Homework3

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• Homework3

0 1

- (1) 算术运算
 - **a** (a) 3.5+1/2+56%10
 - (b) a++*1/3
 - \bullet (c) x+a%3*(int)(x+y)%2/4
 - (d) (float)(a+b)/2+(int)x%(int)y
- (2) 关系、逻辑运算
 - (a) b>c&&b==c
 - (b) !(a>b)&&!c||1
 - (c) !(x=a)&&(y=b)&&0
 - (d) !(a+b)+c-1&&b+c/2
 - (e) 1&&30%10>=0&&30%10<=3
- (3)赋值、条件表达式
 - (a) a+=a+b
 - (b) a*=b%c
 - (c) a/=c-a
 - (d) a+=a-=a*=a
 - (e) a=(a=++b,a+5,a/5)
 - (f) (a>=b>=2)?1:0
- 源码:
- 运行结果:

0 2

- 源码:
- 运行结果:

0 3

- 源码:
- 运行结果:

1

下述答案均已经过程序检验,且并未出现与计算结果的差异

对比自己的计算结果与程序的输出,如存在差异请分析原因。

对每个表达式中的变量取值均为: int a=2, b=3, c=4; float x=3.5, y=4.8;

(1) 算术运算

(a) 3.5+1/2+56%10

9.5

$$1/2 = 0$$
 $56\%10 = 6$
 $3.5 + 6 = 9.5$

(b) a++*1/3

0

$$1/3 = 0$$

 $a + +$ 代表先使用 a 原来的值进行运算,再加 1
 $\therefore a + + *1/3 = 2 * 0 = 0$

(c) x+a%3*(int)(x+y)%2/4

3.5

()优先级最高
%、*、/优先级相同,应从左向右运算
计算顺序如下:
$$(int)(x+y)=(int)(3.5+4.8)=(int)(8.3)=8$$

 $a\%3=2$
 $2*8=16$
 $16\%2=0$
 $0/4=0$
 $3.5+0=3.5$

(d) (float)(a+b)/2+(int)x%(int)y

5.5

计算顺序的解释同上题
$$(float)(a+b) = (float)(2+3) = (float)(5) = 5.0(此处用一位小数表示,当然 $float$ 类型不止一位)
$$(int)x = (int)(3.5) = 3 \\ (int)y = (int)(4.8) = 4 \\ 5.0/2 = 2.5 \\ 3\%4 = 3 \\ 2.5 + 3 = 5.5$$$$

(2) 关系、逻辑运算

(a) b>c&b==c

0

3>4结果为假

3==4结果为假

3 > 4&&3 == 4结果为假,输出为0

(b) !(a>b)&&!c||1

1

!优先级高于&&高于|| 所以计算顺序如下:

$$!(2 > 3) = !0 = 1$$

 $!c = !1 = 0$
 $1 \& \& 0 = 0$
 $0 | |1 = 1$

(c) !(x=a)&&(y=b)&&0

0

优先级分析同上。=是赋值,复制成功为1

$$!(x = 2) = !1 = 0$$

 $(y = 3) = 1$
 $0 \& \& 1 = 0$
 $0 \& \& 0 = 0$

(d) !(a+b)+c-1&&b+c/2

1

优先级:'!' > '/' > '+' = '-' > '&&'

$$egin{aligned} !(a+b)=!1&=0\ c/2&=4/2&=0\ !(a+b)+c-1&=0+4-1&=3\ b+c/2&=3\ !(a+b)+c-1\&\&b+c/2&=1\&\&1&=1 \end{aligned}$$

