# reg\_year\_r\_random\_points

March 2, 2024

## 0.1 Importing

```
import xarray as xr
import numpy as np
import pandas as pd
import matplotlib.pyplot as plt

from sklearn.model_selection import train_test_split
from sklearn import preprocessing

from sklearn.neural_network import MLPRegressor
from sklearn.ensemble import BaggingRegressor

from sklearn.metrics import mean_squared_error as mse
import os

from time import sleep
from tqdm.auto import tqdm
import dill
import random
import salishsea_tools.viz_tools as sa_vi
```

## 0.2 Datasets Preparation

```
ds_bio_name = ('/results2/SalishSea/nowcast-green.202111/' + i + '/
SalishSea_1d_' + '20' + str(i[5:7]) + str(dict_month[i[2:5]])+str(i[0:2]) +11
φ'_' + '20' + str(i[5:7]) + str(dict_month[i[2:5]]) + str(i[0:2]) + '_biol_T.
onc')
   ds = xr.open dataset (ds name)
    ds_bio = xr. open_dataset (ds_bio_name)
    date = pd.DatetimeIndex(ds['time_counter'].values)
   temp_i1 = (ds.votemper.where(mask==1)[0,0:15] * ds.e3t.where(mask==1)
         [0,0:15]).sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 15) / mesh.
\rightarrowgdepw_0[0,15]
    temp_i2 = (ds.votemper.where(mask==1)[0,15:27] * ds.e3t.where(mask==1)
         [0,15:27]).sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 12) / (mesh.
\neg gdepw_0[0,27] - mesh.gdepw_0[0,14])
    saline_i1 = (ds.vosaline.where(mask==1)[0,0:15] * ds.e3t.where(mask==1)
         [0,0:15]).sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 15) / mesh.
\rightarrowgdepw_0[0,15]
    saline i2 = (ds.vosaline.where(mask==1)[0,15:27] * ds.e3t.where(mask==1)
         [0,15:27]).sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 12) / (mesh.

¬gdepw_0[0,27] - mesh.gdepw_0[0,14])
    diat_i = (ds_bio.diatoms.where(mask==1)[0,0:27] * ds.e3t.where(mask==1)
         [0,0:27]).sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 27) / mesh.
\rightarrowgdepw_0[0,27]
    # flag_i = (ds_bio.flagellates.where(mask==1)[0,0:27] * ds.e3t.
\rightarrowwhere(mask==1)
           [0,0:27]). sum('deptht', skipna = True, min_count = 27) / mesh.
\hookrightarrow gdepw_0[0,27]
   return (date, temp_i1, temp_i2, saline_i1, saline_i2, diat_i)
```

#### 0.3 Regressor

```
[]: def regressor (inputs, targets):
    inputs = inputs.transpose()

# Regressor
scale = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
inputs = scale.fit_transform(inputs)
X_train, _, y_train, _ = train_test_split(inputs, targets, train_size=0.35)

drivers_all = np.array([[],[],[],[]])
```

## 1 Printing

```
[]: def printing (targets, outputs, m):
    print ('The amount of data points is', outputs.size)
    print ('The slope of the best fitting line is ', np.round(m,3))
    print ('The correlation coefficient is:', np.round(np.corrcoef(targets,u)))
    outputs)[0][1],3))
    print (' The mean square error is:', np.round(mse(targets,outputs),5))
```

## 1.1 Scatter Plot

#### 1.2 Plotting

```
[]: def plotting(variable, name):

    plt.plot(years,variable, marker = '.', linestyle = '')
    plt.legend(['diatom','flagellate'])
    plt.xlabel('Years')
    plt.ylabel(name)
    plt.show()
```

#### 1.3 Plotting 2

```
fig, ax = plt.subplots()

scatter= ax.scatter(dates,variable, marker='.', c=pd.DatetimeIndex(dates).

month)

ax.legend(handles=scatter.legend_elements()[0],__

labels=['February','March','April'])
```

```
fig.suptitle('Daily ' + title + ' (15 Feb - 30 Apr)')
fig.show()
```

## 1.4 Plotting 3

```
[]: def plotting3(targets, model, variable, variable_name):
         fig, ax = plt.subplots(2,2, figsize = (10,15))
         cmap = plt.get_cmap('cubehelix')
         cmap.set_bad('gray')
         variable.plot(ax=ax[0,0], cmap=cmap, vmin = targets.min(), vmax =targets.
      →max(), cbar_kwargs={'label': variable_name + ' Concentration [mmol m-2]'})
         model.plot(ax=ax[0,1], cmap=cmap, vmin = targets.min(), vmax = targets.
      wmax(), cbar_kwargs={'label': variable_name + ' Concentration [mmol m-2]'})
         ((variable-model) / variable * 100).plot(ax=ax[1,0], cmap=cmap,__
      →cbar_kwargs={'label': variable_name + ' Concentration [percentage]'})
         plt.subplots_adjust(left=0.1,
            bottom=0.1,
            right=0.95,
            top=0.95,
            wspace=0.35,
            hspace=0.35)
         sa_vi.set_aspect(ax[0,0])
         sa_vi.set_aspect(ax[0,1])
         sa_vi.set_aspect(ax[1,0])
         ax[0,0].title.set_text(variable_name + ' (targets)')
         ax[0,1].title.set text(variable name + ' (outputs)')
         ax[1,0].title.set_text('targets - outputs')
         ax[1,1].axis('off')
         fig.suptitle(str(date.date[0]))
         plt.show()
```

#### 1.5 Regressor 2

```
[]: def regressor2 (inputs, targets, variable_name):
    inputs = inputs.transpose()

# Regressor
    scale = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
    inputs2 = scale.fit_transform(inputs)

    outputs_test = regr.predict(inputs2)

m = scatter_plot(targets, outputs_test, variable_name)
    r = np.round(np.corrcoef(targets, outputs_test)[0][1],3)
    rms = np.round(mse(targets, outputs_test),4)

return (r, rms, m)
```

#### 1.6 Regressor 3

```
[]: def regressor3 (inputs, targets, variable_name):
         inputs = inputs.transpose()
         # Regressor
         scale = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
         inputs2 = scale.fit_transform(inputs)
         outputs = regr.predict(inputs2)
         # Post processing
         indx2 = np.full((898*398), np.nan)
         indx2[indx[0]] = outputs
         model = np.reshape(indx2,(898,398))
         m = scatter_plot(targets, outputs, variable_name + ' (Testing dataset)')
         # Preparation of the dataarray
         model = xr.DataArray(model,
             coords = {'y': diat_i.y, 'x': diat_i.x},
             dims = ['y', 'x'],
             attrs=dict( long_name = variable_name + " Concentration",
             units="mmol m-2"),)
         plotting3(targets, model, diat_i, variable_name)
```

#### 1.7 Regressor 4

```
[]: def regressor4 (inputs, targets, variable_name):
    inputs = inputs.transpose()

# Regressor
scale = preprocessing.StandardScaler()
inputs2 = scale.fit_transform(inputs)

outputs_test = regr.predict(inputs2)

# compute slope m and intercept b
m, b = np.polyfit(targets, outputs_test, deg=1)

r = np.round(np.corrcoef(targets, outputs_test)[0][1],3)
rms = np.round(mse(targets, outputs_test),4)

return (r, rms, m)
```

### 1.8 Training (Random Points)

```
[]: dict_month = {'jan': '01',
               'feb': '02',
               'mar': '03',
               'apr': '04',
               'may': '05',
               'jun': '06',
               'jul': '07',
               'aug': '08',
               'sep': '09',
               'oct': '10',
               'nov': '11',
               'dec': '12'}
     path = os.listdir('/results2/SalishSea/nowcast-green.202111/')
     # Open the mesh mask
     mesh = xr.open_dataset('/home/sallen/MEOPAR/grid/mesh_mask202108.nc')
     mask = mesh.tmask.to_numpy()
     folders = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in path if } ((x[2:5] == 'mar' \text{ or } x[2:5] == 'apr' \text{ or } (x[2:5] == 'mar')]
      5]=='feb' and x[0:2]>'14') and (x[5:7]<'24')
     indx_dates=(np.argsort(pd.to_datetime(folders, format="%d%b%y")))
     folders = [folders[i] for i in indx_dates]
```

```
drivers_all = np.array([[],[],[],[]])
diat_all = np.array([])
print ('Gathering days for the model')
for i in tqdm(folders):
    date, temp_i1, temp_i2, saline_i1, saline_i2, diat_i =_

→datasets_preparation()
    drivers = np.stack([np.ravel(temp_i1), np.ravel(temp_i2), np.
 →ravel(saline_i1), np.ravel(saline_i2)])
    indx = np.where(~np.isnan(drivers).any(axis=0))
    drivers = drivers[:,indx[0]]
    drivers_all = np.concatenate((drivers_all,drivers),axis=1)
    diat = np.ravel(diat_i)
    diat = diat[indx[0]]
    diat_all = np.concatenate((diat_all,diat))
    sleep(0.1)
print ('Done gathering, building the prediction model')
print ('\n')
regr = regressor(drivers_all, diat_all)
```

