Skolnik, "Introduction to Radar Systems", Tata McGraw Hill 2006.
3. Mark A. Richards, "Fundamentals of Radar Signal Processing", McGraw-Hill, 2005.
4. Sen & Bhattacharya, "Radar Systems and Radio Aids to Navigation", Publisher: Khanna publishers.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

On successful completion of this course, the student will be able to

- CO1** Identify the Radar parameters
- CO2** Differentiate various radar types
- CO3** Evaluate different tracking and filtering schemes
- CO4** Apply signal processing in target detection
- CO5** Design Radar transmitter and receiver blocks

OMB104

**QUALITY FOR MANAGEMENT
SCIENCE**

L T P C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To facilitate the understanding of Quality Management principles and process.

UNIT - I INTRODUCTION 9

Introduction - Need for quality - Evolution of quality - Definitions of quality - Dimensions of product and service quality - Basic concepts of TQM - TQM Framework - Contributions of Deming, Juran and Crosby - Barriers to TQM - Customer focus - Customer orientation, Customer satisfaction, Customer complaints, customer retention.

UNIT - II TQM PRINCIPLES 9

Leadership - Quality Statements, Strategic quality planning, Quality Councils - Employee involvement - Motivation, Empowerment, Team and Teamwork, Recognition and Reward, Performance appraisal - Continuous process improvement - PDCA cycle, 5S, Kaizen - Supplier partnership - Partnering, Supplier selection, Supplier Rating.

UNIT - III TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES - I 9

The seven traditional tools of quality - New management tools - Six sigma: Concepts, Methodology, applications to manufacturing, service sector including IT - Bench marking - Reason to benchmark, Bench marking process - FMEA - Stages, Types.

UNIT - IV TQM TOOLS AND TECHNIQUES - II 9

Quality Circles - Cost of Quality - Quality Function Deployment (QFD) - Taguchi quality loss function - TPM - Concepts, improvement needs - Performance measures.

UNIT - V QUALITY MANAGEMENT SYSTEM 9

Introduction—Benefits of ISO Registration—ISO 9000 Series of Standards—Sector- Specific Standards—AS 9100, TS16949 and TL 9000-- ISO 9001 Requirements — Implementation— Documentation—Internal Audits—Registration-- ENVIRONMENTAL MANagementsystem: Introduction—ISO 14000 Series Standards — Concepts of ISO 14001— Requirements of ISO 14001— Benefits of EMS.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Dale H. Besterfield, Carol B. Michna, Glen H. Besterfield, Mary B. Sacre, Hemant Urdhwaresh and Rashmi Urdhwaresh, "Total Quality Management", Pearson Education Asia, Revised Third Edition, Indian Reprint, Sixth Impression, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. James R. Evans and William M. Lindsay, "The Management and Control of Quality", 8th Edition, First Indian Edition, Cengage Learning, 2012.
2. Janakiraman. B and Gopal .R.K., "Total Quality Management - Text and Cases", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt. Ltd., 2006.
3. Suganthi.L and Anand Samuel, "Total Quality Management", Prentice Hall (India) Pvt.Ltd., 2006.
4. ISO 9001-2015 standards

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

- | | |
|------------|---|
| CO1 | The students can understand the principles of quality management and to explain how these principles can be applied within quality management systems. |
| CO2 | Students can identify the key aspects of the quality improvement cycle and to select and use appropriate tools and techniques for controlling, improving and measuring quality. |
| CO3 | Students can understand the organisational, communication and teamwork requirements for effective quality management. |
| CO4 | Critically analyse the strategic issues in quality management, including current issues and developments, and to devise and evaluate quality implementation plans. |
| CO5 | The student would be able to apply the tools and techniques of quality management to manufacturing and services processes. |

OBJECTIVES

- | | | |
|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|
| UNIT I | BASICS OF SOLAR RADIATION | 9 |
|---------------|----------------------------------|----------|

UNIT II SOLAR ENERGY COLLECTORS 9

UNIT III	SOLAR ENERGY STORAGE AND APPLICATIONS	9
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UNIT IV WIND ENERGY AND BIOMASS 9

279

Geothermal: Geothermal Resources- types of wells- methods of harnessing the energy- potential in India. OCEAN ENERGY: OTEC- Principles utilization- setting of OTEC plants- thermodynamic cycles. Tidal and wave energy: Potential and conversion techniques- mini-hydel power plants and their economics.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Rai G.D, "Non-Conventional Energy Sources", Khanna Publishers, 2011.
2. Twidell & Wier, "Renewable Energy Resources", CRC Press (Taylor & Francis), 2011

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Tiwari and Ghosal, "Renewable energy resources", Narosa Publishing House, 2007.
2. Ramesh R & Kumar K.U , "Renewable Energy Technologies", Narosa Publishing House, 2004.
3. Mittal K M , "Non-Conventional Energy Systems", Wheeler Publishing Co. Ltd, New Delhi, 2003.
4. Kothari D.P, Singhal ., K.C., "Renewable energy sources and emerging technologies", P.H.I, New Delhi, 2010.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Ability to understand the physics of solar radiation and possible energy conversion.
- CO2 Ability to understand the operation of various solar energy collectors.
- CO3 Ability to learn the methodologies of storing solar energy.
- CO4 Acquire Knowledge in wind and biomass energy conversion techniques.
- CO5 Acquire Knowledge in geothermal and ocean energy conversion techniques.

OEI103	BASICS OF BIOMEDICAL	L	T	P	C
	INSTRUMENTATION	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To study about the different bio potential and its propagation
- To understand the different types of electrodes and its placement for various recording
- To study the design of bio amplifier for various physiological recording
- To learn the different measurement techniques for non-physiological parameters.
- To familiarize the different biochemical measurements

UNIT I BIO POTENTIAL GENERATION AND 9 **ELECTRODES TYPES**

Origin of bio potential and its propagation. Types of electrodes - surface, needle and micro electrodes and their equivalent circuits. Recording problems - measurement with two electrodes

UNIT II BIOSIGNAL CHARACTERISTICS AND 9 **ELECTRODECONFIGURATIONS**

Biosignals characteristics – frequency and amplitude ranges. ECG – Einthoven's triangle, standard 12 lead system. EEG – 10-20 electrode system, unipolar, bipolar and average mode. EMG– unipolar and bipolar mode.

