Consolidated Mirth Dashboard Deployment Guide

VERSION 1.0





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Revision History

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1 Introduction

There are multiple Mirth Instances implemented for a client. To monitor multiple instances, monitoring team should go and check separate dashboards of each Mirth instances.

As part of this IAG, a Mirth consolidated dashboard has been created where in all the Mirth instances' data are scraped into a single dashboard.

This document is intended for monitoring team which helps them deploy the application on to the monitoring server.





2 Deployment Pre-Requisites

Mirth Connect should be present.

2.1 Software Requirements

- Linux OS
- Go 1.14.2
- Grafana 7.0.4
- Prometheus 2.18.0
- Node Exporter 1.0
- Mirth Exporter

2.2 Hardware Requirements

Minimum Hardware Requirements:

• Processor: 4 cores

• Processor speed: 1 GHz

• Random access memory (RAM): 8 GB

• Hard disk capacity: 500GB

Recommended Hardware Requirements:

Processor: 8 cores

• Processor speed: 3 GHz

Random access memory (RAM): 16 GB

2.3 Networking Requirements

Default Ports:

- Grafana = :3000
- Prometheus = :9090
- Mirth exporter = :9140
- Node exporter = :9100

2.4 Security Requirements

Root user access or sudo privileges are required.

2.5 Dependencies

Mirth Connect should be there with deployed channels.





2.6 Pre-deployment Configuration

- 1. Root user or sudo privileges is required.
- 2. Access to ports 3000, 9090, 9140, 9100, 9140 is required.





3 Deployment Procedure

The following section provides the detailed steps to successfully deploy each module of the product.

3.1 Scope

- · Deployment of Go compiler
- Grafana set up
- Prometheus set up
- Mirth Exporter configuration
- Node Exporter configuration

3.2 Environment

Not Applicable

3.3 Backup Procedure

Backup of Grafana database can be taken to ensure that you can always rollback to your previous version. This can be done by taking backup of **grafana.db** file. This is usually located at **/var/lib/grafana/grafana.db** on Unix systems. If you are unsure about what database you use and where it is stored, you can check your Grafana configuration file. If you have installed Grafana to custom location using a binary tar/zip, it is usually in **<grafana_install_dir>/data**.

3.4 Deployment Procedure

For GO set up, perform the following steps:

1. Download the GO tarball using wget command:

```
wget https://dl.google.com/go/go1.14.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

2. Extract the downloaded tarball using the following command inside /usr/local directory. Ensure to run the following command as a root user:

```
sudo tar -C /usr/local -xzf go1.14.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

3. Set path environment variable in order to find Go executable binaries by system. Open /.bash_profile using the following command:

```
sudo nano ~/.bash_profile
```

Now, add the following lines to it:

```
export PATH=$PATH:/usr/local/go/bin:$GOPATH/bin
```

Save and close the file and run the following command to reload running profile:

```
source ~/.bash_profile
```

4. Installation of GO can be verified with the following command:

go version





To set up Grafana, perform the following steps:

1. Add Grafana yum repository.

Run the following commands as user with sudo privileges or as root user to add repository content:

```
cat <<EOF | sudo tee /etc/yum.repos.d/grafana.repo
[grafana]
name=grafana
baseurl=https://packages.grafana.com/oss/rpm
repo_gpgcheck=1
enabled=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgcheck=1
gpgkey=https://packages.grafana.com/gpg.key
sslverify=1
sslcacert=/etc/pki/tls/certs/ca-bundle.crt
EOF</pre>
```

2. Run update to add Grafana repo and to import the GPG key by the following command:

dnf update

3. Install Grafana using the following command:

dnf install grafana

4. Start Grafana server and enable it to start on boot:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl start grafana-server
systemctl enable grafana-server
```

5. To verify status of Grafana server run the following command:

```
systemctl status grafana-server
```

6. Default port of Grafana is 3000. To allow port 3000 for access to the dashboard, execute the following commands:

```
sudo firewall-cmd --add-port=3000/tcp --permanent
sudo firewall-cmd -reload
```

7. To open the Grafana Web UI, navigate to http://localhost:3000 with your Web browser:



The Login page displays. The default login username and password are **admin** and it allows to change username and password during first login.





To setup Mirth Exporter, perform the following steps:

- Download the file mirth_exporter.go from below link:https://github.com/SalmanCitiustech/MirthDashboard/tree/master
- 2. Save mirth_exporter.go in the Mirth Connect folder.
- 3. To execute **mirth_exporter.go**, following command can be used:

```
go run mirth_exporter.go&
```

To set up Node Exporter, perform the following steps:

- 1. To install Node Exporter, login with root user or user with sudo privileges.
- 2. Using wget command, download node_exporter tarball:

wget https://github.com/prometheus/node_exporter/releases/download/v1.0.0/node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

3. Extract the file using the following command:

```
tar -zxpvf node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

4. Contents of the extracted folder can be checked using the following command:

tree node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz

```
# tree node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64
node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64
LICENSE
node_exporter
NOTICE
```

5. Copy the binary file **node_exporter** to **/usr/local/bin** path using the following command:

```
cp node_exporter-1.0.0.linux-amd64/node_exporter /usr/local/bin
```

6. Set the file permissions of the **node exporter** file using the following command:

```
chown root /usr/local/bin/node_exporter
```

7. To configure **node_exporter** to run as a service, create a **systemd** service file using the following command:

```
vi /etc/systemd/system/node_exporter.service
```

Then paste the following code and save the file:

```
[Unit]
Description=Prometheus Node Exporter
Wants=network-online.target
After=network-online.target

[Service]
User=node_exporter
Group=node_exporter
Type=simple
ExecStart=/usr/local/bin/node_exporter

[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

8. Reload systemd manager with the following command:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
```

9. To start and enable **node_exporter** service, use the following commands:

```
systemctl start node_exporter
```





systemctl enable node_exporter

10. To check the status of service, execute the following command:

systemctl status node_exporter

11. By default, **node_exporter** uses port 9100. To check the same, use the following command:

netstat -tunlp

```
0 :::9004 :::* LISTEN 18436/java
0 :::9100 :::* LISTEN 28062/node_exporter
```

12. To open port 9100 in firewall, use the following commands:

```
firewall-cmd --add-port=9100/tcp --permanent firewall-cmd -reload
```

To set up Prometheus, perform the following steps:

- 1. To install Prometheus, login with root user or user with sudo privileges.
- 2. Create configuration directories for Prometheus using the following command:

```
mkdir /etc/prometheus
mkdir /var/lib/Prometheus
```

3. Set the ownership on /var/lib/Prometheus using the following command:

```
chown root /var/lib/prometheus/
```

4. Prometheus tar file can be downloaded using the following command:

```
dnf install wget -y
wget
https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/releases/download/v2.18.0/promet
heus-2.18.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz -P /tmp
```

5. Once the download completes, extract the tarball file using the following command:

```
tar -zxpvf prometheus-2.18.0.linux-amd64.tar.gz
```

6. Directory structure can be seen using **tree** command as follows:

```
tree /tmp/prometheus-2.18.0.linux-amd64
```





```
tmp/prometheus-2.18.0.linux-amd64
      menu.lib
      prom.lib
      index.html.example
      node-cpu.html
      node-disk.html
      node.html
      node-overview.html
      prometheus.html
     prometheus-overview.html
  LICENSE
  NOTICE
  prometheus
  prometheus.yml
  promtool
  tsdb
```

7. The extracted directory contains 2 binary files **prometheus** and **promtool**. Copy these files to the /usr/local/bin path using the following commands:

```
cd /tmp/prometheus-2.14.0.linux-amd64 cp prometheus /usr/local/bin cp promtool /usr/local/bin
```

- 8. To set configurations for Prometheus, create a **prometheus.yml** file:
 - vi /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml
- 9. Paste the following configurations into the .yml file and save it:

```
# Global config
global:
    scrape_interval: 15s # Set the scrape interval to every 15 seconds.
Default is every 1 minute.
    evaluation_interval: 15s # Evaluate rules every 15 seconds. The default
is every 1 minute.
    scrape_timeout: 15s # scrape_timeout is set to the global default
(10s).
# A scrape configuration containing exactly one endpoint to scrape:# Here
it's Prometheus itself.
scrape_configs:
    # The job name is added as a label `job=<job_name>` to any timeseries
scraped from this config.
    - job_name: 'prometheus'
```

```
# metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
# scheme defaults to 'http'.

static_configs:
    - targets: ['localhost:9090']
- job_name: 'mirth'

# metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
# scheme defaults to 'http'.

static_configs:
    - targets: ['localhost:9140']
- job_name: 'node exporter'

# metrics_path defaults to '/metrics'
# scheme defaults to 'http'.

static_configs:
```