Done gathering, building the prediction model

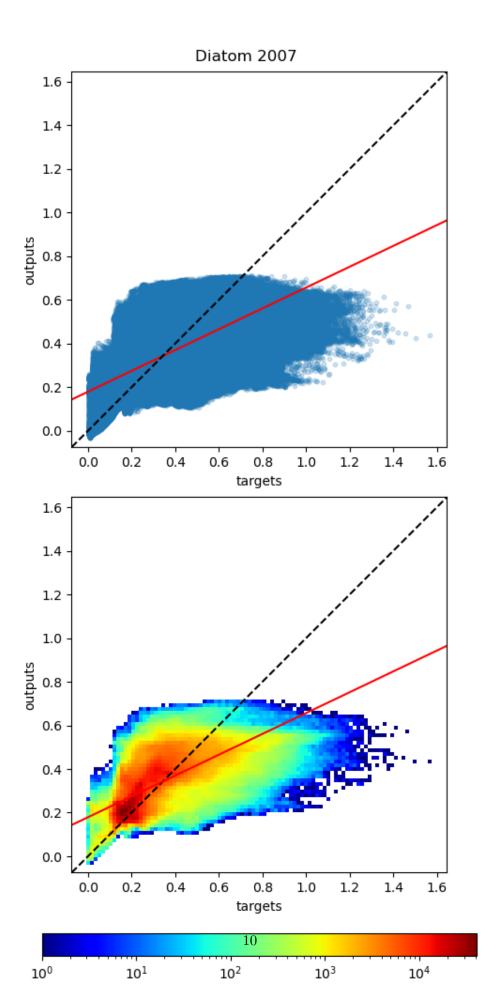
### 1.9 Other Years (Anually)

```
[]: years = range (2007,2024)

r_all = []
rms_all = []
slope_all = []

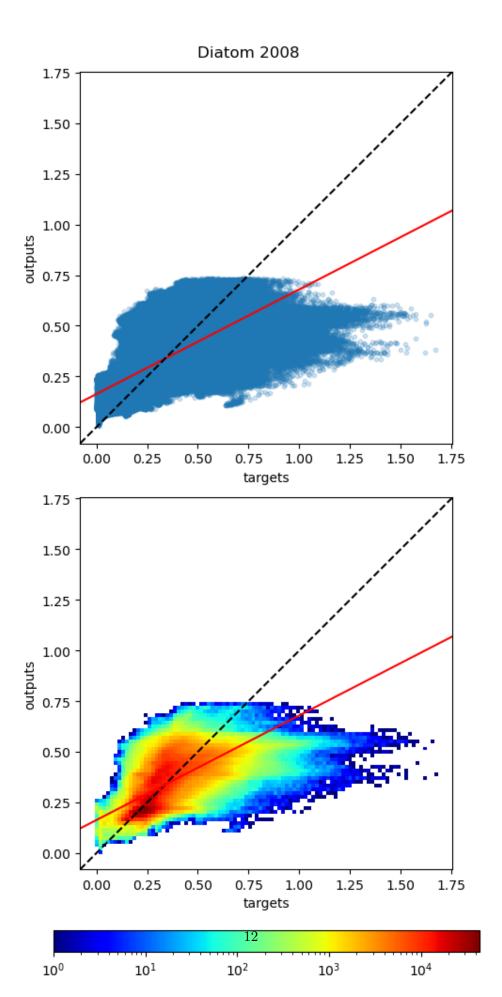
for year in range (2007,2024):
    year_str = str(year)[2:4]
```

```
folders = [x \text{ for } x \text{ in path if } ((x[2:5] == 'mar' \text{ or } x[2:5] == 'apr' \text{ or } (x[2:5] == 'apr')]
  45] == 'feb' and x[0:2] > '14') and (x[5:7] == year_str)]
    indx_dates=(np.argsort(pd.to_datetime(folders, format="%d%b%y")))
    folders = [folders[i] for i in indx_dates]
    drivers_all = np.array([[],[],[],[])
    diat_all = np.array([])
    print ('Gathering days for year ' + str(year))
    for i in tqdm(folders):
         date, temp_i1, temp_i2, saline_i1, saline_i2, diat_i =_
  ⇔datasets_preparation()
         drivers = np.stack([np.ravel(temp_i1), np.ravel(temp_i2), np.
  →ravel(saline_i1), np.ravel(saline_i2)])
         indx = np.where(~np.isnan(drivers).any(axis=0))
         drivers = drivers[:,indx[0]]
         drivers_all = np.concatenate((drivers_all,drivers),axis=1)
        diat = np.ravel(diat_i)
         diat = diat[indx[0]]
         diat_all = np.concatenate((diat_all,diat))
    r, rms, m = regressor2(drivers_all, diat_all, 'Diatom ' + str(year))
    r_all.append(r)
    rms_all.append(rms)
    slope_all.append(m)
plotting(np.transpose(r_all), 'Correlation Coefficient')
plotting(np.transpose(rms_all), 'Mean Square Error')
plotting (np.transpose(slope_all), 'Slope of the best fitting line')
Gathering days for year 2007
  0%1
               | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]
The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.477
The correlation coefficient is: 0.66
The mean square error is: 0.01512
```



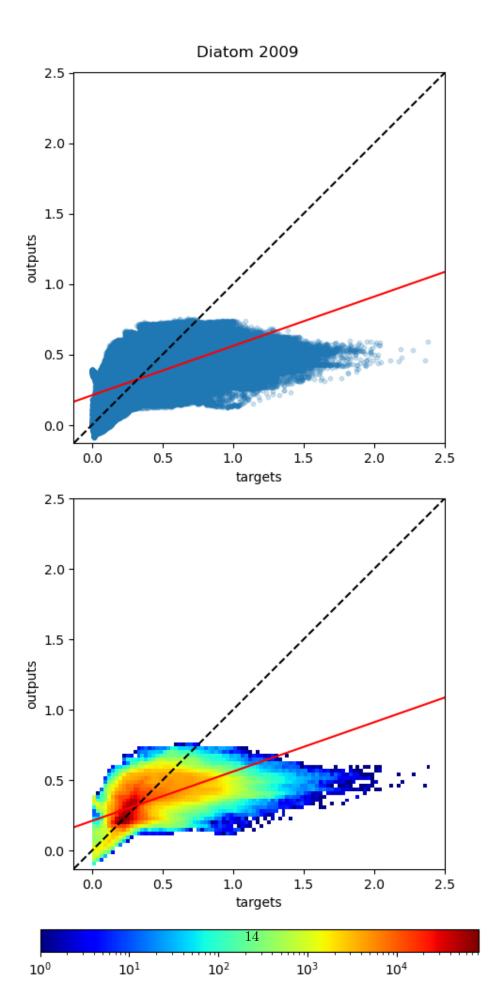
0%| | 0/76 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3532404
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.516
The correlation coefficient is: 0.648
The mean square error is: 0.01268



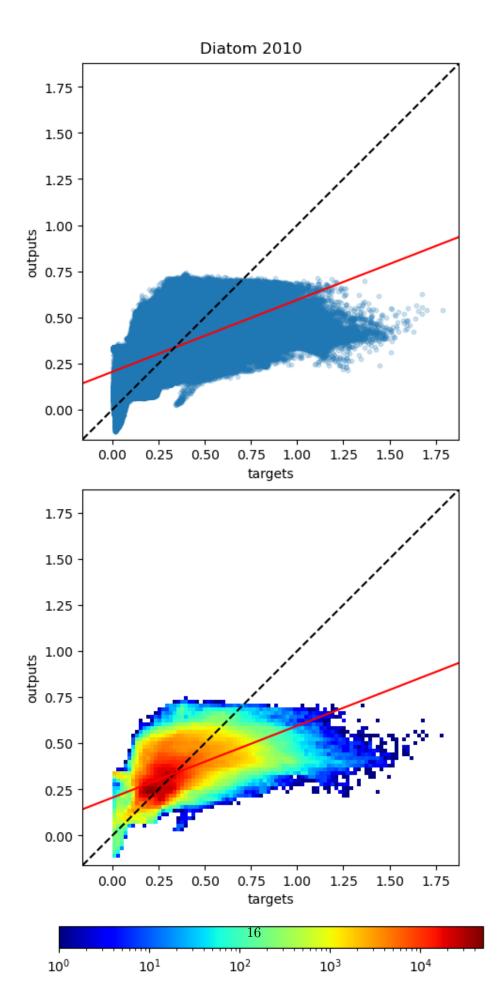
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.35
The correlation coefficient is: 0.601
The mean square error is: 0.02485



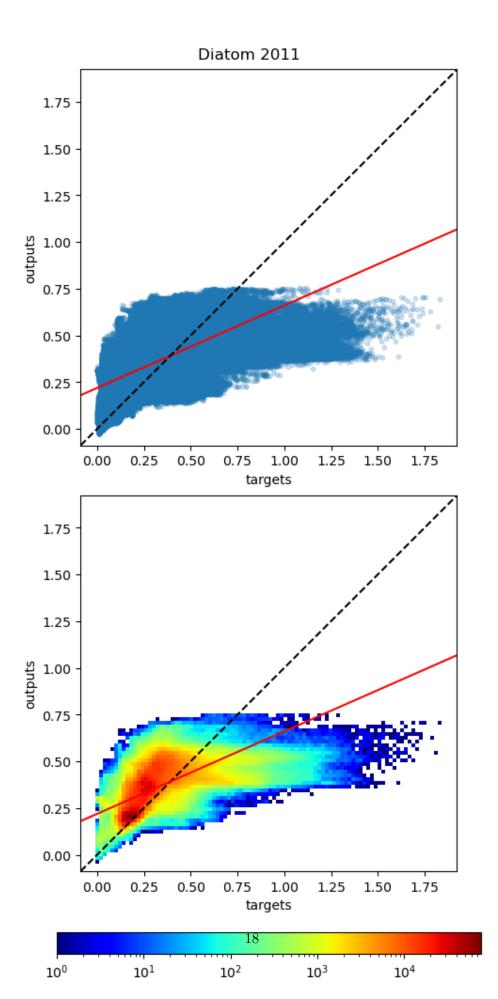
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.389
The correlation coefficient is: 0.562
The mean square error is: 0.015