(e) 1&&30%10>=0&&30%10<=3

1

优先级:'%' > '>='= '<='> '&&'

$$30\%10 = 0$$

 $(0 >= 0) = 1$
 $(0 <= 3) = 1$
 $1\&\&1\&\&1 = 1$

(3)赋值、条件表达式

(a) a + = a + b

与a=a+(a+b)同义,即

7

$$a = a + (a + b) = 2 + 2 + 3 = 7$$

(b) a*=b%c

6

与a=a*(b%c)同义,即

$$a = a*(b\%c) = 2*(3\%4) = 6$$

(c) a/=c-a

1

与a=a/(c-a)同义,即

$$a = a/(c-a) = 2/(4-2) = 1$$

(d) $a + = a - = a^* = a$

0

从后往前计算

$$a*=a$$
即 $a=a*a=4$
 $a-=4$ 即 $a=a-4=0$ (注意此时 a 的值为 4) $a+=0$ 即 $a=a+0=0$ (注意此时 a 的值为 0)

(e) a=(a=++b,a+5,a/5)

0

等价于:

a=++b; a+5;

a=a/5

$$a = + + b = 2 + 1 = 3$$

 $a + 5$ 不改变 a 的值
 $a = 3/5 = 0$

(f) (a>=b>=2)?1:0

0

a >= b即2 > 3为假,结果为0 >= 2为假,结果为0

源码:

```
# include<stdio.h>
int main()
    int a=2, b=3, c=4;
    float x=3.5, y=4.8;
    printf("%f\n", 3.5+1/2+56%10);
    a--;\\对于a的操作是为了恢复原来的a值
    printf("%f\n", a++ * 1 / 3);
    printf("%f\n", x + a % 3 * (int)(x + y) % 2 / 4);
    printf("%f\n", (float)(a+b)/2+(int)x%(int)y);
    printf("%d\n", b > c \&\& b == c);
    printf("%d\n", !(a > b) \&\& !c || 1);
    printf("%d\n", !(x = a) \&\& (y = b) \&\& 0);
    printf("%d\n", !(a + b) + c - 1 & b + c / 2);
    printf("%d\n", 1 && 30 % 10 >= 0 && 30 % 10 <= 3);
   printf("%d\n", a += a + b);
    a = 2;
   printf("%d\n", a *= b % c);
   a = 2;
   printf("%d\n", a /= c - a);
   a = 2;
   printf("%d\n", a += a -= a *= a);
    printf("%f\n", a = (a = ++b, a + 5, a / 5));
   a = 2;
    printf("%d\n", (a >= b >= 2) ? 1 : 0);
    return 0;
}
```

运行结果:

```
9.500000
0.000000
3.500000
5.500000
0
1
0
1
```

```
1
0
0.000000
0
```

2

编写程序判断一个点是否位于一个正方形内。有一个正方形四个顶点的坐标(x,y)分别是(2,-2), (2,2), (-2,-2), x是横轴,y是纵轴。编写程序程序,判断一个给定的点是否在这个正方形内(包括正方形边界)。要求程序运行时:

- (1) 输入一行,包括两个整数x、y,以一个空格分开,表示坐标(x,y)。
- (2) 输出一行,如果点(x,y)在正方形内,则输出Yes,否则输出No。

源码:

```
# include<stdio.h>
int main()
{
    int x, y;
    printf("Please enter the coordinate:\n");
    scanf("%d %d", &x, &y);
    if (x <= 2 && x >= -2 && y <= 2 && y >= -2)
    {
        printf("Yes");
    }
    else
    {
        printf("No");
    }
    return 0;
}
```

运行结果:

```
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'square.c' -o 'square.exe' -Wac-charset=GBK; if ($?) { &'./square.exe' }
Please enter the coordinate:
-1 -2
Yes
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\cä言\HW3> cd "c:\wsd\vscode\code\cä言\HW3"
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\cä言\HW3> gcc 'square.c' -o 'square.exe' -Wac-charset=GBK; if ($?) { &'./square.exe' }
Please enter the coordinate:
0 2
```

```
Yes
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> cd "c:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3"
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'square.c' -o 'square.exe' -Wac-charset=GBK; if ($?) { &'./square.exe' }
Please enter the coordinate:
1 1
Yes
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> cd "c:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3"
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'square.c' -o 'square.exe' -Wac-charset=GBK; if ($?) { &'./square.exe' }
Please enter the coordinate:
1 3
No
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\code\c语言\HW3>
```

