Compression Normal-Absolute WineQuality Dataset

March 24, 2017

Compute the performance of MAB methods

```
In [33]: import numpy as np
         import time
         import sys
         import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
         from sklearn import metrics
         %matplotlib inline
         #plt.rcParams['figure.figsize'] = (15, 6)
```

0.1 Load BOKEH libariry

```
In [34]: from bokeh.layouts import row, gridplot
         from bokeh.plotting import figure, output_notebook, show
         from bokeh.models import Legend
         TOOLS = 'box_zoom,box_select,crosshair,resize,reset,lasso_select,pan,save,poly_select,t
         output_notebook()
```

1 Compare the accuracy of the models

1.1 Load the pruned algorithm from normal prune

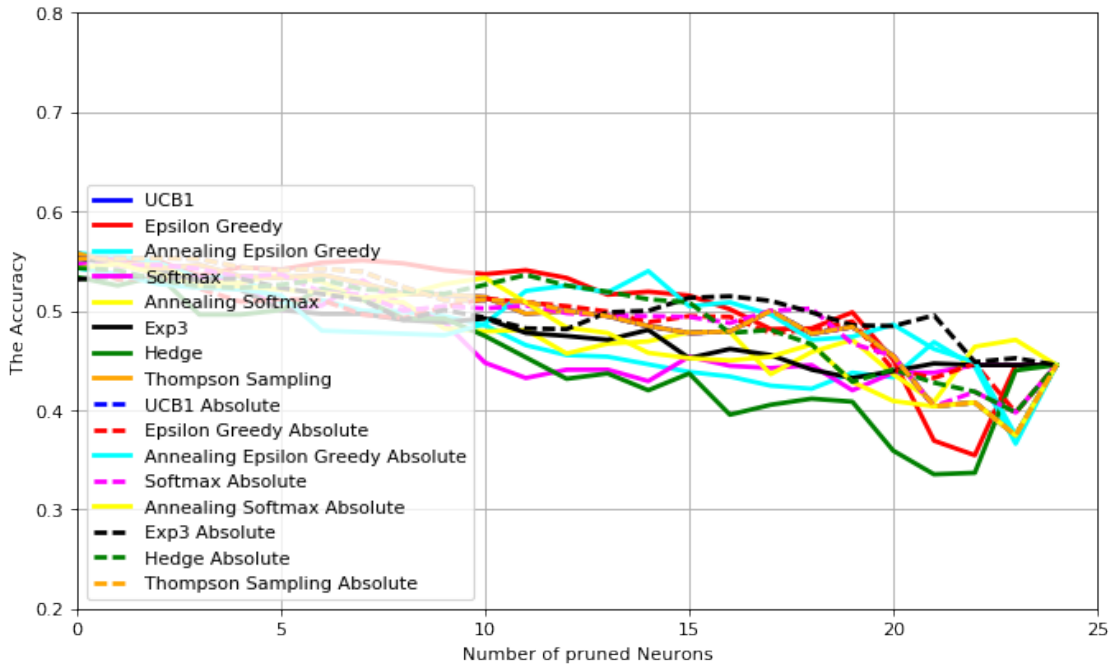
```
In [35]: ucb1 = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/UCB1/AccuracyAf
         EpsilonGreedy = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Epsilo
         AnnealingEpsilonGreedy = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuil
         Softmax = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Softmax/Accu
         AnnealingSoftmax = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Ann
         Exp3 = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Exp3/AccuracyAf
         Hedge = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Hedge/Accuracy
         ThompsonSampling = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/Tho
         Accuracy = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook/python_WineQuilty/AccuracyBef
```

1.2 Load the pruned algorithm from absulate prune

```
In [36]: ucb1_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_output/python_Win
         EpsilonGreedy_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_output/p
         AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving
```

```
Softmax_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_output/python_
AnnealingSoftmax_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_outpu
Exp3_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_output/python_Win
Hedge_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_output/python_Wi
ThompsonSampling_absulate = np.load('/Users/salemameen/Desktop/banditsbook_moving_outpu
```