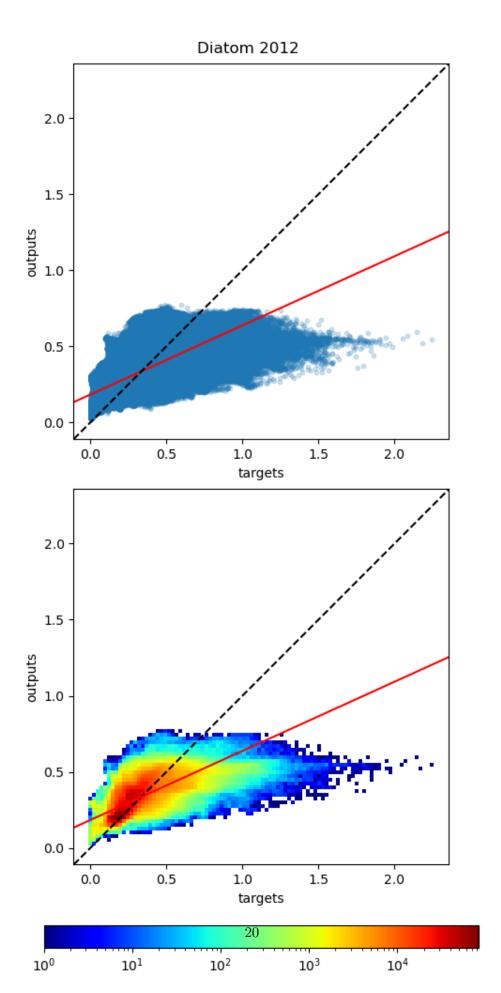
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.441
The correlation coefficient is: 0.611
The mean square error is: 0.01821



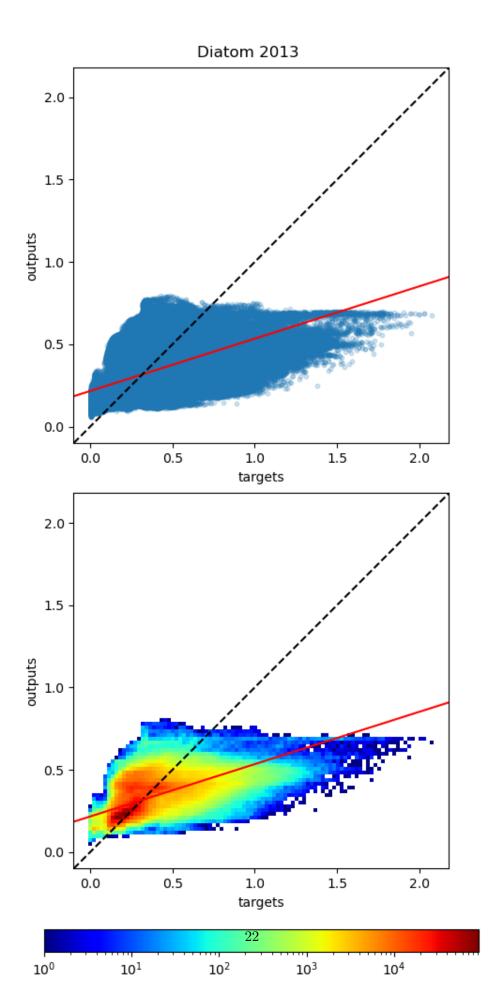
0%| | 0/76 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3532404
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.454
The correlation coefficient is: 0.683
The mean square error is: 0.0135



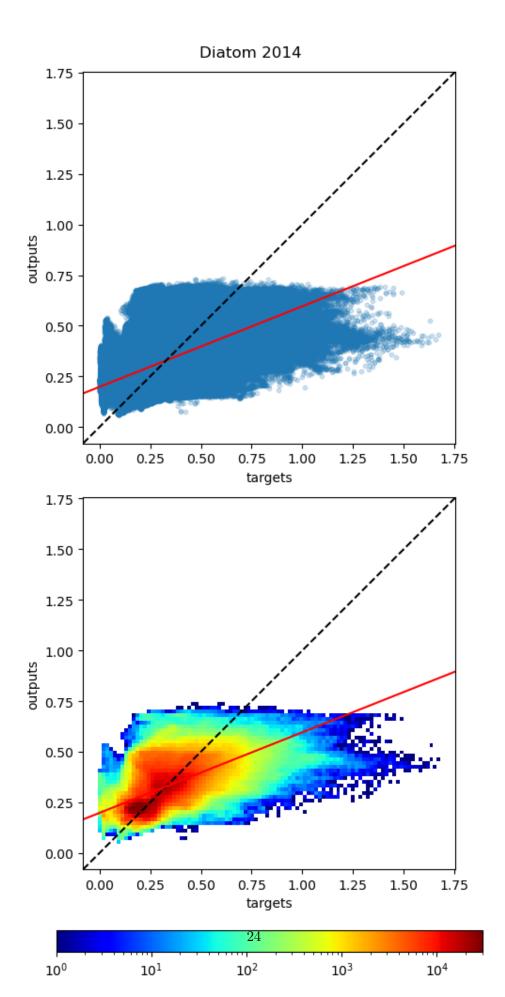
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.318
The correlation coefficient is: 0.574
The mean square error is: 0.0213



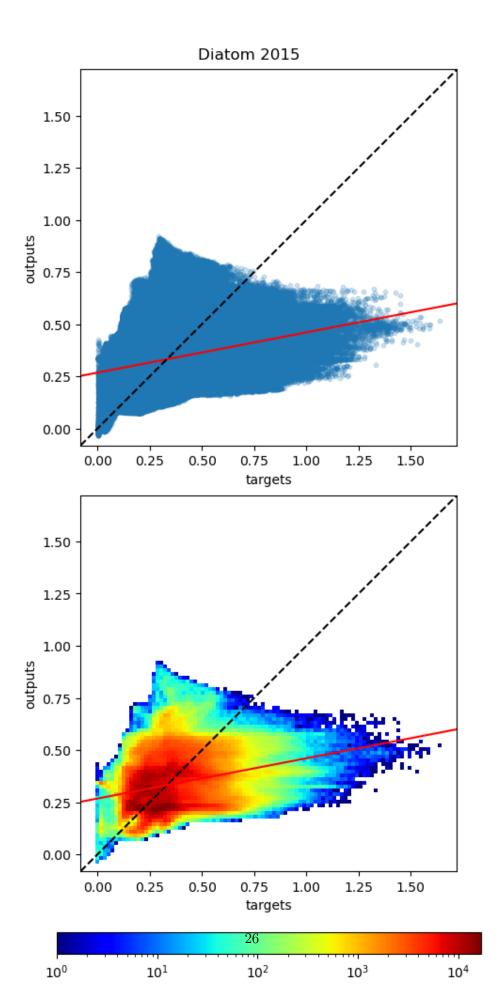
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.398
The correlation coefficient is: 0.572
The mean square error is: 0.01449



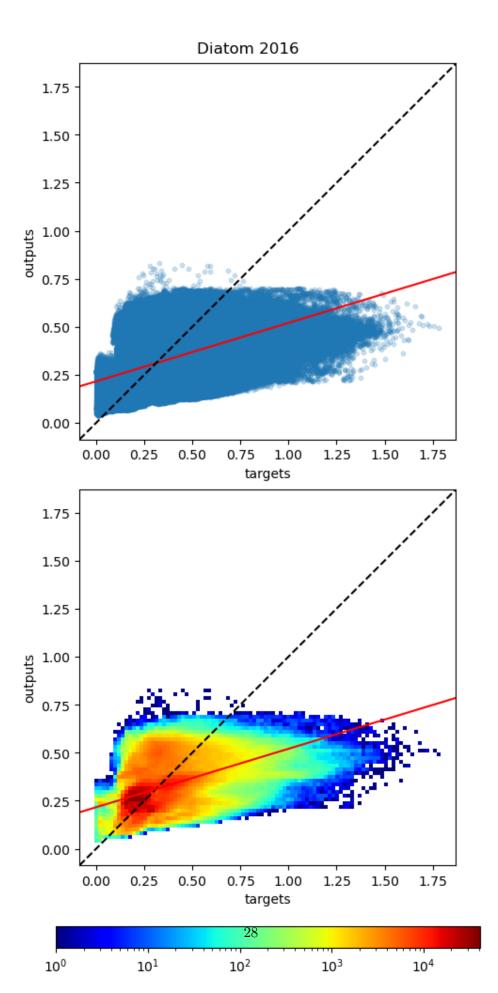
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.193
The correlation coefficient is: 0.262
The mean square error is: 0.02695



