

FE5222 Homework 4: Due by Thursday, Oct 24

October 12, 2019

1. (25 Points) Your firm owns 100 puts. Each put has a delta of -0.40 , gamma of 0.04 and theta of -7.3 . The underlying price is $\$100.0$.
 - (a) How many shares should you buy or short in order to delta-hedge this position?
 - (b) After you have delta hedged the position, how much would you expect to make if, by the end of the next day, the stock moved up 1%. Down 1%? Assume 365 days a year (hence $dt = \frac{1}{365.0}$ for 1 day) and 0% interest rate.
 - (c) If the stock moves up 4% (on the same day), how many more shares of stock should you buy or short to keep your position delta neutral?
2. (35 Points) Replicate the payoff of a one-year down-and-out European put with a strike of 80 and a barrier of 60. The current stock price is 100. The stock pays no dividends, and the riskless rate is zero. Assume BSM and an implied volatility of 20%.
 - (a) Use three vanilla European options to match the payoff of the down-and-out put a) at expiration when the barrier has not been hit, b) six months prior to expiration, at barrier and c) today, at barrier.
 - (b) What is the value of replication portfolio?
3. (25 Points) Let $C(t, S(t))$ be the price of a call option at time t when the stock price is $S(t)$ in the BSM model. Assume interest rate r is zero. Let

$$\Gamma(t) = \frac{\partial^2 C(t, S)}{\partial S^2} \Big|_{S=S(t)}$$

be the gamma at time t when the stock price is $S(t)$.

Show that

$$\mathbb{E} \left[\left(\Gamma(t) S^2(t) \right)^2 \right] \approx \Gamma^2(0) S^4(0) \sqrt{\frac{T^2}{T^2 - t^2}}$$

4. (15 Points) Let $V(S, K) = (S - K)^2 1_{[S \geq K]}$, derive the second-order derivative $\frac{\partial V(S, K)}{\partial S^2}$ using Heaviside function and/or Dirac Delta function.