In [37]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
N = len(ucb1)
## necessary variables
ind = np.arange(N)                # the x locations for the groups
### Normal algoritms
plt.plot(ind , ucb1 , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="UCB1")
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Epsilon
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, color="cyan", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", labe
plt.plot(ind , Softmax, color="magenta", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Softmax")
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax, color="yellow", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="A
plt.plot(ind , Exp3, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Exp3")
plt.plot(ind , Hedge, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Hedge")
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="T
### Absuluate once algoritms
plt.plot(ind , ucb1_absulate , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="UCB1
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", labe
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="cyan", linewidth=2.5, linestyle=
plt.plot(ind , Softmax_absulate, color="magenta", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label=
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, color="yellow", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-",
plt.plot(ind , Exp3_absulate, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Exp3
plt.plot(ind , Hedge_absulate, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Hed
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling_absulate, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--"
############################
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



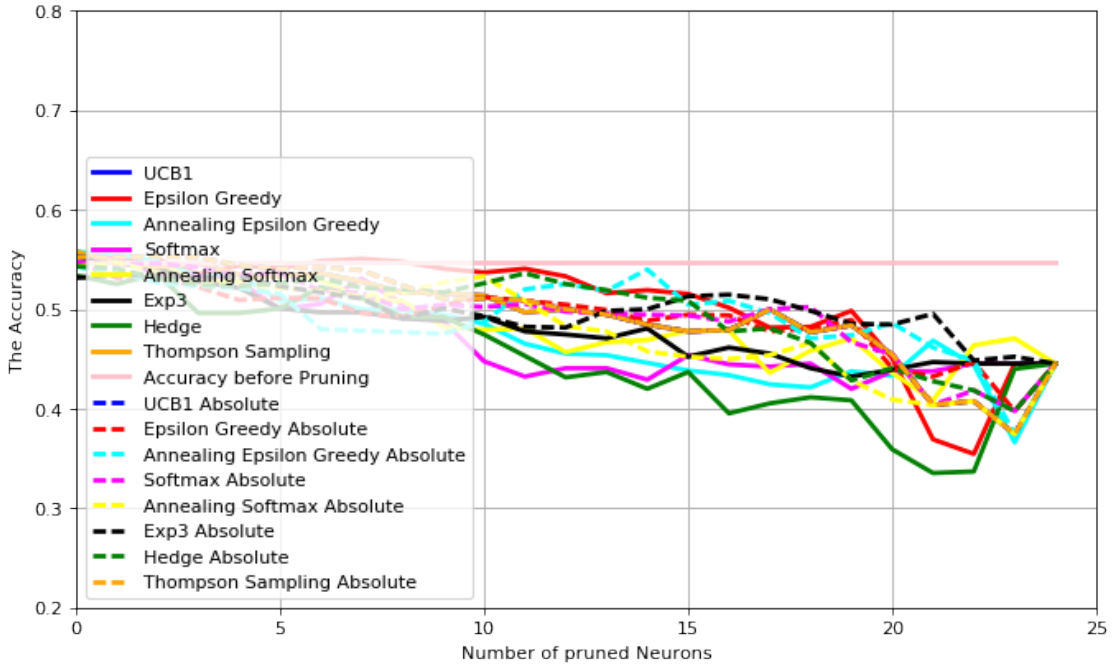

```
In [38]: p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
         # Normal pruned
         #p1.circle(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", color="orange")
         p1.line(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", line_color="orange", line_width=2)
         #p1.square(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", fill_color=None, line_color="re
         p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", line_color="red", line_width=2)
         #p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
         p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color="blu
         #p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
         p1.line(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green", line_width=2)
         #p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
         p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", line_widt
         #p1.oval(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", height=0.01, width=0.01)
         p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", line_width=2)
         #p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         #p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         p1.line(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow", line_width=2)
         #p1.square_cross(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink")
         p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink", line_widt
         #p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="2*sin(x)", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_widt
         #p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
         ##### ================================================================================
         # Absulate pruned
         p1.circle(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="orange", line_width=2
         p1.line(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="orange", line_width=2)
```

```
#p1.square(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", fill_color=None, line_color="re
p1.circle(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="re
p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="red"
#p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
p1.circle(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolu
p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolute
#p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
p1.circle(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="green", line_wi
p1.line(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="green", line_widt
#p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
p1.circle(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_col
p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_color
#p1.oval(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", height=0.01, width=0.01)
p1.circle(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="black", line_width=2)
p1.line(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="black", line_width=2)
#p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
#p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
p1.circle(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="yellow", line_width
p1.line(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="yellow", line_width=2
#p1.square_cross(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink")
p1.circle(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_col
p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_color
#p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="2*sin(x)", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_widt
#p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
p1.title.align = "center"
show(p1)
#show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```

1.3 Comparing All algorithms with the model before pruning

In [39]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
N = len(ucb1)
Acc = [Accuracy for col in range(N)]
## necessary variables
ind = np.arange(N)                # the x locations for the groups
plt.plot(ind , ucb1 , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="UCB1")
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Epsilon
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, color="cyan", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", labe
plt.plot(ind , Softmax, color="magenta", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Softmax")
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax, color="yellow", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="A
plt.plot(ind , Exp3, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Exp3")
plt.plot(ind , Hedge, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Hedge")
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="T
plt.plot(ind , Acc, color="pink", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Accuracy before
### Absuluate once algoritms
plt.plot(ind , ucb1_absulate , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="UCB1
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", labe
```

```
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="cyan", linewidth=2.5, linestyle=
plt.plot(ind , Softmax_absulate, color="magenta", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label=
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, color="yellow", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--"
plt.plot(ind , Exp3_absulate, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Exp3
plt.plot(ind , Hedge_absulate, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Hed
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling_absulate, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--"
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



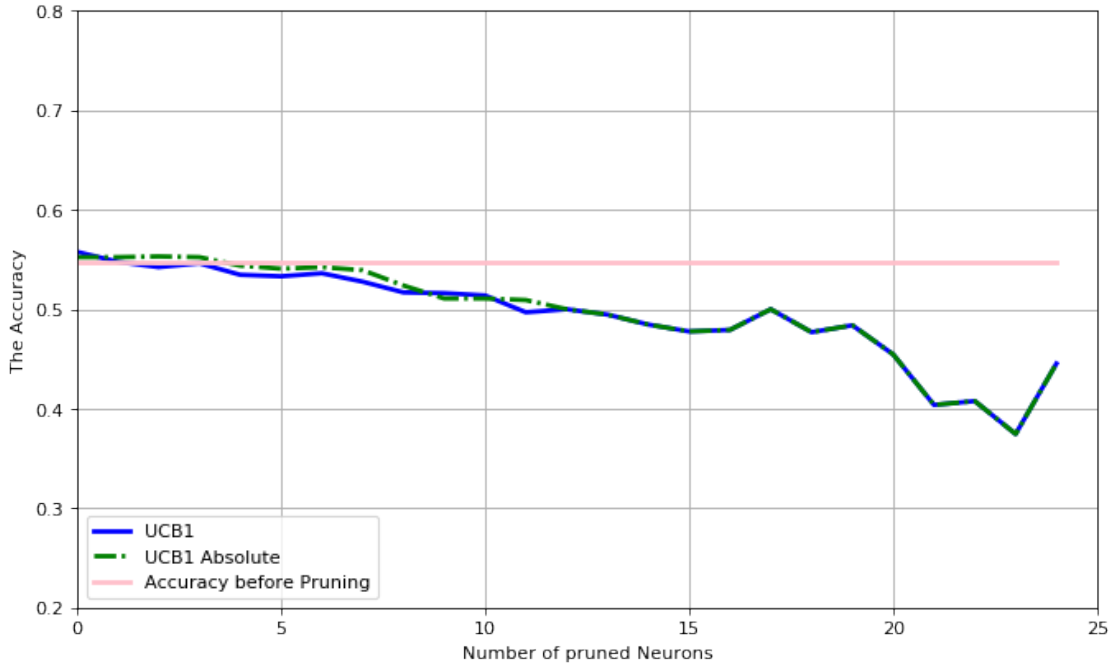
In [40]:
```
p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
# Normal pruned
#p1.circle(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", color="orange")
p1.line(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", line_color="orange", line_width=2)
#p1.square(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", fill_color=None, line_color="re
p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", line_color="red", line_width=2)
#p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color="blu
#p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
p1.line(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green", line_width=2)
#p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", line_widt
```

