COPYRIGHT @2020 BY SHANAZ WAHID MATH 1152 ASSIGNMENT 1 SOLUTIONS

NUMBER [1]

[i] We can re-write the proposition as the following:

 $a: \sim p \Longrightarrow q$

 $b: \sim r \Longrightarrow \sim q$

 $c: \sim r$

<u>METHOD 1</u>:

We need all of the three premises to all have truth value **T** in the first case. Thus, $\sim r$ is true when r is false.

In the second premise , since $\sim r$ is true this means that $\sim q$ is true , since we need $\sim r \Longrightarrow \sim q$ to be true. This q is false.

Also , the statement p is taken as false since q is false.

p	q	r	$p \longrightarrow q$	$\sim r \longrightarrow \sim q$	$\sim r$	Premises	$\sim p$
F	F	F	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

Hence from the shortened truth table seen above , the conclusion is valid and logically consistent with the premises.

 $\underline{\mathbf{METHOD}\ 2}$: We can set up the entire truth table and test , a \bigwedge b \bigwedge c \longrightarrow d

р	q	r	$p \Longrightarrow q$	$\sim r \Longrightarrow \sim q$	~ r	~ q	a ∧ b ∧ c	~ p	$a \bigwedge b \bigwedge c \Longrightarrow d$
Т	Т	Т	T	Т	F	F	F	F	Т
Т	Т	F	Т	F	Т	F	F	F	Т
Т	F	Т	F	Т	F	Т	F	F	Т
Т	F	F	F	Т	Т	Т	F	F	Т
F	Т	Т	Т	Т	F	F	F	Т	Т
F	Т	F	Т	F	Т	F	F	Т	Т
F	F	Т	Т	Т	F	Т	F	Т	Т
F	F	F	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т

Since a \bigwedge b \bigwedge c \longrightarrow d is a tautology , the conclusion is logically consistent with the propositions.

NUMBER [2]

p: Tom reads the paper

q: Tom watches TV

r: Tom jogs daily

(a) $p \wedge q$ [3 marks]

(b) $p \vee r$ [3 marks]

(c) $p \Longrightarrow \sim q$ [3 marks]

(d) $p \iff r$ [3 marks]

(e) $\sim (r \Longrightarrow p)$ [3 marks]

(f) $(q \lor r) \land \sim (q \land r)$ [3 marks]

NUMBER [3]

- (i) Whenever Tom reads the papers and watches TV , he jogs daily. [4 marks]
- (ii) It is not the case that Tom reads the papers if and only if he watches TV.

 [4 marks]
- (iii) If Tom neither reads the papers nor watches TV then he jogs daily. [4 marks]
- (iv) If Tom doesn't read the papers or he doesn't watch TV then he jogs daily.

 [4 marks]

(v) If Tom reads the papers then either he watches TV or jogs daily.

[4 marks]

- (vi) It is not the case that if Tom reads the papers , he would watch TV when he has jogged. $[4~{\rm marks}]$
- (vii) Tom reads the papers, watches TV and doesn't jog daily. [4 marks]
- (viii) Each day once Tom reads the papers , he decides to watch TV which means that it is time to jog. [4 marks]

NUMBER [4]

- (a) I am not thirsty. [3 marks]
- (b) I am right and you are right. (Both of us are right) [3 marks]
- (c) There is a fire engine which is not real. [3 marks]
- (d) All triangles are not equilateral. [3 marks]
- (e) Somebody knows me. [3 marks]
- (f) All elephants are real. [3 marks]

NUMBER [5]

Let a , b , c , be propositions . We construct the following truth table:

a	b	c	а∧с	$(a \land b) \longrightarrow c$	$b \Longrightarrow c$	$a \longrightarrow (b \longrightarrow c)$
Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т	Т
Т	Т	F	Т	F	F	F
Т	F	Т	F	Т	Т	Т
Т	F	F	F	Т	Т	Т
F	Т	Т	F	Т	Т	Т
F	Т	F	F	Т	F	Т
F	F	Т	F	Т	Т	Т
F	F	F	F	Т	Т	Т
1	2	3	4	5	6	7

Using columns five (5) and seven (7), the statements are equivalent.

ie. (a
$$\bigwedge$$
 b) — c \equiv a — (b — c)

[14 marks]

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