

## **National University**



## of Computer & Emerging Sciences Islamabad

## MT1008 - Multivariable Calculus

## **Assignment #1 SE**

**Total Marks: 150** 

Deadline: 10th February 2025

**Question 1** - Sketch the level curves of the following for 3 different values of c (constant). [25 marks]

a. 
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + 2y^2$$

b. 
$$f(x, y) = xe^{-y}$$

c. 
$$f(x,y) = \frac{2y}{x^2 + y^2}$$

d. 
$$f(x,y) = x^2 + y^2 - z^2 + 2z = 0$$
 (z = constant)

e. 
$$f(x,y) = e^{-x^2+4y^2}$$

**Question 2** - Determine the equations and shapes of the cross-sections when x = 0, y = 0, x = y, and describe the level curves of the following. [15 marks]

a. 
$$f(x,y) = |x| + |y|$$

b. 
$$f(x,y) = (x^2 - y^2)^2$$

c. 
$$f(x,y) = e^{-(x^2+y^2)}sin(x^2+y^2)$$
.

**Question 3** - State the domain, range, interior points, boundary points, open/close, bounded/unbounded for each of the following functions. [35 marks]

a. 
$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{9-x^2} + \sqrt{y^2-4}$$

b. 
$$f(x,y) = arcsin(x^2 + y^2 - 2)$$

c. 
$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{16 - x^2 - 4y^2}$$

d. 
$$f(x,y,z) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{y} + \sqrt{z} + ln(4 - x^2 - y^2 - z^2)$$

e. 
$$f(x,y,z) = x^3y^2z\sqrt{10 - x - y - z}$$

f. 
$$f(x,y) = \frac{\ln(2-x)}{1-x^2-y^2}$$

g. 
$$f(x,y) = \frac{\sqrt{y-x^2}}{1-x^2}$$

Question 4 - Determine whether each limit exists. If it does, find the limit and prove that it is the limit; if it is not, explain how you know.

[45 marks]

a. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{e^{-x^2-y^2}-1}{x^2+y^2}$$

b. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(3,2)} \frac{x^2y}{x^2+y^2}$$

c. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(3,2)} \frac{xy}{|xy|}$$

d. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,0)} \frac{(x-1)^2 \ln x}{(x-1)^2 + y^2}$$

e. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,0)} \frac{\sin(x)(e^y-1)}{xy}$$

f. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(0,0)} \frac{\sin(x^2+y^2)}{x^2+y^2}$$

g. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(3,2)} e^{\sqrt{2x-y}}$$

h. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,0)} \frac{xy^5}{x^8+y^{10}}$$

i. 
$$\lim_{(x,y)\to(1,0)} \frac{\sin(4x)}{\tan(x)}$$

**Question 5** - Determine the set of points at which the function is continuous. [20 marks]

a. 
$$f(x,y) = tan^{-1}((x+y)^{-2})$$

b. 
$$f(x,y) = \frac{e^x + e^y}{e^{xy} - 1}$$

c. 
$$f(x,y) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$$

a. 
$$f(x,y) = tan^{-1}((x+y)^{-2})$$
  
b.  $f(x,y) = \frac{e^x + e^y}{e^{xy} - l}$   
c.  $f(x,y) = \sqrt{x} + \sqrt{1 - x^2 - y^2}$   
d.  $f(x,y) = \begin{cases} \frac{xy}{x^2 + xy + y^2} & \text{if } (x,y) \neq (0,0) \\ 0 & \text{if } (x,y) = (0,0) \end{cases}$ 

**Question 6** - If  $f(x, y, z) = xy^2z^3 + arcsin(x\sqrt{z})$ , find  $f_{xzy}$  and  $f_{yzx}$ [10 marks]