UNIT III SIGNAL CONDITIONING 9 **CIRCUITS**

Need for bio-amplifier - differential bio-amplifier, Impedance matching circuit, isolation amplifiers, Power line interference, Right leg driven ECG amplifier, Band pass filtering

UNIT IV	MEASUREMENT OF NON- ELECTRICALPARAMETERS	9
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Temperature, respiration rate and pulse rate measurements. Blood Pressure: indirect methods - Auscultatory method, direct methods: electronic manometer, Systolic, diastolic pressure, Blood flow and cardiac output measurement: Indicator dilution, and dye dilution method, ultrasound blood flow measurement.

UNIT V	BIO-CHEMICAL MEASUREMENT	9
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Blood gas analyzers and Non-Invasive monitoring, colorimeter, Sodium Potassium Analyser, spectrophotometer, blood cell counter, auto analyzer (simplified schematic description).

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

OUTCOMES:

At the end of the course, the student should be able to:

- To Learn the different bio potential and its propagation.
- To get Familiarize the different electrode placement for various physiological recording
- Students will be able design bio amplifier for various physiological recording
- Students will understand various technique non electrical physiological measurements
- Understand the different biochemical measurements

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Leslie Cromwell, "Biomedical Instrumentation and measurement", Prentice hall of India, New Delhi, 2007.
2. John G. Webster, "Medical Instrumentation Application and Design", John Wiley and sons, New York, 2004. (Units I, II & V)

REFERENCES:

1. Myer Kutz, "Standard Handbook of Biomedical Engineering and Design", McGraw Hill, 2003.
2. Khandpur R.S, "Handbook of Biomedical Instrumentation", Tata McGraw-Hill, New Delhi, 2003.(Units II & IV)
3. Joseph J. Carr and John M. Brown, "Introduction to Biomedical Equipment Technology", Pearson Education, 2004.

OEE106	ENERGY CONSERVATION AND MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
	(Common to Chemical Engineering, ECE)	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES

- To understand and analyse the energy data of industries
- To carryout energy accounting and balancing
- To conduct energy audit and suggest methodologies for energy savings
- To utilise the available resources in optimal ways

UNIT – I ENERGY SCENARIO 9

Classification of Energy, Indian energy scenario, Sectorial energy consumption (domestic, industrial and other sectors), energy needs of growing economy, energy intensity, long term energy scenario, energy pricing, energy security, energy conservation and its importance, energy strategy for the future

UNIT – II FINANCIAL MANAGEMENT AND ENERGY MONITORING AND TARGETING 9

Investment-need, appraisal and criteria, financial analysis techniques simple payback period, return on investment, net present value, internal rate of return, cash flows, risk and sensitivity analysis; financing options, energy performance contracts and role of Energy Service Companies (ESCOs)

UNIT – III ENERGY MANAGEMENT & AUDIT 9

Definition, energy audit, need, types of energy audit. Energy management (audit) approach-understanding energy costs, Bench marking, energy performance, matching energy use to requirement, maximizing system efficiencies, optimizing the input energy requirements, fuel and energy substitution, energy audit instruments and metering

UNIT – IV ENERGY EFFICIENCY IN THERMAL UTILITIES AND SYSTEMS 9

Types, combustion in boilers, performances evaluation, analysis of losses, feed water treatment, blow down, energy conservation opportunities. Boiler

efficiency calculation, evaporation ratio and efficiency for coal, oil and gas. Soot blowing and soot deposit reduction, reasons for boiler tube failures, start up, shut down and preservation, Thermic fluid heaters, super critical boilers.

**UNIT – V ENERGY AND ENVIRONMENT, AIR POLLUTION, 9
CLIMATE CHANGE**

United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change (UNFCC), sustainable development, Kyoto Protocol, Conference of Parties (COP), Clean Development Mechanism (CDM), CDM Procedures case of CDM – Bachat Lamp Yojna and industry; Prototype Carbon Fund (PCF).

TOTAL:45PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS & REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Energy Conservation Guidebook, Dale R Patrick, Stephen W Fardo, 2nd Edition, CRC Press
2. Handbook of Energy Audits, Albert Thumann, 6th Edition, The Fairmont Press Bureau of Energy Efficiency
3. Energy Management Handbook, W.C. Turner, John Wiley and Sons, A Wiley Interscience publication

COURSE OUTCOMES (CO)

- CO1 To understand the Classification of Energy, Indian energy scenario
- CO2 To understand the energy pricing, energy
- CO3 To understand the Introduction internal rate of return, cash
- CO4 To understand the performances evaluation, analysis of losses
- CO5 To understand the United Nations Framework Convention on Climate Change

INTRODUCTION TO GEOGRAPHIC INFORMATION SYSTEM

L T P C

(COMMON TO AIDS, AIML, CSE, ECE AND IT) 3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- To introduce the fundamentals and components of Geographic Information System
- To provide details of spatial data structures and input, management and output processes.

UNIT I FUNDAMENTALS OF GIS 9

Introduction to GIS - Basic spatial concepts - Coordinate Systems - GIS and Information Systems – Definitions – History of GIS - Components of a GIS – Hardware, Software, Data, People, Methods – Proprietary and open source Software - Types of data – Spatial, Attribute data- types of attributes – scales/levels of measurements.

UNIT II SPATIAL DATA MODELS 9

Database Structures – Relational, Object Oriented – ER diagram - spatial data models – Raster Data Structures – Raster Data Compression - Vector Data Structures - Raster vs Vector Models- TIN and GRID data models - OGC standards - Data Quality.

UNIT III DATA INPUT AND TOPOLOGY 9

Scanner - Raster Data Input – Raster Data File Formats – Vector Data Input
–Digitiser –Topology - Adjacency, connectivity and containment –
Topological Consistency rules – Attribute Data linking – ODBC – GPS -
Concept GPS based mapping.

UNIT IV DATA ANALYSIS 9

Vector Data Analysis tools - Data Analysis tools - Network Analysis - Digital Education models - 3D data collection and utilisation.

