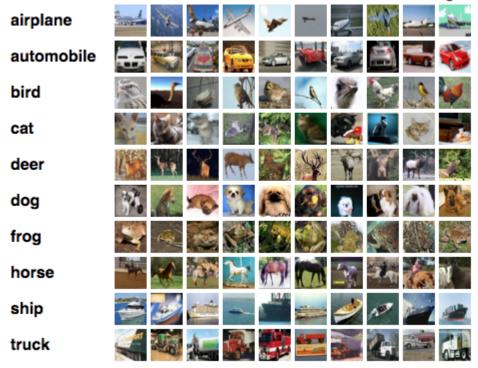
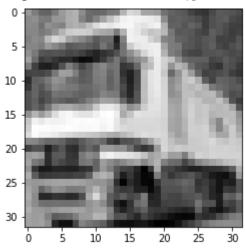
→ CRFAR10 Dataset

Here are the classes in the dataset, as well as 10 random images from each:



```
o # CILAL-IA narazer
 9 train_dataset = dataset.CIFAR10(root='../../data/', train=True, transform=transform, downl
10 test_dataset = dataset.CIFAR10(root='../../data/', train=False, transform=transform, downl
11
12
13 print('Train dataset size = ',len(train_dataset))
14 print('Test dataset size = ',len(test_dataset))
15 img, label = train dataset[1]
16 print('Image size = ',img.shape, '(', label, ')')
17 plt.imshow(img[0,:,:], cmap='gray')
18
19
20
21 # Data loader
22 train loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=train dataset,
                                               batch size=batch size,
24
                                               shuffle=True)
25
26 test_loader = torch.utils.data.DataLoader(dataset=test_dataset,
                                              batch_size=batch_size,
27
28
                                              shuffle=False)
29
30
31 del train_dataset
32 del test dataset
```

Files already downloaded and verified
Files already downloaded and verified
Train dataset size = 50000
Test dataset size = 10000
Image size = torch.Size([3, 32, 32]) (9)



Neural Network Model

Layer	Operations	Input Size	Output Size
Layer 1	conv3x3 + BatchNorm + Relu	3 x 32 x 32	128 x 32 x 32

```
        Layer 2
        Operations
        Input Size
        Output Size

        Layer 2
        conv3x3 + BatchNorm + Relu + maxpool
        128 x 32 x 32
        256 x 16 x 16

        Layer 3
        conv3x3 + BatchNorm + Relu + maxpool
        256 x 16 x 16
        128 x 16 x 16

        Layer 4
        conv3x3 + BatchNorm + Relu + maxpool
        128 x 16 x 16
        64 x 8 x 8

        Layer 5
        Fully connected
        1 x 4096
        1 x 512

        Layer 6
        Fully connected
        1 x 512
        1 x 10
```

```
1 class Model(nn.Module):
 2
      def init (self, num classes):
           super(Model, self).__init__()
 3
 4
 5
 6
 7
           self.conv1 = nn.Conv2d(3, 128, kernel size= 5, padding= 2, stride= 1)
           self.conv2 = nn.Conv2d(128, 256, kernel size= 5, padding= 2, stride= 1)
 8
 9
           self.conv3 = nn.Conv2d(256, 128, kernel_size= 5, padding= 2, stride= 1)
           self.conv4 = nn.Conv2d(128, 64, kernel size= 5, padding= 2, stride= 1)
10
           self.n= np.int(3*32*32 * 64/3 * 1/4 * 1/4)
11
12
13
           self.linear1 = nn.Linear(self.n , hidden size)
14
           self.linear2 = nn.Linear (hidden_size, num_classes)
15
           self.bn1 = nn.BatchNorm2d(128)
16
17
           self.bn2 = nn.BatchNorm2d(256)
18
           self.bn3 = nn.BatchNorm2d(64)
19
           self.bn4 = nn.BatchNorm2d(128)
20
21
           self.relu=nn.ReLU()
22
           self.max pool = nn.MaxPool2d(2, stride=2)
23
24
25
           self.init()
26
27
28
       def init(self):
29
           nn.init.xavier uniform (self.conv1.weight)
           nn.init.xavier_uniform_(self.conv2.weight)
30
           nn.init.xavier uniform (self.conv3.weight)
31
32
           nn.init.xavier uniform (self.conv4.weight)
33
           nn.init.xavier uniform (self.linear1.weight)
34
           nn.init.xavier uniform (self.linear2.weight)
35
36
37
      def forward(self, x):
38
39
           out = self.relu(self.bn1(self.conv1(x)))
40
           out = self.max_pool(self.relu(self.bn2(self.conv2(out))))
41
42
           out = self.relu(self.bn4(self.conv3(out)))
43
```

