

Introduction to Computer Networks and Data Communication
WS 2014/2015
Assignment I solution
Different network topologies

Question I:

For the following network topologies:

- Mesh topology
- Bus topology
- Ring topology
- Star topology
- Binary tree
- N-cube topology
- Matrix topology

Find the following:

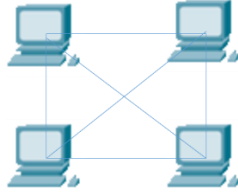
- Degree (d)
- Diameter (D)
- Cost
- Symmetry of the topology

Question I Answer:

- Degree (d): the number of channels incident on the node
- Diameter (D): the longest path out of all the shortest paths connecting any two nodes in the topology
- Cost: the number of links in the topology
- Symmetry: checks if the network looks the same from any node

1. Mesh topology





- Degree (d)= N-1 where N is the number of nodes in the network
- D= 1
- Cost= $N(N-1)/2$
- Sym = yes

2. Bus topology



- Degree (d)= 2
- D= N-1
- Cost=N-1
- Sym = No
-

3. Ring topology



- Degree (d)= 2
- $D = \text{ceiling}[(N-1)/2]$
- Cost= N
- Symmetry= Yes

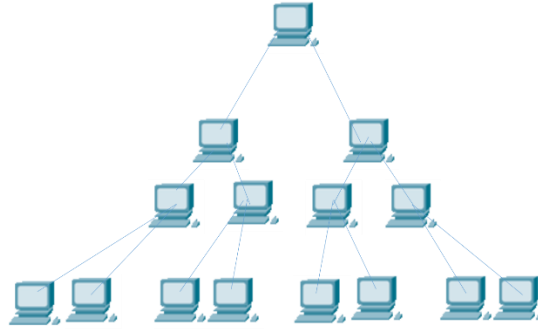
4. Star topology



- Degree (d)= 1 for each node except the central node it will be N-1
- D=2
- Cost=N-1
- Sym= No

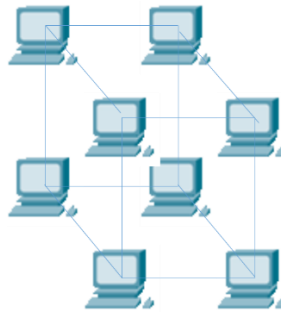
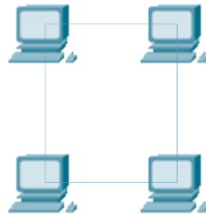
5. Binary tree





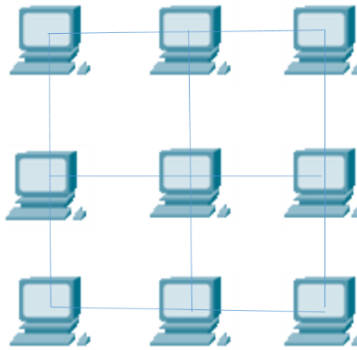
- Degree (d)=3
- $D = 2 (\lceil \log N \rceil - 1)$
- Cost= N-1
- Sym= No

6. N-cube



- Degree (d)= n = $\log N$ where n is the number of bits
- $D = n = \log N$
- Cost = $nN/2$
- Sym= yes

7. N-Matrix topology



- Degree (d)= 4
- $D = 2(n-1)$ where n is the degree of the matrix
- Cost= 2 (N-n)
- Sym=No



Note: any log in this assignment means log to the base 2