UNIT V APPLICATIONS 9

GIS Applicant - Natural Resource Management - Engineering - Navigation - Vehicle tracking and fleet management - Marketing and Business applications - Case studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Kang - Tsung Chang, Introduction to Geographic Information Systems, McGraw Hill Publishing, 2nd Edition, 2011.
2. Ian Heywood, Sarah Cornelius, Steve Carver, Srinivasa Raju, "An Introduction Geographical Information Systems, Pearson Education, 2nd Edition, 2007.

REFERENCE BOOKS

1. Lo.C.P., Albert K.W. Yeung, Concepts and Techniques of Geographic Information Systems, Prentice-Hall India Publishers, 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1 Have basic idea about the fundamentals of GIS.
- CO2 Understand the types of data models.
- CO3 Get knowledge about data input and topology.
- CO4 Gain knowledge on data quality and standards.
- CO5 Understand data management functions and data output

OBT105	INTRODUCTION TO NANOSCIENCE AND	L	T	P	C
	NANOTECHNOLOGY	3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVE

The course is aimed to

- Understand the principles of processing, manufacturing and characterization of nanomaterials and nanostructures.

UNIT – I BASICS OF NANOTECHNOLOGY 9

Introduction - Time and length scale in structures -Definition of a nanosystem -Dimensionality and size dependent phenomena -Surface to volume ratio - Fraction of surface atoms - Surface energy and surface stress- surface defects-Effect of nanoscale on various properties - Structural, thermal, mechanical, magnetic, optical and electronic properties.

UNIT – II DIFFERENT CLASSES OF NANOMATERIALS 9

Classification based on dimensionality-Quantum Dots,Wells and Wires- Carbon based nano materials (buckyballs, nanotubes, graphene)- Metal based nanomaterials (nanogold, nanosilver and metal oxides) - Nanocomposites-Nanopolymers - Nano ceramics -Biological nanomaterials.

UNIT – III SYNTHESIS OF NANOMATERIALS 9

Chemical Methods:Metal Nanocrystals by Reduction -Sol - gel processing - Solvothermal Synthesis-Photochemical Synthesis - Chemical Vapor Deposition(CVD) - Metal Oxide - Chemical Vapor Deposition (MOCVD).Physical Methods:Ball Milling - Electrodeposition - Spray Pyrolysis - DC/RF Magnetron Sputtering - Molecular Beam Epitaxy (MBE).

UNIT – IV CHARACTERIZATION OF NANOSTRUCTURES 9

Introduction, structural characterization, X-ray diffraction (XRD-Powder/Single crystal), Small angle X-ray scattering (SAXS), Scanning Electron Microscopy (SEM) - Energy Dispersive X-ray analysis (EDAX)-Transmission Electron Microscope (TEM) - Scanning Tunneling Microscope (STM)-Atomic Force Microscopy (AFM), UV-vis spectroscopy (liquid and solid state) - Raman Spectroscopy -X-ray Photoelectron Spectroscopy (XPS) - Auger Electron spectroscopy (AES).

UNIT – V APPLICATIONS 9

Solar energy conversion and catalysis - Molecular electronics and printed electronics -Nanoelectronics -Polymers with a special architecture - Liquid crystalline systems - Applications in displays and other devices - Nanomaterials for data storage -Photonics, Plasmonics- Chemical and biosensors -Nanomedicine and Nanobiotechnology.

TOTAL PERIODS: 45

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Nano Technology: Basic Science and Emerging Technologies, Mick Wilson, Kamali Kannargare., Geoff Smith Overseas Press (2005)
2. A Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, Pradeep T., Tata McGrawHill Education Pvt. Ltd., 2012.
3. Nanostructured Materials and Nanotechnology, Hari Singh Nalwa, Academic Press, 2002.
4. Introduction to Nanotechnology, Charles P. Poole, Frank J. Owens, Wiley Interscience (2003)
5. Textbook of Nanoscience and Nanotechnology, B.S. Murty, P. Shankar, Baldev Raj, B. B. Rath, James Murday, Springer Science & Business Media, 2013.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Nanotechnology: A gentle introduction to the next Big idea, Mark A.Ratner, Daniel Ratner, Mark Ratne, Prentice Hall P7R:1st Edition (2002)
2. Fundamental properties of nanostructured materials Ed D. Fioran, G.Sberveglier, World Scientific 1994
3. Nanoscience: Nanotechnologies and Nanophysics, Dupas C., Houdy P., Lahmani M., Springer-Verlag Berlin Heidelberg, 2007.

COURSE OUTCOMES

- CO1 Demonstrate the understanding of length scales concepts, nanostructures and nanotechnology
- CO2 Understand the different classes of nanomaterials.
- CO3 Identify the CVD, MOCVD
- CO4 Outline the applications of nanotechnology and
- CO5 develop an ability to critically evaluate the promise of a nanotechnology device.

OME104	INDUSTRIAL SAFETY ENGINEERING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To impart knowledge on safety engineering fundamentals and safety management practices.

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Evolution of modern safety concepts – Fire prevention – Mechanical hazards – Boilers, Pressure vessels, Electrical Exposure.

UNIT II CHEMICAL HAZARDS 9

Chemical exposure – Toxic materials – Ionizing Radiation and Non-ionizing Radiation - Industrial Hygiene – Industrial Toxicology.

UNIT III ENVIRONMENTAL CONTROL 9

Industrial Health Hazards – Environmental Control – Industrial Noise - Noise measuring instruments, Control of Noise, Vibration, - Personal Protection.

UNIT IV HAZARD ANALYSIS 9

System Safety Analysis –Techniques – Fault Tree Analysis (FTA), Failure Modes and Effects Analysis (FMEA), HAZOP analysis and Risk Assessment.

UNIT V SAFETY REGULATIONS 9

Explosions – Disaster management – catastrophe control, hazard control ,Safety education and training - Factories Act, Safety regulations Product safety – case studies.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. John V.Grimaldi, "Safety Management", AITB S Publishers, 2003.

