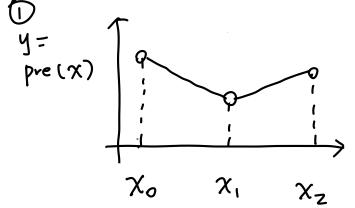
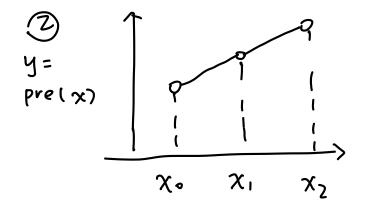
and (index 2 - index 1) min



if  $pre(x_z) - pre(x_0) > = K$ then  $pre(x_z) - pre(x_1) > = K$   $x_z - x_1 < x_z - x_0$ monotonically increasing x



if  $pre(x_1) - pre(x_2) > = k$ for sure  $pre(x_2) - pre(x_2) > = k$ but it would not be the answer x We need to judge whether  $pre(x_2) - pre(x_1) > = k$ remove  $x_2$