- targets: ['localhost:9100']
- 10. To open port to external connections, type the following commands:

```
firewall-cmd --add-port=9090/tcp --permanent firewall-cmd -reload
```

11. To configure Prometheus to run as a service, create a systemd service file using the following command:

vi /etc/systemd/system/prometheus.service

Then paste the following code and save the file:

[Unit]

Description=Prometheus Time Series Collection and Processing Server Wants=network-online.target After=network-online.target

```
[Install]
WantedBy=multi-user.target
```

12. Reload systemd manager with the following command:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
```

13. To start and enable Prometheus service, use the following commands:

```
systemctl start prometheus systemctl enable prometheus
```

14. To check the status of service, execute the following command:

systemctl status Prometheus

```
prometheus.service - Prometheus Time Series Collection and Processing Server
Loaded: loaded (/etc/systemd/system/prometheus.service; enabled; vendor preset: disabled)
Active: active (running) since Thu 2020-07-16 14:12:56 UTC; 6 days ago
Main PID: 321 (prometheus)
Tasks: 9 (limit: 26213)
Memory: 174.6M
CGroup: /system.slice/prometheus.service
L321 /usr/local/bin/prometheus --config.file /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml --web.enable-admin-api
```

15. By default, Prometheus uses port 9090. Check the same using the following command:

netstat -tunlp

```
0::::9090 :::* LISTEN 321/prometheus
```

3.5 Incremental Upgrade Procedure

For Prometheus upgradation, perform the following steps:

1. Stop all running services using the following command:

```
systemctl stop prometheus.service
```





2. Download the Prometheus archive and checksum using the following command:

wget https://github.com/prometheus/prometheus/releases/download/v2.19.2/prometheus-2.19.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz

3. Now, unpack the archive:

```
tar -xvf prometheus-2.19.2.linux-amd64.tar.gz
cd prometheus-2.19.2.linux-amd64/
```

4. Copy the prometheus and promtool executables to the /usr/local/bin directory:

```
cp prometheus-2.19.2.linux-amd64/{prometheus,promtool} /usr/local/bin/
chown root /usr/local/bin/{prometheus,promtool}
```

5. Restart all the services:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl start prometheus
systemctl enable Prometheus
```

Grafana Upgradation:

Before upgrading, backup of Grafana database can be taken. This will ensure that you can always rollback to your previous version. This can be done by taking backup of **grafana.db** file. This is usually located at **/var/lib/grafana/grafana.db** on Unix systems. If you are unsure what database you use and where it is stored check your Grafana configuration file. If you have installed Grafana to custom location using a binary tar/zip, it is usually in **<grafana_install_dir>/data**.

1. To stop Grafana service, use the following command:

```
systemctl stop grafana-server.service
```

2. Follow the same installation steps mentioned in section <u>3.4</u> (for setting up Grafana) and execute **yum install** command with new package:

```
sudo yum update Grafana
```