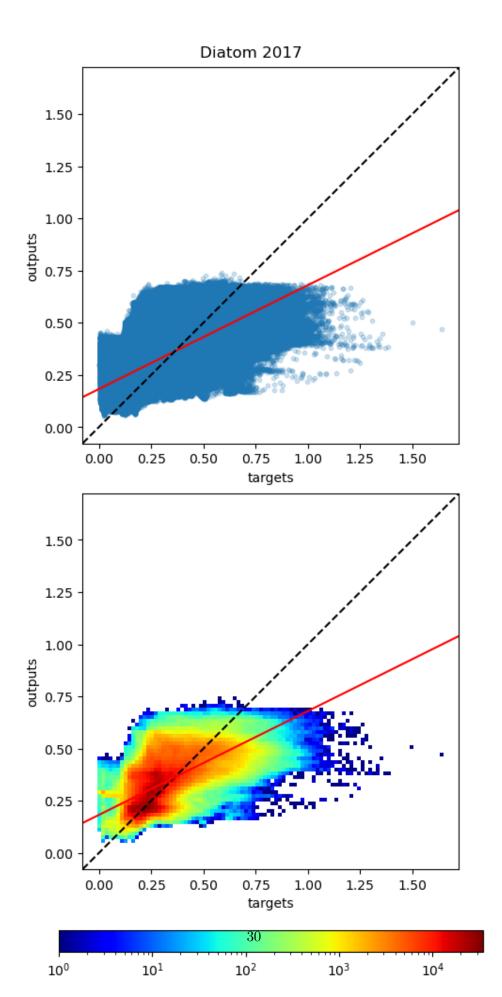
0%| | 0/76 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3532404
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.304
The correlation coefficient is: 0.45
The mean square error is: 0.02441



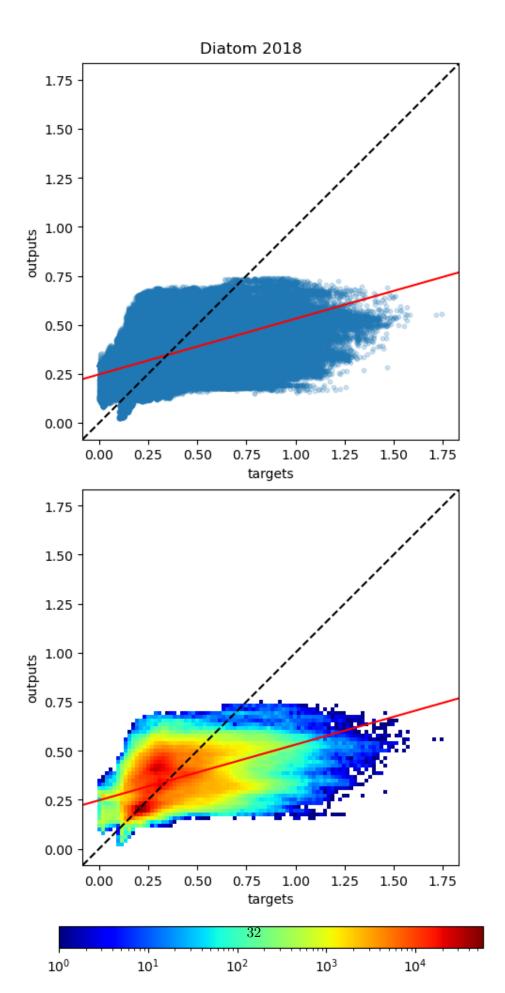
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.498
The correlation coefficient is: 0.619
The mean square error is: 0.01253



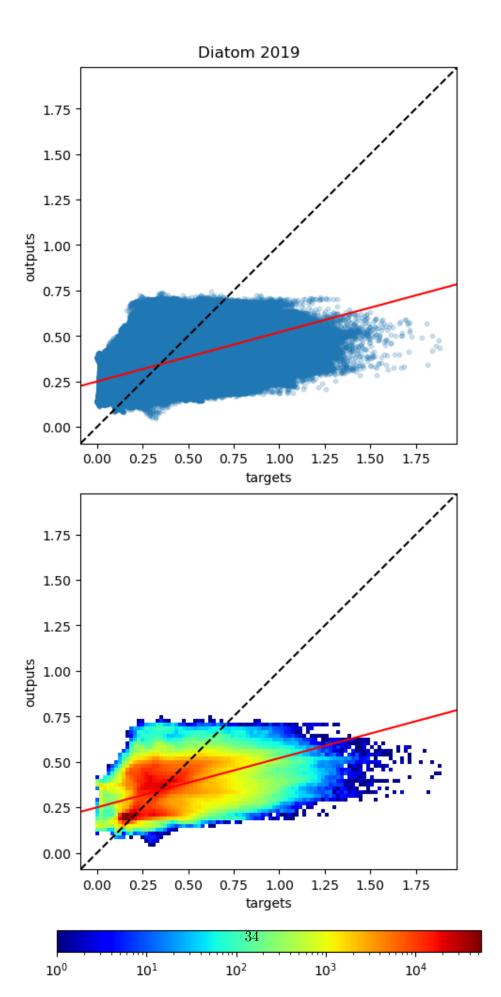
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.284
The correlation coefficient is: 0.431
The mean square error is: 0.02127



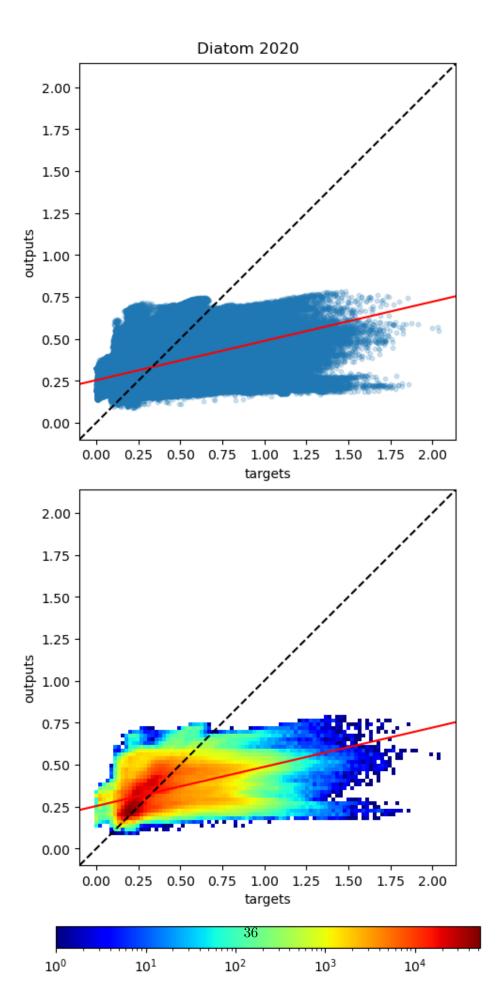
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.27
The correlation coefficient is: 0.451
The mean square error is: 0.02517



0%| | 0/76 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

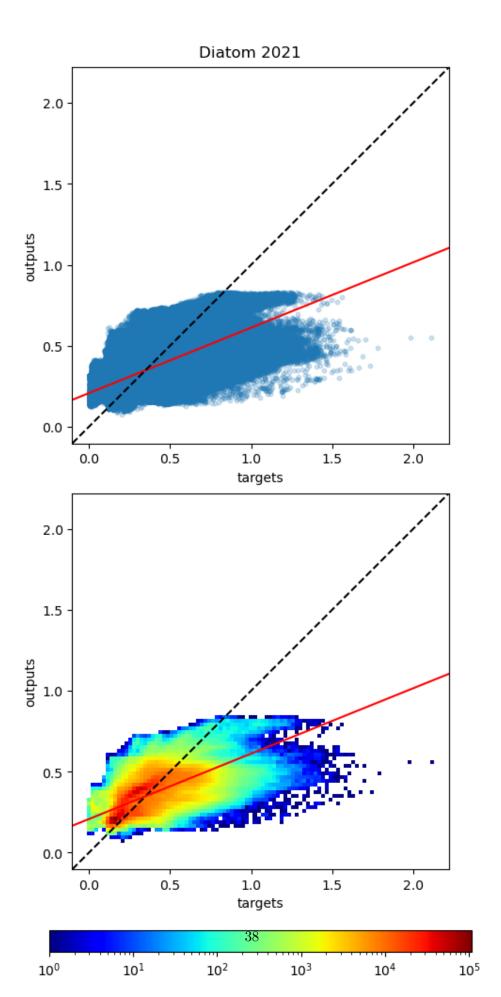
The amount of data points is 3532404
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.234
The correlation coefficient is: 0.462
The mean square error is: 0.03299



### Gathering days for year 2021

0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

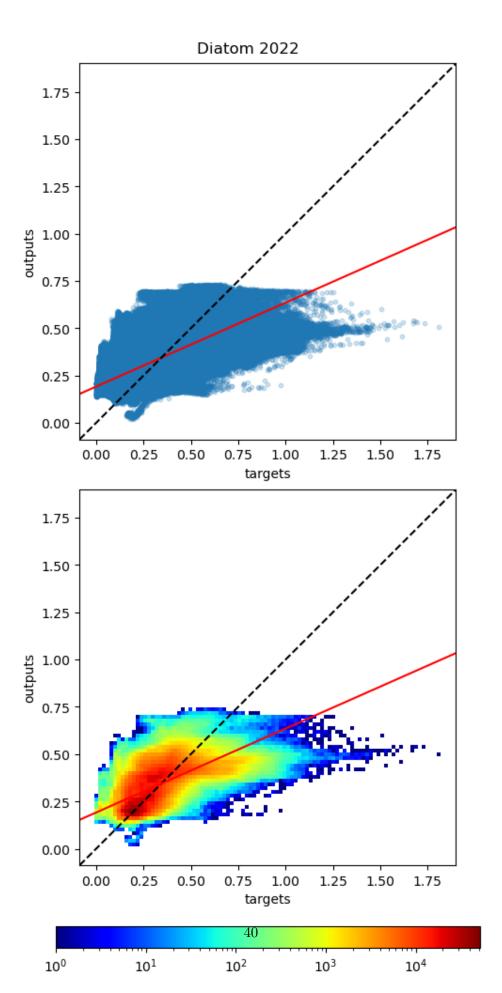
The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.404
The correlation coefficient is: 0.642
The mean square error is: 0.01819



