

Analyzing JavaScript Files To Find Bugs



Muhammad Mater · Follow
3 min read · May 23

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Hi Hackers,

JavaScript plays a crucial role in web , and JavaScript files are essential components of web applications. Here are some important reasons why JavaScript files are significant in web

Interactivity: JavaScript enables developers to add interactivity and responsiveness to web pages, making them more engaging and user-friendly.

Dynamic Content: JavaScript allows for the dynamic loading and updating of content on web pages without requiring a full page reload, enhancing the user experience.

Form Validation: JavaScript enables client-side form validation, ensuring that user input meets specific criteria before submission, improving data accuracy and user experience.



JavaScript files can play a significant role in bug bounty programs, where security researchers identify and report vulnerabilities in web applications. JavaScript files can include the following:

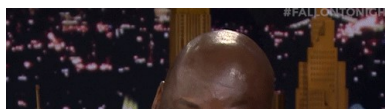
aws access key
aws secret key
api key
passwords
admin credential
secret token
oauth_token
oauth token secret

if you discovered sensitive information it can be reported as information disclosure and you can also benefit from this information if it contains credentials, in this case, it can be reported as broken access control and so on.

State	Resolved (Closed)
Reported to	Managed
Severity	High (7 - 8.9)
Asset Dom...	
Weakness	Information Disclosure
Time spent	2h
Visibility	Private
CVE ID	None
Account de...	None
Custom data	

Important Question: How Can I Analyze JavaScript Files ?

it's easy just view page





Okay I'm kidding

I found valid login credentials in Java script files

Steps to do it

You'll get a list of your domains We call it domains.txt And Any Tool for Crawling URLs

Katana or Waybackurl or gau

```
cat domains.txt | katana | grep js | httpx -mc 200 | tee js.txt
```

explaining the command :

1. `cat domains.txt | katana`: This command uses the `cat` utility to display the contents of the file `domains.txt`. It assumes that `domains.txt` contains a list of domain names or URLs and pass by `|` to `katana` to crawl urls from domains
2. `grep js`: The `grep` command is used for pattern matching in text files. In this case, it is searching for lines that contain the ".js" pattern, which indicates JavaScript files. This filters the output to only include lines that mention JavaScript files.
3. `httpx -mc 200`: This command utilizes the `httpx` tool to send HTTP requests and retrieve responses from the filtered URLs. The `-mc 200` option specifies to only show URLs that return a successful HTTP status code of 200 (OK). This filters out URLs that do not exist or return errors.
4. `tee js.txt`: The `tee` command is used to display the output of a command and save it to a file simultaneously. In this case, it saves the filtered URLs that match the previous criteria into a file called `js.txt`.

Now we have java script links

Scanning by nuclei

```
nuclei -l js.txt -t ~/nuclei-templates/exposures/ -o js_bugs.txt
```

Another Way :

Download All links in js.txt

and do search about these

code :

```
file="js.txt"

# Loop through each line in the file
while IFS= read -r link
do
    # Download the JavaScript file using wget
    wget "$link"
done < "$file"
```

```
grep -r -E "aws_access_key|aws_secret_key|api_key|passwd|pwd|heroku|slack|firebase|swagger|aws_secret_key|aws_key|password|ftp_password|jdbc|db|sql|secret_jet|config|admin|pwd|json|git|htaccess|.env|ssh_key|.git|access_key|secret_token|auth_token|secret_token|oauth_token|smtp" *.js
```

And Boom

```
grep -r -E "aws_access_key|aws_secret_key|api_key|passwd|pwd|heroku|slack|firebase|swagger|aws_secret_key|aws_key|password|ftp_password|jdbc|db|sql|secret_jet|config|admin|pwd|json|git|htaccess|.env|ssh_key|.git|access_key|secret_token|auth_token|secret_token|oauth_token|smtp" *.js
```





Good Bye

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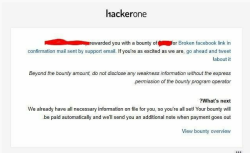
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Just a Boy Loves Infosec (REDTEAM, CTI, OSINT, Bug Bounty)

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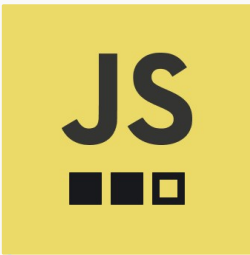
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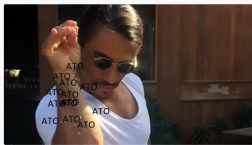


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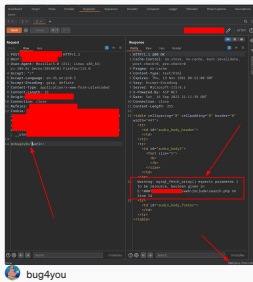
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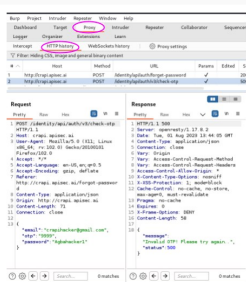


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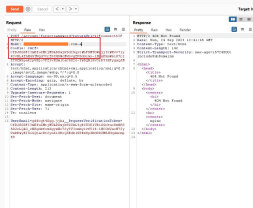
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