3. To restart Grafana service, use the following commands:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl start grafana-server.service
systemctl enable grafana-server.service
```





4 Post Deployment

4.1 Configuration

Prometheus Configuration:

To scrape metrics from Mirth Exporter and Node Exporter, configure **prometheus.yml** file by performing the following steps:

1. Open **prometheus.yml** file using the following command:

vi /etc/prometheus/prometheus.yml

2. Add the following lines to prometheus.yml file:

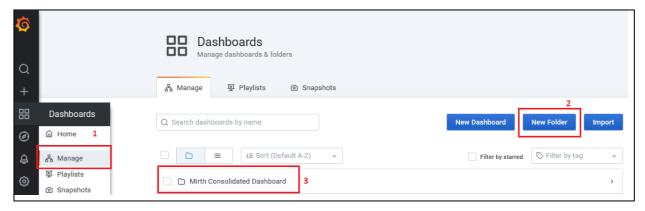
```
- job_name: 'mirth'
   static_configs:
   - targets: ['localhost:9140']
- job_name: 'node exporter'
   static_configs:
   - targets: ['localhost:9100']
```

3. Save the file.

Mirth Dashboard Configuration on Grafana:

To configure Mirth Dashboard, perform the following steps:

- 1. Login to Grafana using the URL http://<server ip, where Grafana is installed>:3000.
- 2. Default username and password is admin, login using the same credentials.
- 3. Go to Dashboard → Manage. Click New folder and name it Mirth Consolidated Dashboard:



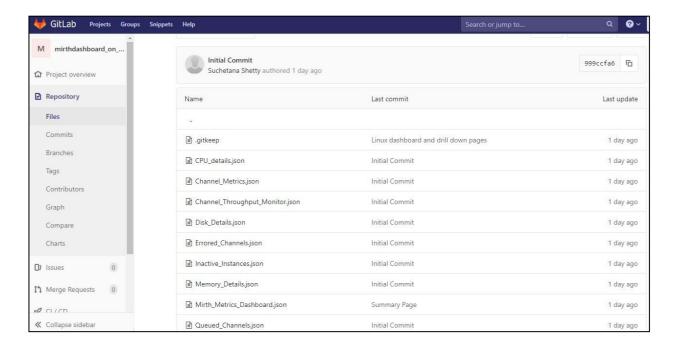
4. Download all json files which are under the following URL and save the files:

https://github.com/SalmanCitiustech/MirthDashboard/tree/MirthDashboard Linux