Gathering days for year 2022

0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

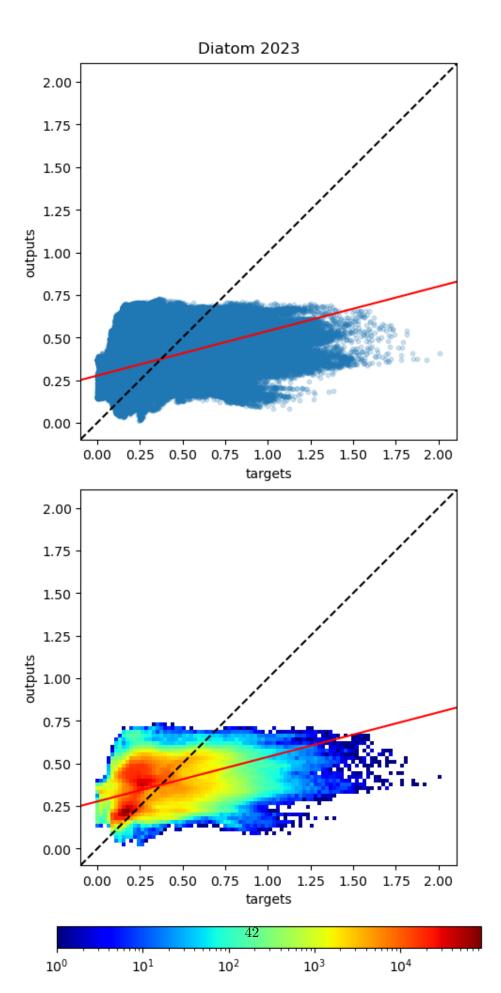
The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.444
The correlation coefficient is: 0.623
The mean square error is: 0.01355

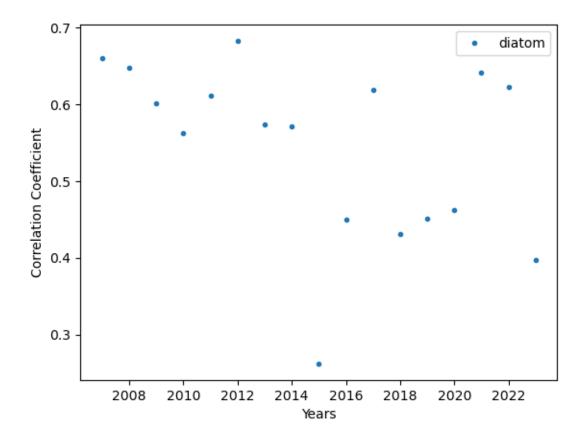


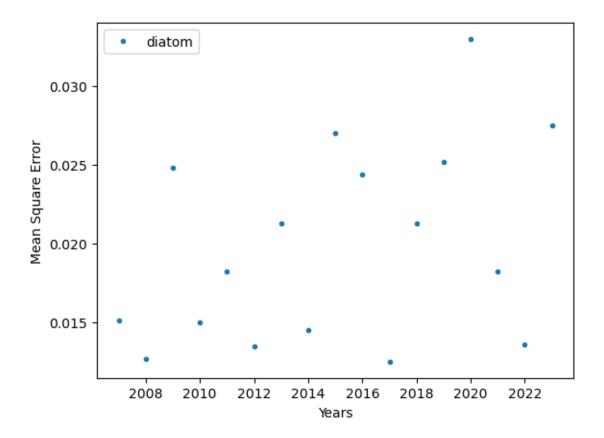
Gathering days for year 2023

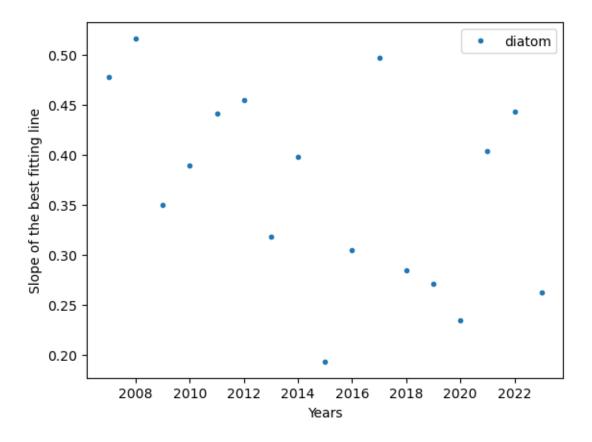
0%| | 0/75 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

The amount of data points is 3485925
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.262
The correlation coefficient is: 0.397
The mean square error is: 0.02754









#### 1.10 Other Years (Daily)

```
indx = np.where(~np.isnan(drivers).any(axis=0))
    drivers = drivers[:,indx[0]]

diat = np.ravel(diat_i)
    diat = diat[indx[0]]

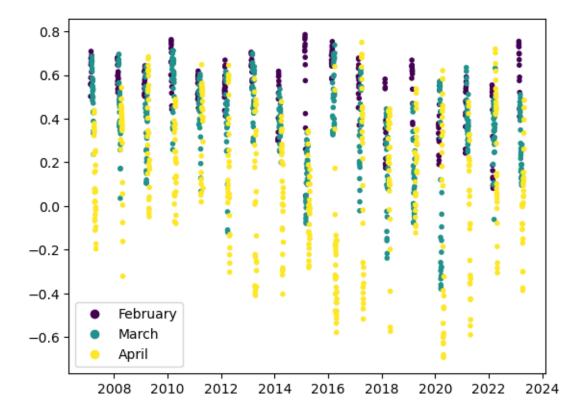
r, rms, m = regressor4(drivers, diat, 'Diatom')

dates = np.append(dates,date.date)
    r_all2 = np.append(r_all2,r)
    rms_all2 = np.append(rms_all2,rms)
    slope_all2 = np.append(slope_all2,m)

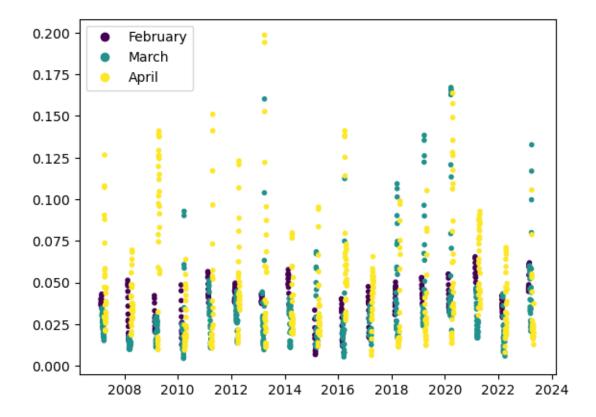
plotting2(r_all2, 'Correlation Coefficients')
    plotting2(rms_all2, 'Mean Square Errors')
    plotting2(slope_all2, 'Slope of the best fitting line')
```

0%| | 0/1279 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

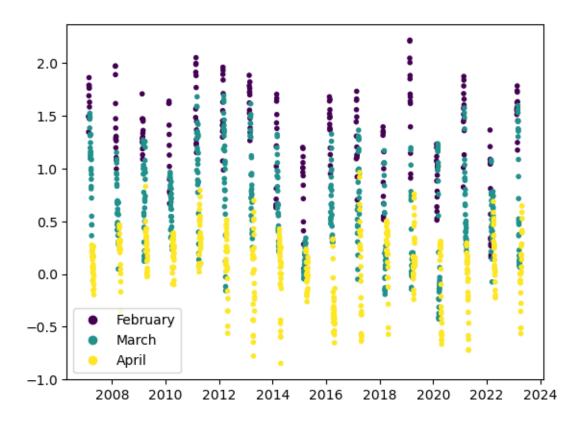
### Daily Correlation Coefficients (15 Feb - 30 Apr)



## Daily Mean Square Errors (15 Feb - 30 Apr)



Daily Slope of the best fitting line (15 Feb - 30 Apr)



# 2 Daily Maps

### regressor3(drivers, diat, 'Diatom')

0%| | 0/10 [00:00<?, ?it/s]

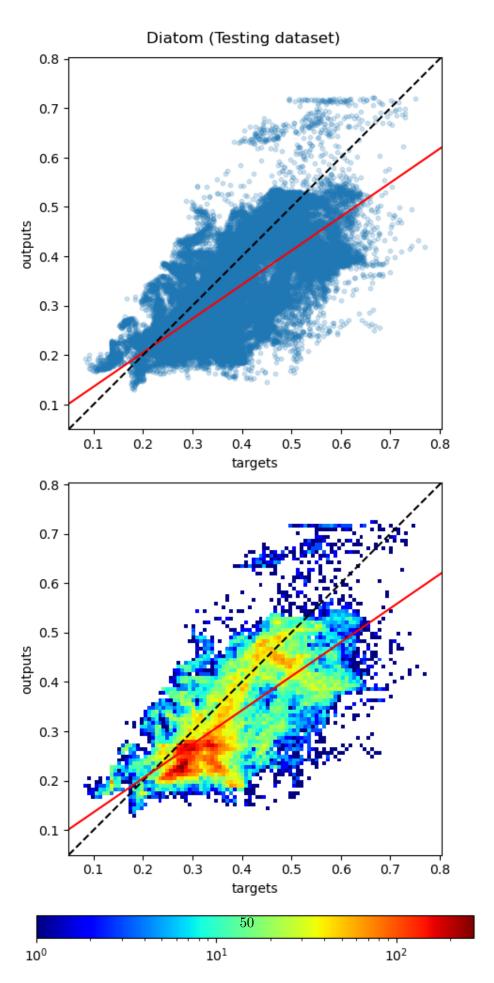
The amount of data points is 46479

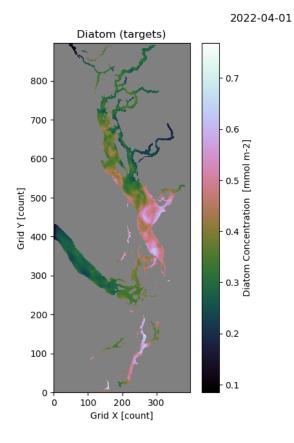
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.688

