# Object Oriented Programming FAST-ISB

# **Code Dry Runs**

- ➤ This file contains code snippets for OOP concepts.
- > Starting from pointers and Recursion.
- ➤ All important OOP concepts are focused including:
  - Constructors & Destructors
  - Copy Constructors, Shallow & Deep Copy
  - Static, Constant Member Functions
  - Operator Overloading
  - Object Typecasting
  - Association
  - Composition
  - Aggregation
  - Inheritance & its types
  - Polymorphism
  - Diamond Problem
- ➤ For better understanding of code snippets it is recommended to run the code snippets on debugger and visualize step by step execution.
- ➤ Python tutor Debugger (<a href="https://pythontutor.com">https://pythontutor.com</a>) is highly recommended for step by step execution of codes and visualization.
- ➤ Made with ♥ by Aneeq Malik

```
Question - 1:
```

```
void mystery(int* ptr, int s)
         ptr = new int[s];
         for (int i = 0, j = s; i < s; ++i, j--)
                   *(ptr + i) = j;
int main()
         int* ptr, s = 5;
         mystery(ptr, s);
         for (int i = 0; i < s; ++i)
                   cout << ptr[i] << "\ ";
         delete[] ptr; ptr = NULL;
         return 0;
Question - 2:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
char c[7][11] = { "OOP-Final", "OOP", "Exam", "Students", "lazy", "2023", "programmer" };
char* add(char* ptr) {
         return ptr + 11;
char* sub(char* ptr) {
         return ptr - 11;
int main()
         char* mystery = c[4];
         cout<< mystery << endl;
         cout<< sub(mystery)[2] << endl;</pre>
         mystery = sub(mystery);
         cout << mystery << endl;
         cout << sub(mystery) + 1 << endl;
         cout<< add(add(mystery)) + 13 << endl;</pre>
         cout<< *add(add(mystery)) << endl;</pre>
         return 0;
}
```

#### Question - 3:

```
return 0;
Question - 4:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
main()
  int ary[2][2][4] = \{ \{\{1,2,3,5\}, \{3,4,6,7\}\}, \{\{5,6,5,1\}, \{7,8,2,4\}\} \};
  int(*p)[2][4] = (int(*)[2][4])ary;
  cout << *(*(*(p + 2) + 1) + 1);
  for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < 2; j++)
       for (int k = 0; k < 2; k++)
          cout << *(*(p + i) + j) + k) << "\t";
       cout \ll "\n";
     cout << "\n\n";
Question - 5:
int main()
         int array[2][5][2] = \{ 10,20,30,40,50,60,70, 
                                         80,90,100,18,21,3,4,
                                         5,6,7,81,9,11 };
         int(*p)[5][2];
         p = array;
         for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
                   cout << "\nthe vale is " << *((int*)(p + 1) + (1 * 2) + i);
         return 0;
}
Question - 6:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
main()
  int ary[2][6] = \{ \{2,5,6,4,9,1\}, \{7,8,12,11,32,11\} \};
  int(*ptr)[2] = (int(*)[2])ary + 3;
  for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
     for (int j = 0; j < 3; ++j)
```

```
cout << *(*(ptr + i) + j) << "\t";
     }
    cout << endl;
Question - 7:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int main()
  const char* str[] = { "AAAAA", "BBBBB", "CCCCC", "DDDDD" };
  const char** sptr[] = { str + 3, str + 2, str + 1, str };
const char*** pp;
  pp = sptr;
  ++pp;
  cout << **++pp + 2;
Question - 8:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
main()
         int* ip = new int;
         short* sp;
         char* cp;
         *ip = 16706;
                                             //Hex 4142
         *ip=65;
         //cp=ip;
        cp = (char^*)ip;
        cout << *cp << endl;
         cout << *(cp + 1) << endl;
        sp = (short*)ip;
        cout << *sp;
}
Question - 9:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
```

void foo(int(\*ptr)[4]) {
 cout << ptr[0][0] << " ";</pre>

```
}
int main()
{
    int arr[9] = { 2,4,6,8,10,12,114,16,18 };
    foo((int(*)[4])(arr));
    foo((int(*)[4])(arr + 2));
    foo((int(*)[4])(arr) + 1);
    int arr2[3][4] = { 12,24,36,48,60,72,84,96,108,120,132,144 };
    foo((int(*)[4])(arr2) + 1);
    return 0;
}
```

## Question - 10:

# Question - 11:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

void find(int, int&, int&, int = 4);
int main() {
```

```
int one = 1, two = 2, three = 3;
    find(one, two, three);
    cout << one << " " << two << " " << three << endl;
    return 0;
}

void find(int a, int & b, int& c, int d) {
    if (d < 1)
        return;
    cout << a << " " << b << " " << c <<endl;
    c = a + 2 * b;
    int temp = b;
    b = a;
    a = 2 * temp;
    d % 2 ? find(b, a, c, d - 1) : find(c, b, a, d - 1);
}</pre>
```

#### Question - 12:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
int fun(int n, int* fp)
{
   int t, f;
   if (n <= 2) {
      *fp = 1;
      return 1;
   }
   t = fun(n - 1, fp);
   f = t + *fp;
   *fp = t;
   return f;
}
int main()
{
   int x = 15;
   cout << fun(5, &x) << endl;
   return 0;</pre>
```

# Question - 13:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Dummy {
          float z;
          int x, y;
public:
          Dummy(int x = 0, int y = 1) :x(x + 2), y(y + 3) {
```

## Question - 14:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(\text{int } ii=0): i(ii), \, s(\text{new int}\{\ i+1\ \})\ \{\}
  A(const A& abc)
     this->i = abc.i;
     this->s = new int(*(abc.s));
     cout << \hbox{$"Out Of $"$} << i+*s << endl;
  A magic(A abc) {
     A bcd(2);
     return abc;
  ~A() { cout << "Out A " << i << endl; }
private:
  int i;
  int* s;
int main() {
  A b(3), a(4);
  a = b.magic(a).magic(b);
}
```

