Pruning Multiple neurons at one play

March 28, 2017

Compute the performance of MAB methods of pruning Multiple neurons at one time MAP for choosing multi arms at one time

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import time
    import sys
    from numpy import *
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn import metrics
    %matplotlib inline
    #plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (15, 6)
```

1 Load Bokeh

2 Load the data

```
In [3]: X_train = np.load('./heart/X_train.npy')
        y_train = np.load('./heart/y_train.npy')
        X_test = np.load('./heart/X_test.npy')
        y_test = np.load('./heart/y_test.npy')
        X_deploy = np.load('./heart/X_deploy.npy')
        y_deploy = np.load('./heart/y_deploy.npy')
        print('Number of training examples',len(X_train))
        print('Number of validation examples',len(X_test))
        print('Number of testing examples',len(X_deploy))

Number of training examples 380

Number of validation examples 96

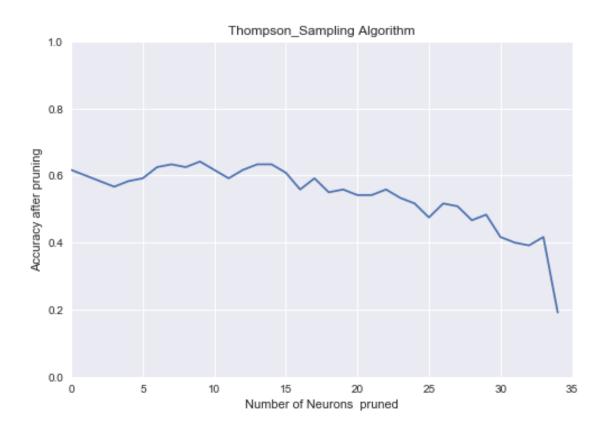
Number of testing examples 120

In [4]: exec(open("core.py").read()) # pyhton 3x
```

2.1 Run Thompson Sampling pruning Algorithm

```
In [5]: algo = Thompson_Sampling([], [])
        Alg_name = 'Thompson_Sampling Algorithm'
        path = './Thompson_Sampling/'
        sys.path.append("./Thompson_Sampling")
        exec(open("mnist_cnnFORTESTING.py").read())
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.6/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/cross_vali
  "This module will be removed in 0.20.", DeprecationWarning)
Using Theano backend.
Test fraction correct (NN-Score) = 1.18
Test fraction correct (NN-Accuracy) = 0.61
The time for running this method is 0.2722129821777344 seconds
Finsh playing start pruining:
Test after pruning= 0.62
Test after pruning= 0.60
Test after pruning= 0.58
Test after pruning= 0.57
Test after pruning= 0.58
Test after pruning= 0.59
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.64
Test after pruning= 0.62
Test after pruning= 0.59
Test after pruning= 0.62
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.61
Test after pruning= 0.56
Test after pruning= 0.59
Test after pruning= 0.55
Test after pruning= 0.56
Test after pruning= 0.54
Test after pruning= 0.54
Test after pruning= 0.56
Test after pruning= 0.53
Test after pruning= 0.52
Test after pruning= 0.48
Test after pruning= 0.52
Test after pruning= 0.51
Test after pruning= 0.47
Test after pruning= 0.48
Test after pruning= 0.42
Test after pruning= 0.40
```

```
Test after pruning= 0.39
Test after pruning= 0.42
Test after pruning= 0.19
```

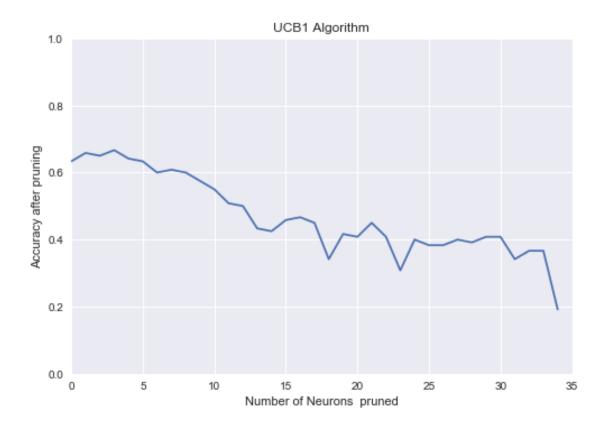


2.2 Run UCB1 pruning Algorithm

```
In [6]: algo = UCB1([], [])
          Alg_name = 'UCB1 Algorithm'
          path = './UCB1/'
          sys.path.append("./UCB1")
          exec(open("mnist_cnnFORTESTING.py").read())

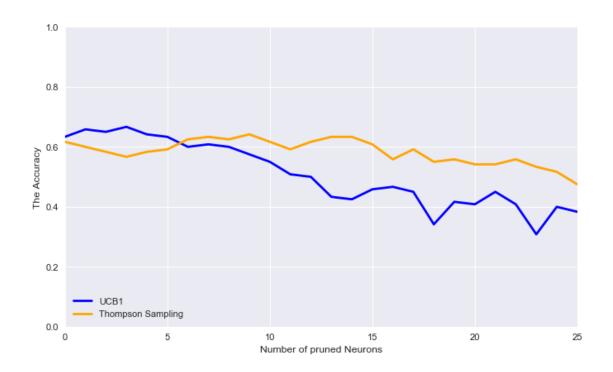
Test fraction correct (NN-Score) = 1.18
Test fraction correct (NN-Accuracy) = 0.61
The time for running this method is 0.27788591384887695 seconds
Finsh playing start pruining:
Test after pruning= 0.63
Test after pruning= 0.66
Test after pruning= 0.65
Test after pruning= 0.67
Test after pruning= 0.67
```

Test after pruning= 0.63 Test after pruning= 0.60 Test after pruning= 0.61 Test after pruning= 0.60 Test after pruning= 0.58 Test after pruning= 0.55 Test after pruning= 0.51 Test after pruning= 0.50 Test after pruning= 0.43 Test after pruning= 0.43 Test after pruning= 0.46 Test after pruning= 0.47 Test after pruning= 0.45 Test after pruning= 0.34 Test after pruning= 0.42 Test after pruning= 0.41 Test after pruning= 0.45 Test after pruning= 0.41 Test after pruning= 0.31 Test after pruning= 0.40 Test after pruning= 0.38 Test after pruning= 0.38 Test after pruning= 0.40 Test after pruning= 0.39 Test after pruning= 0.41 Test after pruning= 0.41 Test after pruning= 0.34 Test after pruning= 0.37 Test after pruning= 0.37 Test after pruning= 0.19



3 Compare the accuracy

```
In [7]: ucb1 = np.load('./UCB1/AccuracyAftrerPrune.npy')
        ThompsonSampling = np.load('./Thompson_Sampling/AccuracyAftrerPrune.npy')
        Accuracy = np.load('AccuracyBeforePruning.npy')
In [8]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
        ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
        N = len(ucb1)
        ind = np.arange(N)
                                          # the x locations for the groups
        plt.plot(ind , ucb1 , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="UCB1")
        plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Th
        plt.legend(loc = 3)
        plt.axis([0, 25, 0, 1])
        plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
        plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
```



```
In [9]: p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
        p1.line(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", line_color="blue", line_width=2)
        p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="red", line_width=
        p1.title.align = "center"
        show(p1)
```

4 Comparing All algorithms with the model before pruning