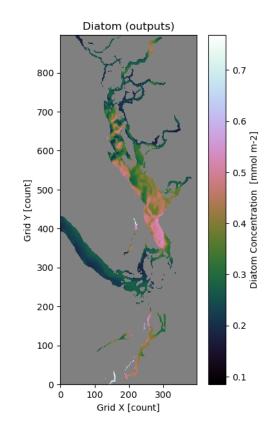
The correlation coefficient is: 0.719

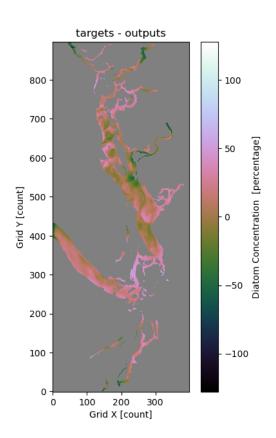
The mean square error is: 0.00805

49

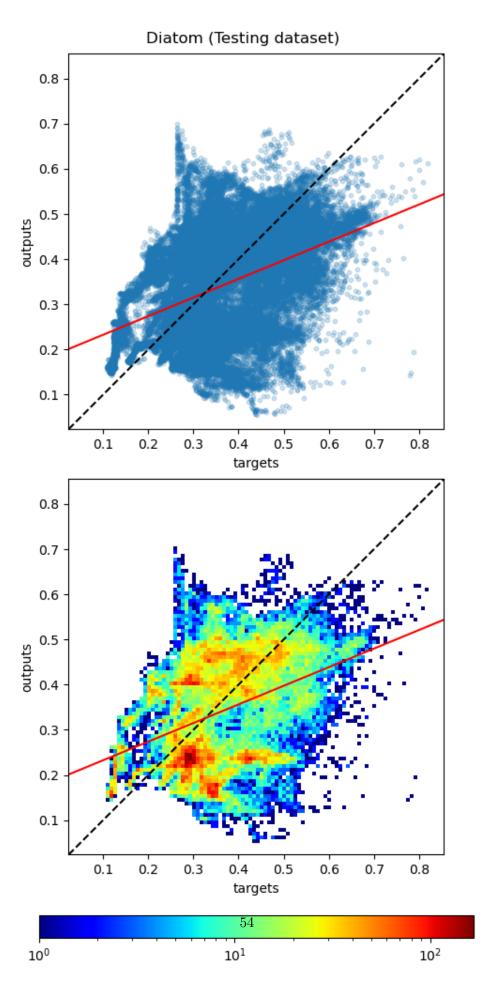


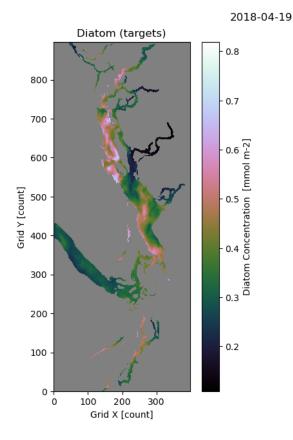


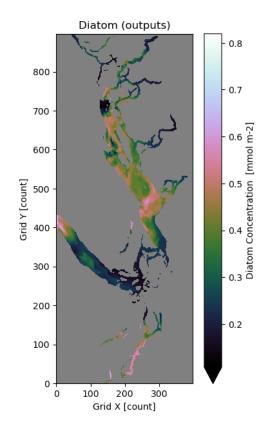


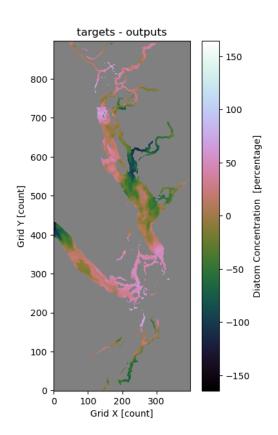


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.412
The correlation coefficient is: 0.381
The mean square error is: 0.01675

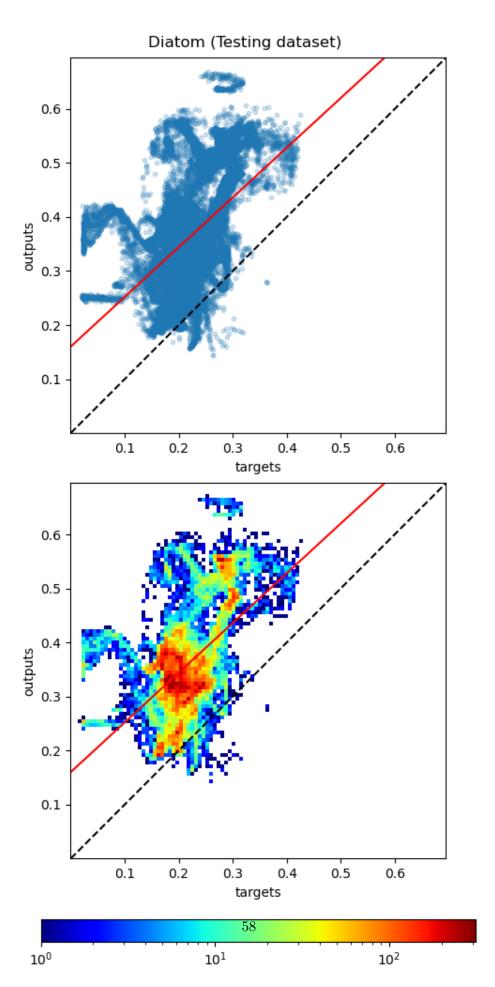


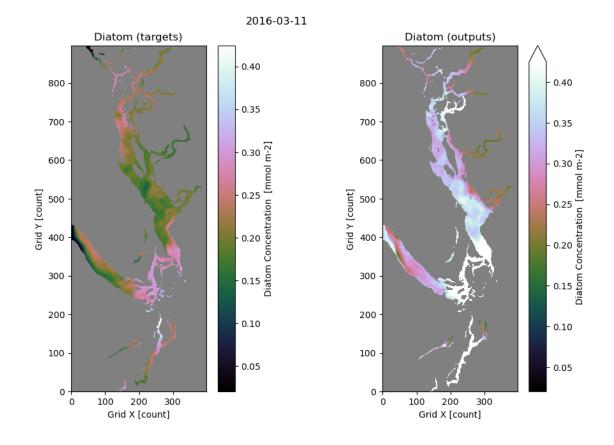


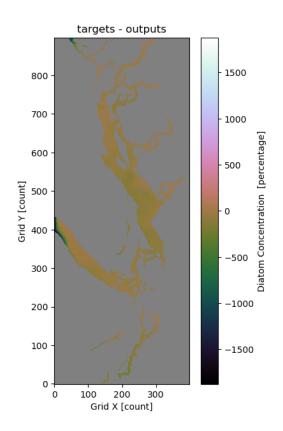




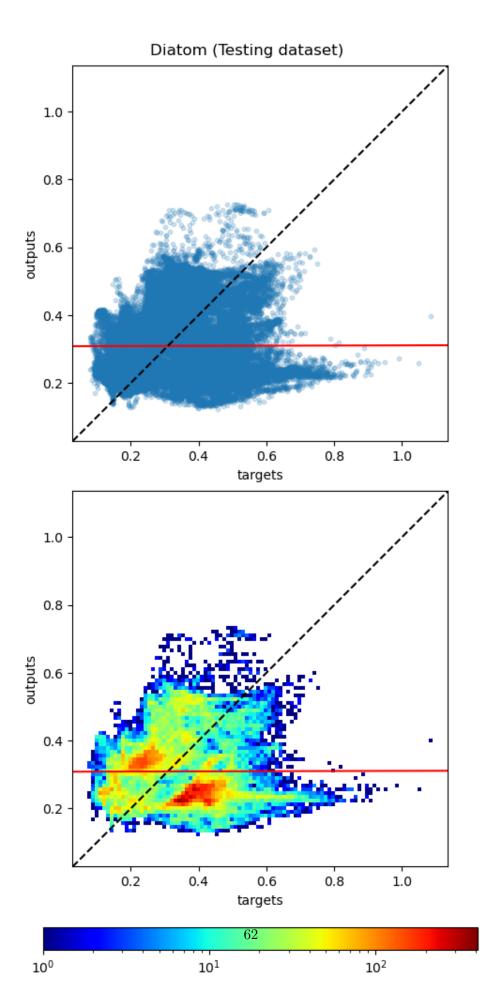
The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.92
The correlation coefficient is: 0.51
The mean square error is: 0.02663