# Question - 15:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class mystery
private:
  int* n;
public:
  mystery():n(new int)
  {
     *n = 5;
  mystery(int nn) :n(new int) {
     *n = nn;
  }
  mystery& operator=(const mystery& n)
     this->n = new int;
    *this->n = *n.n;
    return *this;
  mystery& display()
    cout << *n << " ";
    return *this;
  void increase()
     *n += 1;
};
int main() {
  mystery b(1), c = b, d;
  b.increase();
  d = b = c;
  mystery a(d);
  a.increase();
  c.increase();
  a.display().display();
  mystery l = b.display();
  c.display();
  d.display();
  l.display();
Question - 16:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class A
  int data[2];
  int arr[3];
  int ss;
public:
  A(int x, int y): data{ x, y }, arr{ x + y, y - x, y % x }
```

```
ss = y / x;
  A(int* ptr): data{ *ptr, *(ptr + 1) }, arr{ 0 }
    ss = *ptr;
  void display() { cout << data[1] + ss + arr[2] << endl; }</pre>
  ~A() { cout << arr[0] - data[0] - ss << endl; }
};
int main()
  A a(22, 33);
  int* arr = (int*)&(a);
  arr += 3;
  cout << arr[-2] + arr[2] << endl;
  a = (arr - 2);
  a.display();
Question - 17:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class mystery
private:
  int* n;
public:
  mystery():n(new int)
     *n = 5;
  mystery(int nn) :n(new int) {
     *n = nn;
  mystery& operator=(const mystery& n)
     this->n = new int;
    *this->n = *n.n;
     return *this;
  mystery display()
     cout << *n << " ";
    return *this;
  int increase()
     *n += 1;
     return *n;
  ~mystery()
```

```
cout << "Bye " << *n << endl;
};
int main() {
  mystery b(1), c = b, d;
  b = c = d;
  mystery a(d);
  a.increase();
  a.display().increase();
  mystery l = b.display().increase();
  c = 10;
  c.display().increase();
Question - 18:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class mystery
private:
  int* n;
public:
  mystery() :n(new int)
     *n = 5;
  mystery(int nn) :n(new int) {
     *n = nn;
  mystery(const mystery& n)
     this->n = new int;
    *this->n = *n.n;
  mystery display()
    cout << *n << " ";
    return *this;
  int increase()
     *n += 1;
     return *n;
  operator int()
    return *n + 3;
  int& operator() (int ss)
     *n += ss;
     return *n;
```

```
~mystery()
     cout << "Bye " << *n << endl;
};
int main() {
  mystery b(1), c = b, d;
  b = c = d;
  mystery a(d);
  a.increase();
  a.display().increase();
  mystery l = b.display().increase();
  l.display().increase();
  int* ptr = new int(c);
  cout << *ptr;
  delete ptr;
  c(5) = 3;
  c.display();
}
```

#### Question - 19:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class mystery
private:
  int* n;
  int arr[3];
public:
  mystery():n(new int(5)), arr{*n, *n + 1, *n + 2}
    (*this)(4, 2) = 8;
  mystery(int nn) :n(new int), arr\{ nn, nn + 1, nn + 2 \}
     *n = nn;
  mystery(const mystery& n)
     this->n = new int;
     *this->n = *n.n;
    this->arr[0] = n.arr[0];
     this->arr[1] = n.arr[1];
     this->arr[2] = n.arr[2];
  mystery display()
```

```
cout << *n << " " << arr[0] << " ";
     return *this;
  int increase()
     *n += 1;
     return *n;
  operator int()
     return *n + 3;
  int& operator() (int ss, int pr)
     *n += ss;
     return this->arr[ss - pr];
  }
  ~mystery()
     cout << "Bye " << *n + arr[1] << endl;
};
int main() {
  static mystery b(1), c = b, d;
  b = c = d;
  mystery a(d);
  a.increase();
  a.display().increase();
  mystery l = b.display().increase();
  l.display().increase();
  static mystery s = l.increase();
  s(5, 3) = 6;
  b(4, 3) = 1;
  a(8, 8) = 7;
}
```

# Question - 20:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class magic
{
   int s;
public:
   magic(int ss) : s(ss + 2) { };
   int do_magic()
```

```
cout << "MAGIC" << s << endl;
    return s;
  ~magic()
     cout << "No \ MAGIC" << s << endl;
};
class mystery
private:
  int* n;
  int arr[3];
public:
  mystery():n(new int(5)), arr{ *n, *n + 1, *n + 2 }
  { }
  mystery(int nn) : n(new int), arr{nn, nn + 1, nn + 2}
     *n = nn;
  mystery(const mystery& n)
     this->n = new int;
     *this->n = *n.n;
     this->arr[0] = n.arr[0];
    this->arr[1] = n.arr[1];
    this->arr[2] = n.arr[2];
  int& operator() (int ss, int pr)
     *n += ss;
    return this->arr[ss - pr];
  magic* operator->()
    static int s = 2;
     magic* m = new magic(s);
     s++;
    return m;
  mystery operator++()
     *n += 1;
     return *n;
  void smile(int a)
    cout << (*this)(7, a) << endl;
```

```
~mystery()
    cout << "Bye " << *n + arr[1] << endl;
  friend ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, const mystery& m);
};
ostream& operator<<(ostream& out, const mystery& m)
  out << *m.n << " " << m.arr[0] << endl;
  return out;
int main() {
  static mystery b(1), c = b, d;
  mystery* monster = new mystery(5);
  mystery a(d);
  ++a;
  mystery l = d->do_magic();
  monster->smile((*monster)->do_magic());
  b(4, 3) = 1->do_magic();
  a(8, 8) = a->do_magic();
  cout << a << b << 1;
```

#### Question - 21:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Num {
   int* n;
   static int c;
public:
   Num() :n(new int) {
      *n = 4;
   }
   Num(int* nn) :n(nn) {
      c++;
      cout << *n << " " << c << endl;
   }
   Num(Num& otherNum) :n(otherNum.n) {
      cout << *n << " " << endl;
   *n += 4;
      cott << *n << " " << endl;
      *n += 4;
      c++;
   }
}</pre>
```

```
void display()const {
    cout << *n << "" << endl;
  void display(Num n)const {
    *n.n = +1;
    cout << *(this->n) << "" << endl;
  ~Num() {
    cout << c << " " << *n << endl;
};
int Num::c = 0;
int main() {
  Num a; int n = 8;
  Num b(&n);
  const Num c(a);
  c.display();
  a.display(b);
  cout << "----" << endl;
```