```
        #p1.oval(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", height=0.01, width=0.01)
        p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", line_width=2)
        #p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
        #p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
        p1.line(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow", line_width=2)
        #p1.square_cross(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink")
        p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink", line_widt
        #p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="2*sin(x)", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_widt
        #p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
        ##### ================================================================================
        # Absulate pruned
        # Absulate pruned
        p1.circle(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="orange", line_width=2
        p1.line(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="orange", line_width=2)
        #p1.square(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", fill_color=None, line_color="re
        p1.circle(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="re
        p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="red"
        #p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
        p1.circle(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolu
        p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolute
        #p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
        p1.circle(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="green", line_wi
        p1.line(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="green", line_widt
        #p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
        p1.circle(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_col
        p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_color
        #p1.oval(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", height=0.01, width=0.01)
        p1.circle(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="black", line_width=2)
        p1.line(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="black", line_width=2)
        #p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
        #p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
        p1.circle(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="yellow", line_width
        p1.line(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="yellow", line_width=2
        #p1.square_cross(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink")
        p1.circle(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_col
        p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_color
        p1.line(ind, Acc, legend="Accuracy", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_width=
        #p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
        p1.title.align = "center"
        show(p1)
        #show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```

1.4 UCB1

In [41]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
N = len(ucb1)
Acc = [Accuracy for col in range(N)]
```

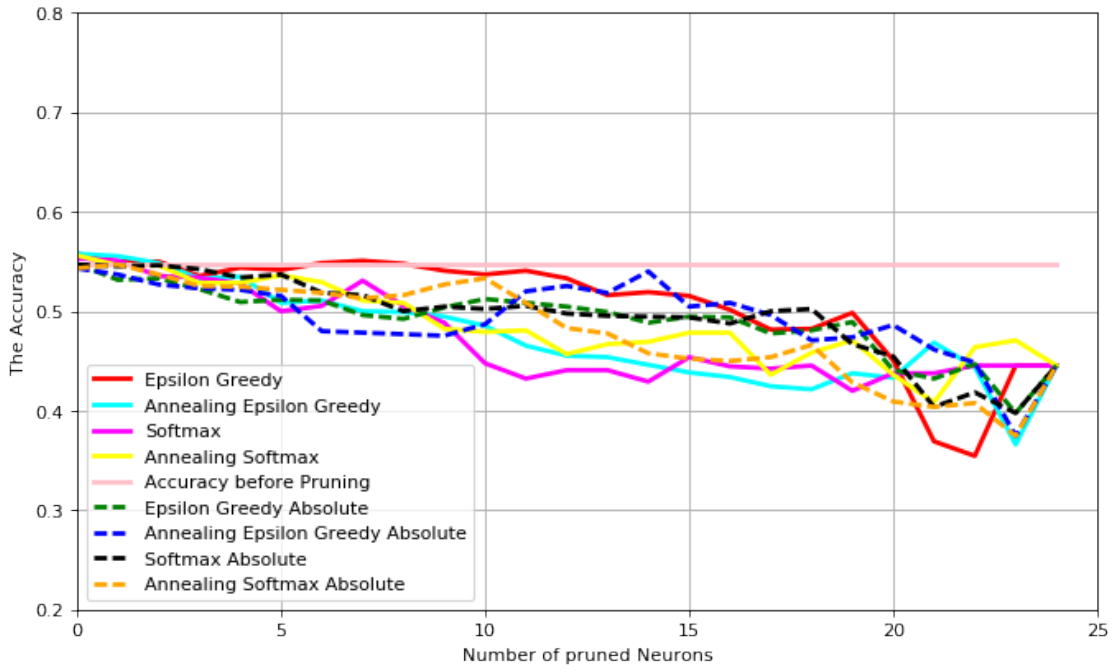
```
## necessary variables
ind = np.arange(N)                # the x locations for the groups
plt.plot(ind , ucb1 , color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="UCB1")
plt.plot(ind , ucb1_absulate , color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-.", label="UCB
plt.plot(ind , Acc, color="pink", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Accuracy before
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