REFERENCES:

1. Safety Manual, "EDEL Engineering Consultancy", 2000.
2. David L.Goetsch, "Occupational Safety and Health for Technologists", 5th Edition, Engineers and Managers, Pearson Education Ltd., 2005.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** understand the basic safety concepts in Industrial boilers, pressure vessels
- CO2** understand the hazardous effects caused and prevention methods of chemicals used in industry
- CO3** understand the environmental measures and controls towards safety
- CO4** understand the analysis of safety preventions and hazards in industry
- CO5** understand the safety regulations and safety management.

OBJECTIVES

- To understand the concepts of measurement technology.
- To learn the various sensors used to measure various physical parameters.
- To learn the fundamentals of signal conditioning, data acquisition and communication systems used in mechatronics system development

UNIT I INTRODUCTION**9**

Basics of Measurement – Classification of errors – Error analysis – Static and dynamic characteristics of transducers – Performance measures of sensors – Classification of sensors – Sensor calibration techniques – Sensor Output Signal Types.

UNIT II MOTION, PROXIMITY AND RANGING SENSORS**9**

Motion Sensors – Potentiometers, Resolver, Encoders – Optical, Magnetic, Inductive, Capacitive, LVDT – RVDT – Synchro – Microsyn, Accelerometer–GPS, Bluetooth, Range Sensors – RF beacons, Ultrasonic Ranging, Reflective beacons, Laser Range Sensor (LIDAR).

UNIT III FORCE, MAGNETIC AND HEADING SENSORS**9**

Strain Gauge, Load Cell, Magnetic Sensors –types, principle, requirement and advantages: Magneto resistive – Hall Effect – Current sensor Heading Sensors – Compass, Gyroscope, Inclometers.

UNIT IV OPTICAL, PRESSURE AND TEMPERATURE SENSORS**9**

Photo conductive cell, photo voltaic, Photo resistive, LDR – Fiber optic sensors – Pressure – Diaphragm, Bellows, Piezoelectric – Tactile sensors, Temperature – IC, Thermistor, RTD, Thermocouple. Acoustic Sensors – flow and level measurement, Radiation Sensors - Smart Sensors - Film sensor, MEMS & Nano Sensors, LASER sensors.

UNIT V SIGNAL CONDITIONING AND DAQ SYSTEMS

9

Amplification – Filtering – Sample and Hold circuits – Data Acquisition: Single channel and multi channel data acquisition – Data logging - applications - Automobile, Aerospace, Home appliances, Manufacturing, Environmental monitoring.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Ernest O Doebelin, "Measurement Systems – Applications and Design", Tata McGraw-Hill, 2009.
2. Sawney A K and Puneet Sawney, "A Course in Mechanical Measurements and Instrumentation and Control", 12th edition, Dhanpat Rai & Co, New Delhi, 2013.

REFERENCES:

1. Patranabis D, "Sensors and Transducers", 2nd Edition, PHI, New Delhi, 2010.
2. John Turner and Martyn Hill, "Instrumentation for Engineers and Scientists", Oxford Science Publications, 1999.
3. Richard Zurawski, "Industrial Communication Technology Handbook" 2nd edition, CRC Press, 2015.

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- | | |
|------------|--|
| CO1 | Expertise in various calibration techniques and signal types for sensors. |
| CO2 | Apply the proximity and ranging sensors in the automotive and mechatronics applications. |
| CO3 | Understand the principles of various magnetic and heading sensors. |
| CO4 | Understand the functioning of optical, pressure, temperature and smart sensors. |
| CO5 | Implement the DAQ systems with different sensors for real time applications. |

OCS104	FUNDAMENTALS OF DATABASE DESIGN	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn the fundamentals of data models and to represent a database system using ER diagrams.
- To study the database design and SQL
- To make the students to understand the fundamentals of Transaction Processing and concurrency
- To have a basic knowledge about the Storage implementation and query processing
- To understand database security concepts and database programming

UNIT I INTRODUCTION 9

Purpose of Database System – Views of data – Data Models – Database System Architecture – Introduction to relational databases – Relational Model – Keys – Relational Algebra – SQL fundamentals – DDL-DML-DCL-TCL- Advanced SQL features - Embedded SQL-Static Vs Dynamic SQL

UNIT II DATABASE DESIGN 9

Entity-Relationship model – E-R Diagrams – Enhanced-ER Model – ER-to-Relational Mapping – Functional Dependencies – Non-loss Decomposition – First, Second, Third Normal Forms, Dependency Preservation – Boyce/Codd Normal Form – Multi-valued Dependencies and Fourth Normal Form – Join Dependencies and Fifth Normal Form

UNIT III TRANSACTION CONCEPTS AND CONCURRENCY CONTROL 9

Introduction-Properties of Transaction- Serializability- Concurrency Control – Locking Mechanisms- Two Phase Locking -Two Phase Commit Protocol- Dead lock- SQL Facilities for Concurrency and Recovery

UNIT IV IMPLEMENTATION TECHNIQUES 9

RAID – File Organization – Organization of Records in Files – Indexing and Hashing –Ordered Indices – B+ tree Index Files – B tree Index Files – Static Hashing – Dynamic Hashing – Query Processing Overview –Query optimization using Heuristics and Cost Estimation

Database security issues – Discretionary access control – role based access – Encryption and public key infrastructures – challenges. Information Retrieval: IR Concepts, Retrieval Models, Queries in IR systems. Implementing functions, views, and triggers in MySQL / Oracle. ODBC/JDBC connectivity with front end tools

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. RamezElmasri, Shamkant B. Navathe, "Fundamentals of Database Systems", Sixth Edition , Pearson.
2. Abraham Silberschatz, Henry F. Korth, S. Sudharshan, "Database System Concepts", Sixth Edition, Tata McGraw Hill.

