Pruning Multiple neurons at one play

March 28, 2017

Compute the performance of MAB methods of pruning Multiple neurons at one time MAP for choosing multi arms at one time

```
In [1]: import numpy as np
    import time
    import sys
    from numpy import *
    import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
    from sklearn import metrics
    %matplotlib inline
    #plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (15, 6)
```

1 Load Bokeh

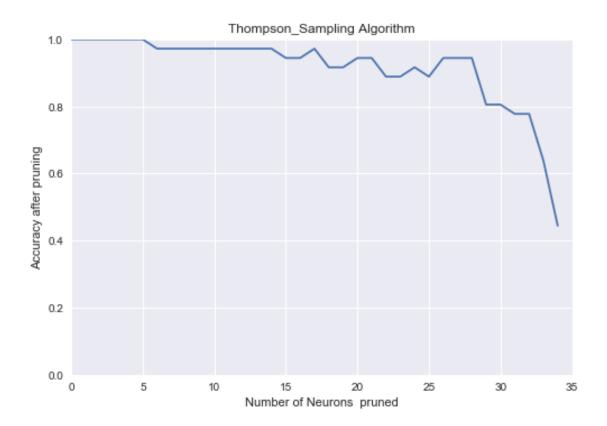
2 Load the data

```
In [3]: X_train = np.load('./wine/X_train.npy')
        y_train = np.load('./wine/Y_train.npy')
        X_test = np.load('./wine/X_test.npy')
        y_test = np.load('./wine/Y_test.npy')
        X_deploy = np.load('./wine/X_deploy.npy')
        y_deploy = np.load('./wine/y_deploy.npy')
        print('Number of training examples',len(X_train))
        print('Number of validation examples',len(X_test))
        print('Number of testing examples',len(X_deploy))

Number of training examples 113
Number of validation examples 29
Number of testing examples 36
In [4]: exec(open("core.py").read()) # pyhton 3x
```

2.1 Run Thompson Sampling pruning Algorithm

```
In [5]: algo = Thompson_Sampling([], [])
        Alg_name = 'Thompson_Sampling Algorithm'
        path = './Thompson_Sampling/'
        sys.path.append("./Thompson_Sampling")
        exec(open("mnist_cnnFORTESTING.py").read())
29 test samples
/Library/Frameworks/Python.framework/Versions/3.6/lib/python3.6/site-packages/sklearn/cross_vali
  "This module will be removed in 0.20.", DeprecationWarning)
Using Theano backend.
Test score: 0.111571490765
Test accuracy: 0.965517222881
The time for running this method is 0.04523801803588867 seconds
Finsh playing start pruining:
Test accuracy after pruning: 1.0
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.97222222222
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.97222222222
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.916666666667
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.916666666667
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.888888888889
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.888888888889
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.916666666667
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.888888888889
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.944444444444
```



2.2 Run UCB1 pruning Algorithm

```
In [6]: algo = UCB1([], [])
    Alg_name = 'UCB1 Algorithm'
    path = './UCB1/'
    sys.path.append("./UCB1")
    exec(open("mnist_cnnFORTESTING.py").read())
```

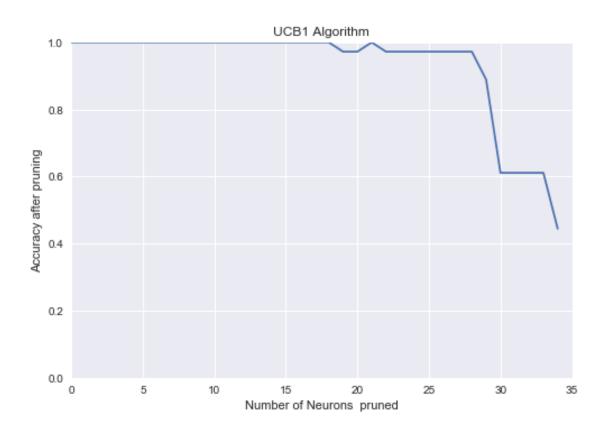
29 test samples

Test score: 0.111571490765 Test accuracy: 0.965517222881

The time for running this method is 0.04781603813171387 seconds

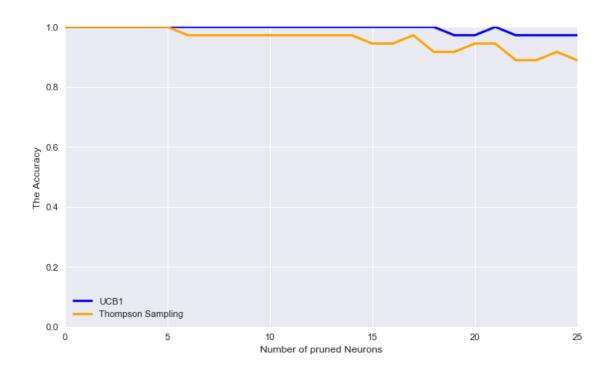
Finsh playing start pruining: Test accuracy after pruning: 1.0

```
Test accuracy after pruning: 1.0
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.97222222222
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.97222222222
Test accuracy after pruning: 1.0
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.97222222222
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.888888888889
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.611111111111
Test accuracy after pruning: 0.444444444444
```



3 Compare the accuracy

```
In [7]: ucb1 = np.load('./UCB1/AccuracyAftrerPrune.npy')
        ThompsonSampling = np.load('./Thompson_Sampling/AccuracyAftrerPrune.npy')
        Accuracy = np.load('AccuracyBeforePruning.npy')
In [8]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
        ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
        N = len(ucb1)
        ind = np.arange(N)
                                          # the x locations for the groups
        plt.plot(ind , ucb1 , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="UCB1")
        plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Th
        plt.legend(loc = 3)
        plt.axis([0, 25, 0, 1])
        plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
        plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
        plt.grid(True)
        plt.show()
```



4 Comparing All algorithms with the model before pruning