In [42]:
```
p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
#p1.circle(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", color="orange")
p1.line(ind, ucb1, legend="ucb1", line_color="blue", line_width=2)
p1.circle(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="green", line_width=2)
p1.line(ind, ucb1_absulate, legend="ucb1 Absolute", line_color="green", line_width=2)
p1.line(ind, Acc, legend="Accuracy", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_width=
#p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
p1.title.align = "center"
show(p1)
#show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```

1.5 Epsilon greedy and Softmax

In [43]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
N = len(EpsilonGreedy)
Acc = [Accuracy for col in range(N)]
## necessary variables
ind = np.arange(N)                  # the x locations for the groups
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Epsilon
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, color="cyan", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", labe
plt.plot(ind , Softmax, color="magenta", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Softmax")
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax, color="yellow", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="A
plt.plot(ind , Acc, color="pink", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Accuracy before
plt.plot(ind , EpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", la
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle=
plt.plot(ind , Softmax_absulate, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="S
plt.plot(ind , AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--"
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

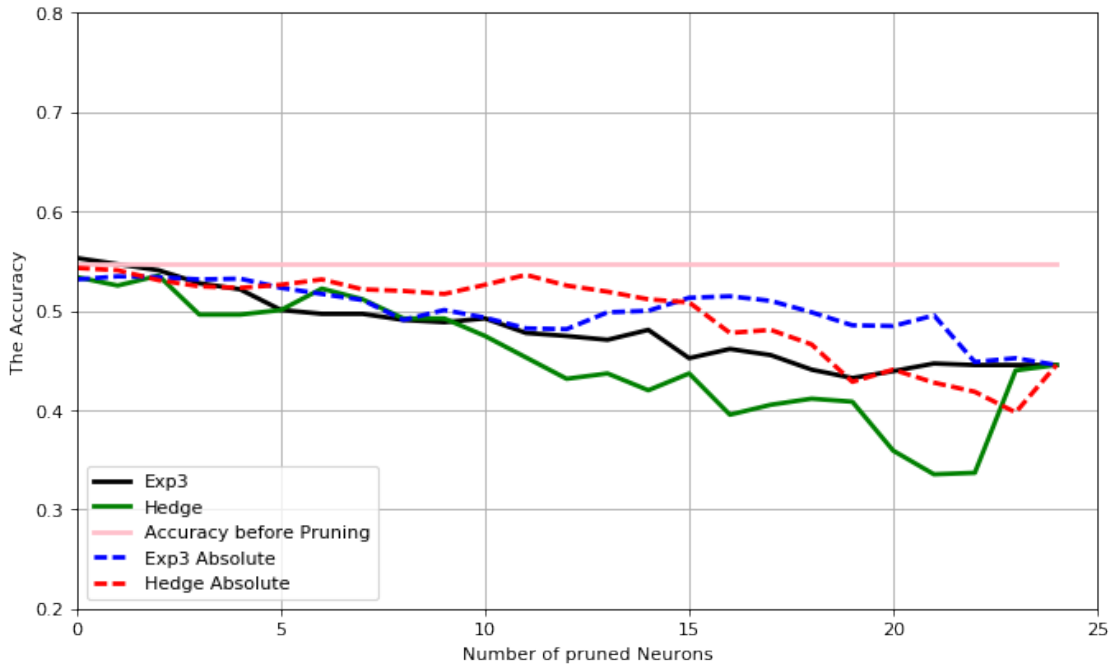


In [44]:
```
p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
#p1.square(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", fill_color=None, line_color="re
```

```
p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy, legend="Epsilon Greedy", line_color="red", line_width=2)
#p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color="blu
#p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
p1.line(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green", line_width=2)
#p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", line_widt
p1.circle(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="or
p1.line(ind, EpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Epsilon Greedy Absolute", line_color="oran
#p1.ellipse(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy", line_color=
p1.circle(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolu
p1.line(ind, AnnealingEpsilonGreedy_absulate, legend="Annealing Epsilon Greedy Absolute
#p1.diamond(ind, Softmax, legend="Softmax", line_color="green")
p1.circle(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="cyan", line_wid
p1.line(ind, Softmax_absulate, legend="Softmax Absolute", line_color="cyan", line_width
#p1.arc(ind, AnnealingSoftmax, legend="Annealing Softmax", line_color="grey", end_angle
p1.circle(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_col
p1.line(ind, AnnealingSoftmax_absulate, legend="Annealing Softmax Absolute", line_color
p1.line(ind, Acc, legend="Accuracy", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="black", line_width=2
#p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
p1.title.align = "center"
show(p1)
#show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```