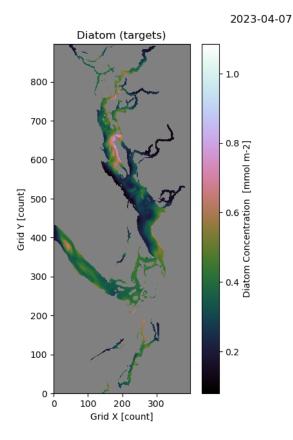


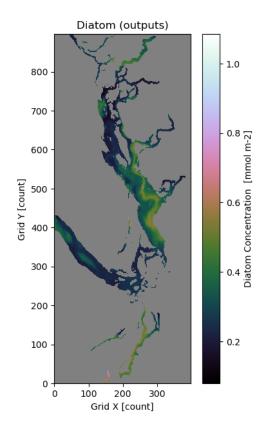


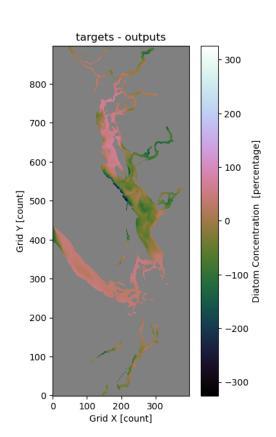


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.002
The correlation coefficient is: 0.003
The mean square error is: 0.02723

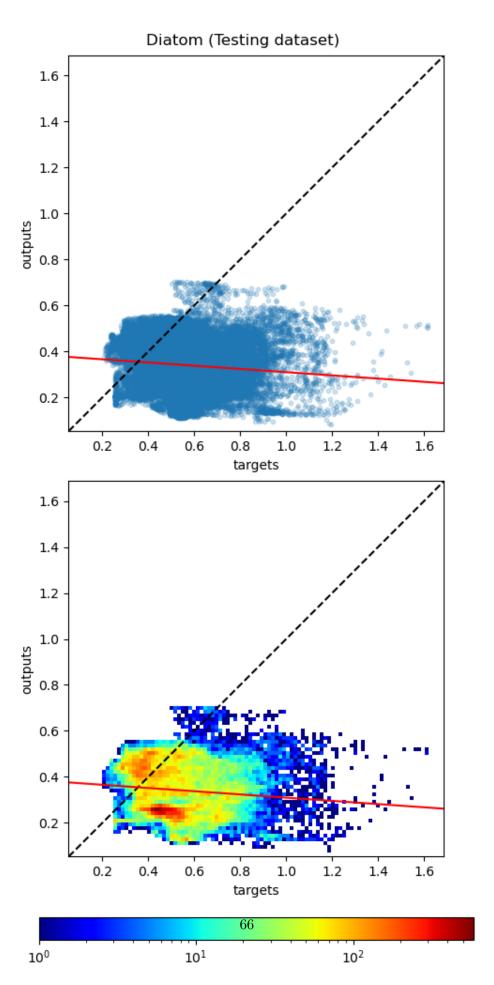


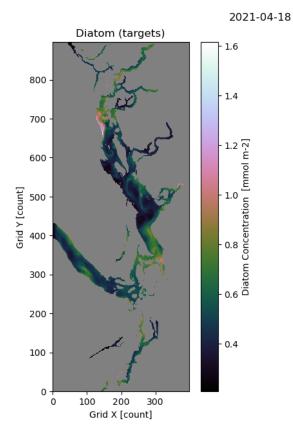


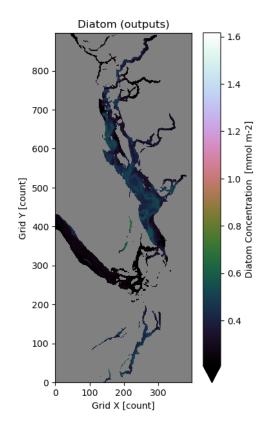


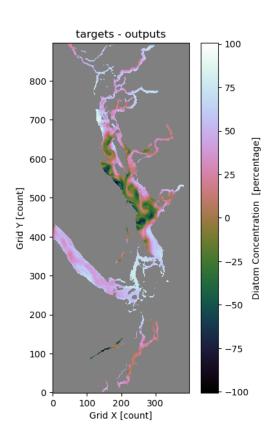


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is -0.07
The correlation coefficient is: -0.105
The mean square error is: 0.07627

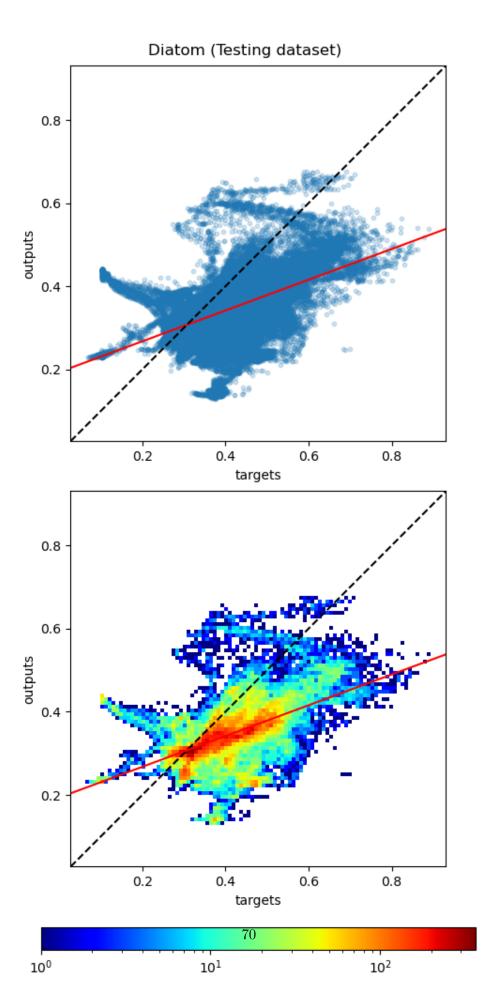


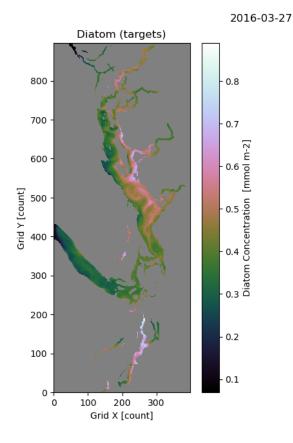


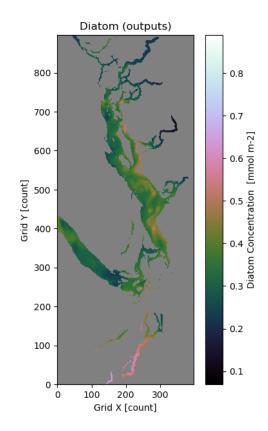


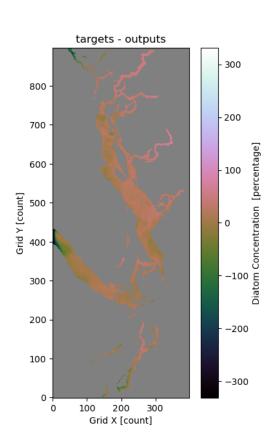


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.37
The correlation coefficient is: 0.506
The mean square error is: 0.01297

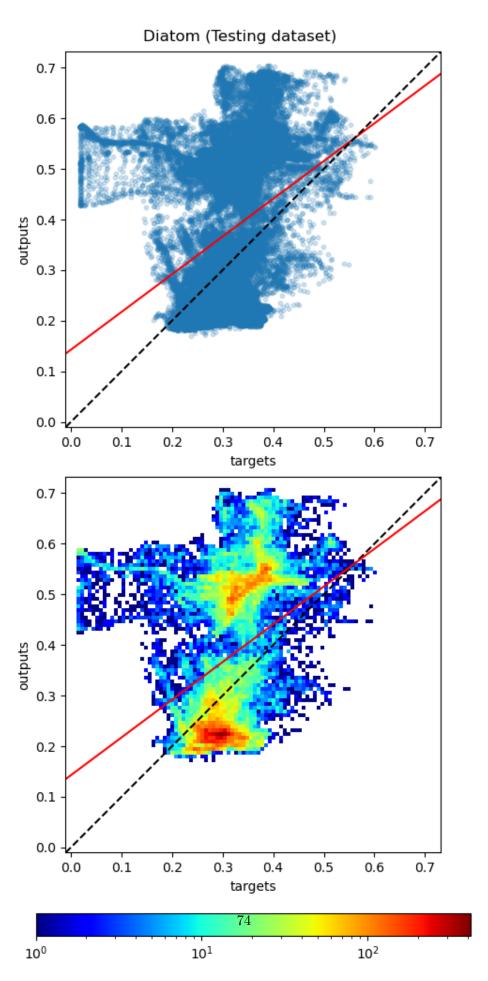


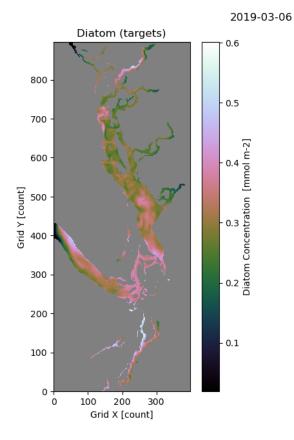


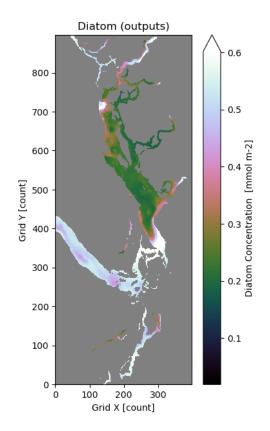


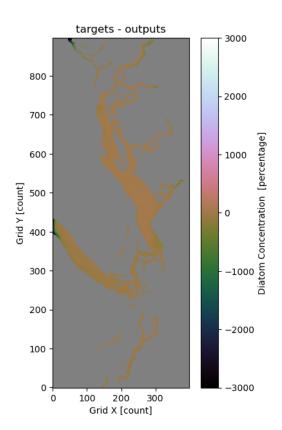


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.746
The correlation coefficient is: 0.341
The mean square error is: 0.02413