#### Question - 22:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class A {
    int x;
public:
    A(int a) :x(a) {
        cout << x << endl;
    };
    ~A() {
        cout << x << endl;
    }
};

A a(2);
int main(int argc, char* argv[]) {
    static A b(3);
    {
        A c(4);
    }
}</pre>
```

## Question - 23:

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Mystery

```
public:
  static int n;
  Mystery()
     cout << n++ << endl;
  Mystery(int i)
    n = i;
     cout << n << endl;
  static void somefunc()
    n = 5;
  Mystery(Mystery const& otherNum)
    n += 5;
    cout << n << endl;\\
  ~Mystery()
    cout << --n << "\n";
}a;
void fun(Mystery n)
  cout << n.n << endl;
  n.somefunc();
int Mystery::n = 0;
int main()
  Mystery b(9), c;
  fun(b);
```

## Question - 24:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class Complex
{
    double r, i;

public:
    Complex(double r = 1.0, double i = 1.0)
```

```
set(r, i);
  void set(double r, double i)
     Complex::r = r;
     this->i = i;
  void print()
     if(i < 0)
       cout << r << \hbox{{\tt ''''}} << i << \hbox{{\tt ''i''}} << endl; \\
     else
       cout << r << "+" << i << "i" << endl;
  Complex operator+(Complex R)
     Complex tmp;
     tmp.r = r + R.r;
     tmp.i = i + R.i;
     return tmp;
  Complex operator++()
     Complex tmp = *this;
     r++;
     i++;
     return tmp;
  Complex operator++(int)
     ++(*this);
     return *this;
};
int main()
  Complex A(3, 4), B(5, -6);
  A.print();
  B.print();
  Complex C;
  C = A + B;
  C.print();
  (++A).print();
  C = ++A;
  C.print();
  (A++).print();
  A.print();
```

}

#### Question - 25:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Point
  int x, y;
public:
  Point(int x = 0, int y = 0)
     this->x = x;
     Point::y = y;
     (*this)();
  void operator()()
     cout << "\ (" << x << ", " << y << ") " << endl;
  Point& operator()(int y)
     this->y = y;
     return *this;
  ~Point()
     cout << "Point is going";</pre>
     (*this)();
}p3;
int main()
  Point* p = new Point(5, 6);
  static Point p1(p3);
  p1(9)(8);
  delete p;
  Point p2(7);
  cout << "----" << endl;
```

#### Question - 26:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class ItsMagic {
public:
   int* value;
```

```
ItsMagic(int n = 8): value(new int[n - 5] {n})
     for (int i = 0; i < n - 7; i++)
     \label{eq:continuous} \begin{split} &*(value+i+1) = *(value+i)+i+3;\\ &cout << \text{"Hello} <:> \text{"} << value[2] << endl; \end{split}
   ItsMagic(const ItsMagic& oh)
     this->value = oh.value + 1;
     *this->value = *oh.value + 5;
     (*this)(oh.value + 1);
     cout << "Oh Ho <:> " << value[2] << endl;
   int& operator()(int* a)
     *(this->value + 2) = *a++;
     cout << "Is it you -): " << *this->value << endl;
     return *(this->value + 1);
   void increase(int& n)
     static int N = 5;
     n = N++;
     if (n \% 3 == 2)
        this->twice(N);
     cout << "Seriously -> " << N << endl;
   void twice(int& n)
     static int N = 6;
     n = ++N;
     if (n \% 4 == 0)
        this->increase(N);
     cout \ll "Please -> " \ll N \ll endl;
   ~ItsMagic()
     int s = 3;
     cout << "Don't..... ";
     this->increase(s);
     cout << s << endl;
};
class NoWay {
public:
  ItsMagic okay;
  int s;
  NoWay(int a) :okay(a)
     s = *okay.value + 3;
     cout << *(okay.value + 2) << endl;
```

```
cout << "Its Okay:) " << okay(okay.value) << endl;</pre>
  ItsMagic& neverMind()
    okay.increase(s);
    cout << "Never Mind :( " << s + okay(okay.value + 1) << endl;
    return okay;
  ~NoWay()
    int sum = 0;
    cout << "Are you going ? \n";
    for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
       sum += okay.value[i];
    cout << "Here take this -> " << sum << endl;
};
void comeHere(ItsMagic boo)
  boo(boo.value);
  cout << "Bye :( " << *boo.value++ << endl;
}
int main()
  ItsMagic isIt;
  NoWay areYou(10);
  comeHere(areYou.neverMind());
```

# Question - 27:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Point {
   int x, y;
public:
   Point(int a = 0, int b = 0)
   {
        x = a;
        y = b;
        print();
   }
   void print()
   {
        cout << " (" << x << "," << y << ") " << endl;
   }
   ~Point()</pre>
```

```
cout << "Point is going" << endl;</pre>
};
class Circle
   Point center;
   float radius;
public:
   Circle():center(0, 0)
     radius = 0;
     cout << "The basic circle" << endl;</pre>
  Circle(Point p) :center(p) { }
   Circle(const Circle& c) :center(c.center), radius(c.radius)
     cout << "The copied circle";</pre>
     center.print();
   ~Circle()
     cout << "Circle is going" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
  Point p1;
  Circle c1;
  static Circle c2(p1);
  Circle c3(c2);
```

#### Question - 28:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;

class Engine {
public:
    int cylinders;

    Engine(int numCylinders) : cylinders(numCylinders) {
        cout << "Creating Engine with " << cylinders << " cylinders" << endl;
    }
    ~Engine() { cout << "Destroying Engine with " << cylinders << " cylinders" << endl; }
};</pre>
```

```
class Car {
public:
  Engine engine;
  string make;
  string model;
  Car(const string& carMake, const string& carModel, int numCylinders)
    : engine(numCylinders), make(carMake), model(carModel) {
    cout << "Creating" << make << " " << model << " with " << numCylinders << " cylinders" << endl;
  ~Car() { cout << "Destroying " << make << " " << model << " with " << engine.cylinders << " cylinders" << endl; }
class Person {
public:
  string name;
  Person(const string& personName): name(personName) {
    cout << "Creating Person named " << name << endl;</pre>
  ~Person() { cout << "Destroying Person named " << name << endl; }
};
class Driver {
private:
  Person person;
  Car car;
public:
  Driver(const string& driverName, const string& carMake, const string& carModel, int numCylinders)
    : person(driverName), car(carMake, carModel, numCylinders) {
    cout << "Creating Driver named" << driverName << " with " << carMake << " " << carModel << " with " <<
numCylinders << " cylinders" << endl;
  ~Driver() { cout << "Destroying Driver named" << person.name << " with " << car.make << " " << car.model << "
with " << car.engine.cylinders << " cylinders" << endl; }
};
int main() {
  Car myCar("Honda", "Civic", 4);
  Person myPerson("Alice");
  Driver myDriver("Bob", "Toyota", "Corolla", 4);
    Driver myDriver("Charlie", "Ford", "Mustang", 8);
}
```