1.6 Adversial Bandits Hedge and EXP3

In [45]:
```
fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
N = len(Exp3)
Acc = [Accuracy for col in range(N)]
## necessary variables
ind = np.arange(N)                # the x locations for the groups
plt.plot(ind , Exp3, color="black", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Exp3")
plt.plot(ind , Hedge, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Hedge")
plt.plot(ind , Acc, color="pink", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Accuracy before
plt.plot(ind , Exp3_absulate, color="blue", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Exp3
plt.plot(ind , Hedge_absulate, color="red", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--", label="Hedge
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```

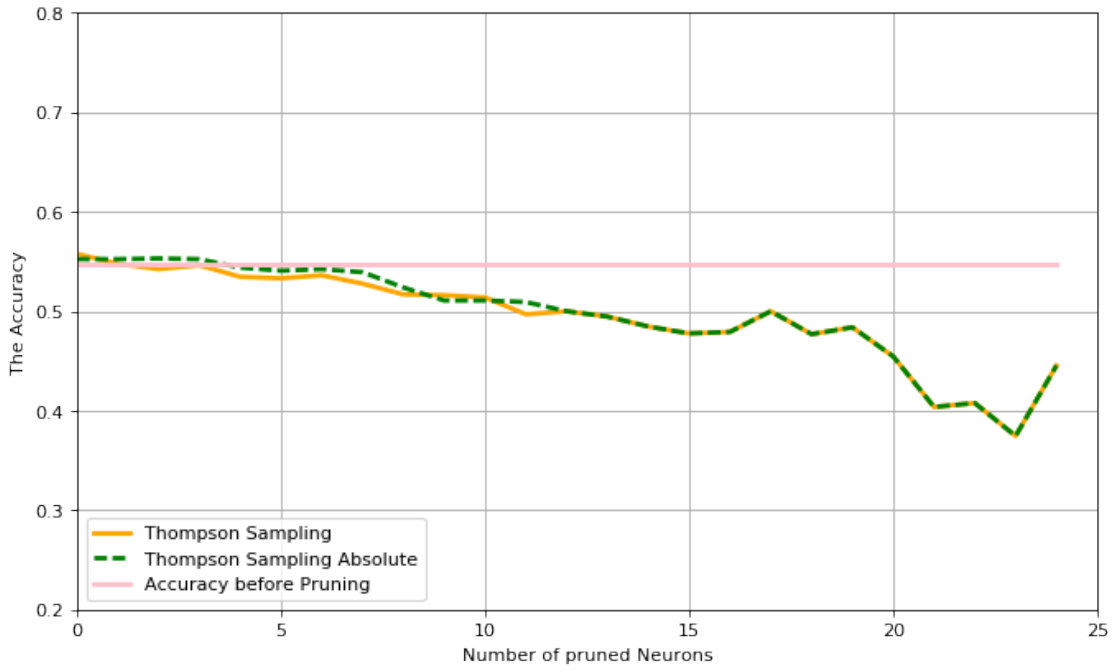



```
In [46]: p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
         #p1.oval(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", height=0.01, width=0.01)
         p1.line(ind, Exp3, legend="Exp3", line_color="black", line_width=2)
         #p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         #p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         p1.line(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow", line_width=2)
         p1.circle(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="green", line_width=2)
         p1.line(ind, Exp3_absulate, legend="Exp3 Absolute", line_color="green", line_width=2)
         #p1.arc(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         #p1.triangle(ind, Hedge, legend="Hedge", line_color="yellow")
         p1.circle(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="red", line_width=2)
         p1.line(ind, Hedge_absulate, legend="Hedge Absolute", line_color="red", line_width=2)
         p1.line(ind, Acc, legend="Accuracy", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_width=
         #p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
         p1.title.align = "center"
         show(p1)
         #show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```

2 Thompson Sampling

```
In [47]: fig = plt.figure(figsize=(10, 6), dpi=80)
         ax = fig.add_subplot(111)
         N = len(ThompsonSampling)
         Acc = [Accuracy for col in range(N)]
         ## necessary variables
```

```
ind = np.arange(N)                # the x locations for the groups
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling, color="orange", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="T
plt.plot(ind , ThompsonSampling_absulate, color="green", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="--",
plt.plot(ind , Acc, color="pink", linewidth=2.5, linestyle="-", label="Accuracy before
plt.legend(loc = 3)
plt.axis([0, 25, 0.2, 0.8])
plt.xlabel('Number of pruned Neurons')
plt.ylabel('The Accuracy')
plt.grid(True)
plt.show()
```



In [48]:
```
p1 = figure(title="The Performance over the number of neurons' pruned", tools=TOOLS)
#p1.square_cross(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink")
p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling, legend="Thompson Sampling", line_color="pink", line_widt
p1.line(ind, Acc, legend="Accuracy", line_dash=(4, 4), line_color="orange", line_width=
p1.circle(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_col
p1.line(ind, ThompsonSampling_absulate, legend="Thompson Sampling Absolute", line_color
#p1.square(ind, Hedge, legend="3*sin(x)", fill_color=None, line_color="brown")
p1.title.align = "center"
show(p1)
#show(gridplot(p1, p2, ncols=2, plot_width=400, plot_height=400))  # open a browser
```