REFERENCES:

1. C.J.Date, A.Kannan, S.Swamynathan, "An Introduction to Database Systems", Eighth Edition, Pearson Education.
2. Raghu Ramakrishnan, —Database Management SystemsII, Fourth Edition, McGraw-Hill College Publications.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** To understand relational data model, evolve conceptual model of a given problem and SQL
- CO2** To understand Relational model and normalization to perform database design effectively
- CO3** Apply and relate the concept of transaction, concurrency control and recovery in database
- CO4** To understand the implementation technique and query processing
- CO5** To understand the concepts of database security and database programming

OCS105	DATA ANALYTICS WITH R PROGRAMMING	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- Students will learn R. Programming language, data analytics, data visualization and statistical model for data analytics
- By completion of this course, students will be able to become data analyst

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO DATA ANALYSIS 9

Overview of Data Analytics, Need of Data Analytics, Nature of Data, Classification of Data: Structured, Semi-Structured, Unstructured, Characteristics of Data, Applications of Data Analytics

UNIT II R PROGRAMMING BASICS 9

Overview of R programming, Environment setup with R Studio, R Commands, Variables and Data Types, Control Structures, Array, Matrix, Vectors, Factors, Functions, R packages

UNIT III DATA VISUALIZATION USING R 9

Reading and getting data into R (External Data): Using CSV files, XML files, Web Data, JSON files, Databases, Excel files.

Working with R Charts and Graphs: Histograms, Boxplots, Bar Charts, Line Graphs, Scatterplots, Pie Charts

UNIT IV STATISTICS WITH R 9

Random Forest, Decision Tree, Normal and Binomial distributions, Time Series Analysis, Linear and Multiple Regression, Logistic Regression

UNIT V PRESCRIPTIVE ANALYTICS 9

Creating data for analytics through designed experiments, Creating data for analytics through active learning, Creating data for analytics through reinforcement learning

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. An Introduction to R, Notes on R: A Programming Environment for Data Analysis and Graphics. W. N. Venables, D.M. Smith and the R Development Core Team.
2. URL: <https://cran.r-project.org/doc/manuals/r-release/R-intro.pdf>

REFERENCES:

1. Jared P Lander, R for everyone: advanced analytics and graphics, Pearson Education, 2013 Dunlop, Dorothy D., and Ajit C. Tamhane. Statistics and data analysis: from elementary to intermediate. Prentice Hall, 2000.
2. G Casella and R.L. Berger, Statistical Inference, Thomson Learning 2002.
3. P. Dalgaard. Introductory Statistics with R, 2nd Edition. (Springer 2008)
4. Michael Berthold, David J. Hand, Intelligent Data Analysis, Springer
5. Hastie, Trevor, et al. The elements of statistical learning. Vol. 2. No. 1. New York: springer, 2009.

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Understand the basics of data analytics
- CO2** Understand and apply the R-Programming concepts
- CO3** Apply R-Programming for data visualization
- CO4** Implement various classification techniques using R
- CO5** Apply R programming to perform perspective analytics on data

OEI105	SCADA SYSTEM AND APPLICATIONS MANAGEMENT	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To understand about the SCADA system components and SCADA communication protocols
- To provide knowledge about SCADA applications in power system

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO SCADA 9

Evolution of SCADA, SCADA definitions, SCADA Functional requirements and Components, SCADA Hierarchical concept, SCADA architecture, General features, SCADA Applications, Benefits

UNIT II SCADA SYSTEM COMPONENTS 9

Remote Terminal Unit (RTU), Interface units, Human- Machine Interface Units (HMI), Display Monitors/Data Logger Systems, Intelligent Electronic Devices (IED), Communication Network, SCADA Server, SCADA Control systems and Control panels.

UNIT III SCADA COMMUNICATION 9

SCADA Communication requirements, Communication protocols: Past, Present and Future, Structure of a SCADA Communications Protocol, Comparison of various communication protocols, IEC61850 based communication architecture, Communication media like Fiber optic, PLCC etc. Interface provisions and communication extensions, synchronization with NCC, DCC.

UNIT IV SCADA MONITORING AND CONTROL 9

Online monitoring the event and alarm system, trends and reports, Blocking list, Event disturbance recording. Control function: Station control, bay control, breaker control and disconnector control.

UNIT V SCADA APPLICATIONS IN POWER SYSTEM 9

Applications in Generation, Transmission and Distribution sector, Substation SCADA system Functional description, System specification, System selection such as Substation configuration, IEC61850 ring configuration, SAS cubicle concepts, gateway interoperability list, signal naming concept. System Installation, Testing and Commissioning. **CASE STUDIES:** SCADA

Design for 66/11KV and 132/66/11KV or 132/66 KV any utility Substation and IEC 61850 based SCADA Implementation issues in utility Substations

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. F.D. Petruzella, Programmable Logic Controllers, Tata Mc-Graw Hill, Third edition, 2010
2. Michael P. Lukas, Distributed Control Systems: Their Evaluation and Design, Van Nostrand Reinhold Co., 1986
3. D. Popovic and V.P.Bhatkar," Distributed computer control for industrial Automation" Marcel Dekker, Inc., Newyork ,1990.

REFERENCES:

1. Stuart A. Boyer: SCADA-Supervisory Control and Data Acquisition, Instrument Society of America Publications,USA,2004
2. Gordon Clarke, Deon Reynders: Practical Modern SCADA Protocols: DNP3, 60870.5 and Related Systems, Newnes Publications, Oxford, UK,2004
3. William T. Shaw, Cybersecurity for SCADA systems, PennWell Books, 2006

COURSE OUTCOMES

Upon completion of the course, students will be able to

- CO1** Ability to understand the basics of SCADA and various components.
- CO2** To understand various system components of SCADA
- CO3** Ability to develop communications and interface of SCADA
- CO4** Able to select and use most appropriate automation technologies for a given application.
- CO5** Ability to gain knowledge on the recent developments in industrial automation.

OBT107	INTRODUCTION TO CELL BIOLOGY	L	T	P	C
		3	0	0	3

OBJECTIVES:

- To provide knowledge on cell structure and its function.

UNIT I CELL STRUCTURE 9

Cell organization, structure of organelles, extra cellular matrix and cell junctions.

UNIT II CELL ORGANELLE AND FUNCTION 9

Nuclues, Mitochondria, Lysosomes, Endoplasmic reticulum, Golgi apparatus, vesicles, centrosomes, cell membranes, ribosomes, cytosol, chloroplasts, flagella, cell wall.