#### Question - 29:

#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

```
class A
private:
         int a;
public:
         A(int x = 10) \{ a = x; cout << "A() called for " << a << " .\n"; \}
         void Print() { cout << "a = " << a << endl; }</pre>
};
class B
private:
         int b;
         A a;
         A* aptr;
public:
         B() { b = 0; aptr = 0; cout << "B() called." << endl; }
         B(int x, A* objPtr) : a(x + 5)
                 b = x;
                 aptr = objPtr;
                 cout \ll "B() called for b = " \ll b \ll endl;
         void Print() {
                 cout << "b = " << b << endl; a.Print();
                 if (aptr != 0) aptr->Print();
         \simB() { cout << "\simB() called for b = " << b << endl; }
};
int main()
         A a1(5);
         B b1(10, &a1);
         cout << "----\n";
        b1.Print();
Question - 30:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class Number {
public:
         int* value;
         Number(int v) {
                 value = new int(v);
                 cout << "Value: " << *value << endl;
         ~Number() {
                 cout << "Killed: " << *value << endl;</pre>
                 delete value;
         }
};
class Question {
public:
```

```
Number marks;
         Question(int A) : marks(A) {
                 cout << "New Object \n";</pre>
         Question(const Question& X): marks(*X.marks.value + 10) {
                 cout << "ItsEasy" << endl;
};
void Difficult(Question why) {
         Question Quest = why;
int main() {
         Question Answer(1);
         Difficult(Answer);
Question - 31:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class XYZ
{
private:
  int x;
public:
  XYZ(int y = 10)
  {
    cout << "XYZ() called for " << x << endl;
  void Print()
    cout << x << endl;
  ~XYZ()
    cout << "~XYZ() Called.\n";
};
class ABC
  int c;
public:
  XYZ a;
  XYZ* b;
  ABC(int val = 50)
    cout << "ABC() called for " << c << endl;
    b = new XYZ(a);
  void Print()
    cout << "c = " << c << endl;
    cout << "a = ";
```

```
a.Print();
    if (b != nullptr)
       cout << "b = ";
       b->Print();
  }
};
int main()
  ABC* x = new ABC;
  x->Print();
  XYZ* ptr = &(x->a);
  delete x;
  ptr->Print();
Question - 32:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Complex {
private:
         double real;
         double imag;
public:
         Complex(double r = 0.0, double i = 0.0): real(r), imag(i)
         bool operator == (Complex rhs)
                  return (real == rhs.real &&
                           imag == rhs.imag);
};
int main()
         Complex com1(3.0, 0.0);
         if (com 1 == 3.0)
                  cout << "Same";</pre>
         else
                  cout << "Not Same";</pre>
         return 0;
Question - 33:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
```

```
class fun {
private:
          int x;
public:
          fun(int x1 = 0) {
                     \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}\mathbf{1};
                     cout << "constructor of ";</pre>
                     print();
          int getX() { return x; }
          void setX(int x1) \{ x = x1; \}
          void print() {
                     cout << "(" << x << ")" << endl;
          fun(const fun& obj) {
                     x = obj.x;
                     cout << "Copy constructor of ";</pre>
                     print();
          ~fun() {
                     cout << "destructor of ";</pre>
                     print();
          }
void print(const int* p, int n) {
          for (int i = 0; i < n; i++)
                     cout << p[i] << " ";
          cout << endl;
int main()
          cout << "Output (if any): " << endl;</pre>
          fun a(6);
          int list[6] = \{0,10,20,30,40,50\};
          int length = 3;
          int* array = &length;
          int* p = list;
          fun \hat{b} = function(array, p, a);
          cout << "content of array: ";</pre>
          print(array, a.getX());
          cout << "content of p: ";</pre>
          print(p, (length / 2));
          cout << "content of list: ";</pre>
          print(list, length);
          cout << "Output (if any): " << endl;</pre>
Question - 34:
#include <iostream>
class Base {
public:
   virtual void sayHello() {
     std::cout << "Hello world, I am Base" << std::endl;
```

```
};
class Derived : public Base {
public:
  void sayHello() {
     std::cout << "Hello world, I am Derived" << std::endl;
};
void testPointer(Base* obj) {
  obj->sayHello();
void testReference(Base& obj) {
  obj.sayHello();
void testObject(Base obj) {
  obj.sayHello();
int main() {
     std::cout << "Testing with pointer argument: ";
    Derived* derived = new Derived;
     testPointer(derived);
     std::cout << "Testing with reference argument: ";
     Derived derived;
    testReference(derived);
    std::cout << "Testing with object argument: ";
     Derived derived;
     testObject(derived);
Question - 35:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Vehicle
public:
  Vehicle()
     cout << "Vehicle() called.\n";</pre>
  ~Vehicle()
    cout << "~Vehicle() called.\n";</pre>
  virtual void Print()
     cout << "Test\n";
```

```
class MotorCycle: public Vehicle
public:
  MotorCycle()
    cout << "MotorCycle() called.\n";</pre>
  ~MotorCycle()
     cout << "{\sim} MotorCycle() \ called. \ \ ";
};
class Car: public Vehicle
public:
  Car()
    cout << "Car() called.\n";</pre>
  ~Car()
     cout << "~Car() called.\n";</pre>
  virtual void Print()
     cout << "Check\n";</pre>
};
int main()
  Vehicle* vehicles[3];
  vehicles[0] = new MotorCycle;
  vehicles[1] = new Car;
  vehicles[2] = new Vehicle;
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     vehicles[i]->Print();
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     delete vehicles[i];
Question - 36:
//-----Syntax Errors-----//
//-----Do not Run only point out Errors-----//
class D
   int y;
   void walk()
     cout << "walk of D" << endl;
public:
   D(int y1 = 0)
     y1 = y;
```

```
}
class A
{
public:
  int x;
   void print()
     cout << "\text{----} A ---- x:" << x << endl;
  A(\operatorname{int} x1 = 0)
     \mathbf{x} = \mathbf{x}1;
};
class B: A
   D x;
public:
   D getx()
     return x;
   virtual void print() = 0;
   B(int x1, int y1) : D(y1), A(x1)
   }
};
class C : B
public:
  int x;
   C(int x1 = 0, int x2 = 10, int x3 = 20): B(x1, x2)
     x = x3;
   void print()
     cout << "----C---- x:" << x << endl;
     A::print();
     B::print();
   void fun()
     cout << "its fun" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
   B *p = new B;
   A *q = new A;
  q->print();
  q->A();
```

```
B *ptr = new C;
   ptr->x = 35;
   ptr->print();
   ptr->getx().walk();
   C *p1 = dynamic_cast<C *>(ptr);
   (p1->fun()).fun();
Question - 37:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class D
public:
  D() { cout << "D ctor" << endl; }
  D(D&) { cout << "D copy ctor" << endl; }
  ~D() { cout << "D dtor" << endl; }
};
class A
public:
  A() { cout << "A ctor" << endl; }
  ~A() { cout << "A dtor" << endl; }
class B: public A
public:
  B() { cout << "B ctor" << endl; }
  ~B() { cout << "B dtor" << endl; }
  void test(D d) { A a; }
};
B globalB;
int main()
{
  A a;
  Dd;
  D d2 = d;
  d = d2;
  globalB.test(d);
```

