CHEATSHEET

Cheat sheet for 30 common Git and GitHub CLI (Command Line Interface) commands along with brief explanations for each. This list includes basic setup, day-to-day work, branching, merging, and remote repository management commands.

Git Setup Commands

- 1. git config --global user.name "Your Name"
 - Sets the name that will be attached to your commits and tags.
- 2. git config --global user.email "your_email@example.com"
 - o Sets the email you want attached to your commit transactions.
- 3. git config --global core.editor "editor"
 - Sets the text editor used by commands for all users on the machine.

Basic Git Commands

- 4. git init
 - o Initializes a new Git repository locally.
- 5. git clone <url>
 - o Creates a local copy of a remote repository.
- 6. git add <file> or git add.
 - Stages a specific file or all files in the directory for the next commit.
- 7. git commit -m "commit message"
 - o Records snapshots of the staged changes in the repository.
- 8. git status
 - Shows the status of changes as untracked, modified, or staged.
- 9. git log
 - o Displays the commit history.
- 10. git diff
- Shows the differences not yet staged.
- 11. git diff --staged (or --cached)
 - o Shows the differences between staged changes and the last commit.

Branching and Merging

- 12. git branch
 - Lists all local branches in the repository.

13. git branch
 spranch_name>

Creates a new branch.

14. git checkout
branch_name>

o Switches to the specified branch and updates the working directory.

15. git merge <branch>

o Merges the specified branch's history into the current branch.

16. git branch -d <branch_name>

o Deletes the specified branch.

Remote Repositories

17. git remote add <remote_name> <remote_url>

o Adds a remote repository under the name specified.

18. git fetch <remote>

 Downloads all changes from the remote but doesn't integrate into the local repository.

19. git pull <remote>

o Fetches and merges changes on the remote server to your working directory.

20. git push <remote> <branch>

o Pushes all the committed changes to the remote repository.

Reverting Changes

21. git checkout -- <file>

o Discards changes in the working directory.

22. git reset <file>

Unstages a staged file.

23. git reset

 Resets the staging area to match the most recent commit, but leaves the working directory unchanged.

24. git reset --hard

 Resets the staging area and the working directory to match the most recent commit and overwrites all changes in the working directory.

25. git revert <commit>

 Generates a new commit that undoes all of the changes introduced in <commit>, then applies it to the current branch.

Stashing

26. git stash

o Temporarily stores all modified tracked files.

27. git stash pop

o Restores the most recently stashed files and removes it from the stash list.

28. git stash list

o Lists all stashed changesets.

Inspection & Comparison

29. git show <commit>

o Shows the metadata and content changes of the specified commit.

30. git log --oneline --graph --decorate

 An enhanced log that shows the commit history as a graph, summary in one line, and decorations.