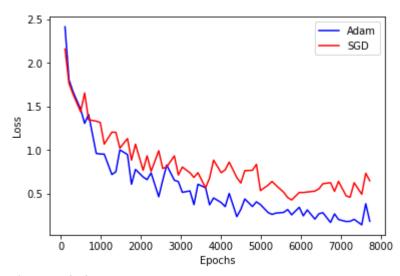
```
out = self.max pool(self.relu(self.bn3(self.conv4(out))))
44
45
46
47
           out = out.view(out.size(0), -1)
48
49
           out = nn.functional.dropout(out, 0.5)
50
51
           out = self.linear1(out)
52
53
           out = self.linear2(out)
54
55
           return out
56
57
 1 \text{ num classes} = 10
 2 learning rate = 0.001
 3 \text{ hidden size} = 512
 4
 5
 6 model1 = Model(num classes).to(device)
 7 model2 = Model(num_classes).to(device)
 9 # Loss and optimizer
10 criterion = nn.CrossEntropyLoss()
11 optimizer1 = torch.optim.Adam(model1.parameters(), lr=learning rate)
12 optimizer2 = torch.optim.SGD(model2.parameters(), lr=learning_rate, momentum=0.8, weight_d
13
 1 # Train the model
 2 def Train(model, optimizer, num_epochs):
       total_step = len(train_loader)
 3
       loss_val = []
 4
 5
       count = []
 6
 7
       model.train()
 8
       for epoch in range(num epochs):
 9
           for i, (images, labels) in enumerate(train_loader):
               images = images.to(device)
10
11
               labels = labels.to(device)
12
13
               optimizer.zero grad()
               outputs = model(images)
14
15
               loss = criterion(outputs, labels)
16
               loss.backward()
17
               optimizer.step()
18
19
20
21
               if (i+1) % 100 == 0:
```

```
12/14/2020
                                           CNN- Salma Charad.ipynb - Colaboratory
                       count.append(i+1 + epoch*total_step)
   22
   23
                       loss val.append(loss.item())
                       print('Epoch [%d/%d], Step [%d/%d], Loss: %.4f'%(epoch+1, num epochs, i+1,
   24
   25
   26
          return count, loss val
    1 # Test the model
    3
    4 def Test(model):
    6
          model.eval()
    7
    8
          correct = 0
    9
           total = 0
   10
          actual labels = []
   11
   12
           predicted_labels = []
   13
   14
          for images, labels in test_loader:
   15
   16
               images = images.to(device)
   17
               labels = labels.to(device)
   18
   19
               outputs = model(images)
   20
               _, predicted = torch.max(outputs.data, 1)
   21
               total += labels.size(0)
   22
               correct += (predicted == labels).sum()
   23
   24
               labelsCPU = labels.data.cpu().numpy()
   25
               predictedCPU = predicted.data.cpu().numpy()
   26
               predicted labels.append(predictedCPU)
               actual labels.append(labelsCPU)
   27
   28
   29
   30
   31
          print('Accuracy of the model = %f'%(100 * correct / total))
   32
    1 \text{ num epochs} = 20
    2 count, loss1 = Train(model1, optimizer1, num epochs)
    3
    4 count, loss2 = Train(model2, optimizer2, num epochs)
         Epocn [1/20], Step [200/391], LOSS: 1./652
         Epoch [1/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 1.6426
         Epoch [2/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 1.4393
        Epoch [2/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 1.6557
         Epoch [2/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 1.3479
         Epoch [3/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 1.3322
         Epoch [3/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 1.3158
```

```
Epocn [3/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 1.00//
Epoch [4/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 1.2057
Epoch [4/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 1.2035
Epoch [4/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 1.0225
Epoch [5/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 1.1315
Epoch [5/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.8841
Epoch [5/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 1.0673
Epoch [6/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.7674
Epoch [6/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.9342
Epoch [6/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.7556
Epoch [7/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.9919
Epoch [7/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.7885
Epoch [7/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.8058
Epoch [8/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.9330
Epoch [8/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.7137
Epoch [8/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.8047
Epoch [9/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.7390
Epoch [9/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.6854
Epoch [9/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.7398
Epoch [10/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.5653
Epoch [10/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.6788
Epoch [10/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.8845
Epoch [11/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.7393
Epoch [11/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.7727
Epoch [11/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.8616
Epoch [12/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.6837
Epoch [12/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.6214
Epoch [12/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.7636
Epoch [13/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.7667
Epoch [13/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.8357
Epoch [13/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.5339
Epoch [14/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.5962
Epoch [14/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.6393
Epoch [14/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.5944
Epoch [15/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.5152
Epoch [15/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.4546
Epoch [15/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.4263
Epoch [16/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.5127
Epoch [16/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.5115
Epoch [16/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.5177
Epoch [17/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.5281
Epoch [17/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.5542
Epoch [17/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.6127
Epoch [18/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.6253
Epoch [18/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.5253
Epoch [18/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.6404
Epoch [19/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.4736
Epoch [19/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.4581
Epoch [19/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.6244
Epoch [20/20], Step [100/391], Loss: 0.4918
Epoch [20/20], Step [200/391], Loss: 0.7330
Epoch [20/20], Step [300/391], Loss: 0.6470
```

```
1 import matplotlib.pyplot as plt
2
3 fig = plt.figure()
4 plt.plot(count. loss1. color='blue'. label='Adam')
https://colab.research.google.com/drive/1JO-wcgppdEgelFgWX2rvmluNp4-7tjdr#printMode=true
```

```
5 plt.plot(count, loss2, color='red', label='SGD')
6 plt.xlabel('Epochs')
7 plt.ylabel('Loss')
8 plt.legend()
9 plt.show()
10
11 print('Adam Optimizer')
12 Test(model1)
13
14 print('SGD Optimizer')
15 Test(model2)
```



Adam Optimizer
Accuracy of the model = 80.459999
SGD Optimizer
Accuracy of the model = 73.739998