#### Question - 38:

class A

```
public:
  A() { cout << "In As constructor" << endl; }
  ~A() { cout << "In As destructor" << endl; }
};
class B: public A
public:
  B() { cout << "In Bs constructor" << endl; }
  ~B() { cout << "In Bs destructor" << endl; }
class C : public B
public:
  C() { cout << "In Cs constructor" << endl; }
  ~C() { cout << "In Cs destructor" << endl; }
int main()
  C x1;
  C * x2 = new C;
Question - 39:
//-----Question # 5-----//
class A
  int a;
public:
  A(): a(0)
    cout << "A()" << endl;
  A(int a) : a(a)
    cout << "A(int a)" << endl;
  ~A()
    cout << "~A()" << endl;
  void print()
    cout << "a=" << a << endl;
  void seta(int a)
    this->a = a;
    cout << "seta(int a)" << endl;</pre>
```

```
protected:
  void prot_func_A()
    cout << "prot_func_A()from A" << endl;</pre>
};
class B: protected A
  int b;
public:
  B():b(0)
    cout << "B()";
  B(int b, int a = 0): b(b)
     cout << "B(intb, inta=0)" << endl;</pre>
    seta(a);
  ~B()
    cout << "{\sim}B()" << endl;
  void print()
     cout << "b=" << b << endl;
     A::print();
  void prot_func_A()
    cout << "prot_func_A() fromB" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
  B objB(10, 20);
  objB.print();
  objB.prot_func_A();
Question - 40:
class Yes
public:
  Yes() { cout << " Yes() "; }
};
class No
  Yes y;
public:
  No() { cout << " No() "; }
class Emotion {
```

```
public:
  Emotion()
    cout << "Emotion() ";</pre>
};
class Sad: public Emotion
  No n;
public:
  Sad() { cout << "Sad() "; }
class Depress: public Sad
public:
  Depress() {
    cout << " Depress() ";</pre>
};
int main()
  Depress why;
  cout << "\nOH No! :( \n";
  cout << "OH Yeah!): \n";
  Sad noWay;
Question - 41:
class Parent
  int* b;
public:
  Parent() { b = new int(10); }
  virtual void Print()
     cout << "B = " << *b << endl;
  ~Parent() { delete b; }
class Child: public Parent
  int* d;
public:
  Child() { d = new int(20); }
  void Print()
    Parent::Print();
    cout << "D = " << *d << endl;
  ~Child() { delete d; }
```

```
};
int main()
  Parent* pPtr = new Child();
  pPtr->Print();
  delete pPtr;
Question - 42:
class B
private:
  int* bptr;
  B(int b = 10) \{ bptr = new int(b); \}
  virtual int GetValue()
    return *bptr;
  virtual ~B()
    cout << "~B()";
    if (bptr != 0)
       delete bptr;
};
class D1: public B
private:
  int* dptr1;
public:
  D1(int d1 = 20) \{ dptr1 = new int(d1); \}
  int GetValue()
     return (B::GetValue() + *dptr1);
  void Print()
    cout << "*dptr1 = " << *dptr1 << endl;
  ~D1()
    cout << "~D1()";
    if (dptr1 != 0)
       delete dptr1;
};
class D2: public B
private:
  int* dptr2;
```

```
public:
  D2(int d2 = 30)
    dptr2 = new int(d2);
  int GetValue()
    return (B::GetValue() + *dptr2);
  ~D2()
     cout << "~D2()";
    if (dptr2 != 0)
       delete dptr2;
};
class GC: public D1
private:
  int* gcPtr;
public:
  GC(int gc = 40) : D1(gc + 10)
    gcPtr = new int(gc);
  int GetValue()
    return (D1::GetValue() + *gcPtr);
  void Print()
    cout << "*gcptr = " << *gcPtr << endl;
  ~GC()
     cout << "~GC()";
    if (gcPtr != 0)
       delete gcPtr;
};
int main()
  B* arr[4];
  arr[0] = new B(1);
  arr[1] = new D1(2);
  arr[2] = new D2(3);
  arr[3] = new GC(4);
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
     cout << arr[i]->GetValue() << ", ";
  cout << endl;
  for (int i = 0; i < 4; i++)
```

```
delete arr[i];
    cout << endl;
  cout << "----\n";
  D1* arr2[2];
  arr2[0] = new D1(100);
  arr2[1] = new GC(500);
  for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
    arr2[i]->Print();
  for (int i = 0; i < 2; i++)
    delete arr2[i];
    cout << endl;
Question - 43:
class ThermalReactor
  int valve;
  float temprature;
public:
  ThermalReactor(int v, float t)
    valve = v;
    temprature = t;
  virtual void print()
    cout << "Valve: " << valve;
    cout << " Temparture:" << temprature << endl;</pre>
};
class MagnoxReactor: public ThermalReactor
  float maxPower;
  float production;
  MagnoxReactor(int v, float t, float m, float p): ThermalReactor(v, t)
    maxPower = m;
    production = p;
  bool isAtCritical()
    return (maxPower == production);
```

```
void signal()
     cout << "Production cannot be increased" << endl;</pre>
  void increaseProd(float factor)
    if((production + factor) < maxPower)
       production += factor;
       print();
     else
       signal();
  void print()
     ThermalReactor::print();
     cout << "Current production: " << production;</pre>
    cout << " Max Power: " << maxPower << endl;
};
void Capacity(ThermalReactor* reactor)
  reactor->print();
  dynamic_cast<MagnoxReactor*>(reactor)->increaseProd(10);
int main()
  MagnoxReactor* MagRec = new MagnoxReactor(4, 1000, 330, 200);