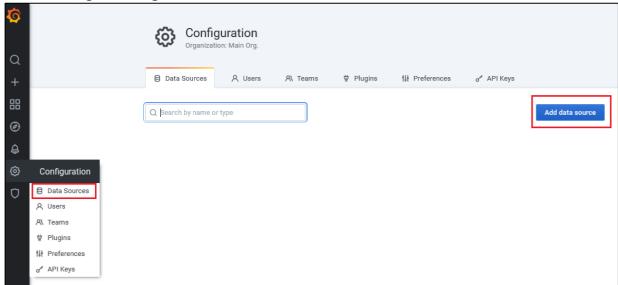
There is one summary page **Mirth_Metrics_Dashboard.json** and 8 drill down pages present as shown in the following screenshot:



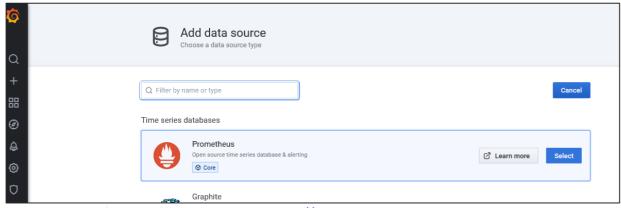




5. On Grafana, go to **Configuration** → **Data Sources** and click **Add data source**:



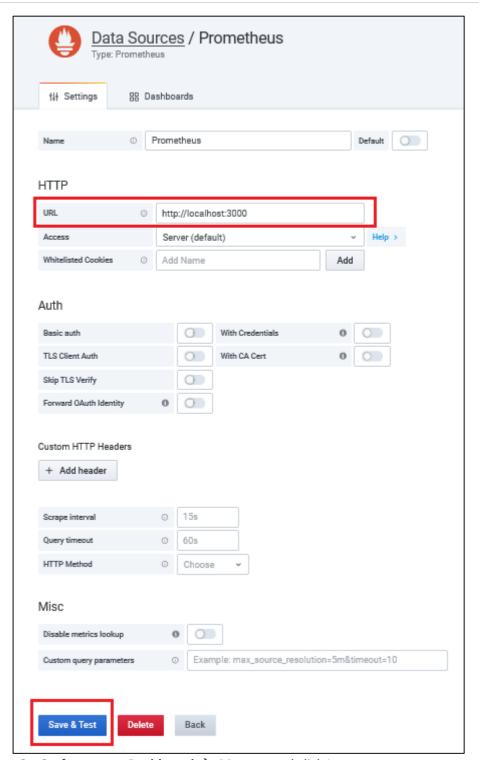
6. Select **Prometheus**:



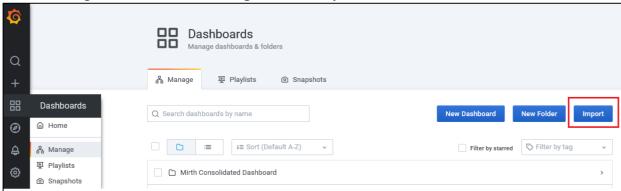
7. Mention name for datasource. Provide URL http://localhost:3000 as URL then click Save & Test







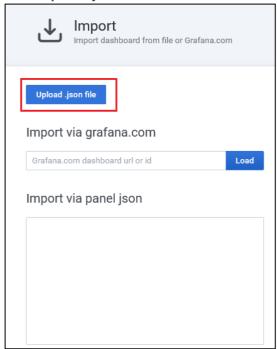
8. On Grafana, go to **Dashboard** → **Manage** and click **Import**:



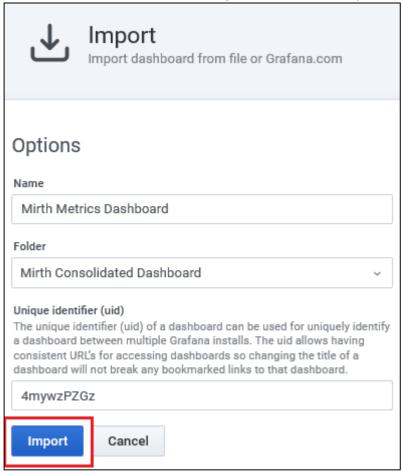




9. Click Upload .json file:



10. Browse to the downloaded .json file mentioned in Step 4. Choose folder name as **Mirth Consolidated Dashboard** as shown in the following window and click **Import**:



11. Repeat steps 5 and 6 for all downloaded .json files.

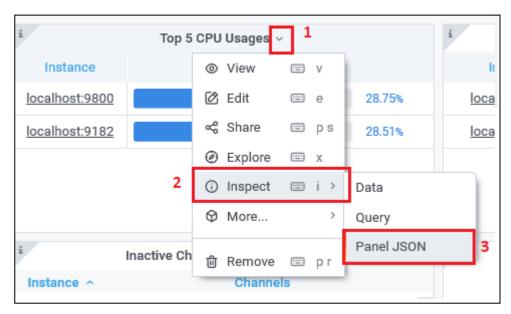




Updating URLs of Grafana Dashboard and drill down pages:

To update URLs, present in panels of dashboard, perform the following steps:

1. Click the accordion which is next to the title of the panel and go to Inspect → Panel JSON. This will open the JSON panel:



2. Search for **url**:

```
Inspect: Top 5 CPU Usages
1 queries with total query time of 46 ms
                      JSON
 Data
           Stats
                                  Query
Select source
                                                               Copy to clipboard
 Panel JSON
                                                                                     Apply
              "value": 120
           },
              "id": "links",
              "value": [
                  "targetBlank": true,
                  "title": "Details",
                  "url": "http://localhost:3000/d/gLISNdMGk/cpu-details?
 orgId=1&refresh=10s"
              ]
           },
              "id": "mappings",
              "value": [
```



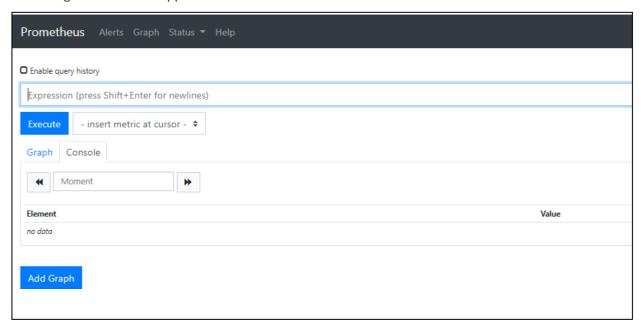
- 3. Replace http://localhost:3000 with the server IP or server name where your Grafana is installed and save the file.
- 4. Repeat the preceding 3 steps for all the panels of dashboard and drill down pages.



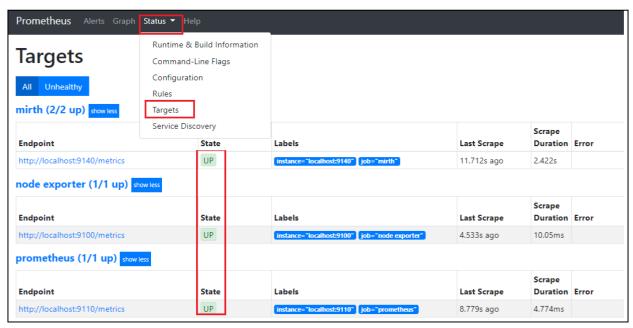


4.2 Validation

1. **Validation of Prometheus**: Access the port 9090 of the server where Prometheus is installed and following screen should appear:

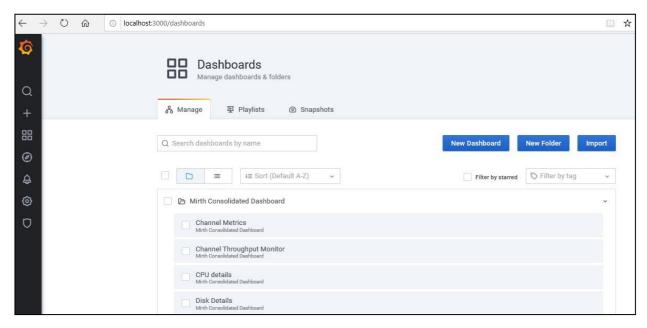


2. **Validation of exporters**: Check the **Targets** under **Status** tab of Prometheus. All the status of exporters should be **UP**:

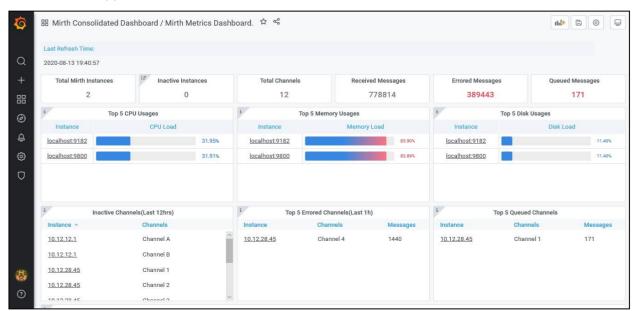


3. Validation of Grafana: Access http://<server ip where Grafana is installed>/dashboards and following screen should appear:





4. Select **Mirth Metrics Dashboard** under **Mirth Consolidated Dashboard** folder and the following screen should appear:



5. Check for all the drill downs by clicking **Instance** from all the panels containing **Instance** column.





5 Troubleshooting and Support

The following section describes a list of problems that may appear during or post installation of the system and how to resolve them.

5.1 Problem

Situation: Prometheus service is inactive.

Consequences: Prometheus is not able to access and not able to scrape any metrics.

Action: Add all the required targets following proper spacings and syntaxes. A single misspacing causes **prometheus.yml** to fail to execute and stops Prometheus service:



6 Roll Back Procedure

To roll back the system to an older or pervious version, perform the following steps:

1. To stop Grafana service, use the following command:

systemctl stop grafana-server.service

2. Follow the same installation steps mentioned in section <u>3.4</u> (for setting up Grafana) and execute the **yum install** command with older package:

sudo yum update Grafana

- 3. Copy backup of Grafana db file mentioned in section 3.5 to /var/lib/grafana/grafana.db.
- 4. To restart Grafana service, use the following commands:

```
systemctl daemon-reload
systemctl start grafana-server.service
systemctl enable grafana-server.service
```





7 Uninstallation Procedure

This section describes the procedure to uninstall the system.

Uninstallation of GO:

Type the following commands:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/go
sudo apt-get uninstall purge golang*
```

Uninstallation of Grafana:

Type the following commands:

To remove Grafana:

```
sudo apt-get remove grafana
```

To remove Grafana and its dependencies:

```
sudo apt-get remove --auto-remove Grafana
```

Uninstallation of Mirth Exporter:

Remove file mirth_exporter.go from Mirth Connect folder using the following command:

```
rm mirth_exporter.go
```

Uninstallation of Node Exporter:

Type the following command:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/bin/node_exporter
```

Uninstallation of Prometheus:

Type the following commands:

```
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/bin/prometheus
sudo rm -rf /usr/local/bin/promtool
sudo rm -rf /etc/Prometheus
```





8 Appendix

8.1 Licenses

The Software may contain third party software which requires notices and/or additional terms, conditions and licenses. Such required third party software notices and/or additional terms, conditions and licenses are located at

Prometheus

<u>Grafana</u>