UNIT III CELL DIVISION 9

Cell cycle – mitosis, meiosis, cell cycle regulation and apoptosis.

UNIT IV BIO-MOLECULES 9

DNA, RNA and Proteins – basic units, architectural hierarchy and organization, functions

UNIT V ENZYMES 9

Enzymes – Structure, Mechanism of action, Factors that affect enzyme activity, Enzymes of plant and Animal origin used in industries, Biosensors and its applications.

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Lodish, Harvey etal., “Molecular Cell Biology”, 5 th Edition, W.H.Freeman, 2005.
2. Cooper, G.M. and R.E. Hansman “The Cell : A Molecular Approach”, 4 th Edition, ASM Press, 2007.
3. Alberts, Bruce etal., “Molecular Biology of the Cell”, 4 th Edition, Garland Science (Taylors Francis), 2002.

REFERENCES:

1. McDonald, F etal., “ Molecular Biology of Cancer” 2nd Edition, Taylor & Francis, 2004.
2. King, Roger J.B. “Cancer Biology” Addison Wesley Longman, 1996

COURSE OUTCOMES:

- CO1** Would have deeper understanding of cell at structural and functional level.
- CO2** Would have broad knowledge on cell division mechanisms
- CO3** Would demonstrate a clear understanding of Biomolecules such DNA, RNA and Protein
- CO4** Would develop skill on employing enzymes for various applications
- CO5** Would have deeper understanding of cell at structural and functional level.

AD1001

CONSTITUTION OF INDIA

L T P C

2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to :

- Understand the premises informing the twin themes of liberty and freedom from a civil Rights perspective.
- To address the growth of Indian opinion regarding modern Indian intellectuals' constitutional
- Role and entitlement to civil and economic rights as well as the emergence nation hood in the early years of Indian nationalism
Let the should know about the importance of character
- To address the role of socialism in India after the commencement of the Bolshevik Revolution in 1917 and its impact on the initial drafting of the Indian Constitution.

UNIT I HISTORY OF MAKING OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

History, Drafting Committee, (Composition & Working)

UNIT II PHILOSOPHY OF THE INDIAN CONSTITUTION

Preamble, Salient Features

UNIT III CONTOURS OF CONSTITUTIONAL RIGHTS AND DUTIES

Fundamental Rights, Right to Equality, Right to Freedom, Right against Exploitation, Right to Freedom of Religion, Cultural and Educational Rights, Right to Constitutional Remedies, Directive Principles of State Policy, Fundamental Duties.

UNIT IV ORGANS OF GOVERNANCE

Parliament, Composition, Qualifications and Disqualifications, Powers and Functions, Executive, President, Governor, Council of Ministers, Judiciary,

Appointment and Transfer of Judges, Qualifications, Powers and Functions.

UNIT V LOCAL ADMINISTRATION

District's Administration head: Role and Importance Municipalities: Introduction, Mayor and role of Elected Representative, CEO, Municipal Corporation. Pachayati raj: Introduction, PRI: Zila Pachayat. Elected officials and their roles, CEO Zila Pachayat: Position and role. Block level: Organizational Hierarchy(Different departments), Village level: Role of Elected and Appointed officials, Importance of grass root democracy.

UNIT VI ELECTION COMMISSION

Election Commission: Role and Functioning. Chief Election Commissioner and Election Commissioners - Institute and Bodies for the welfare of SC/ST/OBC and women.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

1. REFERENCES:

2. The Constitution of India, 1950 (Bare Act), Government Publication.
3. Dr.S.N.Busi, Dr.B. R.Ambedkar framing of Indian Constitution, 1st Edition, 2015.
4. M.P. Jain, Indian Constitution Law, 7th Edn., Lexis Nexis, 2014.
5. D.D. Basu, Introduction to the Constitution of India, Lexis Nexis, 2015.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO1 Discuss the growth of the demand for civil rights in India for the bulk of Indians before the arrival of Gandhi in Indian politics.
- CO2 Discuss the intellectual origins of the framework of argument that informed the conceptualization of social reforms leading to revolution in India.
- CO3 Discuss the circumstances surrounding the foundation of the Congress Socialist Party [CSP] under the leadership of Jawaharlal

Nehru and the eventual failure of the proposal of direct elections through adult suffrage in the Indian Constitution.

CO4 Discuss the passage of the Hindu Code Bill of 1956.

AD1002

VALUE EDUCATION

L T P C

2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES:

Students will be able to

- Understand value of education and self-development
- Imbibe good values in students
- Let the should know about the importance of character

UNIT I

Values and self-development–Social values and individual attitudes. Work ethics, Indian vision of humanism. Moral and non-moral valuation. Standards and principles. Value judgements

UNIT II

Importance of cultivation of values. Sense of duty. Devotion, Self-reliance. Confidence, Concentration. Truthfulness, Cleanliness. Honesty, Humanity. Power of faith, National Unity. Patriotism. Love for nature, Discipline

UNIT III

Personality and Behavior Development-Soul and Scientific attitude. Positive Thinking. Integrity and discipline. Punctuality, Love and Kindness. Avoid fault Thinking. Free from anger, Dignity of labour. Universal brother hood and religious tolerance. True friendship. Happiness Vs suffering, love for truth. Aware of self-destructive habits. Association and Cooperation. Doing best for saving nature

UNIT IV

Character and Competence–Holy books vs Blind faith. Self-management and Good health. Science of reincarnation. Equality, Nonviolence, Humility,

Role of Women. All religions and same message. Mind your Mind, Self-control. Honesty, Studying effectively.

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Chakroborty, S.K. "Values and Ethics for organizations Theory and practice", Oxford University Press, New Delhi

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO1 Knowledge of self-development.
- CO2 Learn the importance of Human values.
- CO3 Developing the overall personality Exposing the basic characteristic features of a queuing system and acquire skills in analyzing queuing models
- CO4 Using discrete time Markov chains to model computer systems
- CO5 Knowledge of self-development.