  Capacity(MagRec);
  return 0;
Question - 44:
class A
public:
  int f() { return 1; }
  virtual int g() { return 2; }
class B: public A
public:
  int f() { return 3; }
  virtual int g() { return 4; }
};
class C: public A
public:
  virtual int g() { return 5; }
```

```
int main()
  A* pa;
  A a;
  Bb;
  Cc;
  pa = &a;
  cout << pa->f() << endl;
  cout \ll pa->g() \ll endl;
  pa = \&b;
  cout << pa->f() + pa->g() << endl;
  pa = \&c;
  cout << pa->f() << endl;
  cout \ll pa->g() \ll endl;
  return 0;
Question - 45:
class A
{
private:
  int* aptr;
public:
  A(int a = 5)
    aptr = new int(a);
  virtual void Print()
     cout << "a = " << *aptr << endl;
  virtual ~A()
     cout << "\sim A() called.\n";
    if (aptr != 0)
       delete aptr;
};
class B: public A
private:
  int* bptr;
public:
  B(int b = 10)
     bptr = new int(b);
  void Print()
     A::Print();
     cout << " b = " << *bptr << endl;
```

```
~B()
     cout << "\sim B() called.\n";
     if (bptr != 0)
       delete bptr;
};
class C : public A
private:
  int* cptr;
public:
  C(int c = 15) : A(c * 10)
     cptr = new int(c);
  void Print()
     A::Print();
     cout << " c = " << *cptr << endl;
  ~C()
     cout << ^{\sim}C() called.\n";
     if (cptr != 0)
       delete cptr;
};
int main()
  A* aptr[3];
  aptr[0] = new B(1);
  aptr[1] = new C(2);
  aptr[2] = new A(3);
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     aptr[i]->Print();
  for (int i = 0; i < 3; i++)
     delete aptr[i];
Question - 46:
class StudentInfo
public:
  StudentInfo() {
     cout << "StudentInfo() called" << endl;</pre>
  ~StudentInfo() {
     cout << "Dest-StudentInfo() called" << endl;</pre>
```

```
};
class Students
public:
  Students() {
     cout << "Students() called" << endl;</pre>
  StudentInfo info;
  ~Students() {
     cout << "Dest-Students() called" << endl;</pre>
};
class AcademicInstitutions
public:
  AcademicInstitutions() {
     cout << "AcademicInstitutions() called" << endl;</pre>
  ~AcademicInstitutions() {
     cout << "Dest-AcademicInstitutions() called" << endl;</pre>
};
class Universities: public AcademicInstitutions
  Students Aneeq;
public:
  Universities() {
     cout << "Universities() called" << endl;</pre>
  ~Universities() {
     cout << "Dest-Universities() called" << endl;</pre>
};
class PrivateUniversity: public Universities
public:
  PrivateUniversity() {
     cout << "PrivateUniversity() called" << endl;</pre>
  ~PrivateUniversity() {
     cout << "Dest-PrivateUniversity() called" << endl;</pre>
};
int main()
```

```
{
  AcademicInstitutions* inst = new PrivateUniversity;
  delete inst;
Question - 47:
//----Cross out all the lines that will not compile-----//
//----in the main function of the following program-----//
//-----Do NOT run on Compiler-----//
class A
public:
   virtual int output() = 0;
private:
   int i;
};
class B: public A
private:
  int j;
};
class C
public:
  int f(int a) { return x * a; }
protected:
   void setX(int a) \{ x = a; \}
   int getX() { return x; }
private:
   int x;
};
class D : public C
private:
  int z;
};
int main()
   A objA;
   B objB;
   C objC;
   D objD;
   C.setX(2);
   cout << C.getX();</pre>
   D.setX(1);
   D.f(3);
   return 0;
```

# Question - 48:

```
class M
public:
  virtual void myMemory()
     cout << "I forget ";</pre>
  void Disk()
     cout << "Space ";</pre>
  void Erased()
     cout << "For good ";</pre>
  void thisExam()
     Erased(); myMemory();
  virtual ~M() {}
};
class N: public M
public:
  void myMemory()
     cout << "Gone ";</pre>
  void Disk()
     cout << "Slipped ";</pre>
  void virtual Erased()
     cout << "Rubbed out ";</pre>
};
int main()
  M* m1 = new N;
  m1->myMemory();
  m1->Disk();
  m1->thisExam();
  M m2 = *(new N);
  m2.myMemory();
  m2.Disk();
  m2.thisExam();
```

# Question - 49:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class S
         int s;
public:
         S(int s = 0) : s(s) \{ cout << "H S" << this->s << endl; \}
         void print()
         {
                  cout << s << endl;
         ~S()
                  cout << "Bye S" << endl;
};
class A: virtual public S
         int a;
public:
         A(int s = 0) : a(s) \{ cout << "H A" << a << endl; \}
         void print()
         {
                  cout << a << endl;
         }
         ~A()
         {
                  cout << "Bye A" << endl;
};
class B: virtual public A
         int b;
public:
         B(int n = 0) : A(9)
                  b = n;
                  cout << "HB " << b << endl;
         void display()
         {
                  cout << b << endl;
         ~B()
         {
                  cout << "bye B" << endl;
};
class C :virtual public A
         int c;
public:
```

