



## **Project: Data Collection Pipeline (Data Acquisition to Story Telling)**

### **Week 8: Deliverables**

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## 1. Project Plan

Week	Date	Plan
Week 7	19 May 2023	Perform Data acquisition. (Generate data)
Week 8	26 May 2023	Collecting all Datasets into master data using script.
Week 9	02 June 2023	Clean the data and perform dedup check.
Week 10	09 June 2023	Visualize the data into Dashboard.
Week 11	16 June 2023	Create a batch which will at specified time and dump the data into master file
Week 12	23 June 2023	Document the challenges encountered during this implementation.
Week 13	30 June 2023	Final Project Report and Code

## 2. Problem Statement

XYZ company is collecting the data customer using google forms and they have floated n number of forms on the web.

Company wants to create a pipeline which will collect all the data of these google forms and visualize the data in the dashboard.

The dataset needs to be clean and if there is any data issue present in the data then it should be treated by this pipeline (duplicate data or junk data. Dedup check should be preformed on the email id of the customer.

## 3. Data Understanding

The source of the data used in this analysis is company data. It includes personal information about individuals such as their age, gender, marital status, education level, number of children, and number of languages spoken. The data also includes a satisfaction rate variable, which represents the level of satisfaction of the individuals. The data was collected from various sources and merged into a single file to provide

a comprehensive view of the customers. By analyzing this data, we can gain insights into the characteristics and preferences of the customers, which can help companies make informed decisions about their products and services.

#### 4.Types of Data

Based on the merged data, we can identify the following types of data:

1.Categorical Data: Gender, Marital Status, Education Level, and Languages Spoken are categorical variables. They have a limited number of possible values and often represent characteristics or attributes of the customers.

2.Numerical Data: Age, Number of Children, Number of Languages Spoken, and Satisfaction Rate are numerical variables. They have a range of values and often represent quantitative measurements of the customers.