AD1003

PEDAGOGY STUDIES

L T P C

2 0 0 0

OBJECTIVES:

- Review existing evidence on their view topic to inform programme design and policy
- Making under taken by the DFLD, other agencies and researchers
- Identify critical evidence gaps to guide the development

UNIT I INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY 5

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and Searching

UNIT II INTRODUCTION AND METHODOLOGY 5

Aims and rationale, Policy background, Conceptual framework and terminology - Theories of learning, Curriculum, Teacher education - Conceptual framework, Research questions - Overview of methodology and Searching

UNIT III THEMATIC OVERVIEW 5

Pedagogical practices are being used by teachers in formal and informal classrooms in developing countries - Curriculum, Teacher education

UNIT IV EVIDENCE ON THE EFFECTIVENESS OF PEDAGOGICAL PRACTICES 5

Methodology for the in depth stage: quality assessment of included studies - How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy? - Theory of change - Strength and nature of the body of evidence for effective pedagogical practices - Pedagogic theory and pedagogical approaches - Teachers' attitudes and beliefs and Pedagogic strategies

Professional development: alignment with classroom practices and follow up support - Peer support - Support from the head teacher and the community - Curriculum and assessment - Barriers to learning: limited resources and large class sizes

SUGGESTED READING

1. Ackers J, Hardman F (2001) Classroom interaction in Kenyan primary schools, *Compare*, 31(2): 245-261.
2. Agrawal M (2004) Curricular reform in schools: The importance of evaluation, *Journal of Curriculum Studies*, 36(3):361-379.
3. Akyeampong K (2003) Teacher training in Ghana-does it count? Multi-site teacher education research project (MUSTER) country report 1. London: DFID.
4. Akyeampong K, Lussier K, Pryor J, Westbrook J (2013) Improving teaching and learning of basic maths and reading in Africa: Does teacher preparation count? *International Journal Educational Development*, 33(3): 272–282.
5. Alexander RJ (2001) Culture and pedagogy: International comparisons in primary education. Oxford and Boston: Blackwell.
6. Chavan M (2003) Read India: A mass scale, rapid, 'learning to read' campaign.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO1 Understand What pedagogical practices are being used by teachers informal and informal classrooms in developing countries?
- CO2 Understand What is the evidence on the effectiveness of these pedagogical practices, in what conditions, and with what population of learners?
- CO3 Understand How can teacher education (curriculum and practicum) and the school curriculum and guidance materials best support effective pedagogy?

AD1004	STRESS MANAGEMENT BY YOGA	L	T	P	C
		2	0	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

- To achieve overall health of body and mind
- To overcome stress

UNIT I

Definitions of Eight parts of yoga.(Ashtanga)

UNIT II

Yam and Niyam - Do's and Don't's in life - i) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha, ii) Ahinsa, satya, astheya, bramhacharya and aparigraha.

UNIT III

Asan and Pranayam - Various yog poses and their benefits for mind & body
- Regularization of breathing techniques and its effects-Types of pranayam

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. 'Yogic Asanas for Group Training-Part-I':Janardan Swami Yoga bhyasi Mandal, Nagpur
2. "Rajayoga or conquering the Internal Nature" by Swami Vivekananda, Advaita Ashrama (Publication Department), Kolkata

Course Outcomes (CO)

CO1 Develop healthy mind in a healthy body thus improving social health alsoImprove efficiency

AD1005

**PERSONALITY DEVELOPMENT
THROUGH LIFE ENLIGHTNMENT
SKILL**

L	T	P	C
2	0	0	0

OBJECTIVES:

- To learn to achieve the highest goal happily
- To become a person with stable mind, pleasing personality and determination
- To awaken wisdom in students

UNIT I

Neetisatakam-holistic development of personality - Verses- 19,20,21,22 (wisdom) - Verses-29,31,32 (pride & heroism) – Verses- 26,28,63,65 (virtue) - Verses- 52,53,59 (don't's) - Verses-71,73,75,78 (do's)

UNIT II

Approach to day to day work and duties - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter 2-Verses 41, 47,48 - Chapter 3-Verses 13, 21, 27, 35 Chapter 6-Verses 5,13,17,23, 35 - Chapter 18-Verses 45, 46, 48.

UNIT III

Statements of basic knowledge - Shrimad Bhagwad Geeta: Chapter2-Verses 56, 62, 68 Chapter 12 -Verses 13, 14, 15, 16,17, 18 - Personality of role model - shrimad bhagwad geeta - Chapter2-Verses 17, Chapter 3-Verses 36,37,42 - Chapter 4-Verses 18, 38,39 Chapter18 – Verses 37,38,63

TOTAL: 30 PERIODS

REFERENCES:

1. Gopinath, Rashtriya Sanskrit Sansthanam P, Bhartrihari's Three Satakam, Niti-sringar-vairagya, New Delhi,2010
2. Swami Swarupananda , Srimad Bhagavad Gita, Advaita Ashram, Publication Department, Kolkata, 2016.

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO1 Study of Shrimad-Bhagwad-Geeta will help the student in developing his personality and achieve the highest goal in life
- CO2 The person who has studied Geeta will lead the nation and mankind to peace and prosperity
- CO3 Study of Neet is hatakam will help in developing versatile personality of students.

AD1006

UNNAT BHARAT ABHIYAN

L T P C

2 0 0 0

Objectives

- To engage the students in understanding rural realities
- To identify and select existing innovative technologies, enable customization of technologies, or devise implementation method for innovative solutions, as per the local needs.
- To leverage the knowledge base of the institutions to devise processes for effective implementation of various government programmes
- To understand causes for rural distress and poverty and explore solutions for the same
- To apply classroom knowledge of courses to field realities and thereby improve quality of learning

**UNIT - I QUALITY OF RURAL LIFE IN VILLAGES AND
UNNAT BHARAT ABHIYAN**

9

Introduction to Unnat Bharat Abhiyan - concept, scope and objectives, rural life, rural society, cast and gender relations, rural values with respect to community, nature and resources, elaboration of “Soul of India lies in villages” – (Gandhi Ji), Rural infrastructure, problems in rural area.

Assignment: Prepare a map (Physical , visual and digital) of the village you visited and write an essay about inter-family relation in that village.

UNIT - II RURAL ECONOMY AND LIVELIHOOD

9

Agriculture, farming, land ownership pattern, water management, animal husbandry, non-farm livelihoods and artisans, rural entrepreneurs, rural market .