```
C(int n = 0)
                  c = n;
                  cout << "HC " << c << endl;
         void display()
                  cout << c << endl;
         ~C()
         {
                  cout << "bye C" << endl;
};
class D : public C, public B
         int d;
public:
         D(int n = 0) : C(3), B(2), A(4), S(2)
         {
                  d = n;
                  cout << "H D " << d << endl;
         void display()
                  cout << d << endl;
         ~D()
                  cout << "bye D" << endl;
};
int main()
         D obj;
                  obj.display();
         //
}
```

# Question - 50:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class Course
{
public:
    virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Prioritize "; }
    virtual void Pro2() { cout << "your "; }
    virtual void Pro3() { cout << "work "; }
    virtual void Con1() { cout << "not fun "; }
};
class Programming : public Course</pre>
```

```
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Programming "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "is "; }
  void Pro3() const { cout << "fun. "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "You have to do it! "; }
};
class BasicProg: public Programming
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Learn basics "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "was good "; }</pre>
  void Pro3() { cout << "but "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "Bas Prog 4"; }
};
class AdvProgramming: public Programming
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Com Prog 1"; }
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "Com Prog 2"; }
  void Pro3() { cout << "Com Prog 3 "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "Com Prog 4"; }
};
class Algo: public AdvProgramming
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Algo 1 "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "Algo 2 "; }
  void Pro3() { cout << "Algo 3 "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "Algo 4"; }
};
class DS: public AdvProgramming
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "has been "; }
   virtual void Pro2()
     cout << "the best. ";
     Programming::Con1();
  void Pro3() { cout << "DS 3 "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "DS 4"; }
class PF: public BasicProg
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "PF "; }</pre>
  void Pro3() const { cout << "PF 3 "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "PF 4"; }
class OOP: public BasicProg
public:
```

```
virtual void Pro1() { cout << "OOP "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "Reuse "; }
  void Pro3() { cout << "Polymorphism "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "too many "; }</pre>
class Humanities: public Course
public:
  virtual void Pro1() { cout << "Important "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro2() { cout << "to "; }</pre>
  virtual void Pro3() { cout << "learn "; }</pre>
  virtual void Con1() { cout << "None "; }</pre>
};
class Isl: public Humanities
};
class CommSkills: public Humanities
};
int main()
  Course* cp; AdvProgramming* app; Course co;
  PF p; OOP o; Algo a; DS d; CommSkills c; Isl i;
  Course& cr = p; Course& cr1(co); Humanities h;
  cp = &p;
  cp->Pro1();
  cr = o;
  cr.Pro2();
  cr.Pro3();
  cp = &o;
  cp->Pro1();
  app = &d;
  app->Pro1();
  app->Pro2();
  cr1 = h;
  cr1.Pro1();
  cr1.Pro2();
  cr1.Pro3();
Question - 51:
class Polygon
protected:
  int width, height;
public:
  void set_values(int a, int b)
     width = a;
     height = b;
  void print()
```

```
cout << width << " " << height << endl;
};
class Rectangle: public Polygon
private:
  int length;
public:
  int set_values(int a, int b, int c)
     Polygon::set_values(a, b);
     length = c;
  void print()
     cout << width << "\ " << height << "\ " << length << endl;
};
void temp(Polygon& obj)
  obj.print();
int main()
  Rectangle rect;
  Polygon poly;
  rect.set_values(4, 5);
  poly.set_values(10, 20, 30);
  temp(rect);
  temp(poly);
  return 0;
Question - 52:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class A
public:
  virtual const char* fun1(int x) { return "A"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) { return "A"; }
class B: public A
public:
  virtual const char* fun1(short int x) { return "B"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) const { return "B"; }
};
int main()
  Bb;
  A& a(b);
  std::cout << a.fun1(1) << '\n';
  std::cout << a.fun2(2) << '\n';
```

```
return 0;
Question - 53:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class B;
class A
public:
  A() \{ \}
  A(const A& copy) { cout << "f"; }
  A(const B& copy) { cout << "sf"; }
  virtual const char* fun1(int x) { return "A"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) { return "A"; }
};
class B: public A
public:
  B() \{ \}
  B(const B& copy) { cout << "fg"; }
  virtual const char* fun1(short int x) { return "B"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) const { return "B"; }
};
int main()
  Bb;
  A& a(b);
  std::cout << a.fun1(1) << '\n';
  std::cout << a.fun2(2) << '\n';
  return 0;
Question - 54:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class B;
class A
{
public:
  A() \{ \}
  A(const A& copy) { cout << "f"; }
  A(const B& copy) { cout << "sf"; }
  virtual const char* fun1(int x) { return "A"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) { return "A"; }
};
class B: public A
  int a;
public:
  B() {}
  B(const B& copy) { cout << "fg"; }
  void doSomething()
```

```
a++;
  virtual const char* fun1(short int x) { return "B"; }
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) const {
    this->doSomething();
    return "B";
  virtual const char* fun2(int x) { return "B"; }
};
int main()
  Bb;
  A& a(b);
  std::cout << a.fun1(1) << '\n';
  Question - 55:
int i;
class LFC
  int x;
  int y;
public:
  LFC()
    x = 0;
    cout << i << endl;
  int getX()
    return x;
  LFC getY()
    return *this;
  ~LFC()
    cout << i << endl;
    i = 10;
};
int foo(LFC obj)
  i = obj.getY().getX();
  LFC ob;
  return i;
int main()
  LFC obj;
  cout << foo(obj) << endl;
  return 0;
```

# Question - 56:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(int ii, int ss) : i(ii + ss) \{ \}
  void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl; }
  ~A() { cout << "Out A" << endl; }
  A magic(int ss) { this->i = ss * this->i; return *this; }
private:
  int i;
int main() {
  A a, s(10);
  s.magic(20);
  a.magic(10);
Question - 57:
```

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(int ii, int ss) : i(ii + ss) \{ \}
  void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl; }
  ~A() { cout << "Out A" << i << endl; }
  A magic(int ss) { this->i = ss * this->i; return *this; }
private:
  int i;
};
int main() {
  A a, s(10);
  a = s.magic(20);
}
```