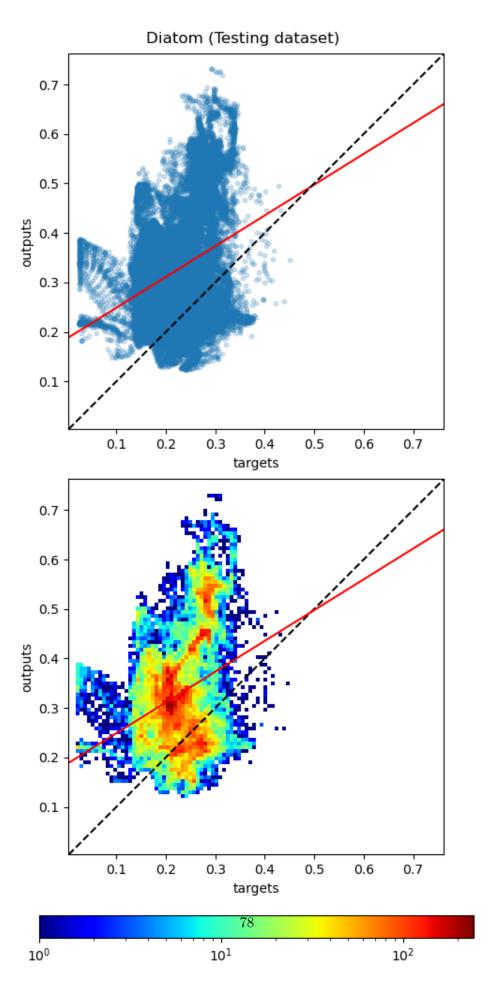


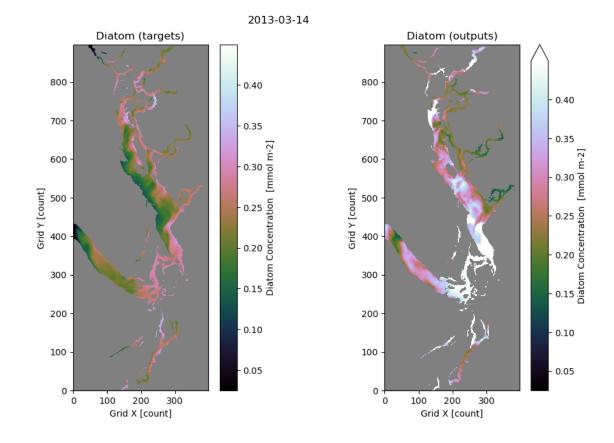


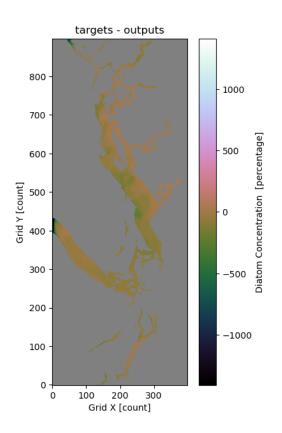




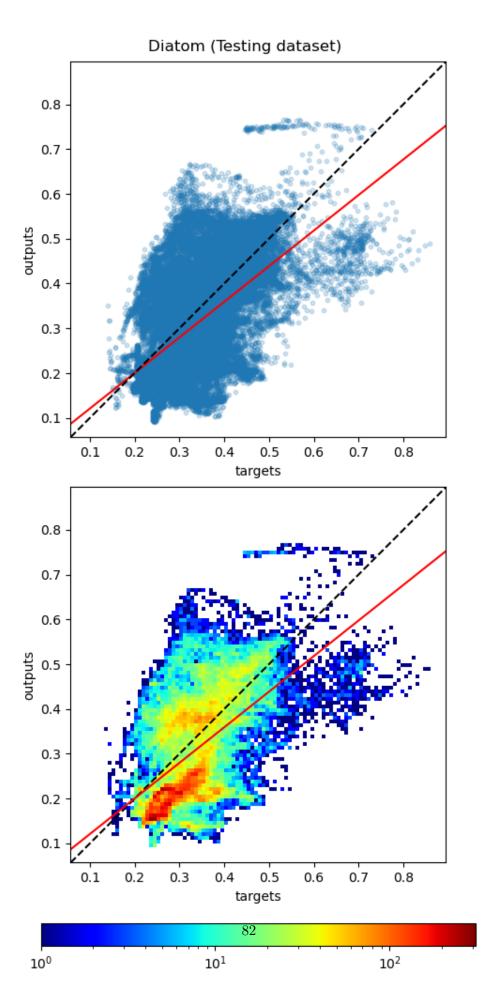
The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.622
The correlation coefficient is: 0.293
The mean square error is: 0.02107

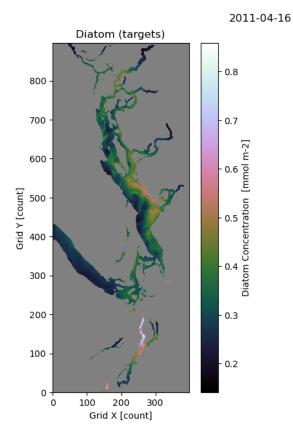


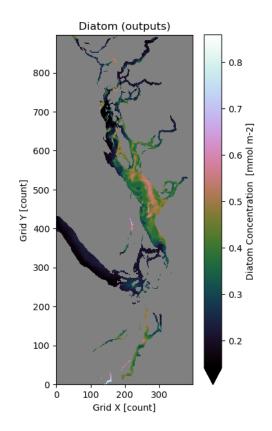


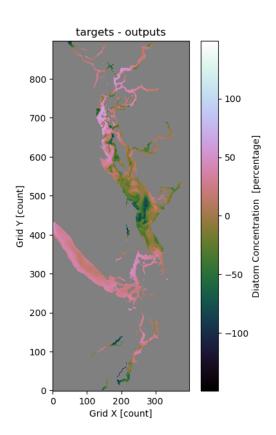


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is 0.794
The correlation coefficient is: 0.562
The mean square error is: 0.01073

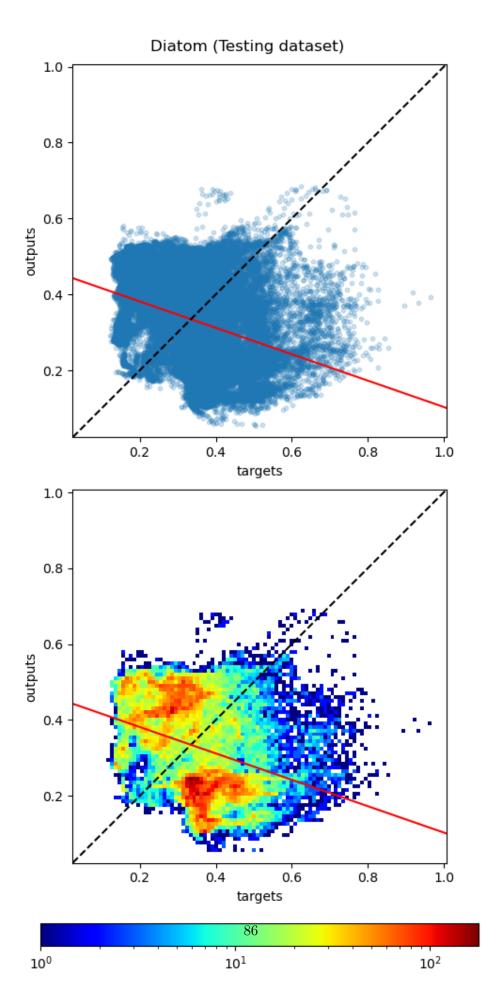


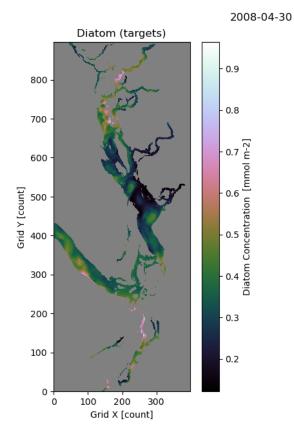


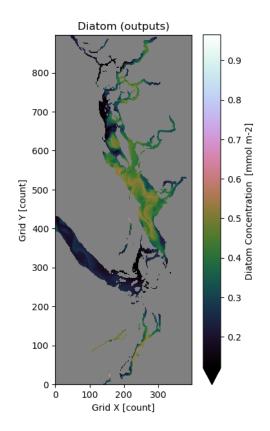


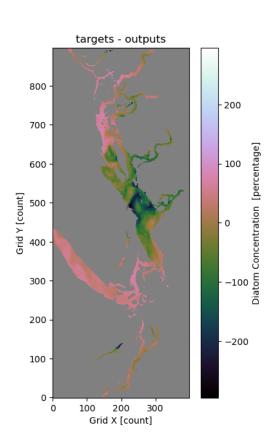


The amount of data points is 46479
The slope of the best fitting line is -0.348
The correlation coefficient is: -0.322
The mean square error is: 0.03655









[]: dill.dump\_session('test2.db')
[]: