

Module 7: Assignment - 1

Azure 104 Certification Course



Tasks To Be Performed:

1. Deploy 2 VMs with Ubuntu and Apache2 installed
2. Change index.html to include the following text
 - a. "This is VM1" on VM1
 - b. "This is VM2" on VM2
3. Create a load balancer which will balance the traffic between these two VMs

Try out the Microsoft Copilot for Azure for additional recommendations when creating a virtual machine.

[Help me create a low cost VM](#) [Help me create a VM optimized for high availability](#) [Help me choose the right VM size for my workload](#)

Basics Disks Networking Management Monitoring Advanced Tags Review + create

Create a virtual machine that runs Linux or Windows. Select an image from Azure marketplace or use your own customized image. Complete the Basics tab then Review + create to provision a virtual machine with default parameters or review each tab for full customization. [Learn more](#)

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Resource group * [Create new](#)

Instance details

Virtual machine name *

[< Previous](#) [Next : Disks >](#) [Review + create](#)

Virtual machine name *

Region *

Availability options

Security type

Image * [See all images](#) [Configure VM generation](#)

☒ This image is compatible with additional security features. [Click here to swap to the Trusted launch security type.](#)

VM architecture ☐ Arm64 ☒ x64

Run with Azure Spot discount ☐

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Authentication type

☐ SSH public key

☒ Password

Username *

Password *

Confirm password *

Inbound port rules

Select which virtual machine network ports are accessible from the public internet. You can specify more limited or granular network access on the Networking tab.

Public inbound ports * ☐ None

☒ Allow selected ports

Select inbound ports *

All traffic from the internet will be blocked by default. You will be able to

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Home > [Virtual machines](#)

Create a virtual machine

Try out the Microsoft Copilot for Azure for additional recommendations when creating a virtual machine.

[Help me create a low cost VM](#) [Help me create a VM optimized for high availability](#) [Help me choose the right VM size for my work](#)

Basics **Networking** Management Monitoring Advanced Tags Review + create

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution. [Learn more](#)

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network *

[Create new](#)

Subnet *

[Create new](#)

Public IP

[Create new](#)

NIC network security group ☐ None

☒ Basic

☐ Advanced

[< Previous](#) [Next : Management >](#) [Review + create](#)

Create virtual network

The Microsoft Azure Virtual Network service enables Azure resources to securely communicate with each other in a virtual logical isolation of the Azure cloud dedicated to your subscription. You can connect virtual networks to other virtual network premises network. [Learn more](#)

Name

Address space

The virtual network's address space, specified as one or more address prefixes in CIDR notation (e.g. 192.168.1.0/24).

| Address range * | Addresses | Overlap |
|--------------------------------------|---|---------|
| <input type="checkbox"/> 10.0.0.0/16 | 10.0.0.0 - 10.0.255.255 (65536 addresses) | None |
| <input type="text" value=""/> | (0 Addresses) | None |

Subnets

The subnet's address range in CIDR notation. It must be contained by the address space of the virtual network.

| Subnet name | Address range | Addresses |
|--|---------------|---------------------------------------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Subnet | 10.0.0.0/24 | 10.0.0.0 - 10.0.0.255 (256 addresses) |
| <input type="text" value=""/> | | (0 Addresses) |

Home >

CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-20240820114351 | Overview

Deployment

[Delete](#) [Cancel](#) [Redeploy](#) [Download](#) [Refresh](#)

[Overview](#) [Inputs](#) [Outputs](#) [Template](#)

Your deployment is complete

Deployment name: CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-2... Start time: 8/20/2024, 11:47:26 AM

Subscription: [Free Trial](#) Correlation ID: eef19d30-1330-49e7-ae1c-545ef107a7ad

Resource group: [Module7](#)

Deployment details

Next steps

[Setup auto-shutdown](#) Recommended

[Monitor VM health, performance and network dependencies](#) Recommended

[Run a script inside the virtual machine](#) Recommended

[Go to resource](#) [Create another VM](#)

Give feedback

[Tell us about your experience with deployment](#)

[Home](#)

Virtual machines

Default Directory (shahkalmanfarsi8@gmail.onmicrosoft.com)

[+ Create](#)
[Switch to classic](#)
[Reservations](#)
[Manage view](#)
[Refresh](#)
[Export to CSV](#)
[Open query](#)
[Assign tags](#)
[Start](#)
[Restart](#)
[Stop](#)
[Delete](#)
[Services](#)
[Maintenance](#)

Showing 1 to 1 of 1 records.

No grouping

| <input type="checkbox"/> | Name | Subscription | Resource group | Location | Status | Operating system | Size | Public IP address | Disks |
|-------------------------------------|------|--------------|----------------|-----------|---------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------|
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | VM-1 | Free Trial | Module7 | East Asia | Running | Linux | Standard_B1s | 20.2.9.48 | 1 |

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription *

Free Trial

Resource group *

Module7

Create new

Instance details

Virtual machine name *

VM-2

Region *

(Asia Pacific) East Asia

Availability options

No infrastructure redundancy required

Security type

Standard

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Review + create

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[Disks](#)
[Networking](#)
[Management](#)
[Monitoring](#)
[Advanced](#)
[Tags](#)
[Review + create](#)

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution.

[Learn more](#)

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network *

VMNew

Create new

Subnet *

Subnet (10.0.0.0/24)

Manage subnet configuration

Public IP

(new) VM-2-ip

Create new

NIC network security group

☐ None
 ☒ Basic
 ☐ Advanced

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Review + create

Home > **CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-20240820114930 | Overview** ⚙️ ...

Deployment

Search x << Delete Cancel Redeploy Download Refresh

Overview

Inputs

Outputs

Template

✓ **Your deployment is complete**

Deployment name: CreateVm-canonicalUbuntu-24_04-lts-server-2... Start time: 8/20/2024, 11:52:07 AM
 Subscription: [Free Trial](#) Correlation ID: 0c5f103d-4b9d-492f-991a-4d37d194e039

Resource group: [Module7](#)

Deployment details

Next steps

[Setup auto-shutdown](#) Recommended

[Monitor VM health, performance and network dependencies](#) Recommended

[Run a script inside the virtual machine](#) Recommended

[Go to resource](#) [Create another VM](#)

Give feedback

[Tell us about your experience with deployment](#)

Home > **Virtual machines** ⚙️ ...

Default Directory

+ Create Switch to classic Reservations Manage view Refresh Export to CSV Open query Assign tags Start Restart Stop Delete Services Maintenance

Filter for any field... Subscription equals all Type equals all Resource group equals all Location equals all Add filter

Showing 1 to 2 of 2 records.

| Name | Subscription | Resource group | Location | Status | Operating system | Size | Public IP address | Disks |
|------|--------------|----------------|-----------|---------|------------------|--------------|-------------------|-------|
| VM-1 | Free Trial | Module7 | East Asia | Running | Linux | Standard_B1s | 20.2.9.48 | 1 |
| VM-2 | Free Trial | Module7 | East Asia | Running | Linux | Standard_B1s | 20.2.36.167 | 1 |

Connect to the machine and update it also install apache 2 on both the Vms

```
C:\Users\shaik>ssh Salman@20.2.9.48
Salman@20.2.9.48's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-1012-azure x86_64)

* Documentation:  https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management:    https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support:       https://ubuntu.com/pro
```

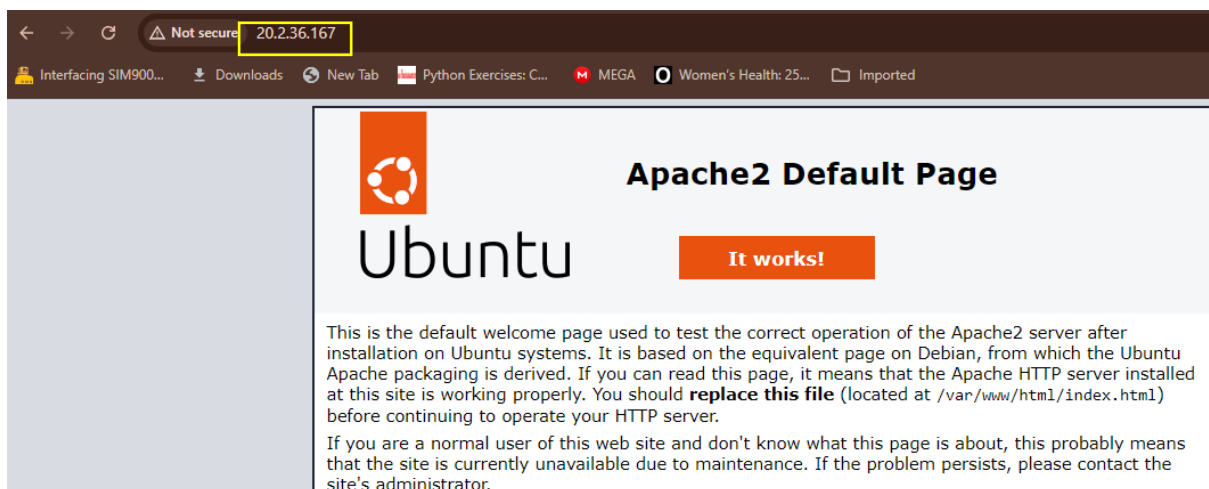
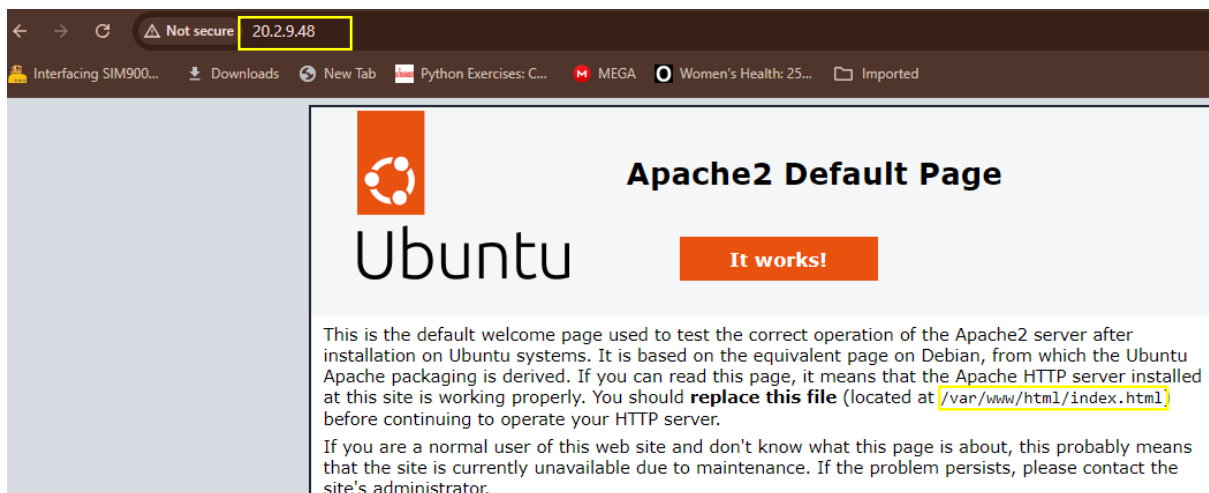
```
C:\Users\shaik>ssh Salman@VM-1: ~
Salman@VM-1:~$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
C:\Users\shaik>ssh Salman@20.2.36.167
The authenticity of host '20.2.36.167 (20.2.36.167)' can't be established.
ED25519 key fingerprint is SHA256:ewSUAioaTM2C+D5xX26wHFG3G+97FZLd3I5V+2fGACQ.
This key is not known by any other names
Are you sure you want to continue connecting (yes/no/[fingerprint])? yes
Warning: Permanently added '20.2.36.167' (ED25519) to the list of known hosts.
Salman@20.2.36.167's password:
Welcome to Ubuntu 24.04 LTS (GNU/Linux 6.8.0-1012-azure x86_64)
```

```
Salman@VM-1: ~  
Salman@VM-2: ~  
Salman@VM-2:~$ sudo apt-get update
```

```
Salman@VM-1: ~  
Salman@VM-2: ~  
Salman@VM-1:~$ sudo apt-get install apache2
```

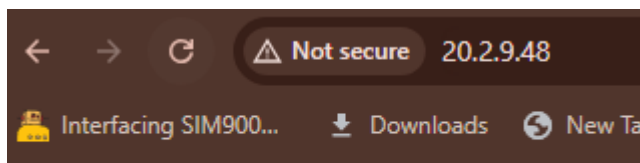
```
Salman@VM-1: ~  
Salman@VM-2: ~  
Salman@VM-2:~$ sudo apt-get install apache2
```



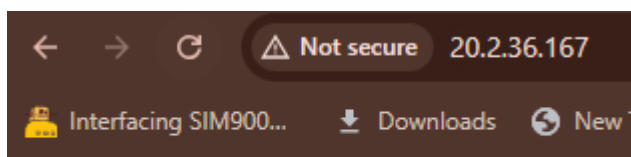
Remove the html file to add new one

```
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$ ls
index.html
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$ ls
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$ cat index.html
This is VM1
Salman@VM-1:/var/www/html$
```

```
Salman@VM-2:~$ cd /var/www/html
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ ls
index.html
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ ls
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$ cat index.html
This is VM2
Salman@VM-2:/var/www/html$
```



This is VM1



This is VM2

Now we have to create load balancer to balance the traffic between these two VM's

[Home](#) > [Load balancing | Load Balancer](#) >

Create load balancer

[Basics](#) [Frontend IP configuration](#) [Backend pools](#) [Inbound rules](#) [Outbound rules](#) [Tags](#) [Review + create](#)

Azure load balancer is a layer 4 load balancer that distributes incoming traffic among healthy virtual machine instances. Load balancers use a hash-based distribution algorithm. By default, it uses a 5-tuple (source IP, source port, destination IP, destination port, protocol type) hash to map traffic to available servers. Load balancers can either be internet-facing where it is accessible via public IP addresses, or internal where it is only accessible from a virtual network. Azure load balancers also support Network Address Translation (NAT) to route traffic between public and private IP addresses. [Learn more.](#)

Project details

Subscription * Free Trial

Resource group * Module7
[Create new](#)

Instance details

Name * LB

Region * East Asia

SKU * Standard (Recommended)
Gateway
Basic (Retiring soon)

Type * Public
Internal

Tier * Regional
Global

[Review + create](#) [< Previous](#) [Next : Frontend IP configuration >](#) [Download a template for automation](#) [Give feedback](#)

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Create load balancer

[Basics](#) [Frontend IP configuration](#) [Backend pools](#) [Inbound rules](#) [Outbound rules](#) [Tags](#) [Review + create](#)

A frontend IP configuration is an IP address used for inbound and/or outbound communication as defined within load balancing, inbound NAT, and outbound rules.

[+ Add a frontend IP configuration](#)

| Name | IP address |
|----------------------------------|------------|
| Add a frontend IP to get started | |

Add frontend IP configuration

LB

Name * NewIP

IP version IPv4
IPv6

IP type IP address
IP prefix

Public IP address * Select public IP address

Add a public IP address

Name * NewIP

SKU Standard
Regional

Tier Regional

Static IPs are assigned at the time the resource is created and released when the resource is deleted. Dynamic IPs are assigned when associating the IP to a resource and is released when you stop, restart, or delete a resource. Dynamic is only available for Basic SKU.

Assignment Dynamic
Static

Availability zone * No Zone

Save Cancel

Save Cancel [Give feedback](#)

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Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer >

Create load balancer

BasicsFrontend IP configurationBackend poolsInbound rulesOutbound rulesTagsReview + create

A frontend IP configuration is an IP address used for inbound and/or outbound communication as defined within load balancing, inbound NAT, and outbound rules.

+ Add a frontend IP configuration

Name ↑↓

IP address ↑↓

NewIP

(new) NewIP (To be created)

Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer > Create load balancer >

Add backend pool

Name *

Virtual network

Backend Pool Configuration

IP configurations

Pool

VMNew (Module7)

☒ NIC

☐ IP address

+ Add | X Remove

Resource Name

Resource group

Type

Add IP configurations to backend pool

IP configurations associated to virtual machines and virtual machine scale sets must be in same location as the load balancer and be in the same virtual network.

Filter by name...

Location : eastasia

Virtual network : VMNew

Add filter

☐ Show resources that are not available for selection

| ▼ | Resourc... | Resourc... | Type | IP confi... | IP Addr... | Availabi... | Tags |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------|------------|-------------|-------------|------------|-------------|------|
| ▼ | Virtual machine (2) | | | | | | |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | VM-1 | Module7 | Virtual ... | ipconfig1 | 10.0.0.4 | - | - |
| <input checked="" type="checkbox"/> | VM-2 | Module7 | Virtual ... | ipconfig1 | 10.0.0.5 | - | - |

Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer > Create load balancer >

Pool

Name *

Virtual network

Backend Pool Configuration

IP configurations

Pool

VMNew

☒ NIC

☐ IP address

+ Add | X Remove

| Resource Name | Resource group | Type | IP configuration | IP Address | Availability set |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| VM-1 | Module7 | Virtual machine | ipconfig1 | 10.0.0.4 | - |

Used by

The list of load balancing rules, inbound NAT rules, and outbound rules using this backend pool.

Name

Type

Save

Cancel

Give feedback

Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer > Create load balancer >

Add backend pool

Name *

Virtual network

Backend Pool Configuration

IP configurations

Pool1

VMNew

☒ NIC

☐ IP address

+ Add | X Remove

| Resource Name | Resource group | Type | IP configuration | IP Address | Availability set |
|---------------|----------------|-----------------|------------------|------------|------------------|
| VM-2 | Module7 | Virtual machine | ipconfig1 | 10.0.0.5 | - |

| <div> Basics Frontend IP configuration Backend pools Inbound rules Outbound rules Tags Review + create </div> | | | | | | |
|---|-----------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|-------------------|-------------|
| A backend pool is a collection of resources to which your load balancer can send traffic. A backend pool can contain virtual machines, virtual machine scale sets, and containers. | | | | | | |
| <div> <div>+</div> Add a backend pool </div> | | | | | | |
| Name | Virtual network | Resource Name | Network interface | IP address | Availability zone | Admin state |
| <div> <div>▼</div> <div>Pool</div> </div> | | | | | | |
| Pool | VMNew | VM-1 | vm-1564 | 10.0.0.4 | - | None |
| <div> <div>▼</div> <div>Pool1</div> </div> | | | | | | |
| Pool1 | VMNew | VM-2 | vm-2614 | 10.0.0.5 | - | None |

Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer >

Create load balancer

BasicsFrontend IP configurationBackend poolsInbound rulesOutbound rulesTagsReview + create

Load balancing rule

A load balancing rule distributes incoming traffic that is sent to a selected IP address and port combination across a group of backend pool instances. The load balancing rule uses a health probe to determine wh

+

Add a load balancing rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Backend pool | Health probe | Fronte |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| Add a rule to get started | | | | |

Inbound NAT rule

An inbound NAT rule forwards incoming traffic sent to a selected IP address and port combination to a specific virtual machine.

+

Add an inbound nat rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Service | Target |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|
| Add a rule to get started | | | |

Review + create

< Previous

Next - Outbound rule >

Download a template for automation

Give feedback

Add load balancing rule

LB

A load balancing rule distributes incoming traffic that is sent to a selected IP address and port combination across a group of backend pool instances. Only backend instances that the health probe considers healthy receive new traffic. [Learn more](#)

Name *

LBrule

IP Version *

IPv4

IPv6

Frontend IP address *

NewIP (To be created)

Backend pool *

Pool

Protocol

TCP

UDP

Port *

80

Backend port *

78

Health probe *

New! Healthcheck (TCP/80)

Create new

Session persistence

None

Save

Cancel

Give feedback

Microsoft Azure

Upgrade

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Copilot

shailkalmankar@gm...
DEFAULT DIRECTORY (SHAWAL...

Home > Load balancing > Load Balancer >

Create load balancer

BasicsFrontend IP configurationBackend poolsInbound rulesOutbound rulesTagsReview + create

Load balancing rule

A load balancing rule distributes incoming traffic that is sent to a selected IP address and port combination across a group of backend pool instances. The load balancing rule uses a health probe to determine wh

+

Add a load balancing rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Backend pool | Health probe | Fronte |
|--------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------|
| LBrule | NewIP | Pool | Healthcheck | 80 |

Inbound NAT rule

An inbound NAT rule forwards incoming traffic sent to a selected IP address and port combination to a specific virtual machine.

+

Add an inbound nat rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Service | Target |
|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------|--------|
| Add a rule to get started | | | |

Review + create

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Next - Outbound rule >

Download a template for automation

Give feedback

Add inbound NAT rule

LB

Name *

Natrule

Type

Azure virtual machine

Backend pool

Target backend pool

Pool1

Frontend IP address *

NewIP (To be created)

Frontend port range start *

81

Current number of machines in backend pool

1

Maximum number of machines in backend pool *

2

Backend port *

80

Protocol

TCP

UDP

Enable TCP Reset

☐

Idle timeout (minutes)

4

Save

Cancel

Give feedback

[Home](#) > [Load balancing](#) / [Load Balancer](#) >

Create load balancer

Basics Frontend IP configuration Backend pools **Inbound rules** Outbound rules Tags Review + create

Load balancing rule

A load balancing rule distributes incoming traffic that is sent to a selected IP address and port combination across a group of backend pool instances. The load balancing rule uses a health probe to determine which backend instances are eligible to receive traffic.

+ Add a load balancing rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Backend pool | Health probe | Frontend Port | Backend port |
|--------|---------------------------|--------------|--------------|---------------|--------------|
| LBrule | NewIP | Pool | Healthcheck | 80 | 78 |

Inbound NAT rule

An inbound NAT rule forwards incoming traffic sent to a selected IP address and port combination to a specific virtual machine.

+ Add an inbound nat rule

| Name | Frontend IP configuration | Service | Target | Frontend Port |
|---------|---------------------------|---------|--------|---------------|
| Natrule | NewIP | Custom | Pool1 | 81 - 82 |

[Home](#) >

Microsoft.LoadBalancer-20240820121741 | Overview

Deployment

× << >> Delete Cancel Redeploy Download Refresh

[Overview](#)[Inputs](#)[Outputs](#)[Template](#)

✔ Your deployment is complete

Deployment name : Microsoft.LoadBalancer-20240820121741

Subscription : [Free Trial](#)

Resource group : [Module7](#)

> Deployment details

▼ Next steps

[Go to resource](#)

Give feedback

[Tell us about your experience with deployment](#)

Start time : 8/20/2024, 12:36:14 PM

Correlation ID : d7628fbc-2066-4553-b981-9aa4a29bb85f

Need to be modify LB rules

[Home](#) > [Load balancing](#) / [Load Balancer](#) > [LB](#) / [Load balancing rules](#) >

LBrule

LB

A load balancing rule distributes incoming traffic that is sent to a selected IP address and port combination across a group of backend pool instances. Only backend instances that the health probe considers healthy receive new traffic. [Learn more](#).

Name *

LBrule

IP Version *

☒ IPv4

☐ IPv6

Frontend IP address *

NewIP (20.234.17)

Backend pool *

Pool

Protocol

☒ TCP

☐ UDP

Port *

80

Backend port *

80

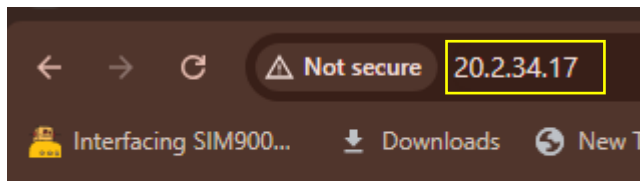
Health probe *

Healthcheck (TCP:80)

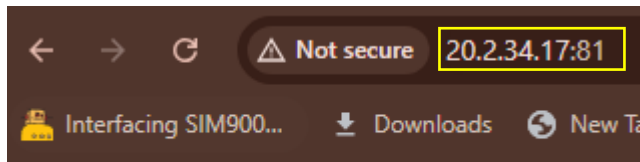
[Create new](#)

Session persistence

None



This is VM1



This is VM2

Module 7: Assignment - 2

Azure 104 Certification Course

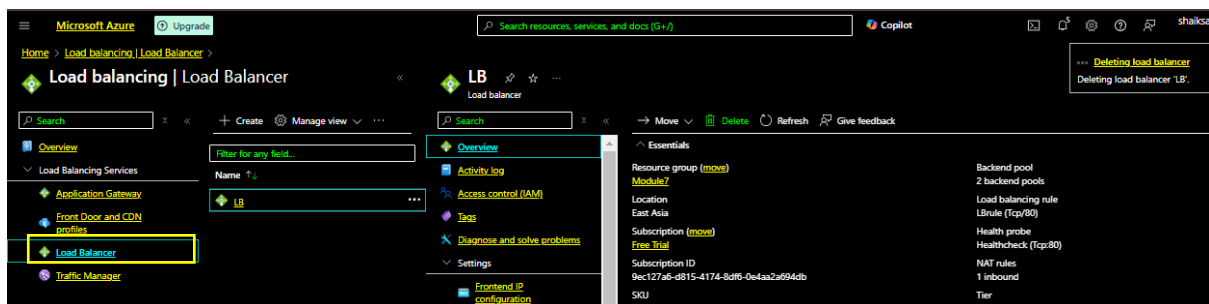


Tasks To Be Performed:

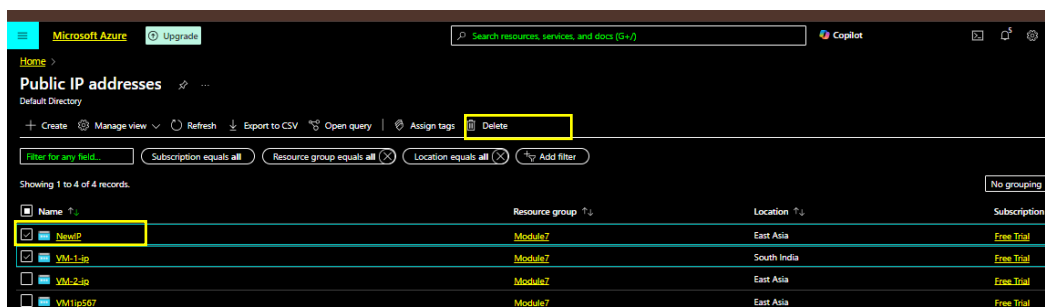
Create an application gateway with the following configuration:

- /vm1 should point to VM1
- /vm2 should point to VM2

Delete load balancer previously created, Connect to the machines vm1 and vm2



Delete



Create directory Vm1 and create 1 file inside it

```
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ cd /var/www/html
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ ls
index.html
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ ls
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ cat index.html
This is Application Gatew
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ mkdir vm1
mkdir: cannot create directory 'vm1': Permission denied
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ sudo mkdir vm1
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ ls
index.html  vm1
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html$ cd vm1
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html/vm1$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html/vm1$ cat index.html
This is VM1
Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html/vm1$
```

```
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ cd /var/www/html
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ ls
index.html
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ ls
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ sudo mkdir vm2
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html$ cd vm2
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html/vm2$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html/vm2$ cat index.html
This is VM2
Salman@VM-2: /var/www/html/vm2$
```

Create application gateway

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

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An application gateway is a web traffic load balancer that enables you to manage traffic to your web application. [Learn about creating application gateway](#)

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.

Subscription * ⓘ Free Trial

Resource group * ⓘ Module7 [Create new](#)

Instance details

Application gateway name * APGW

Region * East Asia

Tier ⓘ Standard V2

Enable autoscaling ☒ Yes ☐ No

Minimum instance count * ⓘ 1

Maximum instance count 5

Availability zone * ⓘ Zones 1, 2, 3

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Instance details

Application gateway name * APGW ✓

Region * East Asia

Tier ⓘ Standard V2

Enable autoscaling ☒ Yes ☐ No

Minimum instance count * ⓘ 1 ✓

Maximum instance count 5 ✓

Availability zone * ⓘ Zones 1, 2, 3

HTTP2 ⓘ ☐ Disabled ☒ Enabled

IP address type ⓘ ☒ IPv4 only ☐ Dual stack (IPv4 & IPv6)

Configure virtual network

Virtual network * ⓘ VMNew [Create new](#)

Subnet * ⓘ Subnet (10.0.0.0/24) [Manage subnet configuration](#)

✖ Subnet must only have application gateway

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Microsoft Azure | Upgrade | Search resources, services, and docs (G+/) | Copilot | shaiksalmanfarsi80@gmail... | DEFAULT DIRECTORY

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway > Create application gateway > VMNew

VMNew | Subnets

Virtual network

Search

+ Subnet + Gateway subnet Refresh Manage users Delete

| Name | IPv4 | IPv6 | Available |
|--------|-----------|------|-----------|
| Subnet | 10.0.0/24 | - | 249 |

Add a subnet

Select an address space and configure your subnet. You can customize a default subnet or select from subnet templates if you plan to add select services later. [Learn more](#)

Subnet purpose: Default

Name: subnet-ag

IPv4

Include an IPv4 address space: ☒

IPv4 address range: 10.0.0/16

IPv4 address range: 10.0.0.0 - 10.0.255.255

Starting address: 10.0.1.0

Size: /24 (256 addresses)

Subnet address range: 10.0.1.0 - 10.0.1.255

IPv6

Include an IPv6 address space: ☐ This virtual network has no IPv6 address ranges.

Private subnet Preview

Private subnets enhance security by not providing default outbound access. To enable outbound connectivity for virtual machines to access the internet, it is necessary to explicitly grant outbound access. A NAT gateway is the recommended way to provide outbound connectivity for virtual machines in the subnet. [Learn more](#)

Enable private subnet (no default outbound access): ☐

Add Cancel Give feedback

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway > Create application gateway > VMNew

VMNew | Subnets

Virtual network

Search

+ Subnet + Gateway subnet Refresh Manage users Delete

| Name | IPv4 | IPv6 | Available IPs | Delegated to | Security group | Route table |
|-----------|-----------|------|---------------|--------------|----------------|-------------|
| Subnet | 10.0.0/24 | - | 249 | - | - | - |
| subnet-ag | 10.0.1/24 | - | 251 | - | - | - |

Instance details

Application gateway name: APGW ✓

Region: East Asia ✓

Tier: Standard V2 ✓

Enable autoscaling: ☒ Yes ☐ No

Minimum instance count: 1 ✓

Maximum instance count: 5 ✓

Availability zone: Zones 1, 2, 3 ✓

HTTP2: ☐ Disabled ☒ Enabled

IP address type: ☒ IPv4 only ☐ Dual stack (IPv4 & IPv6)

Configure virtual network

Virtual network: VMNew ✓
[Create new](#)

Subnet: subnet-ag (10.0.1/24) ✓
[Manage subnet configuration](#)

Previous Next: Frontends >

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

✓ Basics 2 Frontends 3 Backends 4 Configuration 5 Tags 6 Review + create

Traffic enters the application gateway via its frontend IP address(es). An application gateway can use a public IP address, private IP address, or one of each type.

Frontend IP address type ☒ Public ☐ Private ☐ Both

Public IPv4 address *

Choose public IP address

Add new

Add a public IP

Name * AGIP ✓

SKU ☐ Basic ☒ Standard

Assignment ☐ Dynamic ☒ Static

Availability zone ZoneRedundant

OK Cancel

Microsoft Azure Upgrade Search resources, services, and docs (Go)

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

✓ Basics ✓ Frontends 3 Backends 4 Configuration 5 Tags 6 Review + create

A backend pool is a collection of resources to which your application gateway can send traffic. A backend pool can contain virtual machines, virtual machine scale sets, app services, IP addresses, domain names, or an App Service.

[Add a backend pool](#)

| Backend pool | Targets |
|--------------|------------|
| Pool1 | > 1 target |

Add a backend pool.

A backend pool is a collection of resources to which your application gateway can send traffic. A backend pool can contain virtual machines, virtual machine scale sets, app services, IP addresses, domain names, or an App Service.

Name * Pool2 ✓

Add backend pool without targets Yes No

Backend targets

1 item

| Target type | Target |
|-----------------|--------------------|
| Virtual machine | vm-2014 (10.0.0.5) |

IP address or FQDN

Microsoft Azure Upgrade Search resources, services, and docs (Go)

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

✓ Basics ✓ Frontends ✓ Backends 4 Configuration 5 Tags 6 Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already.

Frontends

+ Add a frontend IP

Public (new) AGIP

Routing rules

+ Add a routing rule

Add a routing rule

Configure a routing rule to send traffic from a given frontend IP address to one or more backend targets. A routing rule must contain a listener and at least one backend target.

Rule name * Rule ✓

Priority 1 ✓

Listener Backend targets

A listener "listens" on a specified port and IP address for traffic that uses a specified protocol. If the listener criteria are met, the application gateway will apply this routing rule.

Listener name * New ✓

Frontend IP * Public IPset ✓

Protocol HTTP HTTPS ✓

Port 80 ✓

Listener type Basic Multi site ✓

Custom error pages

Show customized error pages for different response codes generated by Application Gateway. This section lets you configure Listener-specific error pages. [Learn more](#)

Please verify that the url(s) being added here is reachable from your application gateway using the [connection troubleshoot](#) tool to prevent any deployment error.

Bad Gateway - 502 Enter Httpd file URL

Forbidden - 403 Enter Httpd file URL

[Show more status codes](#)

Add Cancel

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

✓ Basics ✓ Frontends ✓ Backends 4 Configuration 5 Tags 6 Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already.

Frontends

+ Add a frontend IP

Public (new) AGIP

Routing rules

+ Add a routing rule

Add Backend setting

[Discard changes and go back to routing rules](#)

Backend settings name * newdefault

Backend protocol HTTP HTTPS

Backend port 80

Additional settings

Cookie-based affinity ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Connection draining ☐ Enable ☒ Disable

Request time-out (seconds) 20

Override backend path

Host name

By default, the Application Gateway sends the same HTTP host header to the backend as application/service requires a specific host value, you can override it using this setting.

Override with new host name Yes No

Create custom probes Yes No

Microsoft Azure

Upgrade

Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Copilot

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

Basics

Frontends

Backends

Configuration

Tags

Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already.

Frontends

+ Add a frontend IP

Public (new) AGIP

Routing rules

+ Add a routing rule

Discard changes and go back to routing rules

Target type

Backend pool

Redirection

Path

/vm1

Target name

newdefault

newdefault

Add new

Backend settings

Pool1

Add new

Backend target

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

Basics

Frontends

Backends

Configuration

Tags

Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already.

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Configure a routing rule to send traffic from a given frontend IP address to one or more backend targets. A routing rule must contain a listener and at least one backend target.

Rule name

Rule

Priority

1

Listener

Backend targets

Choose a backend pool to which this routing rule will send traffic. You will also need to specify a set of Backend settings that define the behavior of the routing rule.

Target type

Backend pool

Redirection

Backend target

Pool1

Add new

newdefault

Add new

Backend settings

newdefault

Add new

Path-based routing

You can route traffic from this rule's listener to different backend targets based on the URL path of the request. You can also apply a different set of Backend settings based on the URL path.

Path based rules

| Path | Target name | Backend setting name | Backend pool |
|------|-------------|----------------------|--------------|
| /vm1 | newdefault | newdefault | Pool1 |

Add multiple targets to create a path-based rule

Previous

Next: Tags >

Add

Cancel

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

Basics

Frontends

Backends

Configuration

Tags

Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already.

Frontends

+ Add a frontend IP

Public (new) AGIP

Routing rules

+ Add a routing rule

Add a routing rule

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Rule

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1

Listener

Backend targets

Choose a backend pool to which this routing rule will send traffic. You will also need to specify a set of Backend settings that define the behavior of the routing rule.

Target type

Backend pool

Redirection

Backend target

Pool1

Add new

newdefault

Add new

Backend settings

newdefault

Add new

Path-based routing

You can route traffic from this rule's listener to different backend targets based on the URL path of the request. You can also apply a different set of Backend settings based on the URL path.

Path based rules

| Path | Target name | Backend setting name | Backend pool |
|------|-------------|----------------------|--------------|
| /vm2 | vm2 | newdefault | Pool2 |
| /vm1 | vm1 | newdefault | Pool1 |

Previous

Next: Tags >

Add

Cancel

Home > Load balancing | Application Gateway >

Create application gateway

Basics

Frontends

Backends

Configuration

Tags

Review + create

Create routing rules that link your frontend(s) and backend(s). You can also add more backend pools, add a second frontend IP configuration if you haven't already, or edit previous configurations.

Frontends

+ Add a frontend IP

Public (new) AGIP

Routing rules

+ Add a routing rule

Rule

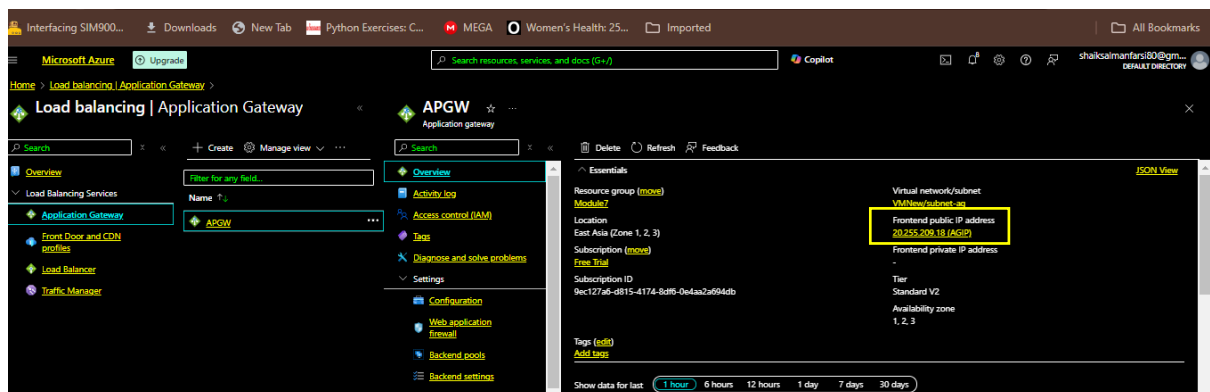
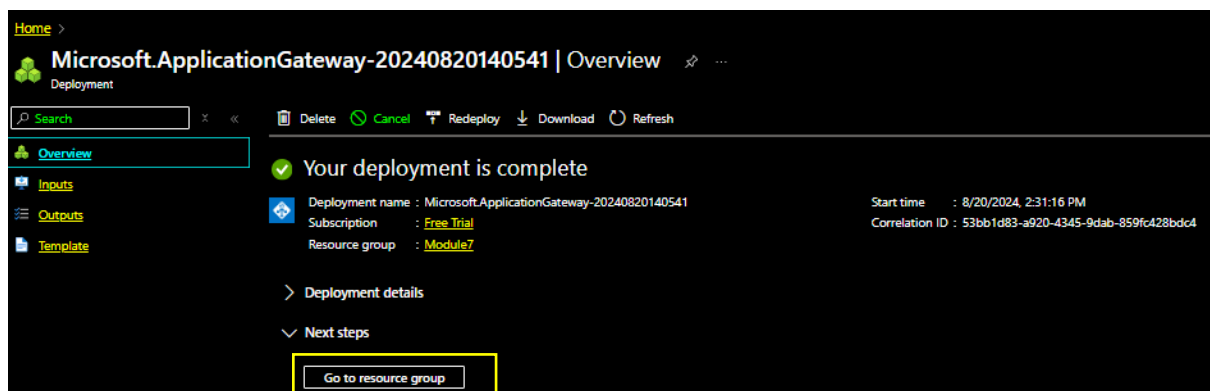
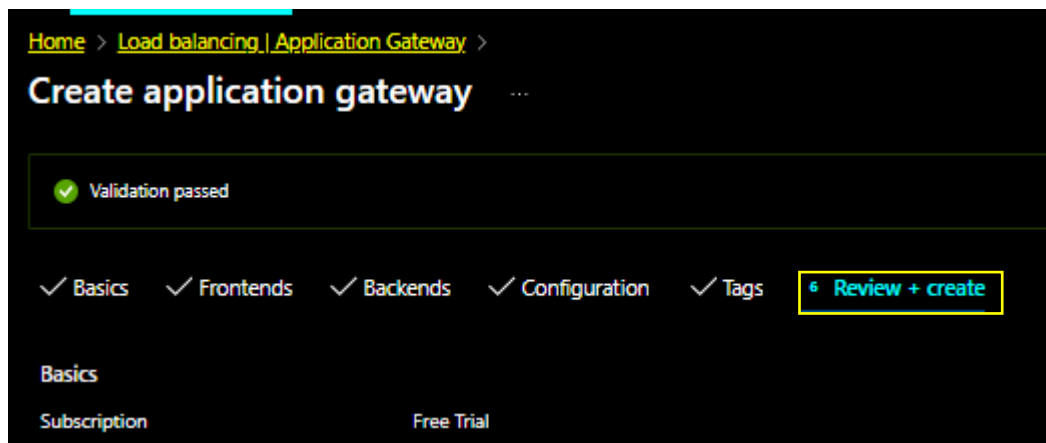
Manage Backend settings

Backend pools

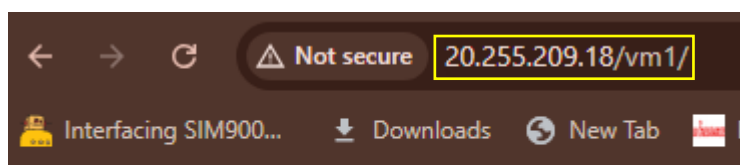
+ Add a backend pool

Pool1

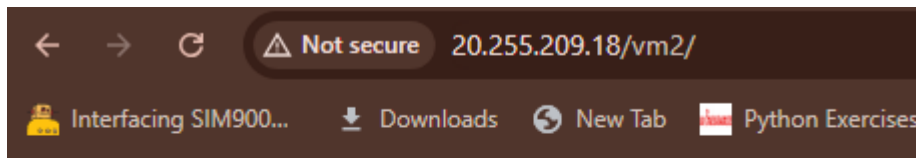
Pool2



This is Application Gatew



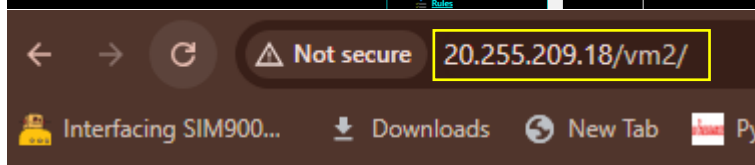
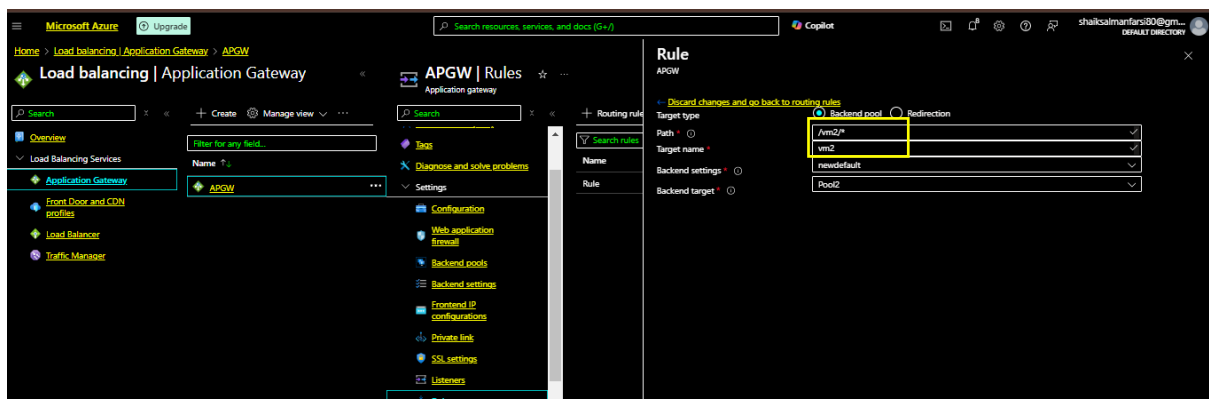
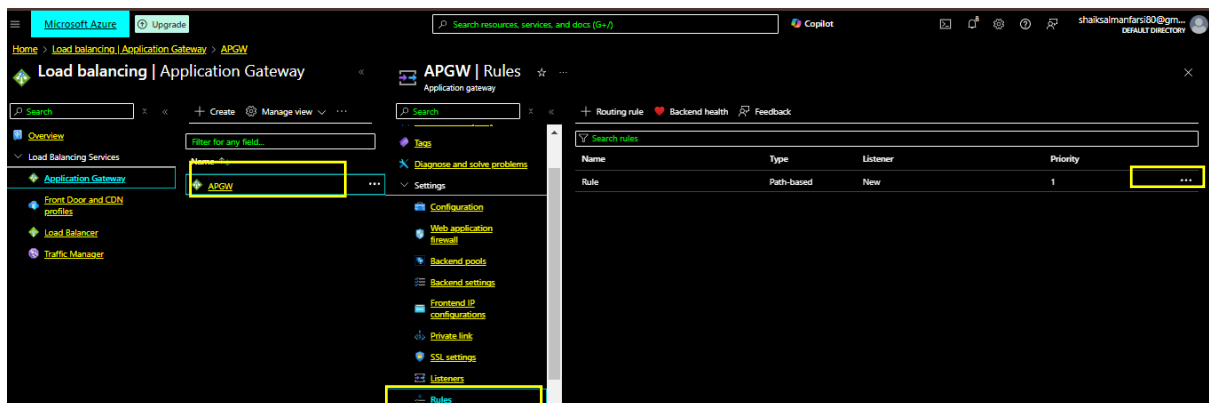
This is VM1



Not Found

The requested URL was not found on this server.

Apache/2.4.58 (Ubuntu) Server at 20.255.209.18 Port 80



This is VM2

Module 7: Assignment - 3

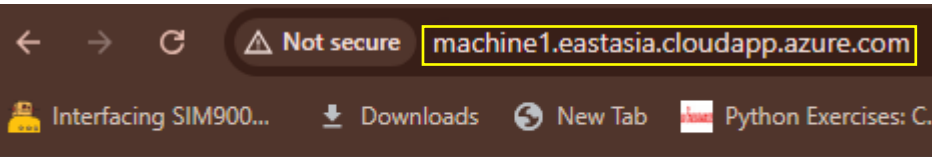
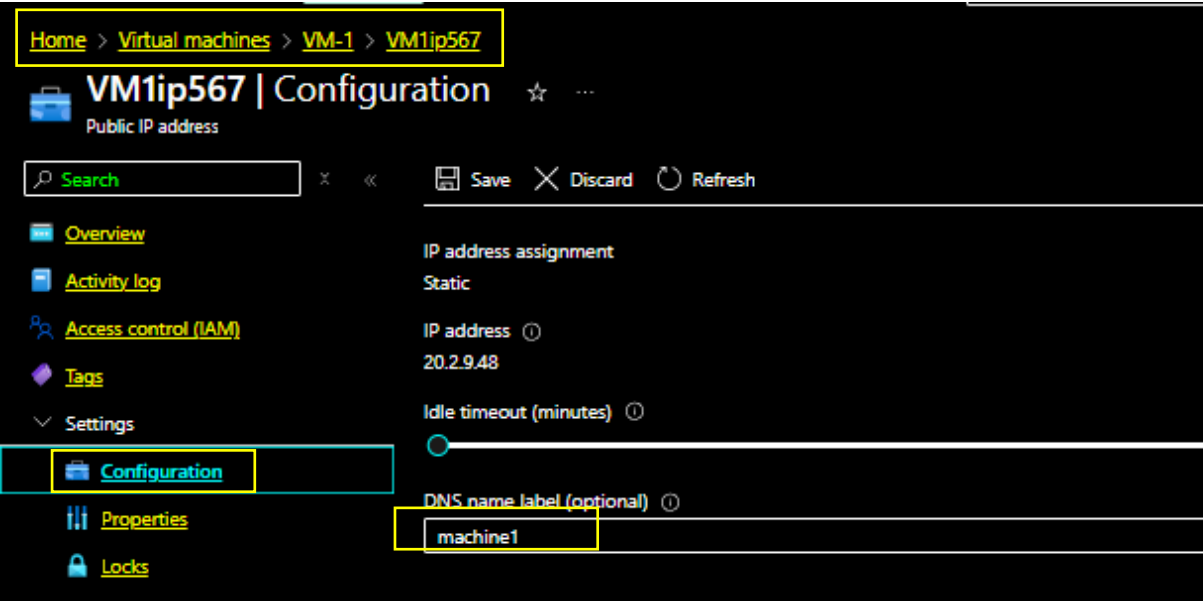
Azure 104 Certification Course



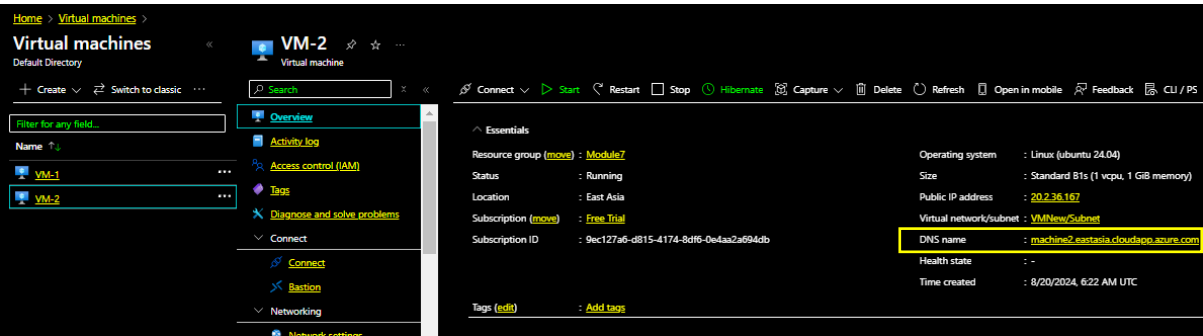
Tasks To Be Performed:

1. For the two VMs deployed previously configure DNS for the public IPs of the VM

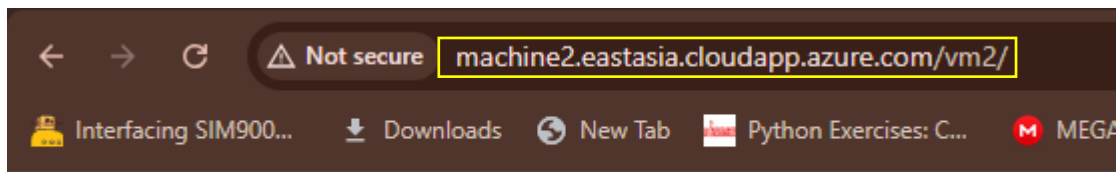
Create new DNS and save



This is Application Gatew



Go to the DNS directory



This is VM2

Module 7: Assignment - 4

Azure 104 Certification Course



Tasks To Be Performed:

1. Deploy 2 VMs in different regions
2. Balance the load on these VMs geographically

To accomplish this please use Azure Traffic Manager

As the previous VMs are of same regions, lets create one more VM-3 with different region

Basics | Disks | Networking | Management | Monitoring | Advanced | Tags | Review + create

Create a virtual machine that runs Linux or Windows. Select an image from Azure marketplace or use your own customized image. Complete the Basics tab then Review + create to provision a virtual machine with default parameters or review each tab for full customization. [Learn more](#)

Project details

Select the subscription to manage deployed resources and costs. Use resource groups like folders to organize and manage all your resources.


Subscription * ⓘ

Resource group * ⓘ [Create new](#)

Instance details

Virtual machine name * ⓘ

[< Previous](#) [Next : Disks >](#) [Review + create](#)

| | |
|--------------------------------|--|
| Virtual machine name * | VM-3 ✓ |
| Region * | (Asia Pacific) Central India ✓ |
| Availability options ⓘ | No infrastructure redundancy required ✓ |
| Security type ⓘ | Standard ✓ |
| Image * |  Ubuntu Server 24.04 LTS - x64 Gen2 (free services eligible) ✓ See all images Configure VM generation  This image is compatible with additional security features. Click here to swap to the Trusted launch security type. |
| VM architecture ⓘ | <input type="radio"/> Arm64 <input checked="" type="radio"/> x64 |
| Run with Azure Spot discount ⓘ | <input type="checkbox"/> |

[< Previous](#)[Next : Disks >](#)[Review + create](#)

Administrator account

| | |
|-----------------------|---|
| Authentication type ⓘ | <input type="radio"/> SSH public key <input checked="" type="radio"/> Password |
| Username * | Salman ✓ |
| Password * | ✓ |
| Confirm password * | ✓ |

Inbound port rules

Select which virtual machine network ports are accessible from the public internet. You can specify more limited or granular network access on the Networking tab.

| | |
|------------------------|---|
| Public inbound ports * | <input type="radio"/> None <input checked="" type="radio"/> Allow selected ports |
| Select inbound ports * | HTTP (80), SSH (22) ✓ |

[< Previous](#)[Next : Disks >](#)[Review + create](#)

Try out the Microsoft Copilot for Azure for additional recommendations when creating a virtual machine.

[Help me create a low cost VM](#)
[Help me create a VM optimized for high availability](#)
[Help me choose the right VM size for my workload](#)

Define network connectivity for your virtual machine by configuring network interface card (NIC) settings. You can control ports, inbound and outbound connectivity with security group rules, or place behind an existing load balancing solution. [Learn more](#)

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network * ⓘ (new) VM-3-vnet [Create new](#)

Subnet * ⓘ (new) default (10.0.0.0/24)

Public IP ⓘ (new) VM-3-ip [Create new](#)

NIC network security group ⓘ ☐ None ☒ Basic ☐ Advanced

Public inbound ports * ⓘ ☐ None ☒ Allow selected ports

[< Previous](#)
[Next : Management >](#)
[Review + create](#)

Home > **CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-20240820151028** | Overview [✕](#) [...](#)

Deployment

[Delete](#)
[Cancel](#)
[Redeploy](#)
[Download](#)
[Refresh](#)

[Overview](#)
[Inputs](#)
[Outputs](#)
[Template](#)

✓ Your deployment is complete

Deployment name: CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-2... Start time: 8/20/2024, 3:14:06 PM
 Subscription: [Free Trial](#) Correlation ID: 5f9dd7c6-3452-4f73-b4ad-7aa26a4138d4 [🔗](#)
 Resource group: [Module7](#)

Deployment details
 Next steps
[Setup auto-shutdown](#) Recommended
[Monitor VM health, performance and network dependencies](#) Recommended
[Run a script inside the virtual machine](#) Recommended

[Go to resource](#)
[Create another VM](#)

Give feedback
[Tell us about your experience with deployment](#)

Connect to the machine and update, Install apache2 server, Go inside the html path, remove the existing html file and create new one for traffic manager

```

Salman@VM-1: /var/www/html X  Salman@VM-2: /var/www/htr X  Salman@VM-3: /var/www/html
Salman@VM-3:~$ cd /var/www/html
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$ ls
index.html
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$ sudo rm index.html
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$ ls
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$ sudo nano index.html
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$ cat index.html
This my Traffic Manager
Salman@VM-3:/var/www/html$
  
```

Now go to load balancer and create traffic manager

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > Create Traffic Manager profile

Name: trafficmanageraug20

Routing method: Geographic

Subscription: Free Trial

Resource group: Module7

Create new

Resource group location: South India

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanageraug20

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanageraug20 | Endpoints

Endpoints

Add endpoint

Now we have to create endpoints between 2 vms, for VM1

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanageraug20

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanageraug20 | Endpoints

Add endpoint

Type: Azure endpoint

Name: Endpoint1

Enable Endpoint: ☒

Target resource type: Public IP address

Public IP address: VM1ip567 (20.2.9.48)

Geo-mapping: All (World), Choose a Country, Choose a State/Province

Custom Header settings: Configure in this format, host.contoso.com, customheader.contoso

Health Checks: Add

For VM2

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanageraug20

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanageraug20 | Endpoints

Add endpoint

Type: Azure endpoint

Name: Endpoint2

Enable Endpoint: ☒

Target resource type: Public IP address

Public IP address: VM2-2ip (20.2.36.167)

Geo-mapping: Asia, China, Choose a State/Province

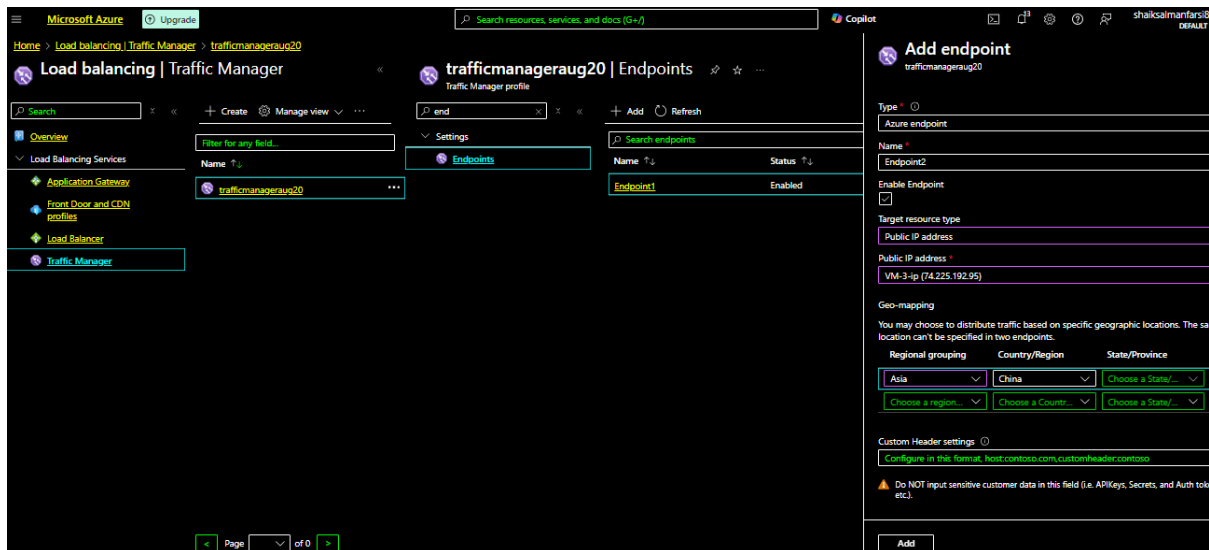
Custom Header settings: Configure in this format, host.contoso.com, customheader.contoso

Health Checks: Add

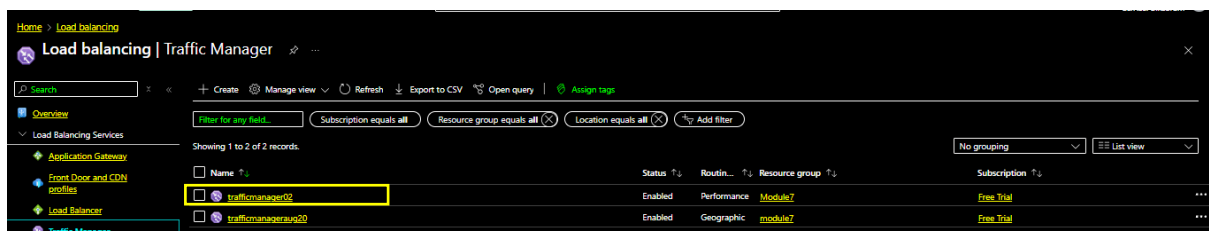
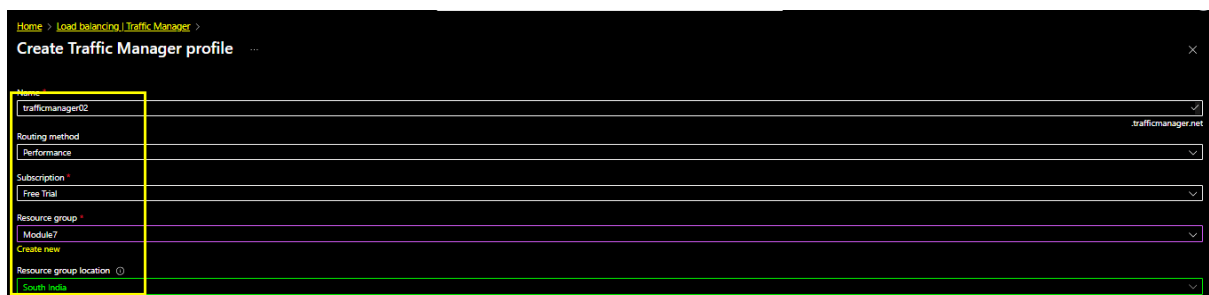
Create DNS Name for VM-3



Delete it VM-1 and Create endpoint for VM-3



As we have created geographic routing method, it is limited to one region so create new traffic manager with routing method as performance



Microsoft Azure | Upgrade | Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanager02

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02 | Endpoints

Search: end | Add | Refresh

Filter for any field... | Settings | Endpoints

Overview | Load Balancing Services | Application Gateway | Front Door and CDN profiles | Load Balancer | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02

No results.

Search endpoints | Name | Status

Add endpoint

trafficmanager02

Type: Azure endpoint

Name: Endpoint1

Enable Endpoint: ☒

Target resource type: Public IP address

Public IP address: VM-2-ip (20.2.36.167)

Custom Header settings: [Configure in this format: host.contoso.com,customheader:contoso](#)

Do NOT input sensitive customer data in this field (i.e. APIKeys, Secrets, and Auth tokens etc.)

Health Checks: ☒ Enable
Health check will determine if traffic can be served to the endpoint.
☐ Always serve traffic
No health check will run. Traffic will be always served to the endpoint.

Add

Microsoft Azure | Upgrade | Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanager02

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02 | Endpoints

Search: end | Add | Refresh

Filter for any field... | Settings | Endpoints

Overview | Load Balancing Services | Application Gateway | Front Door and CDN profiles | Load Balancer | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02

Endpoint1 | Enabled

Search endpoints | Name | Status

Add endpoint

trafficmanager02

Type: Azure endpoint

Name: Endpoint2

Enable Endpoint: ☒

Target resource type: Public IP address

Public IP address: VM-3-ip (74.225.192.95)

Custom Header settings: [Configure in this format: host.contoso.com,customheader:contoso](#)

Do NOT input sensitive customer data in this field (i.e. APIKeys, Secrets, and Auth tokens etc.)

Health Checks: ☒ Enable
Health check will determine if traffic can be served to the endpoint.
☐ Always serve traffic
No health check will run. Traffic will be always served to the endpoint.

Add

Microsoft Azure | Upgrade | Search resources, services, and docs (G+)

Home > Load balancing | Traffic Manager > trafficmanager02

Load balancing | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02 | Endpoints

Search: end | Add | Refresh

Filter for any field... | Settings | Endpoints

Overview | Load Balancing Services | Application Gateway | Front Door and CDN profiles | Load Balancer | Traffic Manager

trafficmanager02

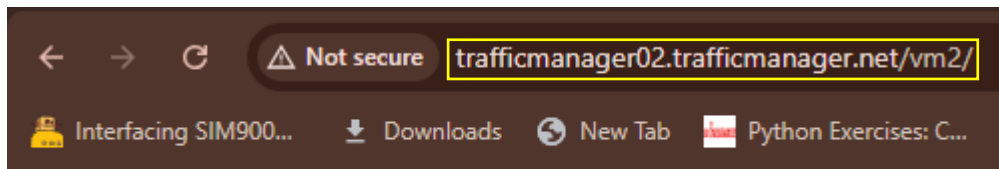
| Name | Status | Monitor status | Type | Location |
|-----------|---------|-------------------|----------------|---------------|
| Endpoint1 | Enabled | Checking endpoint | Azure endpoint | East Asia |
| Endpoint2 | Enabled | Checking endpoint | Azure endpoint | Central India |

Search endpoints

← → ↻ ⚠ Not secure trafficmanager02.trafficmanager.net

Interfacing SIM900... Downloads New Tab Python Exercises: C

This my Traffic Manager



This is VM2

Module 7: Assignment - 5

Azure 104 Certification Course



Tasks To Be Performed:

1. Create a VM without public IP address
2. Connect to this VM using bastion host

Create new VM and disable public IP

Network interface

When creating a virtual machine, a network interface will be created for you.

Virtual network * ⓘ VMSouthAsia ▼
[Create new](#)

Subnet * ⓘ Subnet (10.0.0.0/24) ▼
[Manage subnet configuration](#)

Public IP ⓘ None ▼
[Create new](#)

NIC network security group ⓘ ☒ None
☐ Basic
☐ Advanced

Delete NIC when VM is deleted ⓘ ☐

Enable accelerated networking ⓘ ☐
The selected VM size does not support accelerated networking.

[< Previous](#) [Next : Management >](#) [Review + create](#)

Validation passed

Try out the Microsoft Copilot for Azure for additional recommendations when creating a virtual machine.

Help me create a low cost VMHelp me create a VM optimized for high availabilityHelp me choose the right VM size for my workload

BasicsDisksNetworkingManagementMonitoringAdvancedTagsReview + create

Price

1 X Standard B1s
by Microsoft
[Terms of use](#) [Privacy policy](#)

Subscription credits apply ⓘ
1.2063 INR/hr
[Pricing for other VM sizes](#)

TERMS

By clicking "Create", I (a) agree to the legal terms and privacy statement(s) associated with the Marketplace offering(s) listed above; (b) authorize Microsoft to bill my current payment method for the fees associated with the offering(s), with the same billing frequency as my Azure subscription; and (c) agree that Microsoft may share my contact, usage and transactional information with the provider(s) of the offering(s) for support, billing and other transactional activities. Microsoft does not provide rights for third-party offerings. See the [Azure Marketplace Terms](#) for additional details.

NameSalman S

< Previous

Next >

Create

Home >

CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-20240820155444 | Overview

Deployment

Search

DeleteCancelRedeployDownloadRefresh

Overview

Inputs

Outputs

Template

✓ Your deployment is complete

Deployment name: CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24_04-lts-server-2...

Subscription: [Free Trial](#)

Resource group: [Module7](#)

Start time: 8/20/2024, 3:57:27 PM

Correlation ID: 3eb35902-8194-43b8-9224-8050208ed6fd

Deployment details

Next steps

[Setup auto-shutdown](#) Recommended

[Monitor VM health, performance and network dependencies](#) Recommended

[Run a script inside the virtual machine](#) Recommended

Go to resource

Create another VM

Give feedback

[Tell us about your experience with deployment](#)

Connect from bastion

Home > CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24.04-lts-server-20240820155444 | Overview >

VM-4 Virtual machine

Search

Connect

Connect via Bastion

Resource group (move) : Module7

Status : Running

Location : South India

Subscription (move) : Free Trial

Subscription ID : 9ec127a6-d815-4174-8d16-0e4aa2a694db

Operating system : Linux (ubuntu 24.04)

Size : Standard B1s (1 vcpu, 1 GiB memory)

Public IP address : -

Virtual network/subnet : VMSouthAsia/Subnet

DNS name : -

Health state : -

Time created : 8/20/2024, 10:27 AM UTC

Tags (edit) : Add tags

Properties Monitoring Capabilities (7) Recommendations Tutorials

Virtual machine

| | |
|------------------|----------------------|
| Computer name | VM-4 |
| Operating system | Linux (ubuntu 24.04) |
| VM generation | V2 |
| VM architecture | x64 |
| Agent status | Ready |
| Agent version | 2.11.1.4 |
| Hibernation | Disabled |
| Host group | - |
| Host | - |

Networking

| | |
|---------------------------|--------------------|
| Public IP address | - |
| Public IP address (IPv6) | - |
| Private IP address | 10.0.0.5 |
| Private IP address (IPv6) | - |
| Virtual network/subnet | VMSouthAsia/Subnet |
| DNS name | - |

Size

| | |
|------|--------------|
| Size | Standard B1s |
|------|--------------|

Deploy Bastion

Home > CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24.04-lts-server-20240820155444 | Overview > VM-4

VM-4 | Bastion Virtual machine

Search

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Connect

Connect

Bastion

Networking

Network settings

Load balancing

Application security

Azure Bastion protects your virtual machines by secure and seamless RDP & SSH connectivity without the need to expose them through public IP addresses. Deploying will automatically create a Bastion host on a subnet in your virtual network. [Learn more](#)

Create Bastion

Name ① VMSouthAsia-bastion

Resource group ① Module7

Virtual network ① VMSouthAsia

Public IP address ① VMSouthAsia-ip

Bastion pricing starts with an hourly base rate. [Learn more](#)

*** Creating a new Bastion 'VMSouthAsia-bastion'.

Deploy Bastion

Configure manually

Home > CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24.04-its-server-20240820155444 | Overview > VM-4

VM-4 | Bastion

Virtual machine

Search

Overview

Activity log

Access control (IAM)

Tags

Diagnose and solve problems

Connect

Connect

Bastion

Networking

Network settings

Load balancing

Application security

Azure Bastion protects your virtual machines by secure and seamless RDP & SSH connectivity without the need to expose them through public IP addresses. Deploying will automatically create a Bastion host on a subnet in your virtual network. [Learn more](#)

Using Bastion: **VMSouthAsia-bastion**

Provisioning State: **Succeeded**

Please enter username and password to your virtual machine to connect using Bastion.

Authentication Type ①

Username ①

VM Password ①

Connect

Show

☒ Open in new browser tab

```
Microsoft Azure Upgrade Search resources, services, and docs (G+/)
Home > CreateVm-canonical.ubuntu-24.04-its-server-20240820155444 | Overview > VM-4 | Bastion >
...
* Documentation: https://help.ubuntu.com
* Management: https://landscape.canonical.com
* Support: https://ubuntu.com/pro

System information as of Tue Aug 20 10:39:09 UTC 2024
Salman@VM-4:~$ sudo apt-get update
Hit:1 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble InRelease
Get:2 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates InRelease [126 kB]
Get:3 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-backports InRelease [126 kB]
Get:4 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-security InRelease [126 kB]
Get:5 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Packages [15.0 MB]
Get:6 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe Translation-en [5982 kB]
Get:7 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 Components [3871 kB]
Get:8 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [301 kB]
Get:9 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Packages [269 kB]
Get:10 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse Translation-en [118 kB]
Get:11 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 Components [35.0 kB]
Get:12 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble/multiverse amd64 c-n-f Metadata [8328 B]
Get:13 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 Packages [349 kB]
Get:14 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main Translation-en [89.1 kB]
Get:15 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/main amd64 c-n-f Metadata [5948 B]
Get:16 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Packages [323 kB]
Get:17 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe Translation-en [136 kB]
Get:18 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 Components [45.0 kB]
Get:19 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/universe amd64 c-n-f Metadata [12.8 kB]
Get:20 http://azure.archive.ubuntu.com/ubuntu noble-updates/restricted amd64 Packages [245 kB]
```