# Question - 58:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;

class A {

public:
    A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) {}
    A(int ii, int ss) : i(ii + ss) {}
    void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl; }
    ~A() { cout << "Out A" << i << endl; }
    A magic(int ss) { this->i = ss * this->i; return *this; }

private:
    int i;
};

int main() {

    A a(10, 5), s(10);
    a = s.magic(20).magic(10);
}
```

#### Question - 59:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class B {
public:
  B(int xx) : x(xx) \{ cout << "In B" << endl; \}
  ~B() { cout << "Out B" << endl; }
  int getX() { return x; }
private:
  int x;
};
class A {
public:
   A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(int \ ii, \ int \ ss): i(ii+ss) \ \{\} \\ void \ show() \ \{ \ cout << "i = " << i << endl; \ \}
  ~A() { cout << "Out A" << endl; }
  A(B abc) \{ i = abc.getX(); cout << "In A B" << endl; \}
  A& operator=(B\& b) \{ this->i = b.getX(); return *this; \}
private:
  int i;
```

```
};

void g(A a)
{
    a.show();
}

int main() {
    B b(10);
    g(b);
    g({ 20, 30 });
    A a, s(10);
    a = b;
    s = a;
}
```

# Question - 60:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
         A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{\}
          void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl; }</pre>
private:
         int i;
};
class B {
public:
         B(int xx) : x(xx) \{ \}
         operator A() const { return A(x); }
private:
         int x;
};
void g(A a)
         a.show();
int main() {
          B b(10);
          g(b);
         g(20);
}
```

# Question - 61:

```
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class A
  int data[2];
  int arr[3];
  int ss;
public:
  A(int x, int y) : data\{x, y\}, arr\{x + y, y - x, y \% x\}
     ss = y / x;
  A(int* ptr): data{ *ptr, *(ptr + 1) }, arr{ 0 }
     ss = *ptr;
  void display() { cout << data[1] + ss + arr[2] << endl; }</pre>
  ~A() { cout << arr[0] - data[0] - ss << endl; }
};
int main()
  A a(22, 33);
  int* arr = (int*)&(a);
  arr += 3;
  cout \ll arr[-2] + arr[2] \ll endl;
  a = (arr - 2);
  a.display();
Question - 62:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class MyClass {
  int a, b;
public:
  MyClass(int i)
     a = i;
     b = i;
  void display()
     cout << "a = " << a << " b = " << b << "\n";
  ~MyClass() { cout << "His Class = " << a + b << endl; }
```

```
};
int main()
  MyClass object(10);
  object.display();
  object = 20;
  object.display();
Question - 63:
struct structure {
         int x;
         structure* ptr;
void print(structure* pointer)
         while (pointer != NULL)
                  cout << pointer->x << " -> ";
                  pointer = pointer->ptr;
         cout << "." << endl;
int main()
         structure three = \{10\}, two = \{30\}, one = \{20\}, * pointer = &one;
         three.ptr = &two; one.ptr = &three;
         print(pointer);
         structure four;
         four.x = 15; four.ptr = pointer;
         pointer = &four;
         print(pointer);
         return 0;
Question - 64:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class B {
public:
  B(int xx) : x(xx) \{ cout << "In B" << endl; \}
  ~B() { cout << "Out B" << endl; }
  int getX() { return x; }
private:
  int x;
};
class A {
```

```
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(int ii, int ss): i(ii + ss) {} void show() { cout << "i = " << i << endl; }
  ~A() { cout << "Out A" << endl; }
  A(B abc) \{ i = abc.getX(); \}
private:
  int i;
};
int main() {
  B b(10);
  A a, s(10);
  a = b;
  s = a;
Question - 65:
#include <iostream>
using namespace std;
class ZooCage
  int cageNumber;
  ZooCage* link;
public:
  ZooCage(int n): cageNumber(n), link(nullptr) {}
  int getCageNumber()
    return this->cageNumber;
  ZooCage*& getLink()
    return this->link;
};
ZooCage* start = nullptr;
void fun(ZooCage*& H, int num)
  if(H)
     fun(H->getLink(), num);
     return;
  H = new ZooCage(num);
void fun(ZooCage* H)
  if (H)
```

```
fun(H->getLink());
    cout << H->getCageNumber() << endl;</pre>
int main()
  fun(start, 4);
  fun(start, 2);
  ZooCage* temp = new ZooCage(5);
  temp->getLink() = start->getLink()->getLink();
  start = temp;
  fun(start, 3);
  fun(start);
  return 0;
Question - 66:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(const A& abc)
     this->i = abc.i; cout << "Out Of" << i - 1 << endl;
  A magic(A abc) {
     this->i = i + 1;
     A bcd(this->i);
    return bcd;
  ~A() { cout << "Out A " << i << endl; }
private:
  int i;
};
int main() {
  A b(3), a(4);
  a = b.magic(a).magic(b);
```

# Question - 67:

#include<iostream>

```
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(const A& abc)
     this->i = abc.i; cout << "Out Of" << i - 1 << endl;
  A magic(A abc) {
     A bcd(2);
     return bcd;
  ~A() { cout << "Out A " << i << endl; }
private:
  int i;
};
int main() {
  A b(3), a(4);
  b.magic(a);
}
Question - 68:
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii) \{ \}
  A(const A& abc)
  {
     this -> i = abc.i;
     cout << "Out Of" << i - 100 << endl;
  {\sim}A()~\{~cout<<~\text{"Out }A\text{"}<< i<< endl;~\}
  A magic(int ss)
     this->i = ss * this->i; return *this;
private:
  int i;
};
int main() {
  A a(15), s(10);
  a = s.magic(20).magic(10).magic(3);
```

#### Question - 69:

```
#include<iostream>
using namespace std;
class A {
public:
  A(int ii = 0) : i(ii), s(new int(i + 1)) \{ \}
  A(const A& abc)
     this->i = abc.i;
     this->s = new int(*(abc.s));
     cout << "Out Of" << i+*s << endl;
  A magic(A abc) {
     A bcd(2);
     return abc;
  \simA() { cout << "Out A" << i << endl; }
  void show() { cout << *s << endl; }</pre>
private:
  int i;
  int* s;
};
int main() {
  A b(3), a(4);
  b.magic(a).show();
}
```