Assignment: Describe your analysis of rural household economy, it's challenges and possible pathways to address them. Group discussion in class- (4) Field visit 3.

UNIT - III RURAL INSTITUTIONS

9

History of Rural Development, Traditional rural organizations, Self Help Groups, Gram Swaraj and 3- Tier Panchayat Raj Institutions (Gram Sabha, Gram Panchayat, Standing Committee), local civil society, local administration. Introduction to Constitution, Constitutional Amendments in Panchayati Raj – Fundamental Rights and Directive Principles.

Assignment: Panchayati Raj institutions in villages? What would you suggest to improve their effectiveness? Present a case study (written or audio-visual).
Field Visit – 4.

UNIT - IV RURAL DEVELOPMENT PROGRAMMES

9

National programmes - Sarva Shiksha Abhiyan, Beti Bachao, Beti Padhao, Ayushman Bharat, Swachh Bharat, PM Awas Yojana, Skill India, Gram Panchayat Decentralised Planning, NRLM, MNREGA, etc.

Written Assignment: Describe the benefits received and challenges faced in the delivery of one of these programmes in the rural community, give suggestions about improving implementation of the programme for the rural poor.

UNIT - V FIELD WORK

9

Each student selects one programme for field visit Field based practical activities:

- Interaction with SHG women members, and study of their functions and challenges; planning for their skill building and livelihood activities
- Visit MGNREGS project sites, interact with beneficiaries and interview functionaries at the work site
- Field visit to Swachh Bharat project sites, conduct analysis and initiate problem solving measures
- Conduct Mission Antyodaya surveys to support under Gram Panchayat Development Plan(GPDP)

- Interactive community exercise with local leaders, panchayat functionaries, grass-root officials and local institutions regarding village development plan preparation and resource mobilization
- Visit Rural Schools I mid-day meal centres, study Academic and infrastructural resources and gaps
- Participate in Gram Sabha meetings, and study community participation
- Associate with Social audit exercises at the Gram Panchayat level, and interact with programme beneficiaries
- Attend Parent Teacher Association meetings, and interview school drop outs
- Visit local Anganwadi Centre and observe the services being provided
- Visit local NGOs, civil society organisations and interact with their staff and beneficiaries.
- Organize awareness programmes, health camps, Disability camps and cleanliness camps o Conduct soil health test, drinking water analysis, energy use and fuel efficiency surveys
- Raise understanding of people's impacts of climate change, building up community's disaster preparedness
- Organise orientation programmes for farmers regarding organic cultivation, rational use of irrigation and fertilizers and promotion of traditional species of crops and plants
- Formation of committees for common property resource management, village pond maintenance and fishing.

Total Periods: 45

Text Books:

1. Singh, Katar, Rural Development Principles, Policies and Management, Sage Publications, New Delhi, 2015

2. A Hand book on Village Panchayat Administration, Rajiv Gandhi Chair for Panchayati Raj Studies, 2002
3. United Nations, Sustainable Development Goals, 2015 un.org/sdgs

Reference Books:

1. M.P.Boraian, Best Practices in Rural Development, Shanlax Publishers
2. Unnat Bharat Abhiyan Website : www.unnatbharatabhiyan.gov.in

Course Outcomes (CO)

- CO1 Able to understand of rural life, culture and social realities
- CO2 Able to understand the concept of measurement by comparison or balance of parameters.
- CO3 Able to develop a sense of empathy and bonds of mutuality with local community
- CO4 Able to appreciate significant contributions of local communities to Indian society and economy
- CO5 Learned to value the local knowledge and wisdom of the community

AD1007

**ESSENCE OF
INDIAN KNOWLEDGE TRADITION**

L P T C

3 0 0 3

OBJECTIVES

- Get a knowledge about Indian Culture
- Know Indian Languages and Literature religion and philosophy and the fine arts in India
- Explore the Science and Scientists of Ancient, Medieval and Modern India
- Understand education systems in India

UNIT I INTRODUCTION TO CULTURE 9

Culture, civilization, culture and heritage, general characteristics of culture, importance of culture in human literature, Indian Culture, Ancient India, Medieval India, Modern India

UNIT II INDIAN LANGUAGES AND LITERATURE 9

Indian Languages and Literature – I: Languages and Literature of South India, – Indian Languages and Literature – II: Northern Indian Languages & Literature

UNIT III RELIGION AND PHILOSOPHY 9

Major religions practiced in India and Understanding their Philosophy – religious movements in Modern India (Selected movements only)

**UNIT IV FINE ARTS IN INDIA 9
(ART, TECHNOLOGY & ENGINEERING)**

Indian Painting, Indian handicrafts, Music, divisions of Indian classic music, modern Indian music, Dance and Drama, Indian Architecture (ancient, medieval and modern), Science and Technology in India, development of science in ancient, medieval and modern India

UNIT V EDUCATION SYSTEM IN INDIA 9

Education in ancient, medieval and modern India, aims of education, subjects, languages, Science and Scientists of Ancient India, Science and Scientists of Medieval India, Scientists of Modern India

TOTAL : 45 PERIODS

TEXT BOOKS

1. Kapil Kapoor, "Text and Interpretation: The India Tradition", ISBN: 81246033375, 2005
2. "Science in Samskrit", Samskrita Bharti Publisher, ISBN 13: 978-8187276333, 2007
3. NCERT, "Position paper on Arts, Music, Dance and Theatre", ISBN 81-7450 494-X, 200
4. Narain, "Examinations in ancient India", Arya Book Depot, 1993
5. Satya Prakash, "Founders of Sciences in Ancient India", Vijay Kumar Publisher, 1989
6. M. Hiriyanna, "Essentials of Indian Philosophy", Motilal Banarsidass Publishers, ISBN 13: 978- 8120810990, 2014.

Course Outcomes

- CO1 Understand philosophy of Indian culture.
- CO2 Distinguish the Indian languages and literature.
- CO3 Learn the philosophy of ancient, medieval and modern India.
- CO4 Acquire the information about the fine arts in India.
- CO5 Know the contribution of scientists of different eras.