3

设计程序实现输入百分制的成绩,并按照下表输出其对应的五分制等级和GPA。

百分制与五分制间的对照关系表

百分制	五分制	GPA	百分制	五分制	GPA
100~95	A+	4.3	71~68	C	2.0
94~90	A	4. 0	67~65	C-	1.7
89~85	A-	3. 7	64	D+	1.5
84~82	B+	3. 3	63~61	D	1.3
81~78	В	3.0	60	D-	1.0
77~75	В-	2.7	<60	F	0
$74^{\sim}72$	C+	2.3			

程序编写要求:

- (1) 百分制成绩用int类型,在输入百分制成绩后,需要用if语句判断输入成绩的合理性,对 $0\sim100$ 之外的数据给出错误提示,并退出程序;
 - (2) 对0~100的成绩使用switch语句实现分支结构程序,输其五分制等级和GPA

源码:

```
# include <stdio.h>
int main()
    int score,flag;
    printf("Please enter the score(0~100):\n");
    scanf("%d", &score);
   if (score > 100 || score < 0)
        printf("ERROR! The score is out of range!\nPlease enter the right score.");
       return 0;
    }
    else
       if (score >= 95 && score <= 100)
            flag = 1;
        }
        else if (score >= 90 && score < 95)
           flag = 2;
        else if (score >= 85 && score < 90)
        {
           flag = 3;
        else if (score >= 82 && score < 85)
            flag = 4;
        else if (score >= 78 && score < 82)
           flag = 5;
        else if (score >= 75 && score < 78)
        {
           flag = 6;
        else if (score >= 72 && score < 75)
            flag = 7;
        }
        else if (score >= 68 && score < 72)
           flag = 8;
        else if (score >= 65 && score < 68)
        {
           flag = 9;
        else if (score == 64)
            flag = 10;
       }
        else if (score >= 61 && score < 64)
           flag = 11;
```

```
else if (score == 60)
       flag = 12;
   }
   else
   {
       flag = 13;
}
switch (flag)
case 1:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=A+, GPA=4.3", score);
   break;
case 2:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=A, GPA=4.0", score);
   break;
case 3:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=A-, GPA=3.7", score);
   break;
case 4:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=B+, GPA=3.3", score);
   break;
case 5:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=B, GPA=3.0", score);
   break;
case 6:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=B-, GPA=2.7", score);
   break;
case 7:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=C+, GPA=2.3", score);
   break;
case 8:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=C, GPA=2.0", score);
   break;
case 9:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=C-, GPA=1.7", score);
   break;
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=D+, GPA=1.5", score);
   break;
case 11:
   printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=D, GPA=1.3", score);
   break;
```

case 12:

```
printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=D-, GPA=1.0", score);
break;

default:
    printf("百分制=%d, 五分制=F, GPA=0", score);
    break;
}

return 0;
}
```

运行结果:

```
Please enter the score(0~100):
-1
ERROR! The score is out of range!
Please enter the right score.
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> cd "c:\wsd\vsco
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'switch.c'
c-charset=GBK ; if ($?) { &'./switch.exe' }
Please enter the score(0~100):
101
ERROR! The score is out of range!
Please enter the right score.
Please enter the score(0~100):
77
百分制=77, 五分制=B-, GPA=2.7
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> cd "c:\wsd\vsco
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'switch.c'
c-charset=GBK ; if ($?) { &'./switch.exe' }
Please enter the score(0~100):
百分制=0, 五分制=F, GPA=0
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3> gcc 'switch.c'
c-charset=GBK ; if ($?) { &'./switch.exe' }
Please enter the score(0~100):
100
百分制=100, 五分制=A+, GPA=4.3
PS C:\wsd\vscode\code\c语言\HW3>
```